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22ND YEAR. LOWELL, MASS. THURSDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1899. 8 PAGES 1 CENT

COLUMBIA LEADS

Both Yachts are Making Good Time

The Wind Was About Nine Knots at the Start and Gave Promise of Holding Out—Columbia Gaining on Every Reach

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—There was a cloudless blue sky over the Battery at 7 o'clock this morning and a light but steady northwest breeze was blowing. The Long Island and Jersey shores of the upper bay were slightly covered with haze, but the indications were that the day would be clear and cooler with light to fresh north to northwesterly winds.

The steamer Black Bird, flying the Shamrock's flag, was at her usual place near the barge office waiting for the guests of Sir Thomas Lipton and four or five press dispatch boats were also moored in that vicinity awaiting the scribes who were to report what, as they hoped to be the last of the series of races this year, for the America's cup. There was much speculation as to the result of the Shamrock's added ballast and increased waterline. The old salts along the water front, however, adhered to their former statements that the Columbia had the stuff in her to beat the green flyer in any and all sorts of a breeze.

The shore observers of the Associated Press were alert and were taking the observations soon after sunrise.

Sandy Hook reported a good northwesterly breeze and promise of a fine race, and seven other stations corroborated it and showed observation varying from five to ten miles. The sea was smooth.

On board the Columbia and the Shamrock, the crews were up with the sun, and soon afterwards had their jibs and staysails up in stops and covers off their mainsails, ready to make sail at a moment's notice. By 8 o'clock the Shamrock had been taken in tow by the tug James A Lawrence, and was heading for the point of the hook. She had her mainsail up and was sending a club topsail of small size aloft.

The Columbia, which was then fast to her buoy, commenced hoisting her mainsail. Five minutes later the Shamrock was under sail in the lower bay. She had mainsail, club topsail and jib set and was trying her new topmast.

One or two ocean liners going down the bay early in the morning, saluted the yachts as they passed out to sea, while all around on the waters hovered the usual flock of fishermen, skimming about in a lively manner under the freshening breeze.

According to the rules, the yachts today were set down for a 15-mile run or beat from Sandy Hook lightship and return and early this morning the conditions indicated that the yachts would go before the wind in a southeasterly direction, with a beat back, a total distance of 30 miles. This course would mean running straight out to sea away from either shore, and with no chance of fluky off the Jersey or Long Island shores.

Some of the old fishermen at the Highlands, however, shook their heads when they saw the northwest wind and said that the breeze would not hold the day out and that the weather would probably be a repetiton of that of two weeks ago.

The Shamrock made a short run over toward Atlantic Highlands, then stood up the main ship channel near the southwest spit. Before reaching it, however, she gibed around and stood down again toward the Columbia at anchor. Her increased ballast seemed to make her stand up very well and she heeled but little to the frequent puffs of wind that came off the shore.

At 8.36 the Shamrock, having run down almost to her moorings, swung around and breaking out her staysail and baby jib topsail, stood out for the end of the hook on her way to the lightship.

The Columbia's tug went alongside the defender yacht a few minutes and, passing a line, started for the lightship. As she left her moorings, the crew began setting her mainsail.

The wind at the Highlands at this hour was blowing from the northwest at a velocity of about 10 knots, and showed no signs of decreasing.

The Shamrock passed out the end of the hook under racing sails at 8.50. The Columbia got outside the hook soon after 9 o'clock with mainsail set and her head sails in stops.

To a representative of the Associated Press who saw Sir Thomas Lipton, on board the Erin at 7.30 o'clock, the owner of the Shamrock said the wind appeared to be a dying wind. He added that he hardly dared to hope there would be enough to permit of a finish race today.

The indications at 9 o'clock, however seemed very good for a race.

Mr. C. Oliver Iselin declined to express an opinion upon the weather.

The Black Bird left the Battery very shortly after eight o'clock. Among those on board were Messrs. Abner McKinley, Jesse Collings, M. P., James Craig, William Love, William Murray, William Gibson, Edward A. Sumner, E. Scott Watson, Charles A. Meltzer and Paul Waterlow, Miss Bond, Miss Ronold Stuart, Judge Littler, Q. C., and John Platt.

The Shamrock in running out to the lightship, found the wind very light, and it tok her over an hour to make the run of nine miles from inside the Horseshoe. The Columbia about two miles astern of the green yacht, broke out her jib and cast off her tow when half way out to the lightship. There was a peculiar contrast between the weather at the Highlands and at Sandy Hook. At the Highlands at 9.45 there was a good breeze from the northwest blowing over 15 knots an hour and inside of New York harbor, many whitecaps could be seen. The weather was also quite clear in shore.

At Sandy Hook lightship or near that point the yachts seemed to have not more than a seven or eight knot breeze while the haze was so dense that the lightship could not be made out and it was only when the sun shone on the white sails that the yachts could be discerned. The first of the excursion fleet put in an appearance about 9.45 and they were accompanied down the swash channel by a great fleet of coasters all making good progress in the fine northwest breeze.

Just before 10 o'clock the haze toward the northward began to lift and part of the Coney Island shore could be seen from the Highlands.

The yachts arrived at the lightship at 10 o'clock, the Shamrock getting there a few minutes ahead of the Columbia, then running off half a mile to the southward. The Columbia swung around to the wind and began setting her club topsails. The weather at that time showed signs of clearing and the lightship could be made out from the Highlands. At the same time the wind which seemed to increase so that the Columbia's topsail flapped and slatted quite lively before it was fully in position.

The committee boats reached the starting line shortly after 10 o'clock by which time the breeze had increased, and there were prospects for a glorious race. The judges boat signalled that the course would be southeast by south which meant 15 miles before the wind and a beat back. The preparatory gun was fired at 10.45, fifteen minutes before the start.

At 10.51 the Shamrock hoisted her staysail and both yachts prepared their spinnakers for the run before the wind. The warning gun was fired at 10.55.

People near the starting line expressed regret that the course was not triangular, so that the merits of the two boats in racing could be tested. The yachts did considerable manoeuvring in the five minutes before the start, each seeking the advantage of position. At 11 o'clock the starting gun was fired and Columbia bounded over the line at 11:01:33, and Shamrock at 11:02:02. The Shamrock stood a little stiffer with her increased ballast and under her immense expanse of sail showed to a beautiful advantage. Because of her work coming down to the start it was predicted that on a long reach she would fairly fly over the water. The Columbia held the lead she got at the start and in few minutes had increased it to 100 yards. The American boat took in her staysails and the Shamrock followed suit.

At 11.12 the yachts appeared to have sailed two miles of the course and the Columbia seemed to lead by about 100 yards or more. On crossing the line the Columbia had her jib, staysail, and club topsail set and her balloon jib was just breaking out as she crossed. Her spinnaker boom was to starboard and her spinnaker was in stops.

The Shamrock had her balloon jib, jib, mainsail and club topsail set and her spinnaker boom to starboard with her spinnaker in stops, on crossing the line.

At 11.13 the Shamrock in the rear was trying to blanket the Columbia, but with no apparent effect, as the American yacht seemed to be drawing away. The yachts were sailing very fast, the wind was blowing nine knots an hour and ashore it showed no indications of dying out.

At 11.23 about three and a half miles from the start, the Columbia had a good lead. The yachts had not at that time broken out their spinnakers. The wind appeared to be moderating.

An observation taken at Gaillee at 11.26, seemed to show that the Columbia was then 48 seconds in the lead. At 11.29 the Columbia was still gaining and the wind was getting a little more to the westward.

The boats had covered five and a quarter miles at 11.35, and the Columbia had increased her lead to one-eighth of a mile.

At 11.42 a dispatch from the Associated Press observer at Long Branch said there seemed to be a better breeze off shore; that both boats were going along at a lively rate and that they did not seem to have changed positions since they came into view there. The Columbia held her place and every effort on the part of the Shamrock to pull up on her appeared useless

At 11.51 the wind along the course was not blowing over 6 miles an hour, but the Columbia appeared to be gaining slowly so far as could be seen through the haze.

A few minutes later a dispatch from the W. U. cable boat said the Columbia must have increased her lead greatly for she was almost out of sight in the haze, while the Shamrock was still plainly in view.

Both yachts then broke out their spinnakers.

But Lately From the Ranks of the Clerks Themselves.

We know how to appreciate their services, and are willing to do all in our power to reduce their hours of labor.

WILL YOU HELP US

By coming the first of the week to make your purchases?

CLOSING FRIDAY EVENING,

and so many putting off buying until Saturday, we should have to crowd our store with inexperienced help to wait upon you, and we don't like doing that. Everyone is entitled to and we wish to give all the best of service. So come the first of the week if possible.

The People's Favorite Furniture Store.

A. E. O'HEIR & CO., 14, 16 and 18 Merrimack St.

Near Electric Car Waiting Room

BOERS VICTORIOUS

Intercepted a British Force at Ladysmith

Hard Battle Fought Yesterday—Kimberley Reported Safe by the British—Other Despatches

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LADYSMITH, Natal, Oct. 18, 8.25 p. m.—At 10 o'clock this morning the British forces came into contact with the enemy in the neighborhood of Acton Homes and Besters Station, about 16 miles west from here and the firing has continued up to the present time. Several casualties have been reported. Suports are leaving the camp and expect to fight tomorrow.

FIRING WAS VERY HEAVY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LADYSMITH, Natal Oct. 18, 5 p. m.—I have seen some members of the volunteer forces who have just come in from Besters and Acton Homes. The Boers from Van Reenan's Pass came by Blaauwbank way, their patrols firing early this morning on our scouts.

Three hundred Boers tried ineffectually to cut off small parties of our men, but the Natal boys were more wary than they and retired firing.

The enemy as usual took advantage of the hills, rocks and gullies to hide themselves, but being unable to advance, they used cannon against our riflemen, who nevertheless, maintained a stout resistance. The firing was very heavy. It is anticipated that a number of Boers were hit.

The country about Acton Homes being more open, our mounted volunteers there are falling back upon Dewdrop.

The force of Boers engaged at Acton Homes numbered about 2000. There were rather fewer at Bester's. It is reported that the enemy there is hemmed in and suffering severely.

Reports have been received here stating that the Boers will move from Helpmakaar tonight to cut the railway between Glencoe and Ladysmith, near Waschbank and also that they have threatened Colenso by means of bands sent from the Free State.

KIMBERLEY SAFE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CAPE TOWN, Oct. 19.—A dispatch from Kimberley dated Oct. 17 says:

"All is well here. Col. Hore engaged the Boers at Mafeking on Oct. 14, with great success. Mafeking was still safe on October 15th."

A special dispatch to the Cape Argus reiterates the statement that in the fighting at Mafeking, Col. Hore repulsed the Boers inflicting a loss of 300 men.

BOERS ROUTED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CAPE TOWN, Oct. 19.—The Cape Times publishes the following dispatch from Kimberley: "Reliable information from Mafeking says that an armored train while reconnoitering north of the town last Saturday engaged 500 Boers who suffered heavily. Col. Fitz Clarence's column foiled the Boers, inflicting severe loss. The British casualties were two killed and 14 wounded, two severely."

BRYAN GREETED

By Twenty Thousand People at Louisville Ky.

HE REPLIES TO HIS CRITICS

He Urges Support of the Democratic Ticket

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Oct. 19.—Twenty thousand persons had gathered to welcome the distinguished visitors. Mr. Bryan was greeted with loud applause when he arrived at the race track.

Mr. Bryan said:

"I did not come to sit in judgment on any convention. I did not come to discuss the details of an election law. If there was anything done in that convention that a democrat does not think ought to be done, I ask of that democrat what his remedy is.

"Is it to elect a republican governor and republican officials The man who tries to correct a democratic convention by electing a republican governor assumes responsibility for all that governor does after he has been elected.

Mr. Bryan then urged his hearers to support the regular nominations of the democratic convention. He asserted that it was not a question between Goebel and another democrat, but between Goebel and the election of a republican governor and republican state officers.

Mr. Bryan urged upon his hearers the importance to the party of the election to the U. S. senate of J. S. C. Blackburn, saying his vote was needed in the determination of the questions of public policy brought ot us by the Spanish war in the event of possible legislation looking to an increase of the standing army, such as, he aid, was attempted last session, and in the matter of trusts and the income tax.

Mr. Bryan's speech was interrupted frequently with applause. He was followed by Mr. Goebel, after which the party proceeded eastward, expecting to arrive at Covington tonight.

GIRL ABDUCTED

Little Meada Copeland Carried Off at Taunton

By Associated Press to The Sun.

TAUNTON, Oct. 19.—Meda Copeland, otherwise known as Elizabeth Louisa Mackenzie, was abducted from the home of John Mackenzie shortly before noon yesterday by a stranger who posed as an insurance agent, and thereby gained access to the Mackenzie house on Washington street, above St. Mary's church, in the building known as the "academy."

Meda is five years old. Her mother, Mrs. Helen Copeland lives in Fairhaven. Her father's whereabouts are at present unknown.

Some time ago Mr. Copeland placed Meda in the care of the Mackenzies. They became deeply attached to the little girl, provided her a good home and changed her name to that above stated.

The mother has since applied for the custody of Meda, but it was refused and the case was to be brought before the supreme court that sits here next week.

Miss Mary Fitzgerald of Hildreth street returns her thanks to Rev. Fr. Lawrence, O. M. I., for the award of a $10 gold piece.

Mrs. Henry Beals is seriously ill at her home in Branch street.

BROWN FINED $100

Cider Agent Arraigned in Police Court

FOR ILLEGAL KEEPING OF LIQUOR

Trip Book Thief Sent to Reformatory

Jesse Sherman, the trip book thief, appeared before Judge Hadley in the police court this morning for sentence on twelve counts of larceny of trip tickets.

When the case came up today, Sherman had to answer to three more counts of larceny. Sherman also pleaded guilty to these counts.

His mother, who is an elderly and apparently delicate woman, was present in the court room but had nothing to say.

After severely lecturing the young defendant, the court found him guilty on both complaints. On the first he received a sentence to the Massachusetts reformatory, while the second complaint which was brought up today was placed on file.

The government was not prepared to go to trial in the Peter Martin case, and another continuance was asked for. Martin was charged on two counts with larceny and with assault and battery on an Armenian. The complaint charging him with assault and battery was dismissed but for larceny Martin was held in $100 for trial next Tuesday. J. Joseph Hennessey, Esq., appeared for Martin.

Only two drunks were arraigned.

They were Fred Frechette and John Kieren. Frechette received a sentence of one month to jail while Kieren was sent to the state farm at Bridgewater.

Cornelius M. Decker, charged with being a stubborn child, was held in $100 till tomorrow for trial.

William H. Brown was charged with illegal keeping of liquor. He pleade not guilty and was not represented by counsel.

Brown keeps a cider store at 236 Adams street. His place was visited last night by Inspectors Goodwin and Atkinson. As the inspectors were entering the shop a man was just coming out. They held him up and while one of the officers proceeded to search the shop the other searched the man. On the latter was found a half pint of whiskey, which he said he purchased of Brown, who was also in the store. After a car-ful search of the place the officers succeeding in finding a bottle containing some whiskey and also a tunnel, which they said, had the odor whiskey. They seized the liquor and arrested Brown, who at that time said his name was William H. Higgins. At the police station, however, he gave his proper name as William H. Brown.

Brown admitted to the court that the liquor was found in his place but denied having it for sale. On the contrary he claimed he kept it there for his own use.

His story, however did go with the court and Brown was found guilty and a fine of $100 was imposed.

The case of Walter Ashworth charged with larceny from the Lowell Bleachery was continued till tomorrow.

CARRIAGE SMASHED

IN A COLLISION IN CENTRAL STREET THIS MORNING.

Pneumatic-tired carriage wheels are good things in several respects, but when in collision with the old-fashioned iron-tired variety, they cut no figure for durability. This morning, while Dr. J. B. Field was driving along Central street in a pneumatic-tired affair, one of the front wheels caught in the wheel of Ed. Cawley's open wagon, which was standing near the curbing. In an instant the front wheels on the doctor's carriage were twisted out of shape, while there was no damage to Mr. Cawley's outfit.

Cards are out announcing the wedding of Mr. Edward Richard Grant and Miss Lizetta Patterson, which is to be solemnized Nov. 1.

Mr. L. B. Rogers will spend the next two weeks hunting big game in the Maine woods.

THE FILIPINO WAR

Generals Young and Lawton Advancing

WITH THREE THOUSAND MEN

The Warships Moving Along the River

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MANILA, Oct. 19.—General Lawton and General Young are at Aracat with a force of nearly three thousand men.

The gunboats Florida and Ceste are preparing to move along the river to San Isidro which will be held as a base for operations to the north.

Extensive preparations have been in progress for several days and the expedition whose objective point is Tarlac is expected to start today. The supplies will be taken in canoes.

General Lawton's forces consist of eight companies of the 21th infantry under Colonel Koller; eight companies of the 22d infantry, under Major Baldwin; nine troops of the 4th cavalry, mounted, under Colonel Hayes and a mixed regiment, consisting of one company of the 37th infantry, six guns, commanded by Capt. Scott, one company of cavalry, and Captain Batson's Macabee scouts. The 3d cavlry is equipping at San Fernando to join the expedition. Heavy rains the first in weeks, began last night and have continued steadily.

DEATHS.

McNULTY—Katherine McNulty, aged 22 years, died Tuesday evening, at her home, 337 Gorham street. The funeral will take place tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock from St. Peter's church.

LESLIE—Jeanette Barbara Leslie, aged 22 years, died last night at the home of her mother, 78 Varney street. Her death adds another sorrow for this much afflicted family to bear, as she is the fifth child they have lost within a few years. Besides leaving a mother, she is survived by five sisters. It was only a year ago that her father died. Funeral services will be held at her home, 78 Varney street, tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock. Friends invited.

MONGOEL—Delphine Mongoel, wife of Michael Mongoel, aged 38 years, died yesterday at the Lowell hospital.

FUNERALS.

PEEL—The funeral of John Peel took place from his late home, 46 Cross street, yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock, Rev. Mr. Bhmington officiated. The bearers were George R. Lee, Richard Grady, Mr. McCann and Mr. Nugent. Interment was in the Edson cemetery, under the direction of Undertaker Molloy.

MIDDLESEX CHAPTER

SONS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION MEET.

Old Middlesex Chapter, Sons of the American Revolution, held a special meeting last evening at the D. L. Page company's dining rooms. Over thirty members were present, and the only business transacted was the election of George C. Prince and A. D. Prince as members and the appointment of Messrs. S. W. Stevens, S. P. Hadley and Edward M. Tucke as a committee to nominate a list of officers for the coming year to be voted upon at annual meting in January.

An ancestral paper, witten by A. B. Woodworth, Jr., was read in his absence by the secretary, which included an account of Sylvanus Woodworth, his revolutionary ancestor. Following this was an exceedingly valuable paper on Lord Cornwallis, presented by Charles H. Conant, Esq., which merited a more extended notice than is here possible. Judge Hadley then gave an informal account of his trip to Europe this last summer in company with Mr. Savage.

The chapter had for guest of the evening Mr. Prescott Chamberlain, the president, and Mr. Edwin S. Crandon, the secretary of the Old Suffolk chapter of Chelsea. Both gentlemen were introduced to the company and each spoke in a most pleasant manner, adding much to the interest and instruction of the evening.

The customary singing of "America" closed an evening that had been most agreeably enjoyed by all.

Quite a number of the members intend to take part in the field day of the state society at Taunton today, leaving Lowell by an early train.

This field day had been timed to occur on the anniversary of the surrender at Yorktown.

Yorktown.

Master George Barnes observed the sixth anniversary of his birth Saturday last from 3 to 5 by entertaining about 30 of his little friends at his home, 40 F street. He made an amiable host and was assisted by Miss Laura Gilsspie and his cousin, Miss Gladys Mills of Austin, Pa. A dainty lunch was served and the little ones went home well pleased.

FOUND—Dog; weight about 25 pounds; collie; color, black and white. Owner can have by paying for advertising. Call at 152 Cross street.

J. F. O'DONNELL, UNDERTAKER.

NOTICE.

Newly mined, best quality of domestic coal in lots to suit customers, orders by mail, telephone or in person will receive prompt, honest and careful attention. John F. Quinn's new yard, 4 to 14 Dix street, off Gorham street, near the railroad bridge.

P. S. In slabs and kindlings we lead them all.

INTEREST BEGINS NOV. 1

On Money Deposited

Friday, Nov. 3rd,

Or Before, In SAVINGS DEPT.

TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK

Rate of 4 Per Cent. per annum, compounded semi-annually.

Open Saturday Evenings. Street Floor. Ladies' Entrance, 42 to 46 Middlesex Street.

JAPANESE PARTY

In Aid of Immaculate Conception Convent

ASSOCIATE HALL LAST NIGHT

Was a Social and Financial Success

A successful Japanese party was held at Associate hall last evening in aid of the Immaculate Conception convent. There was a large attendance and the affair proved a complete success both socially and financially.

Dancing was enjoyed during the evening, the Middlesex orchestra furnishing music for the dancers who made merry until midnight.

Dancing, however, was not the only attraction offered. There was a Spanish march in which 20 attractive young ladies, beautifully gowned, participated and they made a decided hit. Other features were a cake walk by Baby Tyrrell and Harriet Cull, and a Japanese dance by Baby Tyrrell which was thoroughly enjoyed.

There were three tables, all of which were very liberally patronized during the evening. They were in charge of the following:

Refreshment—John H. Carroll, chairman; Mrs. James Cookin, matron; Miss Mary A. Lyons, assistant matron; Miss Minnie Davey, treasurer; Mrs. M. McCann, Misses Mary Cawley, Sarah A. Doherty, Julia Doherty, Maria L. Gill, Mary Leonard, Rose Leonard and Margaret Sheehan.

Lemonade—Fred Doherty, chairman; Miss Jennie Doherty, matron; Miss Jennie Smith, treasurer; Misses May Hickey, Alice Griffin, Annie Lavery, Theresa Lavery, Margaret Shane, Minnie Jeffers, Georgiana Harnden, Ella Harnden, Mollie Doherty and Nellie Shane, assistants.

Candy—Miss Kathryn Fitzgerald, matron; Miss Kathryn Sharkey, treasurer; Misses Anna Gookin, Helen Murphy, Josephine Murphy, Alice E. Murphy, Bessie Murphy, Jennie Gookin, Rose Lannon, Lizzie Conners, Lillian McSorley, Minnie McSorley, Nano Gallagher, Esther Donelly, Alice Mahoney and May Courtney, assistants.

The following was the committee in charge: General manager, Bernard Burns; assistant general manager, Thomas McGinn; floor director, John Henry Carroll; assistant floor director, John J. Conlon; chief aid, Francis H. Donohue; and a large number of aids. John F. Carroll was chairman of the reception committee.

Mr. George J. Sanborn of Dracut is suffering from blood poisoning, his right hand being effected. He is able to be about, however, and his friends trust he will soon be fully recovered.

Miss Mary D. Adams has returned from an extended trip abroad.

SEVERAL MISHAPS

Two Men Injured and Sent to the Hospital

GEO. O'DONNELL STRICKEN ON STREET

With Shock of Paralysis Removed to Hospital

The ambulance was summoned to the Tremont and Suffolk mills this morning, where Alphonse Destino, living in the rear of 366 Moody street had been injured by a large bag of waste falling on him. The ambulance removed him to the corporation hospital. His injuries are not of a serious nature.

While at work in the Lowell Machine shop this morning Patrick Donahoe got two of his fingers caught in a machine and they were badly crushed. He was taken to the corporation hospital. The injured fingers will not be amputated.

George O'Donnell, 39 years of age, was stricken with a paralytic shock yesterday afternoon at the corner of Mill and Central streets. The ambulance was summoned and the unfortunate man was removed to St. John's hospital, where it was learned that his left side was paralyzed. He was later removed to his home, 17 Mill street.

PLEASANT SURPRISE.

Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Bocar were very agreeably surprised last evening when twenty-five of their friends walked into their home at 10 West Ninth street, and presented them with two parlor chairs and a handsome clock. The presentation speech was made by Mr. C. E. Doty and was responded to by Mr. and Mrs. Bocar. A delicious supper was then served under the direction of Mr. and Mrs. Doty and A. F. Adams. A short but enjoyable entertainment followed. Whist playing and games were indulged in. The party broke up at an early hour and all were unanimous in their expression of a a jolly time.

ALLAN LINE.

NEW YORK to GLASGOW Via Londonderry.

From company's Pier, foot West 31st St., New York.

Numidian, Oct. 7, Nov. 11. State of Nebraska Oct. 14, Nov. 18. Mongolian Oct. 28, Dec. 9.

First Cabin, $45 to $65 single, $85 to $117 round trip. Second cabin, $30 single, $57 return. Steerage, $20.50; prepaid, $21.

Glasgow and Boston, via Londonderry and Galway; Second Cabin, $30 prepaid; Steerage, $31 prepaid.

For descriptive circulars, plans of steamers and other information, apply to H. & A. Allan, 99 State street, Boston, or

Dennis Murphy, 18 Appleton St.

Putnam & Son

Astonishing Values in

FALL NECKWEAR

110 dozens of Imperials, Puffs, Wide End Bows and Ties, exquisite designs in silks and satins, newest color combinations, brought out for Fall wear.

These goods are beautifully made and were intended to retail at 50c.

OUR PRICE IS 25 CENTS

A large collection of Fall shapes in Four-in-hand and Teck Scarfs, new colors, new silks and satins, sold by all other houses in town at 25c.

OUR PRICE 19 CENTS

Choicest shapes of Imperials, Tecks and Batwings to be had at any price, in entirely new and beautiful colors, exquisite designs of high class silks and satins, sold by other houses at 75c.

OUR PRICE 45 CENTS.

Fancy Shirts in most striking patterns and newest colorings ever shown in Lowell. Not an old pattern in the lot, nor one that you'll see elsewhere. Made with cuffs on or detached; bosoms with cross bars or up and down stripes.

Shirts of this quality and make have never retailed for less than $1.25.

OUR PRICE 95 CENTS

PUTNAM & SON

166 Central Street.

A SERIOUS FIRE

In Which Three Lives Were Lost

FIREMEN WERE CRUSHED TO DEATH.

The Masonic Temple Was Destroyed.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

KNIGHTSTOWN, Ind., Oct. 18.—4 a. m.—The most disastrous fire in the history of this town broke out at 1.30 o'clock this morning. Three and possibly two lives were lost, and property worth $100,000 or more was destroyed. The dead are: Truman Rhodes; Charles Schutter, and F. Davey.

The men were members of the volunteer fire department and were fighting the fire when the front wall of a three-story building fell outward. They were caught by the falling bricks and crushed to death and it is believed that at least two others met with the same fate. The Masonic Temple, the largest building in the city, was in the path of the flames and was destroyed, together with the buildings occupied by E. S. Anderson, dealer in household goods; Green Brothers, saloon, and Davey Brothers, dealers in notions. The fire is supposed to have originated from an explosion of natural gas.

BODY OF A MAN

Found Floating in the Lower Cocheco River

PROBABLY THAT OF EDWARD J. GOULD.

The Man Probably Committed Suicide.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

DOVER, N. H., Oct. 18.—The body of a man thought to be that of Edward J. Gould of Manchester, N. H., a traveling salesman for the United States Tea company of New York city, was found floating in the lower Cocheco river here today. The coroner examined the body and decided that death was not due to violence, but that the man either had fallen into the water by accident, or had committed suicide. Letters from the United States Tea company addressed to Edward J. Gould, were found in the pockets. He was apparently about 20 years of age and well dressed. The coroner expressed the opinion that the body had been in the water about ten days.

The facts in the case have led many people to believe that the man committed suicide. He was arrested for drunkenness in this city two or three weeks ago and was released after paying a fine. Those who came in contact with him say that he felt the disgrace very keenly and blamed himself very severely for it. It is thought he may have brooded over the matter until he yielded to the impulse to take his life.

The authorities are in communication with Manchester and New York about the matter. The body is being held pending the arrival of friends or relatives.

PRES. McKINLEY

ARRIVED AT CLEVELAND THIS MORNING.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Oct. 18.—President McKinley and party reached this city at 8.45 o'clock this morning. At the Lake Shore depot in this city a reception committee and members of the city council headed by Mayor J. H. Farley, welcomed the president. Senator Hanna was warmly greeted at the depot by the entire party. Carriages had been provided for a 10 mile drive through the Gordon and Wade parks. At the Hollenden Hotel the drive ended and a short reception was held in the parlors.

Myron T. Herrick entertained the presidential party at luncheon this afternoon. The remainder of the party travelling with the president were given a luncheon and reception at the Union club.

At 2.30 o'clock the president's special train departed over the Erie line. Youngstown will be reached at five o'clock. Brief halts will be made en route at Warren and at Niles. Washington will be reached Thursday. A total of 5,660 miles will have been covered and President McKinley will have delivered over a hundred speeches.

DEWEY CAN HAVE THE OFFICE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 18.—The military order of the Loyal Legion will meet here today and a strong movement is on foot to elect Admiral Dewey its new commander. The term of Admiral Gherardi, the present commander, is about to expire, and there is a great rivalry among the candidates for the place. Among those whose names have been mentioned are Gen. John M. Schofield, Gen. Nelson A. Miles, Gen. Grenville H. Dodge, Gen. O. O. Howard and Gen. Russell A. Alger.

Admiral Dewey knows nothing of the movement in his favor. It is understood that the honor will be tendered him not only as a compliment for his great service to the country but to settle the rivalry of the candidates.

The council in chief of the order held a meeting here yesterday and transacted routine business.

BOAT ON FIRE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

TACOMA, Washington, Oct. 18.—The American bark, Wilna, Captain John Slater, caught fire in her hold and will be a total loss. She was loading at the St. Paul & Tacoma company's mill for Australia and had 900,000 feet of lumber below decks at the time of the fire. The total loss will be $34,000.

PROTEST AGAINST RESOLUTIONS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

ST. JOHN, N. B., Oct. 18.—As the result of resolutions adopted by Division No. 1, Ancient Order of Hibernians, Montreal, expressing their sympathy with the Boers in the South African war, five of the divisions of the A. O. H. in St. John and vicinity and the Moncton division, have drawn up a protest. They also passed resolutions declaring that the order in this province was loyal to Great Britain.

After Dinner

To assist digestion, relieve distress after eating or drinking too heartily, to prevent constipation, take

Hood's Pills

Sold everywhere. 25 cents.

OFFER TO BETRAY

The Filipino Cause by One of the Generals

BELIEVED TO BE A HOAX

Or Intended to Deceive Americans

GEN. PIS DEL PILAR HAS 3000 MEN

He Offers to Deliver Aguinaldo to Americans

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MANILA, Oct. 18 5.55 a. m.—General Otis has received messages purporting to come from the insurgent general, Pio del Pilar, offering to sell out his army and to deliver Aguinaldo into the hands of the Americans. Although he is not satisfied that this offer is authentic, it is not intrinsically improbable. The policy of General Otis is firmly set against buying any surrenders.

Pio del Pilar offers for the sum of $50,000 to refrain from attacking Manila with his army, for the sum of $250,000 he offers to surrender his army after a sham battle, both sides firing into the air; and for the sum of $500,000 he says he will procure the overthrow of the insurrection and the capture of Aguinaldo, Paterno and the other leaders.

In the course of the communication he refers to Aguinaldo in contemptuous terms, indicating that strained relations exist between them.

Reports are being received from the districts occupied by the enemy that the Filipinos believe that Pio del Pilar has an audacious plan to break the American lines into Manila and to seize General Otis and the archbishop with an idea of helping him to make a deal with the Americans. It is unnecessary to say that the Americans would welcome an attack of that sort. There has been much speculation of late regarding the whereabouts of Pio del Pilar. The recent attack at La Loma is credited to him. It is believed that he is now in the vicinity of San Mateo valley with a force of rom 1500 to 3000 men.

Ten former Spanish soldiers, who were captured by the Filipinos and for a time acted as officers and members of a Filipino artillery regiment, located in the vicinity of Santa Rosa, in the Laguna de Bay district, determined to surrender the artillery to the Americans. The plot was discovered by the Filipinos, who killed seven of the conspirators, the other three making their escape to Manila.

It appears that when the surrender was determined upon, the Spaniards delegated one of their number to proceed to Manila and to propose to General Otis to surrender, after a prearranged mock battle, about twelve pieces, including Krupp and Nordenfeldt rapid fire guns, well supplied with ammunition from the Lapa powder factory, in exchange for certain sums to be paid the Spaniards, who were to be pardoned for carrying arms against the Americans and to be transported to Spain.

The delegate left Santa Rosa and, accompanied by three Filipinos, entered the American lines at Calumba. The Filipinos did not proceed far, deciding to await his return at a given time. As the delegate was detained in Manila longer than they had expected, they grew suspicious and returned to Santa Rosa.

The plot was then revealed and the remaining Spaniards were attacked. The gunboat Napidan, coasting near Santa Rosa, perceived two men on the beach hurriedly embarking in a canoe and pushing out toward them. She took them on board, and they reported that the Filipinos on discovering the plot to surrender the artillery cut the throats of seven of their Spanish companions and that they themselves barely escaped with their lives.

The three Spaniards are now hiding in Manila, fearing Filipino vengeance.

General Otis declined their offer through the delegate to surrender the artillery for money, but he promised to send the three to Spain.

THE ENEMY ROUTED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MANILA, Oct. 18, 4.39 p. m.—Wilsons Macabee scouts encountered the enemy at San Mateo, near Trayal, at dawn today and attacked them on the front and flank, driving them out of the trenches and dispersing them completely. Several Filipinos, including a captain and a lieutenant, were killed. A quantity of arms was captured. The Macabees had one man killed.

INSURGENT ULTIMATUM.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CARACAS, Venezuela, Oct. 18.—Senor Mateos, the peace envoy, bringing an ultimatum from the insurgent commander, General Cipriano Castro, returned to Caracas today from Valencia to meet President Andrade, who is expected to give an answer in the course of the day. President Andrade cannot do otherwise than accept the conditions imposed by General Castro as he is virtually abandoned by all his supporters. Notwithstanding this he still indicates that it may be possible to transfer the seat of government to Maracaibo and continue the fight. The situation here is extremely critical. A French warship is expected tomorrow.

PENSION CHANGES.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.—The following pension changes resulting from the issue of September 29, are announced: Massachusetts: Original: Edmund H. Gould, Byfield, $12; Renewal: Edward M. North (dead), Malden, $12. Increase: Albert W. Pratt, Salem, $6 to $8. Original widows, etc.: Florence E. North, Malden, $8; Eugene Jeffers, of Fitchburg, $8; Mary M. Jones, West Barnstable, $8; Elizabeth S. Warren, Newton, $8; minors of John S. Lane, Chelsea, $20; minors of John Long, So. Boston, $10.

NAVAL MANEOUVRES

WILL MAKE A GREAT DEMONSTRATION.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

VANCOUVER, B. C., Oct. 18.—Advices from Japan are that about April next, naval maneuvers will be held on the largest scale yet attempted in Japan. About 100 ships will participate. The emperor will assume command and maneuvers will be carried out as though the vessels were actually engaged in conflict with a foreign power.

Much interest is taken in the announcement that the Japanese government will issue a loan of $10,000,000 dollars to provide pensions for former retainers who have hitherto failed to have their claims recognized.

MURDER CHARGED

Joseph Hill Arraigned in Court Today

HE WAS HELD WITHOUT BAIL.

Edwin R. Snow Was Also Arraigned.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

HARNSTABLE, Mass., Oct. 18.—Joseph A. Hill was called before the court here today to answer to a charge of murdering his wife, Mary E. Hill, at Hyannis, last August. He pleaded not guilty and was remanded for trial. The prisoner stated that he had no counsel, and the court will assign a lawyer later.

Edwin R. Snow of Yarmouthport, also arraigned today, charged with the murder of James T. Whittemore of Dennis, early in September. He pleaded not guilty, and was ordered held for trial. When the court inquired if he had counsel, Snow replied that he had not, but supposed that his parents would look out for it. The prisoner's father, who was present, stated that he could not provide counsel and the court announced that a lawyer would be assigned before the present term ends.

Neither Hill nor Snow showed the slightest agitation today. Each answered the charge against him in a firm voice and without a quiver.

GEN. EZETA

TRYING TO OVERTHROW THE GOVERNMENT IN SAN SALVADOR.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CHICAGO, Oct. 18.—A special from El Paso, Texas, says:

General Ezeta, ex-president of San Salvador and an exile from that country, who disappeared mysteriously from his home in Oakland, Cal., where he had lived for three years, came to El Paso Saturday last and has left for the city of Mexico. General Ezeta said he preferred to die in an attempt to free his people from tyranny than to remain an exile for life. General Ezeta said he and his party would confer with the Mexican executive on the subject of a revolution in San Salvador for the overthrow of the present administration. From President Diaz the general expects assistance and support.

It is understood that General Ezeta will offer to turn over San Salvador, when subjugated to the republic of Mexico in return for the financial aid of the Mexican government in his venture.

SOUVENIRS OF VETERAN

ANNUAL REVIEW OF OLD 25TH REGIMENT.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WORCESTER, Oct. 18.—The old 25th regiment held its annual reunion at Horticultural hall yesterday. There was an attendance of about 150. Souvenir badges were distributed to the members bearing the insignia of the corps to which the command was attached.

The regiment was in 21 general engagements from Newbern to Cold Harbor, where 216 of the 302 men who went into battle with the regiment were disabled. The total killed and wounded were 561. This is exclusive of deaths in prison and from other causes.

The secretary's report showed the following deaths during the year: Samuel Hartford, Co. F; Edwin T. Wetherby, Co. K; C. D. Robinson, Co. H; Charles Knowlton, Co. A; S. A. Hooker, Co. G; George W. Legg, Co. H; Francis Greenwood, Co. A; Hugh Jameson, Co. B; John S. Brown, Co. E; Elijah Rockwood, Co. B; Charles H. Spencer, Co. H; Orin D. Frost, Co. C; C. A. Garland, Co. C; George E. Sawtelle, Co. G; Norah F. Winn, Co. F; Nelson Tiffany, Co. A; Lieut. Charles H. Stratton, Co. D; H. M. Mudgett, Co. B; Joseph Cried, Co. K; John Howell, Co. E.

The officers elected were: Gen. Josiah Pickett president, Capt. J. Waldo Denny of Boston, Capt. J. R. Knox of Worcester, Sergt. L. D. Hadley of Boston, Sergt. H. A. White of Philadelphia and Ed. Sawyer of Westboro, vice presidents; G. W. Fatman of Worcester, secretary; F. M. Gates of Worcester, J. G. Fletcher of Boston, E. D. Goddell of Brookfield, G. B. Proctor of Fitchburg and C. W. Wilson of Worcester executive committee.

After the business meeting a dinner was served.

Gen. Pickett presided at the exercises and the principal address was delivered by Comrade Emerson Stone, who spoke for the regiment. Brief remarks were also made by Adjt. F. A. Easton of the 6th New York cavalry, Gen. A. B. Sprague, Chaplain George S. Ball of the 21st Massachusetts regiment, Capt. John Anderson, U. S. A., (retired), president of the 57th Massachusetts regiment, Col. Fox, W. Wellington of the governor's staff and several others.

Letters of regret at inability to attend were read from Arthur Forbes of Chicago, Appleton Gibson of Norfolk, N. Y.; Maj. Nixon of Leominster, E. C. Cowles of Deerfield, Silas Brownley of New Britain, Conn., J. B. Horton of South Manchester, Conn., C. F. Barnard of New York, Hon. A. S. Roe of Worcester, R. S. Grant of Barkafield, Cal., and J. W. Estabrook, of Westminster station, Vt.

ANNUAL MEETING.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Oct. 18.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad company was held in the offices of the company in this city today, and was the most harmonious meeting that has been held for a number of years. The meeting lasted less than half an hour, during which time the general statement of the year ending June 30th, was accepted, two resolutions relating to the charter of the road which were passed at the last session of the Connecticut general assembly, were ratified; and a board of 19 directors and two stockholders, auditors were elected. There were 259,905 shares of stock represented and the vote for directors and auditors was unanimous. The old board of directors was re-elected as follows:

William D. Bishop, Bridgeport; Henry C. Robinson, Hartford; Charles P. Clark, New Haven; Joseph Park, New York; Chauncey M. Depew, New York; Henry S. Lee, Springfield, Mass.; William Rockefeller, New York; Leverett Brainard, Hartford; J. Pierpont Morgan, New York; George MacCullough Miller, New York; John M. Hall, New Haven; Charles F. Choate, Boston; Nathaniel Thayer, Boston; Royal C. Taft, Providence, R. I.; Charles Brooker, Torrington, Conn.; Carlos French, Seymour; George J. Brush, New Haven; I. Dover Warner, Bridgeport; Arthur D. D. Osborne, New Haven.

Stockholder auditors:—Charles A. White, New Haven; William M. Hudson, Hartford.

MARTHA WILLIAMS

HELD FOR GRAND JURY WITHOUT BAIL.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

ATTLEBORO, Mass., Oct. 18.—Miss Martha Williams, the young woman arrested in Boston a few days ago on a charge of infanticide, was to have been tried in the district court here today. Her counsel did not deem a hearing necessary. The same testimony as that given at the inquest of the death of the child would have been given. Miss Williams waived examination and was bound over to the grand jury of Bristol county without bail. She was taken to the county jail at Taunton.

WAGE QUESTION

Will be Discussed in Fall River

BY THE TEXTILE COUNCIL OF THAT CITY.

Believed That Trade Warrants an Increase.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Oct. 18.—The wage question is to be discussed at a meeting of the Textile council Friday night. The council is made up of representatives of the different labor organizations of the city, excepting the spinners. The latter, Tuesday evening, were of the opinion that the profits being realized on cotton goods at the present time warranted an advance in wages and that the manufacturers ought to consider this matter and give a voluntary advance.

Such a course would prevent a long agitation of the wage question, strengthen the market, promote the good feeling existing between employers and employes and bring peace, contentment and prosperity to the city. The president, secretary and treasurer of the Spinners' union will represent that body at Friday night's meeting of the Textile council.

CREMATED IN MANSION

YOUNG WOMAN OF WINTERPORT, ME., BURNED TO DEATH.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BANGOR, Me., Oct. 18.—The greatest calamity in the history of Winterport, a town 12 miles below this city, occurred yesterday, when fire destroyed the finest residence in that section and burned to death the mistress of the mansion, Miss Mary Hubbard, one of the wealthiest young women in this vicinity.

The fire originated around a fireplace beneath the room where Miss Hubbard slept and in which she was kindled Monday night when a party of friends called to bid Miss Hubbard goodby, prior to a trip to Europe on which she was to have started today.

The raw estimate are $252

The fire was discovered at 5 a. m. by Amos Wilson, a near neighbor. He rushed to the house to see what had become of Miss Hubbard and her two servants.

He found the interior of the mansion in flames and when he burst in the door of Miss Hubbard's room he was almost blinded by the rush of fire and smoke. He was obliged to flee in order to save his own life.

The servants managed to escape in their night clothes and after the mansion had been totally destroyed the remains of Miss Hubbard were found in the ruins directly under the former location of her bed.

The Hubbard house was a notable mansion and one of the finest in Maine. It was long the home of Colonel Nathaniel Hubbard, for many years a prominent Maine lawyer. Miss Hubbard was the only survivor of a family of seven children and leaves a large fortune.

NEW JOB

BROUGHT CURSES AND HE TOOK POISON.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—Frederick Kley night after night for five long months went home to his wife and two little children with the same story.

"There's no use trying. I can't find work," he told them. But he kept up the wearying search. Only those who have tried it in a great city know how it wrings the heart.

The neighbors in the tenement house at No. 401 East Twenty-third street noticed last night that Mrs. Kley's three rooms on the ground floor, rear, were more brightly illuminated than usual.

"Jimmy just came home and told me that dad has a job," explained Tommy, the youngest child, to one of his playmates. Mrs. Kley had earned 90 cents during the day washing clothes, and the good news, she thought, justified her in preparing something more than the usual bread and tea for her husband when he came home.

"I got a job at last," the husband told her when he arrived and sank wearily into his chair. "I had to work like a horse and the foreman cursed me like a dog."

The anxious wife noticed that her husband acted strangely. He had no appetite for the tempting little "spread" she had prepared.

"Are you sick, Fred?" she asked.

"Yes, it breaks a fellow up to be treated like a brute," he said. "It ain't right in this free country. But I'll be all right in a little while."

Half an hour later Mrs. Kley heard the sound of a heavy fall in her husband's room. She picked up the lamp and ran in.

Her husband lay on the floor in convulsions. His mouth was seared and burned. An empty carbolic acid vial beside him told the story.

A little later he died. When one of the neighbors had come in in later she noticed a piece of paper under a tumbler. It was a note from the discouraged husband to read:

"Kiss the children good-by for me. May God help you to get on. I did my best, but they used me like a dog. Good-by."

HOTEL BURNED

HUSBAND AND WIFE BURNED TO DEATH.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

GREEN LAKE, Wis., Oct. 18.—Terrace Beach Casino, a large hotel, owned by W. A. Meyer, was burned early today. Mr. and Mrs. Jenks, parents of Mrs. Meyer, who occupied a room above the dining hall, were burned to death.

Mr. Jenks was lying very ill in bed and not expected to live. Mrs. Jenks made an heroic attempt to save her husband, but before she could rescue him, the flames cut off all escape, and the aged couple died together. The financial loss is $60,000.

ROCKEFELLER BUYING MINES.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

VANCOUVER, B. C., Oct. 18.—It is stated that John D. Rockefeller, the Standard Oil magnate, is about to increase his mining business to a large extent on Texada Island.

TARIFF EFFECTS

Trust Magnates Don't See Alike.

INDUSTRIAL COMMISSION IN SESSION.

Evidence Shows up the Powerful Combination.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.—The industrial commission continued its inquiry into the trust question yesterday, the witnesses being President Daniel C. Reid of Chicago, of the American Tin Plate company; William Reis of Chicago, president of the National Steel company; Charles S. Guthrie of Pittsburg, president of the American Steel Hoop company, and Judge William H. Moore, the promoter of these and other trusts.

Mr. Reid, in reply to questions as to whether the books of the company were open to the inspection of stockholders, produced a series of resolutions adopted by the stockholders at their first meeting, but not heretofore made public, providing that the books in which the transfers of stock shall be registered, and the books containing the names, addresses and number of shares respectively of the shareholders shall be at all times, during the usual hours of business, open to the examination of every stockholder at the principal office.

He said that Judge Moore had organized the combination and had received for his services $10,000,000 worth of the common stock. The consolidation had been made to prevent absolute failure, as many of the plate establishments were rapidly drifting into bankruptcy.

The prices of the product had increased rapidly since the organization and there had been a corresponding advance in wages. He estimated that the increase in wages and employes would represent an enlarged payroll of $2,000,000 annually.

The rolling mill men in his establishment were paid as high as $10 per day, the highest price paid to any laborers in the world. The average wages of the employes were $2.50 per day. The advance in the price of the finished product had not been equal to that of the raw material and of wages.

He explained that the relations of his company with the National Steel company and the American Steel Hoop company, saying that each company had directors who hold similar places in the other companies.

Mr. Reid said that 13 mills had been shut down because of their poor location, but 25 new ones had been started. There were 39 establishments in the combination, he said. Without the tariff Mr. Reid thought it would be impossible to manufacture tin plate in the United States. The margin was now sufficient to permit the increase of the price of American tin plate to $5.25 per box before bringing it into competition with the English product. He estimated that the manufacture of our own tin plate had resulted in keeping at least $35,000,000 of money in this country, which otherwise would have gone abroad. In the 39 establishments owned by the combine there were 300 mills, while the outside establishments contained 27 mills. The American company manufactured nine-tenths of the tin plate made in this country and controlled the prices.

The testimony of Mr. Reis agreed in most respects with that of Mr. Reid, especially in regard to wages and the prices of raw material. His company, he said, was capitalized for $50,000,000, of which $27,000,000 was preferred and the remainder common. He declared that his company sold its products to any one that wanted to buy, and that its sales were not confined to the tin plate company, as had been alleged. In his combination there were six steel works and 15 furnaces. The company also owned its own iron mines and its boats for lake transportation.

The capacity of the combine was about 500 tons per day, or about 18 per cent. of the total product of the country. Prices of steel had increased since last year from $10.33 to $22.50 per ton, and of steel billets from $15.31 to from $31 to $44.

Mr. Reis differed with the other witnesses in his estimate of the effect of the tariff, saying that directly it did not benefit his industry in the least. He said that his company did business with the tin plate company on the same basis as with other patrons, but admitted that the relations of the two companies were confidential. His company, he said, paid its regular dividend of 7 per cent. on the preferred stock, but had never paid any dividends on the common stock. The profits of the company were in excess of the amount paid in dividends.

Mr. Guthrie said that he found the combination of the interests represented in the steel hoop company of vast advantage in many ways and especially in securing a foreign market. The company was composed of 39 different plants with $14,000,000 of preferred and $19,000,000 of common stock. He considered the tariff of very material advantage to the industry.

Judge William H. Moore of Chicago, said that he bought each of the 39 concerns interested in the combination and then gave the owners the privilege of accepting cash at the valuation, the par value of the stock being $100 per share. He defended the New Jersey corporation law as fair and liberal, saying it was modelled largely after the English law.

HORACE SMITH DEAD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CHICAGO, Oct. 18.—Horace S. Smith, former vice president of the Illinois Steel company, died at his home in this city last night. He was 72 years of age and was one of the best known men in steel and iron circles in the United States and he was also known in Europe. It was through his efforts that the Illinois Steel company was established.

Hedake

TRADE MARK

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A fragrant and delightful External Cure for all headaches, neuralgia, and car sickness. Soothing and comforting for heated, tired, and brain-worked heads and sleeplessness. Cures instantly; absolutely harmless.

It prevents dosing the stomach with poisonous drugs.

Endorsed by physicians. Your druggist has it.

JOHN H. LAKIN CO. - - - BOSTON.

IN COLD CASH

WATERS WANTED TO PAY FOR HIS PURCHASE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

ATLANTIC CITY, Oct. 18.—"No mortgages or bonds or anything of that sort will do for me; I want hard cash." That is what Mrs. Bew said to G. Jason Waters proprietor of the Hotel Windsor here, when he had agreed to buy her hotel on the board walk. "All right," replied Waters. "I'll pay you in the hardest kind of cash."

Bew's Hotel has a frontage of 150 feet on the ocean front and Waters had agreed to pay $160,000 for it. He kept his word. He arranged with a local bank to supply him with one-third of the purchase money in gold coin in denominations of $2.50, $5 and $10 pieces. The remainder was to be in silver dollars. Soon after noon yesterday, Waters was seen wearily trundling a loaded wheelbarrow down the principal street and thence to the ocean. He stoped in front of Bew's Hotel and sent word to Mrs. Bew that he was out in front with the money for the place. There was Waters and his coin. "It's in hard cash as you demanded" said Waters. "Where shall I dump it?"

"Lawsy me," said Mrs. Bew, her eyes bulging. "Are you crazy? I don't want all that gold. I haven't any place to keep it. Take it away. Give me a check instead."

After Waters had had his joke by insisting that the wheelbarrow load be accepted, he gave a check to Mrs. Bew and trundled his gold back to the bank.

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In Children or Adults. The safest and most effectual remedy made is

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In use 47 years. 35c. Ask your Druggist for it.

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LEGAULT & CO.,

RELIABLE JEWELERS.

70 Central St., cor Prescott

ARE YOU AWARE

That the mornings and evenings are getting cool and that you will have to get out your Winter Clothing? Well, here is where we come in to play. If you find out that your winter garments are soiled or faded bring them at once to the

BAY STATE

Dye Works

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and we will cleanse or dye them and make as good as new at a very slight expense. All work guaranteed first class at

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CONSUMPTION

To the Editor—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy free to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their express and post-office address. Respectfully, T. A. Slocum, M. C., No. 181 Pearl Street, New York.

Music Hall

Three Nights Commencing Thursday, Oct. 19
Matinee Saturday.

A play of heart interest, pure comedy and brisk Americanism

The American Girl

By H. Gratton Donnelly, author of "Darkest Russia." Introducing the Comedian, Geo. F. Hall, with two rays of brightness, the Amorous twins **Prince Roy and the Little Lady**

Direction of A. Q. SCAMMON.

Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Matinee, Oct. 23, 24, 25.

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THE LOBSTER.

Management of the author, Edgar Selwyn. 25—Great Features—25. Carloads of Scenery and Effects. A funny show! A beauty show! A famous show! The Lobster in everyone's mouth.

Star Theatre, 319-321 Middlesex Street. FRANK KNIGHT, Proprietor. This Week

SCANLON & MILEY, Comedy Sketch Artists.

GRACE WHEELER, Balladist.

BLANCHE WILSON, Musical Artist.

LEOPOLD & WESTON, Kings of Comedy.

GERTRUDE RIGGS, Serio-Comic.

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THOUSANDS OF REQUESTS

For Free Bottles

Are received by the manufacturers of Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, and upon strict investigation it has been found that no less than 91 per cent. of those receiving trial bottles have been so helped by the Remedy sent, that they have bought large sized bottles at their druggists.

There is no doubt that Favorite Remedy is the very best medicine known for diseases of the Kidneys, Liver, Bladder and Blood, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia and Chronic Constipation. The manufacturers are prepared to send free trial bottles postpaid to all those who will write, giving their full name and post office address to the DR. DAVID KENNEDY CORPORATION, Rondout, N. Y., and mention this paper.

Put some of your urine in a glass tumbler; if in 24 hours it has a sediment, or a milky, cloudy condition; if it is pale or discolored, ropy or stringy, you need a good medicine, and Favorite Remedy is the best one you can take. It speedily cures such dangerous symptoms as pain in the back, frequent desire to urinate especially at night, scalding burning pain in passing water, staining of your linen by the urine and inability to hold it. Also the unpleasant and dangerous effects produced on the system by the use of whiskey or beer.

Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy is sold at all drug stores at $1.00 a bottle, or six bottles for $5.00.

POLICY OF BLUNDERS

Administration Scored by Carl Schurz at Chicago

He is Opposed to Making Further War on the Filipinos—Hon. Bourke Cockran Speaks

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CHICAGO, Oct. 18.—J. Sterling Morton of Nebraska presided at the evening session of the anti-imperialist conference, and in introducing Carl Schurz, who delivered the address of the evening spoke in substance as follows:

"That there are thousands of patriotic citizens of the United States who do not believe that it is wise to acquire distant, insular domains and attempt to make them a part of this republic, no one can doubt. We are assembled here for the purpose of avoiding dangers to the constitutions and the institutions which it has established and fostered.

"Let us stop the effusion of human blood. Let the eighteenth century come to the help of the nineteenth. The philosophers, our predecessors, are the apostles of the true. Let them before monarchies meditate wars, proclaim the right of man to life, the right to conscience, to liberty, the sovereignty of reason, the holiness of labor, the beneficence of peace; and since light issues from the thrones let the light come from the tombs."

ADDRESS OF MR. SCHURZ.

Mr. Schurz was then presented and spoke in part as follows:

"There are few Americans who do not frankly admit their regret that this Philippine war should ever have happened. I say, therefore, that if we have the future of the republic at heart we must not only not uphold the administration in its course, because we are in it, but just because we are in it having been got into it in such a way the American people should stamp the administration's proceedings with a verdict of disapproval so clear and emphatic and 'get out of it' in such a fashion, that this will be a solemn warning to future presidents instead of a seductive precedent.

"What, then, to accomplish this end is to be done? In the first place, let it be well understood that those are egregiously mistaken who think that if by a strong military effort the Philippine war be stopped everything will be right and no more question about it. Let there be at once an armistice between our forces and the Filipinos. Let the Philippine islanders at the same time be told that the American people will be glad to see them establish an independent government and to aid them in that task as far as may be necessary; that if the different tribes composing the population of the Philippines are disposed, or at least most of them, if not all, are likely to be, to attach themselves in some way to the government already existing under the presidency of Aguinaldo we shall cheerfully accept that solution of the question and even if required lend our good offices to bring it about and that meanwhile we shall deem it our duty to protect them against interference from other foreign powers—or in other words, that with regard to them we mean honestly to live up to the righteous principles with the profession of which we commended to the world our Spanish war.

"And then let us have in the Philippines to carry out this program not a small politician, nor a meddlesome martinet but a statesman of large and genuine sympathy who will not merely deal in sanctimonious cant and oily promises with a string to them, but who will prove by his acts that he and we are honest; who will keep in mind that their government is not merely to suit us but to suit them; that it should not be measured by standards which we ourselves have not been able to reach, but be a government of their own, adapted to their own conditions and notions—whether it be a true republic like ours or better or a dictatorship like that of Porfirio Diaz in Mexico, or an oligarchy like the one maintained by us in Hawaii, or even something like the boss rule we are tolerating in New York and Pennsylvania. Those who talk so much of 'fitting a people for self-government' often forget that no people were ever made 'fit' for self-government by being kept in the leading strings of a foreign power. The cry is childish that unless we take and keep the Philippines, some other power will promptly grab them.

Why should not American diplomacy set about to secure the consent of the powers most nearly concerned to an agreement to make the Philippine islands neutral territory as Belgium and Switzerland are in Europe?

"There are some American citizens who take of this question a purely commercial view. I declare I am ardently in favor of the greatest possible expansion of our trade; but as to the annexation of the Philippines, will it pay?

"Many imperialists admit that our trade with the Philippines themselves will not nearly be worth its cost; but they say that we must have the Philippines as a foothold, a sort of power station for the expansion of our trade on the Asiatic continent especially in China. Admitting this, for argument's sake, I ask what kind of a foothold we should really need. Coaling stations and docks for our fleet and facilities for the establishment of commercial houses and depots. That is all. And now I ask further whether we could not easily have had these things if we had instead of making war upon the Filipinos, favored the independence of the islands. Everybody knows that we could.

"The present subjugation of the Philippines will not only be a help to the expansion of our Asiatic trade, but rather a constant danger and a clog to our feet.

"It is useless to say that the subjugated Philippine islanders will become our friends if we give them good government. However good that government may be, it will, to them, be foreign rule, and foreign rule especially hateful when begun by broken faith, cemented by streams of innocent blood and erected upon the ruins of devastated homes. The American will be and remain to them more a foreigner, an unsympathetic foreigner, than the Spaniard ever. Let us indulge in no delusion about this.

"And how much good government have we to give them? Are you not aware that our first imperialistic administration is also the first that, since the enactment of the civil service law, has widened the gates again for a new foray of spoils politics in the public service? What assurance have we that the Philippines, far away from public observation, will not be simply a pasture for needy politicians and for speculating syndicates to grow fat on, without much scruple as to the rights of the despised 'natives'?

"Has it not been so with the British in India, although the British monarchy is much better fitted for imperial rule than our democratic republic can ever be? Does not England at heart tremble today lest some hostile foreign power come close enough to throw a firebrand into that fearful mass of explosives?

"I ask you, therefore, in all soberness leaving all higher considerations of justice, morality and principle aside, whether from a mere business point of view, the killing policy of subjugation is not a colossal, stupid blunder, and whether it would not have been and now be, infinitely more sensible to win the confidence and cultivate the friendship of the islanders by recognizing them as of right entitled to their freedom and independence, as we have recognized the Cubans, and thus to obtain from their friendship and gratitude, for the mere asking, all the coaling stations and commercial facilities we require, instead of getting those things by fighting at an immense cost of blood and treasure, with a probability of having to fight for them again? I put this question to every business man who is not a fool or a reckless speculator. Can there be any doubt of the answer?

"A word now on a special point: There are some very estimable men among us who think that even if we concede to the islanders their independence, we should at least keep the city of Manila. I think differently, not from a mere impulse of generosity, but from an entirely practical point of view. Manila is the traditional, if not the natural, capital of the archipelago. To recognize the independence of the Philippine islanders, and at the same time to keep from them Manila, would mean as much as to recognize the independence of Cuba and to keep Havana.

"I must confess I cannot understand the reasoning of those who have moral sense enough to recognize that this war is criminal aggression, but who still maintain that we must go on killing, and devastating, and driving our brave soldiers into a fight which they themselves are cursing, because we have once begun it. This I cannot understand. Do they not consider that in such a war, which they themselves condemn as wanton and iniquitous, the more complete our success, the greater will be our disgrace?

"I confidently trust that the American people will prove themselves too clear-headed not to appreciate the vital difference between the expansion of the republic and its free institutions over contiguous territory and kindred populations, and imperialism which reaches out for distant lands to be ruled as subject provinces. They will not fail to recognize that our dignity, our free institutions, and the peace and welfare of this and coming generations of Americans will be secure only as we cling to the watchword of true patriotism: 'Our country—when right to be kept right; when wrong to be put right.'"

HON. BOURKE COCHRAN.

Mr. Cockran said, among other things:

"Whatever we may think of the president's action it is only fair to admit that the policy to which he appears inclined, and which we condemn, casts the only shadow of doubt on his own political prospects. If the issues of the next election were confined to the preservation of existing economic conditions I do not think any man doubts his campaign would have ben a triumphal march to success.

It is said that, having accepted the aid of the Filipinos in our operations against Manila, there would have been an element of perfidy in abandoning them to their own resources after Spain had granted our own demands.

"However this may be, the cession of the Philippine Islands by Spain to the United States is an accomplished fact, irrevocable, and therefore beyond discussion. The problem which confronts us now is the course which we should pursue toward them.

"If we begin by eliminating from the discourse all those features on which everybody is agreed, we will probably find the field of controversy sensibly narrowed.

"In the first place nobody contends that, as an original enterprise, the conquest of the Philippines would have been desirable or defensible, nor, so far as I know, does anybody assert that our armies should be withdrawn without first providing some stable form of government.

"If we went there reluctantly, and if we cannot leave immediately, it follows that our authority must be maintained in the Philippines for a while at least."

The conference adjourned at the conclusion of Mr. Cockran's address, those in charge of the meeting expressing themselves as delighted with the success of the affair.

By J. E. CONANT & CO. - - - - Auctioneers

OFFICE, LOWELL, MASS.

TOMORROW AFTERNOON.

Mortgagee's sale of the large Block, known as the St. Goddard tenement property, 76-82 West Third Street, near the junction of West Third, Cobura and Jewett Streets, or adjoining the extensive property of John H. Burke & Co.

The sale by law will take place on the premises on Friday, the 20th day of October, 1899, at three o'clock in the afternoon, regardless of the weather, attendance or price. The block contains fourteen tenements of two, three and four rooms each. Each tenement has a water closet; the tenements rent for $1.50, $5.50 and $7.00 per month; the block is splendidly situated to rent; if properly cared for and attended to, it would be one of the best paying and most satisfactory pieces of renting real estate in Lowell. The buildings are very solid and substantial but need some minor interior repairs. Much more could be said in favor of and to the advantage of this property, but to fully realize and appreciate it, you must thoroughly examine it.

The lot has a frontage of 60 feet, and an area of about 5050 square feet, is concreted about the buildings and of excellent size.

From two-thirds to three-quarters of the purchase money can remain on mortgage and the purchaser must deposit with or secure to the auctioneers from $500 to $600 as requested; as soon as the property is struck off.

LURANA A. GROVER, Mortgagee.

Chronic Dyspepsia

CURED BY THE NEW TREATMENT.

It is Guaranteed.

Philadelphia, June 6, '99.

The R. T. Booth Co.:

Dear Sirs: I have suffered with chronic dyspepsia for years and nothing would relieve me. Doctored with the best physicians and grew worse under their treatment. Suffered from acid stomach and experienced the greatest distress after eating, could not sleep and was very miserable. I have used but two boxes of the Hyomei Dyspepsia Cure and am now perfectly well. I recommend it to all my friends who are suffering with the same complaint.

Very respectfully,

MRS. LIDIA McLANE MILLS,

1539 Vine street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Hyomei Dyspepsia Cure is Unlike Any Other.

It treats each phase of the disease separately, and contains the only germicide known, which can be taken internally and without danger and yet destroys the bacilli which cause intestinal indigestion (the most dangerous form of dyspepsia). Hyomei Dyspepsia Cure is the only one ever guaranteed. Your money is refunded if it fails to cure. Price 50c. All Druggists. One day's treatment sent free to any address on receipt of stamp.

THE R. T. BOOTH COMPANY,

Ithaca, N. Y.

THIS YEAR'S WORK

Of Registration Not Equal to Last Year

REGISTRATION CLOSED FOR STATE ELECTION

The Total Registration is Now 14,586

Registration for the state election closed at 10 o'clock last night in the quarters of the registrars of voters, city hall. The number of voters on the list at the beginning of registration was 13,737 and the new registration is 849, making the total voting list for the state election, 14,586 subject to minor changes. This is 389 less than the state and 996 less than the city (under) voting list last year. The new registration this year for the state election is 771 less than last year when it was 1623.

In the new registration for this year Ward Two leads with 125 and Ward Seven is second with 101. Then comes Ward Five, 95; Ward One, 85; Ward Three, 82; Ward Nine, 81; Wards Four and Eight are a tie with 82 each, and Ward Six is the tail ender with a round 80.

The following total shows the state of the voting list at the beginning of the registration with the additions by precincts and wards:

WARD ONE.

Precinct	1	2	3
	415	437	315—1227
Added	37	49	19— 96
			1323

WARD TWO.

Precinct	1	2	3
	322	401	415—1151
Added	31	41	53— 125
			1276

WARD THREE.

Precinct	1	2	3
	415	671	690—1616
Added	31	36	25— 92
			1708

WARD FOUR.

Precinct	1	2	3
	159	135	61—1175
Added	29	21	32— 82
			1257

WARD FIVE.

Precinct	1	2	3
	353	183	497—1243
Added	43	28	21— 97
			1340

WARD SIX.

Precinct	1	2	3
	611	171	599—1617
Added	36	18	26— 80
			1697

WARD SEVEN.

Precinct	1	2	3
	531	644	687—1765
Added	51	20	33— 104
			1869

WARD EIGHT.

Precinct	1	2	3
	651	705	583—1939
Added	21	25	36— 82
			2011

WARD NINE.

Precinct	1	2	3
	441	514	673—1531
Added	23	24	41— 88
			1725

Grand total, 14,586.

SULTAN OF SULU

Tossed Gauntlet at General Bates

HE GOT ANGRY AT THE AMERICAN

Southern General Ignored Peacock Mohamedan

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MANILA, Oct. 13.—The Sultan of Sulu has met General Bates. On the arrival of the general and his staff on the U. S. Checorua, His Royal Highness had the audacity to despatch a messenger with a message requesting General Bates to come and see him. The general, however, was not seeing anybody and on such peremptory invitations and maintaining the dignity of the government he so faithfully and successfully represents, he issued a courteous invitation in return. The mountain did not come to Mahomet, hence Mahomet came to the mountain, followed by a numerous and gorgeously attired retinue, his "royal nibs" visited General Bates and made his obeisance to the Starry Banner. He was very versatile, professed sentiments of devotion and admiration in flowery, oriental rhetoric, but it was all wind. No decided or definite result was obtained by the meeting.

The powerful and warlike claimant to the sultanship, Dato Jakanio, residing about one mile from Jolo, next visited the general and stated:

"The sultan is a man of many words; he is all talk like a parrot and his moods are as changeable as the wind. I, Dato Jakanio, am a man of few words. I speak once and then act. The sultan is unpopular; he has frittered away our rights, the rights of his Dato and of his people by granting and trading pearl fisheries and other concessions to strangers without our consent. I am a claimant to the throne and I will defend my rights in battle."

Dato Jakanin has mustered 2,500 faithful warriors against a slightly more numerous force of the sultan's. But Jakanin's men are more devoted and are filled with a spirit of loyalty and courage which may counterbalance the superior numbers of the opposing party. Sunday was set for the fight but no move has been made by either party up to this time. Results are anxiously awaited.

The Dato Mundi, the most influential and powerful chief in the Archipelago, arrived on North German Trading company's steamer "Cabuan" from his domain and capital of Sakol, on the island of Mindanao, and immediately paid a visit to General Bates. The presentation ceremony was most impressive and picturesque. Dato Mundi, a splendid fellow of dignified bearing, superb physique, with a face of strong character, and erect as a dart, followed by 27 warriors, headmen of his people, attired in picturesque native costume, like all Moros of Mahomet's creed with gay, flowing robes and gaudy, towering turbans and armed with glittering creeses, made his salute to the representative of our government and swore allegiance and fealty to the flag. Dato Mundi controls 100 miles of territory on the coast of Mindanao and his domain extends far back to the mountains and Zamboanga.

"The insurgents," he stated "until recently occupied Zamboanga, but have now deserted it and retreated to the hills about three miles away. They looted the houses and even carried off the tin roofs to their camp. They have not been paid for a long time and are sick of their contract. We Moros hate the Tagalos. Give me authority and I will attack the dogs and wipe the horde off the face of the earth."

General Bates is to be congratulated in acquiring so valuable an ally. The U. S. S. Castine is patrolling the coast off Mindanao but American troops have not yet occupied Zamboanga. General Bates' mission is still unfinished, therefore the Checorua will remain at Jolo for the time being.

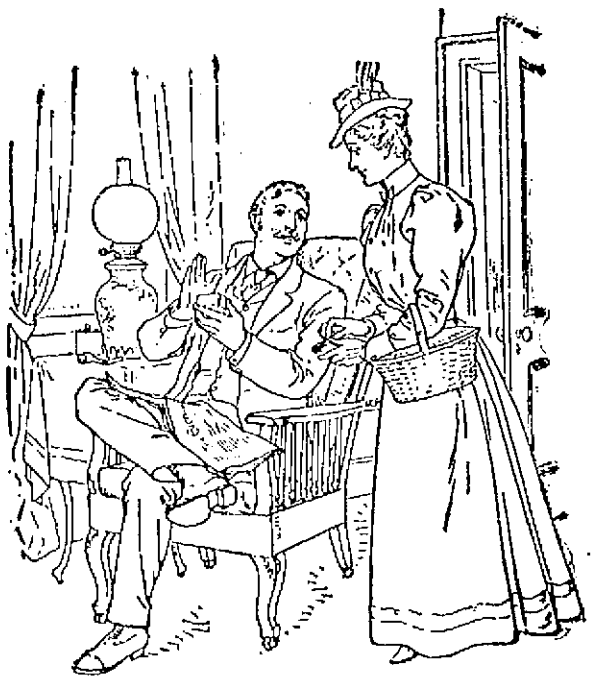
Jolo is a charming place and members of the expedition derive great enjoyment from the delightful climate and scenery of the southern archipelago.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.



There's nothing in Ivory Soap but soap, good, pure vegetable-oil soap. There's nothing to make the linens streaky, no alkali to injure the finest textures. The lather forms quickly and copiously, and wash-day is a pleasure instead of a drudgery. Try it for the next wash. The price places it within reach of every one. **Look out for imitations.**

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TEWKSBURY

The ladies' aid society of the Congregational church have elected the following officers: Mrs. S. P. Pike, president; Mrs. J. H. Yatman, vice-president; Mrs. E. Gray, secretary and treasurer; Miss L. Rogers, assistant secretary and treasurer; Mrs. P. Foster, Mrs. T. Spaulding and Mrs. J. Phelps, directors; Mrs. Miller, solicitor.

The first social of this society was held last evening in the vestry. Refreshments were served at 7 p. m., followed by an enjoyable entertainment which had the following numbers: Duet, Misses Pike and Merrill; reading, Miss A. Littlefield; song, Master U. Blackburn, and reading by Miss Pike.

After the entertainment the remainder of the evening was spent in playing games. There was an attendance of about 100 people.

The W. C. F. P. C. S. society of this town will hold its first social and dance of the year November 1st.

HEART DISEASE.

Some Facts Regarding the Rapid Increase of Heart Trouble.

Heart trouble, at least among the Americans, is certainly increasing and while this may be largely due to the excitement and worry of American business life, it is more often the result of weak stomachs, of poor digestion.

Real organic disease is incurable; but not one case in a hundred of heart trouble is organic.

The close relation between heart trouble and poor digestion is because both organs are controlled by the same great nerves, the Sympathetic and Pneumogastric.

In another way, also the heart is affected by the form of poor digestion, which causes gas and fermentation from half digested food. There is a feeling of oppression and heaviness in the chest caused by pressure of the distended stomach on the heart and lungs, interfering with their action; hence arises palpitation and short breath.

Poor digestion also poisons the blood, making it thin and watery, which irritates and weakens the heart.

The most sensible treatment for heart trouble is to improve the digestion and to insure the prompt assimilation of food.

This can be done by the regular use after meals of some safe, pleasant and effective digestive preparation, like Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, which may be found at most drug stores, and which contain valuable, harmless digestive elements in a pleasant, convenient form.

It is safe to say that the regular persistent use of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets at meal time will cure any form of stomach trouble except cancer of the stomach.

Full sized package of these tablets sold by druggists at 50 cents. Little book on stomach troubles mailed free. Address F. A. Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich.

FITS CURED

(From U. S. Journal of Medicine.)

Prof. W. H. Peeke, who makes a specialty of Epilepsy, has without doubt treated and cured more cases than any living Physician; his success is astonishing. We have heard of cases of 20 years' standing cured by him. He publishes a valuable work on this disease which he sends with a large bottle of his absolute cure, free to any sufferer who may send their P.O. and Express address. We advise anyone wishing a cure to address, Prof. W. H. PEEKE, F. D., 4 Cedar St., New York.

LADIES Who Have Used Them Recommend as the BEST DR. KING'S Star Crown Brand PENNYROYAL PILLS. Immediate relief, no danger, no pain. Used for years by leading specialists. Hundreds of testimonials. A trial will convince you of their invaluable virtues in cases of suppression. Send ten cents for sample and book. All Druggists or by mail $1.00 box. KING MEDICINE CO., Box 1930, BOSTON, MASS.

NERVITA PILLS

Restores VITALITY, LOST VIGOR AND MANHOOD

Cures Impotency, Night Emissions and wasting diseases, all effects of self-abuse, or excess and indiscretion. **A nerve tonic and blood builder.** Brings the pink glow to pale cheeks and restores the fire of youth. By mail **50c** per box, **6** boxes for **$2.50; with a written guarantee to cure or refund the money.** Send for circular. Address,

NERVITA MEDICAL CO.

Clinton & Jackson Sts., CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale by Billingwood & Co., Druggists, Lowell, Mass.

Welcome Shoes

$3.00.

This is our ladies latest shoe. Made by expert workmen expressly for our store. We name this shoe Welcome Shoe. It is a welcome to the ladies feet. Made on the very latest mannish last. We guarantee this shoe to give satisfaction or your money back. Sold only by the

SUNLICHT

Shoe Store

100 CENTRAL ST.

High Grade Repairing.

W. S. CRADY

Oil Stoves

You will need some more heat in your house next month. Why not get ready for it.

We have oil and gas stoves at a price that will please you.

OUR

Oil and Gas Stoves

Are all first class. NO SHODDY goods amongst them. The best is none too good for you, and that is just what we here.

GAYNOR & CO.

35 Prescott St.

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor.

SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press.

$3.00 Per Year. 25c. Per Month

CIRCULATION COUNTS....

In estimating the cost of advertising, remember that circulation is what counts. When a paper with one-half or one-third the circulation of The Sun asks Sun rates for advertising space, you can readily see how cheap our rates really are.

The real cost of advertising is not the rate per inch, but the rate per inch per thousand of circulation.

The Sun not only leads all the local papers in circulation but it easily leads any two of them combined. The Sun is conceded to be

LOWELL'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER.

THE STREET RAILWAY COMBINE.

The street railway continues to discommode the public by the lack of cars and a general attempt to cut down the service. The presumption is, of course, that people will wait for the cars anyhow. Well, if they do they will have shorter hours to work. Twenty-minute time prevails on most lines, while on some it exends to half-hour time. When a snowstorm comes and the cars make but half the number of trips we shall have forty-minute time. This, of course, will be good enough for Lowell. Boston has five-minute time on most of the lines and on but few does the interval between cars extend over ten minutes;that, of course, is imperative in Boston, but the syndicate which controls our street railway lines seems to think that Lowell is a jay town anyhow. The people are helpless except they obtain some change in the present laws governing public franchises. The city council has given away the franchise and it is now in the hands of a foreign corporation, which bids defiance to the city council and the people of Lowell in reducing the number of cars and the number of employes, and by abandoning some lines altogether.

WAR AS A BUSINESS.

The manner in which the 46th regiment was sent away shows that the nation has come down to the idea of war as a business. The regiment was not shipped to Boston to parade and be cheered, but forwarded to the Pacific coast by the shortest route and in the most practical fashion. These soldiers have their work before them. They are to be a part of the force sent out to establish American sovereignty in the Philippine archipelago and to accomplish this it may be necessary to slay many of the resisting natives. It is serious business in which they are to engage, and it is quite as well that they go about it without any unnecessary fuss or tumult.—Citizen.

Just so, they are professional fighters, it is their business to invade the Philippine islands and help in the work of slaying the natives until the warriors cry "enough" and submit. Then the plunder and robbery of the country will commence. Every country ever subjugated has paid dearly for its subjugation. So it will be with the Philippines.

THE ANTI-IMPERIALISTS.

That anti-imperialist conference at Chicago is one of great importance. Ex-Governor Boutwell's letter of regret at enforced absence made three important suggestions, which were as follows:

1. The president should be held responsible for the war in the Philippines and for the sacrifice of life and the expenditure of treasure incurred in its prosecution.

2. The conference in the name of the anti-imperialists of the country, should announce its purpose to oppose his re-election and its further purpose to oppose the election of members of congress who may sustain his policy.

3. The conference may declare its intention to oppose the re-election of any member of congress who may sustain an appropriation of men or money for the prosecution of the war. On these points there should be no compromise, no concessions.

These will undoubtedly be followed by the conference which is thus far independent of all political parties, but being with the democratic party on the leading issue of the day and opposed to the leading plank of the republican platform, it can be easily seen in what direction the influence of such a body will be exerted.

THE CUP RACE.

To-day, we opine, will finish the yacht race, unless the weather is unfavorable. The Shamrock has been rather unfortunate in the accident of Monday, but Sir Thomas Lipton says he has pulled out of worse holes than that. He takes his defeat very blandly and keeps his temper. Whether he wins or loses, it seems that he will carry home with him the good wishes of the American people.

THE CHELMSFORD FARMERS.

That political flim flam which Messrs. Ramsay and Watson worked upon the republicans of Chelmsford is worthy the ingenuity of Bunco Reed and that reminds us that Reed did some business with Chelmsford farmers, in the line of the flim-flam game. We are consequently somewhat surprised to find them victimized again, this time by the Lowell republicans of the 25th district. In playing this high handed game the Lowell delegates have shown an utter disregard of the voting strength of the Chelmsford end of the district, but the Chelmsford men took care of themselves last year and they will probably do so in 1903, when they are to be cheated out of a representative under the Ramsay flim-flam arrangement.

When the Chelmsford farmers were buncoed by Reed, they had no redress, but in the present attempt to bunco them they can strike back by electing the flim-flam nominee of the 25th district in 1902 to stay at home. These Chelmsford farmers have long memories and will undoubtedly resent this flagrant act of injustice.

Rev. Fr. Reaney, chaplain of the Olympia, in speaking of the Philippine war, seemed to approve its object and aim and to justify the war. In this we regret to say that he differs with the most fair-minded men in the country and with the majority of the Catholic clergy. There are, however, notable exceptions, such, for example, as Archbishop Ireland.

The beauties of our new charter are well illustrated in the relations existing between the commons committee and the superintendent. The committee refused to vote for more money to finish the new Rogers Park and now Supt. Whitott refuses to recognize their authority as applied to his office, as he has a right to do under the new charter.

It is gratifying to know that the strike at Stover's shoe shop was quickly settled. It is bad policy for either party to waste time while business is good on futile controversies over the question of fair treatment and fair wages for employes. It never pays to drive out skilled help.

Still the burglars are with us, although they do not seem to be making any great hauls.

BOXING GOSSIP.

Peter Maher and Kid McCoy signed articles yesterday for their coming fight. Although William A. Brady has secured the signature of McCoy to fight at the Coney Island Sporting club for its purse, it is not at all certain that he will get Maher's name to the same conditions. Maher wants to be assured that the purse will be $20,000. If these assurances are not forthcoming he may sign to fight only before the club offering the largest purse. Brady has promised that the purse will be $20,000, and is shouldering much responsibility in so doing. In fact he has gone as far as to furnish that amount of his own money. The Coney Island officials don't believe in offering so much money to McCoy and Maher, thinking the receipts of such a show would come far below that figure. Brady however, thinks differently.

Kid McCoy has signed articles for a fight with Billy Stift of Chicago, to come off in St. Louis Oct. 27. The bout is scheduled as one of twenty rounds and Tim Hurst will be referee. This fight will doubtless be a good one, for Stift is regarded as an exceptionally good man at his weight. He once knocked out McCoy, but was subsequently defeated by the Kid. In this battle Stift will endeavor to accomplish McCoy's defeat again. It is generally agreed that he will have anything but an easy task. The Kid doesn't hold anybody cheaply now, since his accidental knockout by Jack McCormick, and it is almost safe betting that he will not suffer another defeat by Stift's hands.

Billy Stift will have another important engagement to fill after his bout with McCoy. He has accepted an offer to fight Jack Root, the Chicago middleweight, to a finish at Davenport, Iowa, on Nov. 16. A big purse will be fought for. While this fight is regarded with only ordinary interest in the east, it nevertheless has attracted considerable attention in the west, especially in Chicago. There Stift and Root are looked upon as the bitterest of local rivals, and the result of their meeting will serve to satisfy the admirers of each, by whom he is regarded as the coming champion in the middle-weight class.

Joe Choynski has a fight on his hands which, while it looks easy for him, may prove just the reverse. He has been matched to fight Dick Moore in a twenty-round bout at Tim Hurst's St. Louis Athletic club Oct. 28. Moore has fought in this vicinity, but never astonished anybody by his ability. He is a clever boxer and can take a beating. He doesn't seem lucky, however. He has put up good battles only to be defeated. In Choynski he will probably meet the best man of his career, and an form cannot be expected to win. If he could not beat Johnny Gorman of New York it would be foolish to think of his whipping Choynski. Moore recently fought Jack Stelzner of St. Louis, a fifteen-round draw at the club he is to fight Choynski. His showing was a good one.

No matter whether he thinks so or not it cannot be denied that Tommy West will have the hardest kind of a time trying to beat Charley Stevenson at the Greenwood Athletic club next Saturday night. Stevenson is a big burly negro, and belongs in the heavy-weight class. He is a fairly good boxer and can strike a good blow. His recent defeat of Charley Strong of Newark, in five rounds gives one an idea that he is at least above the ordinary third-rater. West is taking a big chance, and his friends would rather not see him fight Stevenson. Both men are training hard, and their fight should be interesting.

Joe Choynski is trying to arrange a fight with "Kid" McCoy to take place at one of the big New York clubs. They recently fought a six-round draw in Chicago, and Choynski made such an improved showing that he is confident now that he can win in a long fight. He and "Australian Jimmy" Ryan will battle twenty-five rounds at catch-weights at the Broadway Athletic club on Friday night. Ryan has not been seen in New York for two years, while Choynski has not fought there since he was beaten by Peter Maher. Both men are training faithfully for the battle and will doubtless furnish a fast fight. They box at catch-weights.

Joe Young, the Buffalo light-weight, who arrived in New York lately, has been matched to meet "Spike" Sullivan in a twenty-round bout at the Greenwood Athletic club, Nov. 1. Young is credited with being a very clever two-handed fighter.

His coming match with "Kid" McCoy will add to the interest of Peter Maher's match with Dunkhorst, the big Syracuse fighter, which takes place on Monday night. The encounter will be a ten-round affair at the Monarch Athletic club, in Syracuse. It will be refereed by Charles White, of this city. While Dunkhorst has never shown very brilliantly in the pugilistic line, his immense size gives him a chance that all opponents fear.

The Irishman has been taking good care of himself and hopes to give a hint of his form when he meets Dunkhorst. Maher's friends predict that Peter will take the money before five rounds.

GAS LIGHT COMPANY

HAS NOT BEEN SOLD OUT, AS REPORTED.

A report was extensively circulated yesterday to the effect that the Lowell Gaslight company had sold out its plant, but the officials of the company promptly denied the report.

WAS NOT A LOWELL MAN.

The body of a man found in Broad canal, Cambridge, on Sunday, and thought to be that of a Lowell man, has been identified as that of William Carr of 202 Cambridge street, Cambridge. He was a son of James Carr, and lived with his father and an invalid brother. The body was recognized by means of a photograph. The body will be disinterred.

Golf Capes are very scarce, but we have them and sell them very cheap, from $3.49 up, at Boston cloak and suit store, 228 Merrimack street.

SEN. PARSONS

Has Become an Independent Candidate

FOR THE SATE LEGISLATURE

The Democrats Will Not Oppose Him

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Oct. 18.—Senator Herbert C. Parsons of Greenfield, one of the republican members of the legislature who refused to vote for Henry Cabot Lodge for United States senator, and who was defeated in the republican convention because of this fact is going to the polls to make a contest.

This will be the first real test of the anti-imperialists in the state and the issue will be made square between the republicans who favor President McKinley's policy and those who are opposed to his conduct of the war in the Philippines.

The republicans in the district which comprises the towns of Franklin and Hampshire counties have nominated Charles W. Hazleton for Senator Parsons' place. The democrats met yesterday but made no nomination so that the fight will come between Hazleton and Parsons.

Nicholas J. Lawler, one of the leading democrats of the convention, said the reason the democrats did not nominate a candidate was that if a democrat was nominated he would be simply knocked down. There was to be an independent candidate. If no nomination was made it left the democrats free to vote as they liked.

A. B. Parker, another prominent democratic leader, said: "Tariff, trusts and everything else could wait. Imperialism was the one burning question. We are waging a war of conquest. We are down deep in the mire. Commercial exploitation and land-grabbing should cease. The man in the White House is a willing tool. The danger facing the country today was more serious than that during the civil war."

Senator Parsons said to a reporter after the session of the senate last winter that he could not consistently support Senator Lodge's position on the question of imperialism.

"I did not attend the caucus because I think the republicans should have been free to act and elect a man from Massachusetts who is in accord with Massachusetts ideas on the great question of colonial policy or territorial expansion. I did not vote for him today because I did not approve of his policy and think that the interests of Massachusetts are best served by men who hold the views of Senator Hoar. Had ex-Governor Boutwell allowed me to use his name in the senate I certainly would have voted for him because I think his views are right. When he declined to be a candidate I had no other choice. Some people may criticize my position in this matter but I think I performed my duty to the best interests of the constituency that elected me."

Representative Severance, a republican from Senator Parsons' town, also refused to vote for Lodge, and there were twelve republicans absent from the caucus when he was nominated.

JOURNAL ALBUM

IS NOW ON DEWEY'S SHIP.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Oct. 19.—A newspaper history of the battle of Manila, compiled by direction of Mr. W. R. Hearst, was presented to the cruiser Olympia yesterday morning by Mr. Emory H. Talbot of this city, in behalf of the New York Journal. Captain Lamberton accepted the gift with expressions of admiration and appreciation.

The album contains pictures, maps, descriptions, photographs, biographies and is, in short, a faithful record of the events which have made the Olympia forever dear to the American heart, and is by no means among the least of the many trophies of this glorious time which are in the vessel's proud possession. It was greatly admired by officers and men, and more than one inquiry was made whether it were possible to purchase duplicates for individual use.

The Olympia will probably go out of commission, and if so Capt. Lamberton will have the album deposited in the library of the navy yard, where it will remain until the ship is again in sea-going condition. Then it will be taken on board to edify and encourage the officers and men who shall in future years serve their country on her decks.

The Olympia lies only a stone's throw from the navy's other celebrated ship, the frigate Constitution, and the contrast between the old and the new was never more strikingly illustrated. Her officers and men hope for furloughs after their arduous labors—many of them have not seen home since 1895—and all are fatigued by the popular demonstrations of the last three weeks.

The crowds of sightseers have slyly taken tampions and sights from guns and in other ways made their patriotism an annoyance, and it is with a feeling of relief that Captain Lamberton and his officers see the stores going ashore and being stripped.

SWISS TREATY

UNITED STATES TO TAKE STEPS TO TERMINATE IT.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 18.—The state department has regretfully come to the conclusion that the existing treaty between the United States and Switzerland must be terminated and steps in that direction soon will be taken. The necessity for this course arises from the action of certain of the state governments in enforcing local laws which in their operation prevent Swiss insurance companies from doing business in those states.

While these laws were not aimed directly at the Swiss companies yet providing as they do for discriminatory taxes against foreign corporations they constitute a direct violation of the treaty between the United States and Switzerland whereby the United States gives to Swiss concerns the same rights to do business within the limits of the United States as are enjoyed by the United States corporations.

It is felt that it would be useless for the national government to remonstrate with the governments of the states which have thus violated the treaty so there is nothing to be done but to surrender the convention.

SORE FEET

Caused by corns, bunions, or callouses, quickly cured by using WAKEFIELD'S FIR BALSAM SALVE. Price, 25c.

Goodale's Drug Store, cor. Central and Jackson Streets

SOME MILL NEWS

The Situation of the Print Cloth Market

PRICE OF TAPESTRIES GOING UP NEXT YEAR

A German Cotton Spinners' Trust

The following is from the latest issue of Bennett's weekly:

Ten days ago the wonder was increasing that print cloths and prints should be relatively in the dumps. Other cottons had advanced heavily since the Fall River market four months ago was pegged at 2¾ cents and for some week past cotton had been on the upward jump, while an actual famine existed in the cloth-market. But Fall River is a market of surprises. There is no combination among buyers and there has been only a partial agreement about sellers, but buying and selling of print cloths, was a high class sporting game between the two interests before tennis, golf and slugging gained their supremacy.

At the close of the week, probably as the result of many weeks of the subtlest kind of secret diplomatic manoeuvring a heavy print cloth deal was consummated, which swept off stocks and put the mills under contract to January. It is not known just what quantity of cloths were sold, but the most reliable estimates put the figures in the neighborhood of 2,000,000 pieces. Although prices have not at this writing been advanced in consequence of this movement, it is taken for granted, that such may be the case at any moment, thus erasing the only undefined feature of the general market and assuring, as it does, better demand and prices for prints.

A feature in this deal, noted and complained of by cloth brokers, is that the selling committe not only made the sale direct, but gave the benefit of commissions to buyers. The brokers claim that such action is a reduction of prices. It is difficult to see how this can be controverted, and it simply proves that the buyers had the best of the game in this instance at the expense of the brokers and it remains to be seen how this diplomatic concession will be met by the latter. That it will prove a boomerang in some way or other can hardly be doubted as the brokers all know the tricks and are by no means a stupid crowd.

FOREIGN SILKS.

Nevertheless, there is improvement in which fancy foreign silks participate and as a whole the movement discloses progress in the retail trade and brings the hope that demand will continue to increase. Nothing new was reported as regards the favor shown to weaves and colors on the part of consumers, taffetas continuing to lead in all reassortments as in the orders.

CARPETS.

Notwithstanding that the season is nearly over for manufacturers, carpets continue active. News from the West is that retailers have begun to cut goods freely. It is believed that the new season will bring advanced prices for tapestries, Wiltons, Brussels and Velvets. The raw material market is stiffening. Inquiry among importers of mattings and agents for domestic mills indicate considerable activity in that trade.

COTTON SPINNERS' TRUST.

A German Cotton Spinners' trust has been formed, embracing 56 per cent. of the manufactures of the Empire. The association of Cotton Yarn Spinners complain that the trust's terms are so high that the foreign spinner will be able to get German yarns 15 per cent. cheaper than they can be got by Germans.

BASE BALL.

Adrian C. Anson, for many years the manager of the Chicago baseball team, and now one of the promoters of the new league, was in Cincinnati the other day. His presence in Cincinnati, according to his own statement, had nothing to do with baseball. He was there on business pertaining to his billiard hall in Chicago, the building in which it is located being owned by Cincinnati capitalists. Anson is heart and soul with the new organization. He says the scheme is a sure go, and that the National league will have a strong rival next season.

According to Anson, it is not at all improbable that Cincinnati will have a club in the new league. "This city is now being considered by the promoters of the new organization, and if enough local capital can be found to support the club there will be one there next season. It is unnecessary to say that up to date no one has been found in this neck of the woods with much of the long green who is willing to take part in the venture.

"It is being considered whether Pittsburg and Cincinnati, even with rival teams, would not prove better cities than either Detroit and Milwaukee," said Mr. Anson. "The new league holds a meeting in New York the latter part of this month, and then all these questions will be settled. It has been said that we would have some trouble securing players for the new league, but it is absurd. We will be able to get all the players we want, and more, too. I am in a position to know that two-thirds of the present Chicago team will join with us at a moment's notice, and the players of all other teams feel about the same way. They want to get away from the reserve rule and other obnoxious laws passed by the National league."

"Mike" Griffin, who for many years was considered the king of centerfielders in the National league, and who was sold to the St. Louis club by the Brooklyn club last spring, is in Brooklyn.

When the Baltimore-Brooklyn syndicate was formed Griffin who had signed a Brooklyn contract for 189 at a large figure was sold to St. Louis. It seems that the amount of salary he was to receive was misrepresented, and Griffin refused to accept less and has been out of the game this year. It is very likely that he will enter suit at the close of the season to have his grievances against the Brooklyn club adjusted. Griffin is on the reserve list of the St. Louis club.

The great player is not there on base ball business. "I have not paid much attention to baseball this year. I signed with Brooklyn for a certain sum and when I was sold to St. Louis these figures were cut. I naturally refused to stand for the cut and went home where I have been ever since. I have taken no steps to have the matter settled as yet but I am not out of baseball. There is some good ball playing left in me. My grievances may be adjusted some day, and then I would have no hesitancy in getting into the game. I am doing very well out of baseball. I have not seen a National league game this season, but if I am here Saturday I will go out and take a look at one.

"McGraw has certainly made a wonderful record in Baltimore. He is the greatest ball player in the business, and has shown that he is a manager also."

An ugly charge has been made against Capt. Ewing, of the Cincinnati team. The accusation that he has been making disparaging remarks against the owners of the Cincinnati club come from two reliable sources, and would indicate that the "Red" leader is guilty of grossest ingratitude. To accuse President Brush of being "cheap" and desiring to get together another team that shall not cost much to run is a story that any follower of the game who knows anything of the affairs of the Cincinnati club will denounce. In the last five years the Cincinnati club has paid more money for players than any three other clubs in the league combined.

It has been demonstrated that the worn out stars that Ewing has selected for the team in the past few years and who have been purchased at exorbitant prices, were not wisely chosen, for the reason that none of them made good. In view of this fact, Mr. Brush has decided to get together a team of young players, whose services he can command when they are at their best. His recent offer of $19,000 for McGraw, of the Baltimores, to manage his team, and the fact that he has purchased about a dozen players this fall at advanced prices, is further evidence that his sole desire is to give Cincinnati a winning team, no matter what the price. The fact that he has been negotiating for another manager may have caused Ewing to make the remarks credited to him.

ANNUAL RETURNS

OF THE LOWELL AND SUBURBAN STREET RAILWAY COMPANY.

The Lowell Suburban Street Railway Co., E. M. Tucke, president and Percy Parker, treasurer, have now filed their return with the board of assessors, under section 6, chapter 578 of the public statutes as did the L. L. & H. a few days ago.

The sworn return of the Lowell & Suburban, attested by W. A. Fisher, J. P. Strang.

Mileage reckoned as single track, 35.572.

Total length of track operated by it in public ways in the commonwealth:

Mileage reckoned as single track, 63.-474.

Gross receipts for the year ending Sept. 30, 1899, $55,650.35.

It will be seen that the above receipts are nearly $40,000 less than those of the Lowell, Lawrence & Haverhill printed a few days ago in the Sun and which were $91,797.41 balance in favor of the L. L. & H., $36,146.56.

FATAL FALL

ALICE BRUNELLE FELL FROM A ROOF MONDAY AND DIED YESTERDAY.

Yesterday, Alice Brunelle, the four-year-old child that fell from the roof of Fletcher's block on Moody street, Monday afternoon, died from the injuries received. Since the accident the child has borne the terrible suffering with a remarkable fortitude. She fell five stories striking on a concrete walk. Dr. Patenaude did all in his power to save the child but the injuries were of such a nature that death was only a question of time. The little girl was the daughter of Albert and Vitaline Brunelle. They are deeply grieved over the loss of their little one and much sympathy is felt for them.

MOCK TRIAL

HELD BY THE BILLERICA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

Last night every seat in the Billerica town hall was occupied when a mock trial was conducted by Col. A. V. Newton of Worcester, under the auspices of the Billerica Historical association. Col. Newton was the lawyer for the defendant and his son, E. V. Newton was prosecuting attorney, the rest of the court, jury and witnesses being made up of residents of the town. The defendant, Frank Holden, was charged with the larceny of a Plymouth Rock rooster from the coop of Mrs. Margaret Meeker Wright and after hearing the evidence, the jury brought in a verdict of "not guilty but he must return the rooster." The trial was full of humor, and the many local hits during its progress caused no end of amusement. The officers were: Judge, Frederic A. Morey; plaintiff, Mrs. Margaret Meeker Wright; defendant, Frank Holden; clerk of court, H. D. Mallett; officer, Chas. H. Hazen; attorney for defendant, Col. A. V. Newton of Worcester; attorney for defence, E. V. Newton of Worcester; crier, H. W. Livingston; court stenographer, Victor J. Hosmer; witnesses, Herbert A. King, N. H. Hutchins, Coburn S. Smith, C. L. Beck, J. B. Robinson, T. E. Smith; jurors, Herbert Sheldon, E. Baker, Fred H. Parker, John H. Baker, John Barnes, Arthur Kimball, Joseph Holt, Fred L. Mason, Fred L. Gleason, Charles A. Gleason, A. O. Dane, John A. Richardson.

DR. CHEVALIER

SAYS HE DID NOT ATTEMPT TO COMMIT SUICIDE.

The ambulance was summoned yesterday afternoon to 303 Middlesex street to take Dr. J. E. Chevalier who came here from Providence, R. I., a few days ago, to the hospital. It was alleged that he was suffering from the effects of cocaine which he had taken.

The doctor was rooming on the third floor and when the ambulance arrived he walked down stairs and demanded what was wanted of him. When he was told that the ambulance was waiting for him, he entered without protest and went to the hospital. He was not so agreeable at the hospital, however, and when stomach pumps and emetics were spoken of, he stoutly refused to allow anything in the line of medical attendance for he said he did not need it. After a period spent in useless persuasion the hospital authorities allowed him to go his way and he returned to his room.

Dr. Chevalier said last night: "I used to live in Lowell. During my stay here I was employed as clerk in Field's drug store at Davis square. Since that time I have kept a drug store in Burlington, Vt., where I also practiced medicine. Later I gave up the store and went home to Canada. After spending some time at my home in Canada, I communicated with a friend of mine a doctor, who has a drug store in Rhode Island, and he engaged me to go to work as clerk. I worked for him two weeks and he and I could not get along very well together so I decided to leave and I came direct to Lowell, hoping I could start in business here."

Dr. Chevalier denied very positively the intention of suicide and says his father will be here today from Canada.

ANNUAL REUNION

OF THE 26TH MASSACHUSETTS REGIMENT HELD YESTERDAY.

The 26th annual re union of the 26th Massachusetts Regiment association, Veterans of the civil war, was held at South Framingham yesterday. Lowell was well represented.

The oldest member of the association is the venerable Luke Smith of Acton, son of a soldier of the American revolution. Edward F. Cushing of Somerville, who has labored hard to keep the records of the association in good condition, was but 13 years of age when he left his home in Lowell and enlisted.

Lieut. James F. Upham of Company A presided at the reunion and Sec'y Edward F. Cushing read the necrology. These deaths have been reported since the 198 reunion: Company A, Charles F. Emerson, Lowell; D. John Floyd, Amesbury; E. Albion Longdean, Chelmsford; Dennis Sheehan, Maynard; John S. Porter, Concord; Charles A. Brooks, South Acton; F. George Ingerson, Lowell; John Turner, Lawrence; G. Lieut. Archibald Startweather, Boston; H. Jacob Nelson, Berlin; K. Lieut. John Marshall, Saco, Me. This number is larger than the average regimental mortuary record.

These officers were elected: Lieut. C. C. Messer, Company B, Boston, president; E. T. Peterson, Company C, Somerville, first vice president; Humphrey Sullivan, Company G, Charlestown, second vice president; Edwin F. Cushing, Company H, Somerville, secretary; E. D. Hall, Co. E, West Acton, treasurer.

RESIGNS PASTORATE

REV. E. R. CASWELL TO LEAVE MIDDLESEX FREE BAPTIST CHURCH.

Rev. E. R. Caswell has resigned the pastorate of the Middlesex Free Baptist church. The resignation was tendered Sunday, October 8, and it was not wholly unexpected as Mr. Caswell has declined to engage himself for any definite time. The resignation was accepted at a church meeting held last Friday night. Mr. Caswell's departure will be much regretted by the people of his church. His resignation takes effect on the last Sunday of this month. The pulpit of the Middlesex church will be supplied until a permanent pastor can be secured. Mr. Caswell goes to North Scituate, R. I., to the church of which Rev. A. E. Kenyon, now of the Chelmsford Street church was formerly pastor.

Special Announcement

BY ELLINGWOOD & CO.

You are cordially invited to attend at our store, at address given below, a demonstration of

VINOL

Beginning Next Monday for Six Consecutive Days, We Will Have a Professional Demonstrator Who Will Convince All Our People

that VINOL is, as we say, a DELICIOUS TASTING PREPARATION, in spite of the fact that it owes its virtues as a tonic, a rebuilder, a blood purifier and a remedy for wasting diseases to the active curative principles of cod liver oil, which it contains in a highly concentrated state.

We will tell you what we know of this valuable remedy and of many people we know that have received great benefit from having taken VINOL for such troubles as IMPOVERISHED BLOOD, PALENESS, GENERAL DEBILITY, LOSS OF APPETITE and INSOMNIA, and of people who have taken it successfully as a TONIC, a CREATOR OF STRENGTH and an AID TO RECOVERY after SEVERE ILLNESS, of those who have given it successfully to GROWING CHILDREN and have used it for BRONCHIAL and PULMONARY TROUBLES. Avail yourself of this opportunity to learn about an article that has great merit.

This free demonstration, remember, begins next Monday, and continues every day next week. We want all of our friends to be sure and come and see us at that time and come early.

ELLINGWOOD & CO.,

Barristers' Hall, Merrimack, Cor. Central Streets.

MAYOR QUINCY

Wants Dewey to Run For Presidential Nomination

A WINNER ON EITHER TICKET

Manila Was Not His Only Victory

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Oct. 19.—Mayor Josiah Quincy did not commit himself unthinkingly or on the impulse of a moment of excitement to the candidacy of Admiral Dewey for president when on Saturday last he addressed the Manila hero at city hall here in presenting him with the jewelled watch which was the gift of the city.

That portion of the mayor's address which has been so much talked about, was as follows:

"You have gained the thanks of congress, official reward and promotion to the highest rank; you are now receiving and—may we not believe this is even more precious to you—the personal and spontaneous thanks of your fellow-countrymen, the indication of their sincere affection for you, the evidence of their confidence in you, of their desire to look up to you and be led by you.

"The people of America are not ungrateful; they would gladly bestow upon you any honor, even the highest in their gift."

When a reporter asked Mayor Quincy today if he would not be more explicit regarding his attitude towards Admiral Dewey and his views of the admiral's availability as a candidate for president, the mayor made this statement:

"I do not think that I need to add anything to what I said in my address to Admiral Dewey, or to attempt to explain my meaning.

"I believe that the admiral has shown himself to be a man of presidential calibre, and that the people would be glad to elect him president if given an opportunity.

"Whether the politicians of either party would permit the people to nominate him or whether he would accept a nomination are other questions.

"I am not taking it upon myself to advocate his nomination, but I thought it not improper, in a complimentary address, to express my own conviction that the people would gladly make him president if given a chance. This I thoroughly believe and that either party which nominated him would win the election.

"I believe that entirely aside from the special exploits and winning the battle of Manila, which no doubt is the chief foundation of his extraordinary popularity, Admiral Dewey has won the respect of discriminating observers, as well as of the people in general, for the strength of character, good judgment and all-around ability which he has shown.

"I would never advocate any one for high office merely on the strength of the fact that he had won a battle, but Admiral Dewey is a man of extraordinary character and ability, fit to bear the largest responsibilities."

Pay your taxes now and avoid interest.

NATIONAL LOOMFIXERS

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE HELD AN IMPORTANT MEETING SUNDAY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WOONSOCKET, R. I., Oct. 19.—The executive council of the National Loomfixers' association met here Sunday. The principal topic for discussion was the question of forming districts. This matter was considered at the last convention and referred to the executive council. It was the aim to eventually have but one organization of loom fixers, and that the national one. Now the loomfixers in the various cities and towns form local associations and manage their own finances, paying a per capita to the national body and thereby creating two funds—the national and the local. The proposed formation of districts is to be a step towards doing away with the locals and in their place have the national association which shall control all the funds and keep paid men in all the cities and towns, whose duty it shall be to collect the dues, induce loomfixers to join the association, settle grievances and in all ways look after the interests of the members. When the districts are formed it is proposed to have these paid men in all of them. In some of the sections of New England the loomfixers are now formed into small unions which cannot afford to have paid men to look after their interests and the result is many injustices are practiced which cannot be stopped because none of the members of these small unions cares to risk being discharged for making a kick. If there were paid men among these loomfixers in these small places who could call on to see the mill agents it is believed many wrongs could be righted and no one would have to risk losing his job.

The committee yesterday decided to form districts in all sections of New England. One district will comprise Fall River, New Bedford, Taunton, Whittenton, Warren and Bristol.

Another will take in the towns along the Blackstone from Providence to Blackstone.

Lawrence, Lowell and the towns in that vicinity will make up another district and another will comprise the towns and cities of New Hampshire.

In each of these districts it is proposed to place one or more paid agents.

It was decided to award the contract for printing the manual of the next association to Washburn & Garland.

The next regular meeting of the committee will be held in Lowell in February.

ADDRESS TO MOTHERS

MRS. ANNIE McKAY SHERWIN OF NEW YORK SPOKE BEFORE MATERNAL ASSOCIATION.

A largely attended meeting of the Maternal Association of the First Congregational church was held yesterday afternoon at the home of Mrs. C. F. Stott, corner Pine and Wilder streets. Mrs. W. I. Kelley presided and Mrs. L. H. Hartley and Mrs. H. R. Hanson contributed vocal selections. Mrs. Annie McKay Sherwin of New York, a former resident of Lowell, gave an interesting talk on the home for homeless (colored) children in New York City. She told how it started with three children and how the work has grown. It was established 50 years ago and three hundred children are cared for annually. The children are taught in various branchs of industry and in order to prevent contagion and protect the health of the children, new arrivals are quarantined for a period of two weeks before they are allowed to mingle with others. Mrs. Sherwin gave a detailed account of how the homeless children are gathered in and provided for and how they are trained in moral and spiritual ways for 12 years. Positions are obtained for them, and when they leave the institution they are well fortified to cope with the many evils which often beset young folks as they go out into the world to fight the battle of life.

At the close of the meeting light refreshments were served.

In Washing Paint

don't scrub it and wear off the surface. Use Gold Dust Washing Powder according to directions printed on every package and you will be pleased with the results and surprised at the saving in labor.

Send for free booklet—"Golden Rules for Housework."

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY

Chicago St. Louis New York Boston

HERBERT MYRICK

Principal Speaker at Anti-Imperialist Conference

J. STERLING MORTON PRESIDED

Friends Give More Business Than Enemies

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CHICAGO, Oct. 18.—Delegates to the Anti-Imperialistic conference at Central Music Hall held the second day's session today and resumed the task of completing the organization of a national anti-imperialistic league.

J. N. Sterling Morton of Nebraska presided. The speaker of the morning was Herbert Myrick of Springfield, Mass. Mr. Myrick said:

"It is a fundamental error to assume that imperialism, militarism, despotism or any such sacrifice of our principles of government means added burdens at home and new sources of disaster of domestic industry with corresponding restrictions upon foreign commerce. Treat the Philippines as we are treating Cuba. Help the Filipinos to independence under the protectorate of the United States, just as we are pledged to do for the Cubans. Immediately war will cease; friendship will displace enmity. In the Philippines industry and commerce will revive. The material, social, intellectual and political development will be by leaps and bounds. The present cost to the United States in men and money will cease. The islands will speedily become self-supporting. Soon they will be able to repay $20,000,000 and other millions we have expended upon them. Thereafter they will be no expense to us. Meanwhile the United States will be gaining every advantage in the way of trade.

"Friends will give us more business than enemies.

"Without sacrifice of American ideal we should possess greater advantages in the east than could possibly accrue from the most complete success of imperialism and subjugation. The immediate effect of free trade between the east and west Indies and the United States would be to seriously jeopardize American agriculture. The cigar and tobacco industry in the United States, both its culture and manufacture, must be obliterated if cigars and leaf come in duty free from the tropics. Our domestic sugar producing industry cannot stand up against free sugar from Cuba, Porto Rico, Hawaii and the Philippines. The vital issue, therefore, is shall the entire industrial and political policy of the United States be revolutionized for the benefit of a single monopoly—the sugar refiners' trust—or shall this policy be maintained and enable us to put into the pockets of our own American farmers in these continental United States the $100,000,000 annually sent abroad to pay for imported sugar? Shall we foster the sugar industry abroad to the destruction of sugar production at home?

"The west and south would be sadly held back in their development by any policy that might thus interfere with the largest growth of these other phases of their agriculture. I firmly believe that we should annex the arid west instead of the tropics. A few millions for federal storage reservoirs and irrigation would yield vastly greater returns to the United States than Oriental trade. The competition of tropical agriculture will injure our farmers at least a thousand-fold more than development of the arid west or of the as yet untouched resources of our own south and southwest. Our home trade is ten times as valuable as our foreign commerce—our life here infinitely more important to us than conditions abroad. Let us first cherish the former without neglect of the latter."

PAINE SPEAKS

DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE ADDRESSED RALLY AT BROOKFIELD

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BROOKFIELD, Oct. 18.—The democrats of this section of the state opened the campaign last night with an enthusiastic rally, Robert Treat Paine, Jr., democratic candidate for governor, being the principal speaker. The meeting was called to order by President Messinger of the Central Massachusetts Bimetallic club. He spoke briefly, introducing Mr. Paine, who, in the course of his remarks, said:

"The other night I suggested that Dewey should be sent to the Philippines with full power. I know that this is placing country above party, for he can bring order out of discord and establish an autonomous government under our protection. If he does this he will save the republican party from the crushing defeat in 1900 which surely awaits it if it keeps blundering along its present course.

"But he will not be sent—and why? Because the administration, the country begins to realize, is looking after its own political advantage first. It fears lest his success would make him president in spite of himself."

The next speaker was E. Gerry Brown of Brockton, the democratic candidate for auditor. Ex-Gov. Chamberlain, candidate for representative in the 5th Worcester district, was supposed to be one of the speakers of the evening, but he was kept at home on account of the inclemency of the weather. A letter regretting his inability to be present was read from Mr. John R. Thayer of Worcester.

WAGES INCREASED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PITTSFIELD, Mass., Oct. 18.—The several hundred employes of the Pontoosuc woolen mills here were notified today that their wages are to be increased 5 per cent. The advance is to go into effect on November 1st.

THOS. B. REED

ADMITTED TO PRACTICE AT NEW YORK BAR.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—Thomas B. Reed was admitted to practice at the New York bar today.

When the appellate division of the supreme court opened for business, Gen. Thomas L. Hubbard moved the admission of Mr. Reed to the bar of the state of New York, as a practicing lawyer and member of the bar of another state. Presiding Justice Van Brunt received the papers and made the formal announcement that as the papers were received and approved, the applicant would be received.

Mr. Reed then took the oath as a member of the bar of the state.

Mr. Reed, in his position says that he intends to reside permanently within the state of New oYrk.

Mr. Reed is a member of the firm of Simpson, Thacher & Barnum.

MEN ARE DESERTING.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LADYSMITH, Natal, Oct. 17.—(Delayed in transmission)—It is reported here that dysentery and desertion are prevalent in General Cronje's commando.

The native tribe of Barolongs, under Chief Wessels, is said to be co-operating in the defence of Mafeking, undertaking outpost duty.

GRAND CEREMONY

A. T. Hadley Inaugurated President of Yale

DISTINGUISHED GATHERING PRESENT

To Participate in the Exercises

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Oct. 18.—With all the pomp and ceremony to be expected in an affair of its kind, Arthur Twining Hadley, LL.D., was today inaugurated the 13th president of Yale university, succeeding the venerable Timothy Dwight. The impressive ceremony took place at 3 o'clock this afternoon in Battel chapel, the college church, in the presence of hundreds of distinguished men and women, prominent in higher educational affairs in all sections of the country and representatives of the federal, state and city governments, and before an audience which constituted probably the most distinguished ever assembled in New Haven.

Enthusiasm was somewhat dampened during the early hours of the day by the fact that a downpour of rain bade fair to continue throughout the day, promising to interfere with the unique and impressive procession which had been arranged as a preliminary to the exercises. As the forenoon wore on, however, the weather gave indications of clearing and steps were taken to carry out the programme in all its elaborate details.

The inaugural ceremonies were simple in themselves. They were conducted in English, the traditional Latin pronouncements having been abandoned, at Dr. Hadley's request. This made the exercises more interesting, although they lost naturally much of the old time academic aspect.

President Hadley was honored with the presence not only of distinguished Yale alumni, but by the attendance of many famous sons of other institutions of high rank. The presidents of Harvard, Princeton, Columbia, Cornell, Chicago, Brown, Oberlin and a host of other universities and colleges were there. Battel chapel was filled to the doors. The audience room presented an animated appearance, for all of those who were there in official capacity as representatives of other institutions wore the academic gowns and hoods of their respective institutions.

The members of the Yale university corporation and faculty wore the blue hood and various designations in the way of shades to distinguish the departments with which they are connected.

Dr. Hadley, himself, wore the crimson hood of Harvard, typical of the degree of doctor of laws, with which that institution had honored him. President Eliot reciprocated the courtesy by wearing the blue hood indicating that Yale bestowed degree of doctor of laws. Other Harvard scholars wore their crimson hoods. The orange and black of Princeton was there, and the variety of colors was given added brightness by the military dash injected by the uniforms of the staff of Governor Lounsbury. The music of the ceremony was most impressive. It included orchestra selections by the New Haven symphony orchestra, the singing by the congregation of the 65th Psalm, to "York," and of Luther's stirring hymn, "A Mighty Fortress Is Our God." The student chorus of 100 picked voices sang the commencement ode written by Edmund Clarence Stedman, '53, for the commencement of 1895. The solos were taken by Mr. Herbert Witherspoon, the basso. The chorus was directed by Prof. Horatio W. Parker.

As the procession entered the chapel the orchestra played a processional. The procession entered in four divisions:

First division—The president and members of the Yale corporation with former members of the latter body; Gov. Lounsbury and staff, and Lieut.-Gov. Mills. Presidents, delegates and professors of other universities and colleges, representatives of the American Economic Association, and principals of academies and schools.

Second division—Representatives of the federal government, the state government, governors of other states, bishops, municipal and local governments and invited guests.

Third division—The general body of Yale graduates in order of classes.

Fourth division—University faculties and former members according to seniority.

After the processional and overture the retiring president, Dr. Timothy Dwight, made the opening prayer. The Rev. Joseph H. Twichell of Hartford, the senior member of the Yale corporation, then formally inducted Dr. Hadley into office and administered to him the oath of office.

President Hadley then delivered his inaugural address.

The singing of the commencement ode followed the address of the new president, and then Prof. George P. Fisher, Dean of the Yale Theological school, and senior dean of the university, on behalf of the faculty, graduates and undergraduates, delivered an address of welcome.

The benediction was pronounced by ex-President Dwight.

The new president then held a reception at the art school.

THE SHAMROCK

IS BEING REMEASURED BY OFFICIALS TODAY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18—The re-measuring of the Shamrock began this morning at 7.10 at Erie Basin. The yacht was laid between one of the army transports and the steamship Remus. There were on board besides the Captain, William Butler Duncan, Jr., representing the New York club, and Mr. Irelin; Mr. J. Connell representing the Royal Ulster Yacht club and the owner of the Shamrock, Captain Nat Herreshoff and John Hyslop, official measurer of the New York yacht club. Three thousand three hundred and eighty pounds of lead ballast were put on board the yacht during the night. This is said to have changed her waterline a few inches. She now appears to set by the stern. After the waterline had been measured in the usual way, the measurement aloft took place.

The new top-mast was hoisted and to obtain the measurements of it, Mr. Hyslop sent a man up to the mast-head in a boatswain's chair, going aloft in another himself to the heel of the top-mast, so that an accurate measurement would be taken. At 9.30 the yacht was cast off and Mr. Connell said that she was going direct to Sandy Hook bay where the topmast would be rigged and the yacht made ready for tomorrow's race.

SERIOUSLY INJURED

BRAKEMAN WAS STRUCK BY A TRAIN.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Oct. 18.—Ebenezer F. Churchill, 28 years of age, a brakeman on the Consolidated road, was seriously injured in the yard here this afternoon, but the physician says he will live. He was struck by an inbound train and suffered a fracture of his left arm in three places, and his left leg, beside gashes and bruises and may have been internally hurt.

The Beauty of it.

You can see for yourself the superiority of

KEYSTONE

Silver White

GELATINE

Examine it. Compare it with any other kind, and you will understand why it's used by the leading cooks of the country.

If your grocer cannot supply you send us his name and we will mail you a sample package free, with recipes by the most noted chefs. A full size box mailed for 15 cents.

Michigan Carbon Works, Detroit, Mich. The largest makers of gelatine in the world.

A GREAT SPEECH

Delivered by Senator Hoar to the Unitarians

AGAINST COERCION OF WEAK BY STRONG.

His Remarks Greeted With Applause.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 18.—At the national conference of Unitarian churches here yesterday, Senator Hoar of Massachusetts, president of the conference, delivered his annual address and took occasion to reiterate his views on the question of expansion. His remarks elicited considerable applause.

Dr. Edward Everett Hale of Boston deplored the lack of earnestness in church work by both ministers and laymen.

Kate Gannett Wells of Cambridge, in an address on "What Unitarian Women of the Nineteenth Century Bequeathe to the Unitarian Women of the Twentieth Century," said in effect that the bequest would combine the power of philanthropy, the sharpened faculty for organization and the enlarging views of all education.

In the evening "The Higher Nature of Man" was spoken of by the Rev. Samuel R. Calthorp of Syracuse, N. Y., in the light of history. The same subject "In the light of Idealism" was discussed by the Rev. Charles F. Dole of Boston.

Senator Hoar's peroration in his annual address was considered one of the most eloquent ever heard here. He said in part:

"Perhaps I may be pardoned as an old man, as I have said something of the religious faith of my fellow Unitarians, if I declare my own, which I believe is theirs also. I have no faith in fatalism, in destiny, in blind force. I believe in God, the living God. I believe in the American people, a free and brave people who do not bow the neck or bend the knee to any other, and who desire none to bow the neck or bend the knee to them.

"I believe that the God who created this world has ordained that his children may work out their own salvation by obedience to his laws without any dictation or coercion from any other. I believe that liberty, good government, free institutions cannot be given by any one people to any other but must be wrought out for each by itself, slowly, painfully, in the process of years or centuries as the oak adds ring to ring.

"I believe that a republic is greater than an empire. I believe that the moral law and the golden rule are for nations as well as for individuals; I believe in George Washington, not in Napoleon Bonaparte; in the whigs of the revolutionary day, not in Tories; in Chatham, Burke and Sam Adams, not in Dr. Johnson or Lord North. I believe that the north star, abiding in its place, is a greater influence in the universe than any comet or meteor.

"I believe that the United States, when William McKinley was inaugurated, was a greater world power than Rome in the height of her glory, or even England with her 400,000,000 vassals. I believe whatever clouds may darken the horizon that the world is growing better; that today is better than yesterday and tomorrow will be better than today."

TUTTLE ELECTED PRESIDENT.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PORTLAND, Me., Oct. 18.—Lucius Tuttle of Boston, the head of the Boston & Maine system, was today chosen president of the Maine Central railroad, to succeed Franklin A. Wilson of Bangor, who last month gave notice that he would retire. The Maine Central road has been controlled largely for some time by men who are closely identified with the Boston & Maine.

WANT MORE PAY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

GLOUCESTER, Mass., Oct. 18.—Thirty-five sailmakers, all employed in the city except those at Charles Pringle's loft, struck today for an increase of 30 cents a day. The strikers ask that they be paid $3 a day instead of $2.70. Mr. Pringle was the only employer to concede the demands. The sailmakers of Gloucester struck three years ago for the same increase, but the difficulty at that time was settled by compromise.

A SUIT ENTERED

To Restrain Marconi From Using System

OF THE WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

Larned Claims He Controls the Patent.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—Lyman C. Larned of Boston has, through his counsel, Henry A. Prince of 119 Broadway, brought suit in the United States circuit court against Guglielmo Marconi to restrain him and his agents from using the system of wireless telegraphy, which Learned claims is an infringement of a patent now controlled by him. The plaintiff in his complaint alleges that the original inventor of this system of telegraphing was Amos Emerson Dolbear, and that a patent for the system invented by Dolbear was issued on the fifth of October, 1886, to the Dolbear Electric Telephone company, which had acquired all rights to use the system. Those rights were transferred to Larned on the 22d of July last. Larned alleges that the means described in the patent under which Marconi purports to carry on his system, cannot be used for such work and are not adapted for commercial use. Larned asks damages in the sum of $100,000, and for an injunction restraining Marconi from using the alleged infringing system of telegraphy pending the termination of the suit.

SHOT TO DEATH

CAPTAINS KILLED BY THEIR OWN MEN.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PARIS, Oct. 17.—The minister of the colonies, M. Decrais, has received an official dispatch announcing that Captain Voulet and Chanoine of the outlawed French expedition in the Soudan whose members recently massacred most of the members of the expedition under Lieut. Col. Klobb sent to arrest those officers on charges of cruelty and insubordination have been shot by their own men.

SERIOUS STORMS

HAVE CAUSED GREAT DAMAGE IN ITALY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

ROME, Oct. 18.—Serious storms, accompanied by floods, prevailed in the southern districts of Italy working widespread damage. At San Giorgio, a bridge and twenty houses were swept away and it is believed that there was considerable loss of life there. At Monte Mesola, a church was struck by lightning during mass, three persons being killed and forty others, more or less seriously injured.

EXPLORING EXPEDITION

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, Oct. 18.—Mr. William Fitz Hugh Whitehouse of Newport, R. I., accompanied by several Englishmen, will leave England on October 21 with an exploring expedition for Abyssinia. The British resident in Abyssinia is helping in the arrangements and the Royal Geographical society of London has lent a number of valuable instruments. The expedition will go to Abyssinia by way of Odis Obeba, where Mr. Whitehouse will be received by Emperor Menelik. Mr. Whitehouse will take sixty armed men, eighty Somali and Abyssinia porters and ninety camels.

GOULD LIVED IN MANCHESTER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MANCHESTER, N. H., Oct. 18.—Edward J. Gould, whose body was taken from the Cocheco river at Dover, today, resided at 303 Granite street, this city, where he has a wife and two small children. He was formerly in business on Manchester street as a tea merchant, but lately had been on the road for a New York house. His friends here regard his drowning as accidental. The body will be brought here.

BODY FOUND IN RIVER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Oct. 18.—The body of a man supposed to be that of Michael McMahon, 26 years old, and a peddler by trade, was found floating in the river today. There were no marks of violence upon it. It is supposed the man wandered upon one of the wharves three or four nights ago and accidentally fell into the water.

Dr. Greene's NERVURA Blood and Nerve Remedy

Greatest Cure the World Has Ever Known for Overworked, Exhausted Men and Weak, Tired Out, Nervous Women.

Mrs. W. W. FARNHAM, nurse to the Insane Hospital at Waterbury, Vt., says:

"I was troubled with nervousness, general debility, bilious turns, headaches, and was broken down in health. My appetite failed me and a general run down of my whole system occurred. Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy was recommended to me, of which I took four bottles, getting relief from the first bottle. I gained in flesh, my health was greatly benefited, my nerves were made steady and I slept well nights. I can recommend those who are troubled by like ailments to try Dr. Greene's Nervura and get a longer lease of life and become a new person through its wonderful power to cure which is really surprising."

The People's Physician to whom Thousands write for Advice,

Is Dr. Greene, 34 Temple Place, Boston, Mass., the famous and successful specialist in curing nervous and chronic diseases. If your family physician has failed to cure you, why not write about your case to this skillful specialist? It will cost you nothing to get his advice and counsel, for the great consultation is absolutely free.

A NEW RECORD

Mrs. Lindsay Completed Her 800 Mile

She Slept Six Hours During the Trip.

SAYS SHE DID IT JUST FOR FUN.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—Mrs. Jane Lindsay finished her 800 mile bicycle ride at 4.18 a. m. today, having completed the distance in 91 hours and 48 minutes and established a new record for women.

Miss Yatman rode seven centuries in 81 hours and five minutes; Mrs. Lindsay in 78 hours and 15 minutes. Mrs. Lindsay slept six hours within the period of her ride. The new record holder is but 23 years old, and is five feet one inch tall. She is of slight build, with light brown hair and blue eyes. When she started she weighed 111 pounds. When she finished she had gained half a pound in weight. A doctor examined Mrs. Lindsay at the end of her ride. "She is in remarkable fine physical condition," he said. "Her pulse is 106, when it should be 80. Miss Yatman's pulse was 96 at the close of her ride."

Said Mrs. Lindsay: "I am glad it's over, but I'm glad I did it. The hardest thing was to keep cheerful. I don't think I was foolish. It was my kind of fun. It was healthful, too. I only did it so I could say so, but it was of just as much use as the yacht races."

EXPLOSIVES FOUND.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PRETORIA, Oct. 17.—(Delayed in transmission)—The Transvaal officials at Komati Poort assert that large quantities of explosives were found on the railway there. The culprits were fired upon but escaped.

Several Transvaal commandoes are moving toward the Kaapsberg mountains to the south of Heidelberg.

The telegraph superintendent at Heidelburg, Transvaal, reports that on Sunday night a balloon passed over Nigel in the direction of Standerton.

$100 Reward $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Omega Oil

The POWERFUL LINIMENT

On the side of the Alps Mountains in Switzerland grows the little green herb that gives Omega Oil its brilliant green color. It is this rare and peculiar herb which also gives the oil its amazing power in stopping pains in people's bodies. It acts the same, no matter where the pain is—in the neck, back, shoulders, chest, throat, sides, hips, legs, knees, feet, or joints. No other liniment contains this Swiss herb. No other liniment is a vegetable oil. No other liniment is so pleasant to use, or so soothing, strengthening, and invigorating.

The Omega Chemical Co., Boston, Mass.

(38)

Boston & Maine Railroad

Corrected to October 2, 1899: Trains leave Merrimack street depot, Lowell, as follows:

For Boston, 5.43, 6.25, c6.22, *7.45, *8.60, c9.15, *9.15, 11.00 a. m.; 1.10, c3.00, 4.25, c6.41 p. m.

SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m.

Trains leave Middlesex street station Lowell, as follows:

For Boston, 6.15, 6.25, c6.45, w6.60, 7.01, *7.20, *7.28, 7.33, *7.48, w*8.00, 8.51, c9.19, w9.25, *9.30, w10.50, 11.03, *11.42 a. m.; w12.05, 12.16, w12.45, 1.43, w2.30, w*3.00, 3.10, *3.47, w3.55, 4.25, w5.15, 5.22, c5.41, w*6.15, *6.22, 7.00, *7.40, w9.25 p. m.

SUNDAYS, 7.20, 7.28, w8.15, 8.48, 9.19 a. m., w12.05, w1.05, 4.25, w5.40, 5.55, w7.25, p. m.

For Lawrence, 6.28, w6.50, z7.33, w8.30, w9.26, 10.05, w10.50 a. m.; w12.05, w2.33, w3.10, w3.55, 4.18, w5.15, w6.15, w7.00, w9.25, w11.25 p. m.

SUNDAYS, w8.15 a. m.; w12.05, w5.50, w7.25 p. m.

For Salem, Mass., w6.28, 7.33 a. m.; w12.05, 1.28, w6.15, 5.30 p. m.

For Haverhill, 6.28, 6.50, z7.33, 8.33, 9.25, 10.50 a. m.; 12.05, 2.30, 3.10, w3.55, w5.15, 6.15, 7.00, 9.25, b11.25 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.26 a. m.; 12.05, 6.30, 7.25 p. m.

For Newburyport, Amesbury and Portsmouth, 6.28 a. m.; 12.06, 2.30, 3.55, 6.15 p. m.

For Exeter and Dover, 6.28, 6.50, z7.33, 8.50 a. m.; 12.05, 3.10, 3.55, 6.15 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For Rochester and Alton Bay, 3.30 a. m.; 12.05, 3.55 p. m.

For Somersworth, N. H., Saco, Old Orchard and Portland, 6.24, 6.50, z7.33, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 3.55 p. m. SUNDAYS, 6.30 p. m.

For Augusta, Bath, Waterville, 6.50, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 5.18 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For Lewiston, 6.50, 8.30, a. m.; 12.05, 5.15 p. m.

For Bangor, Belfast, Skowhegan and Rockland, 8.30 a. m.; 6.15 p. m. SUNDAYS, 6.30 p. m.

For St. John's, N. B., Halifax, N. S., Montreal and Quebec, 5.15 p. m. (5.15 does not run Saturdays). SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For Eastport and St. John (via steamer from Portland), on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 12.05 p. m.

For Castine, Deer Isle, Sedgewick, Bar Harbor, Jonesport and Machiasport (via steamer Frank Jones from Portland), Tuesdays and Fridays at 5.15 p. m.

For Woburn, 6.28, 7.01, 7.33, *7.48, 11.03 a. m.; 1.43, 4.25 p. m. SUNDAYS, 4.25, 5.55 p. m.

For Ayer Junction and Way-Stations—7.10 a. m.; 12.00, 5.01 and 5.41 p. m. SUNDAYS, 2.15 p. m.

For Amherst, Milford and Wilton, 9.12 a. m.; 1.00, 3.41, 6.40 p. m. SUNDAYS, 2 p. m.

For Greenfield, Peterboro, Bennington, Hillsboro and Keene, 9.12 a. m.; 3.41 p. m. SUNDAYS, to Hillsboro, 2 p. m.

For Nashua, Manchester and Concord, 7.40, 9.12, *9.10 a. m.; *12.12, 1.00, *1.40, 3.11, *5.42, 6.27, *8.10, *8.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 10.02 a. m. (to Nashua only), 3.08 a. m.; 2.00, 6.02, 9.10, 8.40 p. m.

For Franklin, Lebanon and White River Junction, 9.12, *9.10 a. m.; *12.12, *1.40 (to Franklin only), 6.10, *8.10 p. m.

For Warner, Bradford, Sunapee, Newport, (N. H.) Claremont and Claremont Junction, 7.40, 9.12 a. m.; 1.40 p. m.

For St. Johnsbury and Lyndonville, via Wells River, *9.10 a. m.; *1.40, *8.10 p. m.

For Montpelier, Essex Jct., Burlington, St. Albans, St. Johns and Montreal, via Central Vermont Line, *9.40 a. m.; *12.12, *8.10 p. m.

For Montreal and Quebec, via Montreal and Boston Air Line, *9.40 a. m.; *8.40 p. m.

QUEBEC EXPRESS, via Plymouth and Sherbrooke, *1.40, *8.40 p. m.

References:

*Express, daily.

bWednesdays and Saturdays only.

wVia Western Division.

cVia Bedford. zVia Wilmington Junction.

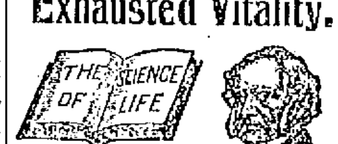
D. J. FLANDERS, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agent.

H. C. TAFT, General Agent, Lowell.

BLOOD POISON

Primary, Secondary and Tertiary Blood Poison permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for the same price under same guarantee. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide, potash, and still have aches and pains, mucous patches in the mouth, sore throat, pimples, copper colored spots, ulcer on any part of the body, hair or eyebrows falling out, it is this secondary blood poison we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians; $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guarantee. Absolute proofs sent sealed upon application. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 183 Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ill.

Exhausted Vitality.



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Nervous and Physical Debility,

Premature Decline, Impotency, Atrophy, (wasting), Varicocele, Stricture, the Errors of Youth, the Excesses of Mature Years, and all DISEASES and WEAKNESSES of MEN, from Whatever Cause Arising, scientifically treated, quickly and radically cured at the old reliable

PEABODY MEDICAL INSTITUTE,

No. 4 Bulfinch St., (opposite Revere House), Boston, Mass. Established in 1860. This renowned Institution publishes the staunch and far famed, popular and unequaled Medical Treatise entitled

THE SCIENCE OF LIFE; or SELF PRESERVATION,

a Book For Every Man, married or single, young, middle aged or old. It is a private Treasure Casket on the above named and kindred subjects. It contains 370 pages, 12 mo, 125 invaluable prescriptions for Acute and Chronic diseases, each one of which is worth more than five times the price of the book and should be in the possession of every sensible, prudent man for ready reference. It is the Grand Prize Essay, for which was awarded the Gold Medal by the National Medical Association. Price, only $1, by mail, double sealed and strictly private, guaranteed as represented in every instance. The distinguished author and Chief Consulting Physician to the Peabody Institute graduated from the Harvard Medical College, class 1864, and was Surgeon to the 5th Regt. Mass. Volunteers during the war of the Rebellion. The first assistant Physician to the Institute graduated from the old College of Physicians and Surgeons, class 1874. These Physicians Cure Where Others Fail. After many years of careful study and extensive research they guarantee a positive cure in every case of Rheumatism treated. Consultation in person or by mail, 9 to 6. Sundays, 10 to 1. The Magazine Helps or Know Thyself Manuel, a Vade Mecum of Medical Science for All; price 50 cents, but sent free sealed, to every male reader of this paper of this date, mentioning this paper, enclosing 6c. for postage.

"The Peabody Medical Institute has many imitators, but no equals."—Boston Herald.

DAILY BARGAINS.

$100

UPRIGHT PIANO.

seven and one-third octaves. Used but little. Condition fine.

GEORGE A. GARDNER

11 PRESCOTT STREET.

TAXES

Collector's Notice.

The assessors have committed to the Collector of Taxes the

TAX LIST OF 1899,

With instructions to collect in the manner prescribed by the Statutes of the Commonwealth and by the Ordinances of the City of Lowell, the sums assessed by them to the persons named therein, and he is now ready to receive payment of said Taxes at his office in City Hall.

When a Poll Tax only is assessed, the Tax is due, and if not paid forthwith, the collector will proceed to collect the Tax as directed by the General Statutes. WARRANTS will be promptly issued for the collection of Poll Taxes.

SUMMONS, bearing costs, will be issued against delinquent Poll and Personal Tax Payers on or about November 1st.

INTEREST at the rate of seven per cent. per annum will be charged upon all Taxes which remain unpaid October 20, 1899, until the same shall be paid; and such interest shall be added to and considered a part of said Taxes. Poll Taxes are assessed upon every male inhabitant above the age of 20 years. On undivided real estate each heir is liable for the whole tax. An error in the name of the person taxed does not defeat the collection of the Tax. Each partner is liable for the whole Tax assessed under the partnership name.

If any ratable inhabitant, by removing his residence since the first day of May or from any cause should not receive his tax bill, he must consider the tax demanded by this notice and a new bill will be made out on application at the office of the City Treasurer and Collector of Taxes if a Tax has been assessed.

All who preserve their Tax Bills and bring them when they come to pay, will save the time of making a new bill and facilitate the business of the office.

THE RATE OF TAXATION FOR 1899 IS $19.60 ON $1000.

OFFICE HOURS—From 8 o'clock a. m. to 4 p. m. For the convenience of the Tax-paying public the office of the Collector will be open in the evening as follows: Mondays, Tuesdays, Fridays and Saturdays, from Oct. 2 to Oct. 14, inclusive, from 7 to 9 o'clock p. m. Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, from Oct. 16 to 27, inclusive, from 7 to 9 o'clock p. m.

Look for your Tax Bill at your place of residence, May 1st, 1899 and bring it with you.

CHARLES F. COBURN,

City Treasurer and Collector of Taxes for the City of Lowell.

When it comes to making overcoats we are right in it with the best of them for style and quality and as for price here is where we distance all our competitors. Our rent is low and we have a practical knowledge of our business. These are the plain facts of our being able to undersell our neighbors.

Call at A. M. BERTRAND,

The Fashionable Tailor,

24 MIDDLE STREET.

"GLORIA"

IS NOT A MEDICINE.

GLORIA is sold only from the bottle with GLORIA on the label. GLORIA is better and costs the dealer more than other drinks, making it tempting to sell imitations.

Our verse maker trying to get the taste of imitation out of his mouth, says;

I fear you ancient hypocrite,
I fear your skinny hand
Will pour an imitation out
And cheat me if you can.

Look out for imitation.

S. Bartlett, Agt., 160 Middlesex St.

H-O-P-S viz H-O-P-S

Just received, 1,700 pounds of fresh, kiln-dried loose hops.

Good for Hop Beer.
Good for Hop Bread.
Good for Hop Pillows.
Good for Home Brewing

These hops are strictly first class high-grade goods, raised and cured this year, on specially prepared ground, for home use, by an expert hop grower. Place your order at once, as the amount is limited.

STILES & CO.,

Charles and Central Sts., Lowell.

The Latest and Best Sewing Machine is the

"SINGER"

Oak, Maple and Mahogany Wood Work. Sixteen Millions of these Machines have been sold.

Needles and Parts for all kinds of Machines.

Old Machines taken in exchange

The Singer M'f'g. Co., 175 Middlesex Street.

PETER H. SAVAGE.

Undertaker and Funeral Director

169 WORTHEN STREET.

Telephone connection 464-4. Calls night or day promptly attended to. Carriages furnished for weddings and christenings.

3 WINNERS.

Misses' Lace Spring Heel Calf Shoes $1.00.

Little Gents' Crack Proof Lace Wedge Heel $1.00.

Youths' 3 Sole Lace Shoes $1.

The above are dressy and serviceable. Try a pair.

J. J. LONERGAN,

215 DUTTON ST.

Artificial Teeth, the very best that can be made, $8.00, upper or lower. You make no mistake if you go to

DR. SIMMONS, Dentist,

21½ Central street. Mention this ad. and you get a discount.

DR. WALKER DENTIST

DR. DONEHUE DENTIST

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor.
SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.
Member of the Associated Press.
$3.00 Per Year. 25c. Per Month

CIRCULATION COUNTS....

In estimating the cost of advertising, remember that circulation is what counts. When a paper with one-half or one-third the circulation of The Sun asks Sun rates for advertising space, you can readily see how cheap our rates really are.

The real cost of advertising is not the rate per inch, but the rate per inch per thousand of circulation.

The Sun not only leads all the local papers in circulation but it easily leads any two of them combined. The Sun is conceded to be

LOWELL'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER.

THE STREET RAILWAY COMBINE

The street railway continues to discommode the public by the lack of cars and a general attempt to cut down the service. The presumption is, of course, that people will wait for the cars anyhow. Well, if they do they will have shorter hours to work. Twenty-minute time prevails on most lines, while on some it extends to half-hour time. When a snowstorm comes and the cars make but half the number of trips we shall have forty-minute time. This, of course, will be good enough for Lowell. Boston has five-minute time on most of the lines and on but few does the interval between cars extend over ten minutes; that, of course, is imperative in Boston, but the syndicate which controls our street railway lines seems to think that Lowell is a jay town anyhow. The people are helpless except they obtain some change in the present laws governing public franchises. The city council has given away the franchise and it is now in the hands of a foreign corporation, which bids defiance to the city council and the people of Lowell in reducing the number of cars and the number of employes, and by abandoning some lines altogether.

WAR AS A BUSINESS.

The manner in which the 46th regiment was sent away shows that the nation has come down to the idea of war as a business. The regiment was not shipped to Boston to parade and be cheered, but forwarded to the Pacific coast by the shortest route and in the most practical fashion. These soldiers have their work before them. They are to be a part of the force sent out to establish American sovereignty in the Philippine archipelago and to accomplish this it may be necessary to slay many of the resisting natives. It is serious business in which they are to engage, and it is quite as well that they go about it without any unnecessary fuss or tumult.—Citizen.

Just so, they are professional fighters. It is their business to invade the Philippine islands and help in the work of slaying the natives until the warriors cry "enough" and submit. Then the plunder and robbery of the country will commence. Every country ever subjugated has paid dearly for its subjugation. So it will be with the Philippines.

THE ANTI-IMPERIALISTS.

That anti-imperialist conference at Chicago is one of great importance. Ex-Governor Boutwell's letter of regret at enforced absence made three important suggestions, which were as follows:

1. The president should be held responsible for the war in the Philippines and for the sacrifice of life and the expenditure of treasure incurred in its prosecution.

2. The conference in the name of the anti-imperialists of the country, should announce its purpose to oppose his re-election and its further purpose to oppose the election of members of congress who may sustain his policy.

3. The conference may declare its intention to oppose the re-election of any member of congress who may sustain an appropriation of men or money for the prosecution of the war. On those points there should be no compromise, no concessions.

These will undoubtedly be followed by the conference which is thus far independent of all political parties, but being with the democratic party on the leading issue of the day and opposed to the leading plank of the republican platform, it can be easily seen in what direction the influence of such a body will be exerted.

THE CUP RACE.

To-day, we opine, will finish the yacht race, unless the weather is unfavorable. The Shamrock has been rather unfortunate in the accident of Monday, but Sir Thomas Lipton says he has pulled out of worse holes than that. He takes his defeat very blandly and keeps his temper. Whether he wins or loses, it seems that he will carry home with him the good wishes of the American people.

THE CHELMSFORD FARMERS

That political flim flam which Messrs. Ramsay and Watson worked upon the republicans of Chelmsford is worthy the ingenuity of Banco Reed and that reminds us that Reed did some business with Chelmsford farmers, in the line of the flim-flam game. We are consequently somewhat surprised to find them victimized again, this time by the Lowell republicans of the 25th district. In playing this high handed game the Lowell delegates have shown an utter disregard of the voting strength of the Chelmsford end of the district, but the Chelmsford men took care of themselves last year and they will probably do so in 1899, when they are to be cheated out of a representative under the Ramsay flim-flam arrangement.

When the Chelmsford farmers were buncoed by Reed, they had no redress, but in the present attempt to bunco them they can strike back by electing the flim-flam nominee of the 25th district in 1900 to stay at home. These Chelmsford farmers have long memories and will undoubtedly resent this flagrant act of injustice.

Rev. Fr. Feaney, chaplain of the Olympia, in speaking of the Philippine war, seemed to approve its object and aim and to justify the war. In this we regret to say that he differs with the most fair-minded men in the country and with the majority of the Catholic clergy. There are, however, notable exceptions, such, for example, as Archbishop Ireland.

The beauties of our new charter are well illustrated in the relations existing between the commons committee and the superintendent. The committee refused to vote for more money to finish the new Rogers Park and now Supt. Whittet refuses to recognize their authority as applied to his office, as he has a right to do under the new charter.

It is gratifying to know that the strike at Stover's shoe shop was quickly settled. It is bad policy for either party to waste time while business is good on futile controversies over the question of fair treatment and fair wages for employes. It never pays to drive out skilled help.

Still the burglars are with us, although they do not seem to be making any great hauls.

BOXING GOSSIP.

Peter Maher and Kid McCoy signed articles yesterday for their coming fight. Although William A. Brady has secured the signature of Sheehy to fight at the Coney Island Sporting club for its purse, it is not at all certain that he will get Maher's name to the same conditions. Maher wants to be assured that the purse will be $5,000. If these assurances are not forthcoming he may sign to fight only before the club offering the largest purse. Brady has promised that the purse will be $5,000, and is shouldering much responsibility in so doing. In fact he has gone as far as to furnish that amount of his own money. The Coney Island officials don't believe in affording so much money to McCoy and Maher, thinking the receipts of such a show would come far below that figure. Brady however, thinks differently.

Kid McCoy has signed articles for a fight with Billy Stift of Chicago, to come off in St. Louis Oct. 27. The bout is scheduled as one of twenty rounds and Tim Hurst will be referee. This fight will doubtless be a good one, for Stift is regarded as an exceptionally good man at his weight. He once knocked out McCoy, but was subsequently defeated by the Kid. In this battle Stift will endeavor to accomplish McCoy's defeat again. It is generally agreed that he will have anything but an easy task. The Kid doesn't hold anybody cheaply now, since he's accidental knockout by Jack McCormick, and it is almost safe betting that he will not suffer another defeat by Stiffs' hands.

Billy Stift will have another important engagement to fill after his bout with McCoy. He has accepted an offer to fight Jack Root, the Chicago middleweight, to a finish at Davenport, Iowa, on Nov. 16 A big purse will be fought for. While this fight is regarded with only ordinary interest in the east, it nevertheless has attracted considerable attention in the west, especially in Chicago. There Stift and Root are looked upon as the bitterest of local rivals, and the result of their meeting will serve to satisfy the admirers of each, by whom he is regarded as the coming champion in the middle-weight class.

Joe Choynski has a fight on his hands which, while it looks easy for him, may prove just the reverse. He has been matched to fight Dick Moore in a twenty-round bout at Tim Hurst's St. Louis Athletic club Oct. 23. Moore has fought in this vicinity, but never astonished anybody by his ability. He is a clever boxer and can take a beating. He doesn't seem lucky, however. He has put up good battles only to be defeated. If Choynski he will probably meet the best man of his career, and on form cannot be expected to win. If he could not beat Johnny Gorman of New York it would be foolish to think of his whipping Choynski. Moore recently fought Jack Stelzner of St. Louis, a fifteen-round draw at the club he is to fight Choynski. His showing was a good one.

No matter whether he thinks so or not it cannot be denied that Tommy West will have the hardest kind of a time trying to beat Charley Stevenson at the Greenwood Athletic club next Saturday night. Stevenson is a big burly negro, and belongs in the heavy-weight class. He is a fairly good boxer and can strike a good blow. His recent defeat of Charley Strong of Newark, in five rounds gives one an idea that he is at least above the ordinary third-rater. West is taking a big chance, and his friends would rather not see him fight Stevenson. Both men are training hard, and their fight should be interesting.

Joe Choynski is trying to arrange a fight with "Kid" McCoy to take place at one of the big New York clubs. They recently fought a six-round draw in Chicago, and Choynski made such an improved showing that he is confident now that he can win in a long fight. He and "Australian Jimmy" Ryan will battle twenty-five rounds at catch-weights at the Broadway Athletic club on Friday night. Ryan has not been seen in New York for two years, while Choynski has not fought there since he was beaten by Peter Maher. Both men are training faithfully for the battle and wiseacres furnish a fast fight. They box at catch-weights.

Joe Young, the Buffalo light-weight, who arrived in New York lately, has been matched to meet "Spike" Sullivan in a twenty-round bout at the Greenwood Athletic club, Nov. 1. Young is credited with being a very clever two-handed hitter.

His coming match with "Kid" McCoy will add to the interest of Peter Maher's match with Dunkhorst, the big Syracuse fighter, which takes place on Monday night. The encounter will be a ten-round affair at the Monarch Athletic club, in Syracuse. It will be refereed by Charles White, of this city. Dunkhorst has never shown very brilliantly in the pugilistic line, his immense size gives him a chance that all opponents fear.

The Irishman has been taking good care of himself and hope to give a hint of his form when he meets Dunkhorst. Maher's friends predict that Peter will take the money before five rounds.

GAS LIGHT COMPANY

HAS NOT BEEN SOLD OUT, AS REPORTED.

A report was extensively circulated yesterday to the effect that the Lowell Gaslight company had sold out its plant, but the officials of the company promptly denied the report.

WAS NOT A LOWELL MAN.

The body of a man found in Broad Canal, Cambridge, on Sunday, and thought to be that of a Lowell man, has been identified as that of William Carr of 592 Cambridge street, Cambridge. He was a son of James Carr, and lived with his father and an invalid brother. The body was recognized by means of a photograph. The body will be disinterred.

Golf Capes are very scarce, but we have them and sell them very cheap, from $3.49 up. at Boston cloak and suit store, 223 Merrimack street.

SEN. PARSONS

Has Become an Independent Candidate

FOR THE SATE LEGISLATURE

The Democrats Will Not Oppose Him

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Oct. 18.—Senator Herbert C. Parsons of Greenfield, one of the republican members of the legislature who refused to vote for Henry Cabot Lodge for United States senator, and who was defeated in the republican convention because of this fact is going to the polls to make a contest.

This will be the first real test of the anti-imperialists in the state and the issue will be made square between the republicans who favor President McKinley's policy and those who are opposed to his conduct of the war in the Philippines.

The republicans in the district which comprises the towns of Franklin and Hampshire counties have nominated Charles W. Hazleton for Senator Parsons' place. The democrats met yesterday but made no nomination so that the fight will come between Hazelton and Parsons.

Nicholas J. Lawler, one of the leading democrats of the convention, said the reason the democrats did not nominate a candidate was that if a democrat was nominated he would be simply knocked down. There was to be an independent candidate. If no nomination was made it left the democrats free to vote as they liked.

A. R. Parker, another prominent democratic leader, said: "Tariff, trusts and everything else could wait. Imperialism was the one burning question. We are waging a war of conquest. We are down deep in the mire. Commercial exploitation and land-grabbing should cease. The man in the White House is a willing tool. The danger facing the country today was more serious than that during the civil war."

Senator Parsons said to a reporter after the session of the senate last winter that he could not consistently support Senator Lodge's position on the question of imperialism.

"I did not attend the caucus because I think the republicans should have been free to act and elect a man from Massachusetts who is in accord with Massachusetts ideas on the great question of colonial policy or territorial expansion. I did not vote for him today because I did not approve of his policy and think that the interests of Massachusetts are best served by men who hold the views of Senator Hoar. Had ex-Governor Boutwell allowed me to use his name in the senate I certainly would have voted for him because I think his views are right. When he declined to be a candidate I had no other choice. Some people may criticize my position in this matter but I think I performed my duty to the best interests of the constituency that elected me."

Representative Severance, a republican from Senator Parsons' town, also refused to vote for Lodge, and there were twelve republicans absent from the caucus when he was nominated.

JOURNAL ALBUM

IS NOW ON DEWEY'S SHIP.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Oct. 19.—A newspaper history of the battle of Manila, compiled by direction of Mr. W. R. Hearst, was presented to the cruiser Olympia yesterday morning by Mr. Emory H. Tarbot of this city, in behalf of the New York Journal. Captain Lamberton accepted the gift with expressions of admiration and appreciation.

The album contains pictures, maps descriptions, photographs, biographies and is, in short, a faithful record of the events which have made the Olympia forever dear to the American heart, and is by no means among the least of the many trophies of this glorious time which are in the vessel's proud possession. It was greatly admired by officers and men, and more than one inquiry was made whether it were possible to purchase duplicates for individual use.

The Olympia will probably go out of commission, and if so Capt. Lamberton will have the album deposited in the library of the navy yard, where it will remain until the ship is again in sea-going condition. Then it will be taken on board to edify and encourage the officers and men who shall in future years serve their country on her decks.

The Olympia lies only a stone's throw from the navy's other celebrated ship, the frigate Constitution, and the contrast between the old and the new was never more strikingly illustrated. Her officers and men hope for furloughs after their arduous labors—many of them have not seen home since 1897—and all are fatigued by the popular demonstrations of the last three weeks.

The crowds of sightseers have slyly taken tampons and slights from guns and in other ways made their patriotism an annoyance, and it is with a feeling of relief that Captain Lamberton and his officers see the stores going ashore and being stripped.

SWISS TREATY

UNITED STATES TO TAKE STEPS TO TERMINATE IT.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 18.—The state department has regretfully come to the conclusion that the existing treaty between the United States and Switzerland must be terminated and steps in that direction soon will be taken. The necessity for this course arises from the action of certain of the state governments in enforcing local laws which in their operation prevent Swiss insurance companies from doing business in those states.

While these laws were not aimed directly at the Swiss companies yet providing as they do for discriminatory taxes against foreign corporations they constitute a direct violation of the treaty between the United States and Switzerland whereby the United States gives to Swiss concerns the same rights to do business within the limits of the United States as are enjoyed by the United States corporations.

It is felt that it would be useless for the national government to remonstrate with the governments of the states which have thus violated the treaty so there is nothing to be done but to surrender the convention.

SORE FEET

Caused by corns, bunions, or callouses, quickly cured by using WAKEFIELD'S FIR BALSAM SALVE. Price, 25c.

Goodale's Drug Store, cor. Central and Jackson Streets

SOME MILL NEWS

The Situation of the Print Cloth Market

PRICE OF TAPESTRIES GOING UP NEXT YEAR

A German Cotton Spinners' Trust

The following is from the latest issue of Bennett's weekly:

Ten days ago the wonder was increasing that print cloths and prints should be relatively in the dumps. Other cottons had advanced heavily since the Fall River market four months ago was pegged at 2¾ cents and for some week past cotton had been on the upward jump, while an actual famine existed in the cloth market. But Fall River is a market of surprises. There is no combination among buyers and there has been only a partial agreement about sellers, but buying and selling of print cloths, was a high class sporting game between the two interests before tennis, golf and slugging settled their supremacy.

At the close of the week, probably as the result of many weeks of the subtlest kind of secret diplomatic manoeuvring a heavy print cloth deal was consummated, which swept off stocks and put the mills under contract to January. It is not known just what quantity of cloths were sold, but the most reliable estimates put the figures in the neighborhood of 2,000,000 pieces. Although prices have not at this writing been advanced in consequence of this movement, it is taken for granted, that such may be the case at any moment, thus erasing the only undesirable feature of the general market and assuring, as it does, better demand and prices for prints.

A feature in this deal, noted and complained of by cloth brokers, is that the selling committee not only made the sale direct, but gave the benefit of commissions to buyers. The brokers claim that such action is a reduction of prices. It is difficult to see how this can be controverted, and it simply proves that the buyers had the best of the game in this instance at the expense of the brokers and it remains to be seen how this diplomatic concession will be met by the latter. That it will prove a boomerang in some way or other can hardly be doubted as the brokers all know the tricks and are by no means a stupid crowd.

FOREIGN SILKS.

Nevertheless, there is improvement in which fancy foreign silks participate and as a whole the movement discloses progress in the retail trade and brings the hope that demand will continue to increase. Nothing new was reported as regards the favor shown to weaves and colors on the part of consumers, taffetas continuing to lead in all reassortments as in the orders.

CARPETS.

Notwithstanding that the season is nearly over for manufacturers, carpets continue active. News from the West is that retailers have begun to cut goods freely. It is believed that the new season will bring advanced prices for tapestries, Wiltons, Brussels and Velvets. The raw material market is stiffening. Inquiry among importers of mattings and agents for domestic mills indicate considerable activity in that trade.

COTTON SPINNERS' TRUST.

A German Cotton Spinners' Trust has been formed, embracing 95 per cent. of the manufacturers of the Empire. The association of Cotton Yarn Spinners complain that the trust's terms are so high that the foreign spinner will be able to get German yarns 15 per cent. cheaper than they can be got by Germans.

BASE BALL.

Adrian C. Anson, for many years the manager of the Chicago baseball team, and now one of the promoters of the new league, was in Cincinnati the other day. His presence in Cincinnati, according to his own statement, had nothing to do with baseball. He was there on business pertaining to his billiard hall in Chicago, the building in which it is located being owned by Cincinnati capitalists. Anson is heart and soul with the new organization. He says the scheme is a sure go, and that the National league will have a strong rival next season.

According to Anson, it is not at all improbable that Cincinnati will have a club in the new league. This city is now being considered by the promoters of the new organization, and if enough local capital can be found to support the club there will be one there next season. It is unnecessary to say that up to date no one has been found in this neck of the woods with much of the long green who is willing to take part in the venture.

"It is being considered whether Pittsburg and Cincinnati, even with rival teams, would not prove better cities than either Detroit and Milwaukee," said Mr. Anson. "The new league holds a meeting in New York the latter part of this month, and then all these questions will be settled. It has been said that we would have some trouble securing players for the new league, but it is absurd. We will be able to get all the players we want, and more, too. I am in a position to know that two-thirds of the present Chicago team will join with us at a moment's notice, and the players of all other teams feel about the same way. They want to get away from the reserve rule and other obnoxious laws passed by the National league."

"Mike" Griffin, who for many years was considered the king of centerfielders in the National league, and who was sold to the St. Louis club by the Brooklyn club last spring, is in Brooklyn.

When the Baltimore-Brooklyn syndicate were formed Griffin who had signed a Brooklyn contract for 1899 at a large figure was sold to St. Louis. It seems that the amount of salary he was to receive was misrepresented, and Griffin refused to accept less and has been out of the game this year. It is very likely that he will enter suit at the close of the season to have his grievances against the Brooklyn club adjusted. Griffin is on the reserve list of the St. Louis club.

"The great player is not there on base ball business. I have not paid much attention to baseball this year. I signed with Brooklyn for a certain sum and when I was sold to St. Louis these figures were cut. I naturally refused to stand for the cut and went home where I have been ever since. I have taken no steps to have the matter settled as yet but I am not out of baseball. There is some good ball playing left in me. My grievances may be adjusted some day, and then I would have no hesitancy in settling into the game. I am doing very well out of baseball. I have not seen a National league game this season, but if I am here Saturday I will go out and take a look at one.

"McGraw has certainly made a wonderful record in Baltimore. He is the greatest ball player in the business, and has shown that he is a manager also."

An ugly charge has been made against Capt. Ewing, of the Cincinnati team. The accusation that he has been making disparaging remarks against the owners of the Cincinnati club come from trustworthy sources, and would indicate that the "Red" leader is guilty of grossest ingratitude. To accuse President Brush of being "cheap" and desiring to get together another team that shall not cost much to run is a story that any follower of the game who knows anything of the affairs of the Cincinnati club will denounce. In the last five years the Cincinnati club has paid more money for players than any three other clubs, in the league combined.

It has been demonstrated that the worn out stars that Ewing has selected for the team in the past few years and who have been purchased at exorbitant prices, were not wisely chosen, for the reason that none of them made good. In view of this fact, Mr. Brush has decided to get together a team of young players, whose services he can command when they are at their best. His recent offer of $10,000 for McGraw, of the Baltimores, to manage his team, and the fact that he has purchased about a dozen players this fall at advanced prices, is further evidence that he sole desire is to give Cincinnati a winning team, no matter what the price. The fact that he has been negotiating for another manager may have caused Ewing to make the remarks credited to him.

ANNUAL RETURNS

OF THE LOWELL AND SUBURBAN STREET RAILWAY COMPANY.

The Lowell Suburban Street Railway Co., E. M. Tucke, president and Percy Parker, treasurer, have now filed their return with the board of assessors, under section 5, chapter 573 of the public statutes as did the L. L. & H. a few days ago.

The sworn return of the Lowell & Suburban, attested by W. A. Fisher, J. P. Straus.

Mileage reckoned as single track, 35.872. Total length of track operated by it in public ways in the commonwealth:

Mileage reckoned as single track, 63.-194.

Gross receipts for the year ending Sept. 30, 1899, $65,650 85.

It will be seen that the above receipts are nearly $10,000 less than those of the Lowell, Lawrence & Haverhill printed a few days ago in the Sun and which were $501,797.41 balance in favor of the L. L. & H., $5,116.55.

FATAL FALL

ALICE BRUNELLE FELL FROM A ROOF MONDAY AND DIED YESTERDAY.

Yesterday, Alice Brunelle, the four-year-old child that fell from the roof of Fletcher's block on Moody street, Monday afternoon, died from the injuries received. Since the accident the child has borne the terrible suffering with a remarkable fortitude. She fell five stories striking on a concrete walk. Dr. Patenaude did all in his power to save the child but the injuries were of such a nature that death was only a question of time. The little girl was the daughter of Albert and Vilatine Brunelle. They are deeply grieved over the loss of their little one and much sympathy is felt for them.

MOCK TRIAL

HELD BY THE BILLERICA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

Last night every seat in the Billerica town hall was occupied when a mock trial was conducted by Col. A. V. Newton of Worcester, under the auspices of the Billerica Historical association. Col. Newton was the lawyer for the defendant and his son, E. V. Newton was prosecuting attorney, the rest of the court, jury and witnesses being made up of residents of the town. The defendant, Frank Holden, was charged with the larceny of a Plymouth Rock rooster from the coop of Mrs. Margaret Meeker Wright and after hearing the evidence, the jury brought in a verdict of "not guilty but he must return the rooster." The trial was full of humor, and the many local hits during its progress caused no end of amusement. The officers were: Judge, Frederic A. Moray; plaintiff, Mrs. Margaret Meeker Wright; defendant, Frank Holden; clerk of court, H. D. Mallett; officer, Chas. H. Hazen; attorney for defendant, Col. A. V. Newton of Worcester; attorney for defence, E. V. Newton of Worcester; crier, H. W. Livingston; court stenographer, Victor J. Hosmer; witnesses, Herbert A. King, N. H. Hutchins, Coburn S. Smith, C. L. Beck, J. B. Robinson, T. E. Smith; jurors, Herbert Sheldon, E. Baker, Fred H. Parker, John H. Baker, John Barnes, Arthur Kimball, Joseph Holt, Fred L. Mason, Fred L. Gleason, Charles A. Gleason, A. O. Dane, John A. Richardson.

DR. CHEVALIER

SAYS HE DID NOT ATTEMPT TO COMMIT SUICIDE.

The ambulance was summoned yesterday afternoon to 303 Middlesex street to take Dr. J. E. Chevalier who came here from Providence, R. I., a few days ago, to the hospital. It was alleged that he was suffering from the effects of cocaine which he had taken.

The doctor was rooming on the third floor and when the ambulance arrived he walked down stairs and demanded what was wanted of him. When he was told that the ambulance was waiting for him, he entered without protest and went to the hospital. He was not so agreeable at the hospital, however, and when stomach pumps and emetics were spoken of, he stoutly refused to allow anything in the line of medical attendance for he said he did not need it. After a period spent in useless persuasion the hospital authorities allowed him to go his way and he returned to his room.

Dr. Chevalier said last night: "I used to live in Lowell. During my stay here I was employed as clerk in Field's drug store at Davis square. Since that time I have kept a drug store in Burlington, Vt., where I also practiced medicine. Later I gave up the store and went home to Canada. After spending some time at my home in Canada, I communicated with a friend of mine a doctor, who has a drug store in Rhode Island, and he engaged me to go to work as clerk. I worked for him two weeks and he and I could not get along very well together so I decided to leave and I came direct to Lowell, hoping I could start in business here."

Dr. Chevalier denied very positively the intention of suicide and says his father will be here today from Canada.

ANNUAL REUNION

OF THE 26TH MASSACHUSETTS REGIMENT HELD YESTERDAY.

The 26th annual re union of the 26th Massachusetts Regiment association, Veterans of the civil war, was held at South Framingham yesterday. Lowell was well represented.

The oldest member of the association is the venerable Luke Smith of Acton, son of a soldier of the American revolution. Edward F. Cushing of Somerville, who has labored hard to keep the records of the association in good condition, was but 13 years of age when he left his home in Lowell and enlisted.

Lieut. James F. Upham of Company A presided at the reunion and Secy. Edward F. Cushing read the necrology. These deaths have been reported since the 1898 reunion: Company A, Charles F. Emerson, Lowell; D. John Floyd, Amesbury; E. Albion Lumphear, Chelmsford; Dennis Sheehan, Maynard; John S. Puffer, Concord; Charles A. Brooks, South Acton; F. George Ingerson, Lowell; John Turner, Lawrence; G. Lieut. Archibald Starkweather, Boston; H. Jacob Nelson, Boston; K. Lieut. John Marshall, Saco, Me. This number is larger than the average regimental mortuary record.

These officers were elected: Lieut. C. C. Messer, Company B, Boston, president; E. T. Peterson, Company C, Somerville, first vice president; Humphrey Sullivan, Company G, Charlestown, second vice president; Edwin F. Cushing, Company H, Somerville, secretary; E. D. Hall, Co. E, West Acton, treasurer.

RESIGNS PASTORATE

REV. E. R. CASWELL TO LEAVE MIDDLESEX FREE BAPTIST CHURCH.

Rev. E. R. Caswell has resigned the pastorate of the Middlesex Free Baptist church. The resignation was tendered Sunday, October 8, and it was not wholly unexpected as Mr. Caswell has declined to engage himself for any definite time. The resignation was accepted at a church meeting held last Friday night. Mr. Caswell's departure will be much regretted by the people of his church. His resignation takes effect on the last Sunday of this month. The pulpit of the Middlesex church will be supplied until a permanent pastor can be secured. Mr. Caswell goes to North Scituate, R. I., to the church of which Rev. A. E. Kenyon, now of the Chelmsford Street church was formerly pastor.

Special Announcement

BY ELLINGWOOD & CO.

You are cordially invited to attend at our store, at address given below, a demonstration of

VINOL

Beginning Next Monday for Six Consecutive Days, We Will Have a Professional Demonstrator Who Will Convince All Our People

that VINOL is, as we say, a DELICIOUS TASTING PREPARATION, in spite of the fact that it owes its virtues as a tonic, a rebuilder, a blood purifier and a remedy for wasting diseases to the active curative principles of cod liver oil, which it contains in a highly concentrated state.

We will tell you what we know of this valuable remedy and of many people we know that have received great benefit from having taken VINOL for such troubles as IMPOVERISHED BLOOD, PALENESS, GENERAL DEBILITY, LOSS OF APPETITE and INSOMNIA, and of people who have taken it successfully as a TONIC, a CREATOR OF STRENGTH and an AID TO RECOVERY after SEVERE ILLNESS, of those who have given it successfully to GROWING CHILDREN and have used it for BRONCHIAL and PULMONARY TROUBLES. Avail yourself of this opportunity to learn about an article that has great merit.

This free demonstration, remember, begins next Monday, and continues every day next week. We want all of our friends to be sure and come and see us at that time and come early.

ELLINGWOOD & CO.,

Barristers' Hall, Merrimack, Cor. Central Streets.

MAYOR QUINCY

Wants Dewey to Run For Presidential Nomination

A WINNER ON EITHER TICKET

Manila Was Not His Only Victory

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Oct. 19.—Mayor Josiah Quincy did not commit himself unthinkingly or on the impulse of a moment of excitement to the candidacy of Admiral Dewey for president when on Saturday last he addressed the Manilla hero at city hall here in presenting him with the jewelled watch which was the gift of the city.

That portion of the mayor's address which has been so much talked about, was as follows:

"You have gained the thanks of congress, official reward and promotion to the highest rank; you are now receiving and—may we not believe this is even more precious to you—the personal and spontaneous thanks of your fellow-countrymen, the indication of their sincere affection for you, the evidence of their confidence in you, of their desire to look up to you and be led by you.

"The people of America are not ungrateful; they would gladly bestow upon you any honor, even the highest in their gift."

When a reporter asked Mayor Quincy today if he would not be more explicit regarding his attitude towards Admiral Dewey and his views of the admiral's availability as a candidate for president, the mayor made this statement:

"I do not think that I need to add anything to what I said in my address to Admiral Dewey, or to attempt to explain my meaning.

"I believe that the admiral has shown himself to be a man of presidential calibre, and that the people would be glad to elect him president if given an opportunity.

"Whether the politicians of either party would permit the people to nominate him or whether he would accept a nomination are other questions.

"I am not taking it upon myself to advocate his nomination, but I thought it not improper, in a complimentary address, to express my own conviction that the people would gladly make him president if given a chance. This I thoroughly believe and that either party which nominated him would win the election.

"I believe that entirely aside from the special exploits and winning the battle of Manila, which no doubt, is the chief foundation of his extraordinary popularity, Admiral Dewey has won the respect of discriminating observers, as well as of the people in general, for the strength of character, good judgment and all-around ability which he has shown.

"I would never advocate any one for high office merely on the strength of the fact that he had won a battle, but Admiral Dewey is a man of extraordinary character and ability, fit to bear the largest responsibilities."

Pay your taxes now and avoid interest.

NATIONAL LOOMFIXERS

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE HELD AN IMPORTANT MEETING SUNDAY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WOONSOCKER, R. I., Oct. 19.—The executive council of the National Loomfixers' association met here Sunday. The principal topic for discussion was the question of forming districts. This matter was considered at the last convention and referred to the executive council. It was the aim to eventually have but one organization of loom fixers, and that the national one. Now the loomfixers in the various cities and towns form local associations and manage their own finances, paying a per capita to the national body and thereby creating two funds—the national and the local. The proposed formation of districts is to be a step towards doing away with the locals and in their place have the national association which shall control all the funds and keep paid men in all the cities and towns, whose duty it shall be to collect the dues, induce loomfixers to join the association, settle grievances and in all ways look after the interests of the members. When the districts are formed it is proposed to have these paid men in all of them. In some of the sections of New England the loomfixers are now formed into small unions which cannot afford to have paid men to look after their interests and the result is many injustices are practiced which cannot be stopped because none of the members of these small unions cares to risk being discharged for making a kick. If there were paid men among these loomfixers in these small places who could call on to see the mill agents it is believed many wrongs could be righted and no one would have to risk losing his job.

The committee yesterday decided to form districts in all sections of New England. One district will comprise Fall River, New Bedford, Taunton, Whittenton, Warren and Bristol.

Another will take in the towns along the Blackstone from Providence to Blackstone.

Lawrence, Lowell and the towns in that vicinity will make up another district and another will comprise the towns and cities of New Hampshire.

In each of these districts it is proposed to place one or more paid agents.

It was decided to award the contract for printing the manual of the next association to Washburn & Garland.

The next regular meeting of the committee will be held in Lowell in February.

ADDRESS TO MOTHERS

MRS. ANNIE McKAY SHERWIN OF NEW YORK SPOKE BEFORE MATERNAL ASSOCIATION.

A largely attended meeting of the Maternal Association of the First Congregational church was held yesterday afternoon at the home of Mrs. C. F. Stott, corner Pine and Wilder streets. Mrs. W. L. Kelley presided and Mrs. L. H. Hartley and Mrs. H. R. Hanson contributed vocal selections. Mrs. Annie McKay Sherwin of New York, a former resident of Lowell, gave an interesting talk on the home for homeless (colored) children in New York City. She told how it started with three children and how the work has grown. It was established 50 years ago and three hundred children are cared for annually. The children are taught in various branchs of industry and in order to prevent contagion and protect the health of the children, new arrivals are quarantined for a period of two weeks before they are allowed to mingle with others. Mrs. Sherwin gave a detailed account of how the homeless children are gathered in and provided for and how they are trained in moral and spiritual ways for 12 years. Positions are obtained for them, and when they leave the institution they are well fortified to cope with the many evils which often beset young folks as they go out into the world to fight the battle of life.

At the close of the meeting light refreshments were served.

In Washing Paint

don't scrub it and wear off the surface. Use Gold Dust Washing Powder according to directions printed on every package and you will be pleased with the results and surprised at the saving in labor.

Send for free booklet—"Golden Rules for Housework."

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY
Chicago St. Louis New York Boston

HERBERT MYRICK

Principal Speaker at Anti-Imperialist Conference

J. STERLING MORTON PRESIDED

Friends Give More Business Than Enemies

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CHICAGO, Oct. 18.—Delegates to the Anti-imperialistic conference at Central Music Hall held the second day's session today and resumed the task of completing the organization of a national anti-imperialistic league.

J. N. Sterling Morton of Nebraska presided. The speaker of the morning was Herbert Myrick of Springfield, Mass. Mr. Myrick said:

"It is a fundamental error to assume that imperialism, militarism, despotism or any such sacrifice of our principles of government means added burdens at home and new sources of disaster of domestic industry with corresponding restrictions upon foreign commerce. Treat the Philippines as we are treating Cuba. Help the Filipinos to independence under the protectorate of the United States, just as we are pledged to do for the Cubans. Immediately war will cease; friendship will displace enmity. In the Philippines industry and commerce will revive. The material, social, intellectual and political development will be by leaps and bounds. The present cost to the United States in men and money will cease. The islands will speedily become self-supporting. Soon they will be able to repay $20,000,000 and other millions we have expended upon them. Thereafter they will be no expense to us. Meanwhile the United States will be gaining every advantage in the way of trade.

"Friends will give us more business than enemies.

"Without sacrifice of American ideal we should possess greater advantages in the east than could possibly accrue from the most complete success of imperialism and subjugation. The immediate effect of free trade between the east and west Indies and the United States would be to seriously jeopardize American agriculture. The cigar and tobacco industry in the United States, both its culture and manufacture, must be obliterated if cigars and leaf come in duty free from the tropics. Our domestic sugar producing industry cannot stand up against free sugar from Cuba, Porto Rico, Hawaii and the Philippines. The vital issue, therefore, is shall the entire industrial and political policy of the United States be revolutionized for the benefit of a single monopoly—the sugar refiners' trust—or shall this policy be maintained and enable us to put into the pockets of our own American farmers in these continental United States the $100,000,000 annually sent abroad to pay for imported sugar? Shall we foster the sugar industry abroad to the destruction of sugar production at home?

"The west and south would be sadly held back in their development by any policy that might thus interfere with the largest growth of these other phases of their agriculture. I firmly believe that we should annex the arid west instead of the tropics. A few millions for federal storage reservoirs and irrigation would yield vastly greater returns to the United States than Oriental trade. The competition of tropical agriculture will injure our farmers at least a thousand-fold more than development of the arid west or of the as yet untouched resources of our own south and southwest. Our home trade is ten times as valuable as our foreign commerce—our life here infinitely more important to us than conditions abroad. Let us first cherish the former without neglect of the latter."

PAINE SPEAKS

DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE ADDRESSED RALLY AT BROOKFIELD

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BROOKFIELD, Oct. 18.—The democrats of this section of the state opened the campaign last night with an enthusiastic rally, Robert Treat Paine, Jr., democratic candidate for governor, being the principal speaker. The meeting was called to order by President Messinger of the Central Massachusetts Bimetallic club. He spoke briefly, introducing Mr. Paine, who, in the course of his remarks, said:

"The other night I suggested that Dewey should be sent to the Philippines with full power. I know that this is placing country above party, for he can bring order out of discord and establish an autonomous government under our protection. If he does this he will save the republican party from the crushing defeat in 1900 which surely awaits it if it keeps blundering along its present course.

"But he will not be sent—and why? Because the administration, the country begins to realize, is looking after its own political advantage first. It fears lest his success would make him president in spite of himself."

The next speaker was E. Gerry Brown of Brockton, the democratic candidate for auditor. Ex-Gov. Chamberlain, candidate for representative in the 5th Worcester district, was supposed to be one of the speakers of the evening, but he was kept at home on account of the inclemency of the weather. A letter regretting his inability to be present was read from Mr. John R. Thayer of Worcester.

WAGES INCREASED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PITTSFIELD, Mass., Oct. 18.—The several hundred employes of the Pontoosuc woolen mills here were notified today that their wages are to be increased 5 per cent. The advance is to go into effect on November 1st.

THOS. B. REED

ADMITTED TO PRACTICE AT NEW YORK BAR.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—Thomas B. Reed was admitted to practice at the New York bar today.

When the appellate division of the supreme court opened for business, Gen. Thomas L. Hubbard moved the admission of Mr. Reed to the bar of the state of New York, as a practicing lawyer and member of the bar of another state. Presiding Justice Van Brunt received the papers and made the formal announcement that as the papers were received and approved, the applicant would be received.

Mr. Reed then took the oath as a member of the bar of the state.

Mr. Reed, in his position says that he intends to reside permanently within the state of New oYrk.

Mr. Reed is a member of the firm of Simpson, Thacher & Barnum.

MEN ARE DESERTING.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LADYSMITH, Natal, Oct. 17.—(Delayed in transmission)—It is reported here that dysentery and desertion are prevalent in General Cronje's commando.

The native tribe of Barolongs, under Chief Wessels, is said to be co-operating in the defence of Mafeking, undertaking outpost duty.

GRAND CEREMONY

A. T. Hadley Inaugurated President of Yale

DISTINGUISHED GATHERING PRESENT

To Participate in the Exercises

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Oct. 18.—With all the pomp and ceremony to be expected in an affair of its kind, Arthur Twining Hadley, LL. D., was today inaugurated the 13th president of Yale university, succeeding the venerable Timothy Dwight. The impressive ceremony took place at 3 o'clock this afternoon in Battel chapel, the college church, in the presence of hundreds of distinguished men and women, prominent in higher educational affairs in all sections of the country and representatives of the federal, state and city governments, and before an audience which constituted probably the most distinguished ever assembled in New Haven.

Enthusiasm was somewhat dampened during the early hours of the day by the fact that a downpour of rain bade fair to continue throughout the day, promising to interfere with the unique and impressive procession which had been arranged as a preliminary to the exercises. As the forenoon wore on, however, the weather gave indications of clearing and steps were taken to carry out the programme in all its elaborate details.

The inaugural ceremonies were simple in themselves. They were conducted in English, the traditional Latin pronouncements having been abandoned, at Dr. Hadley's request. This made the exercises more interesting, although they lost naturally much of the old time academic aspect.

President Hadley was honored with the presence not only of distinguished Yale alumni, but by the attendance of many famous sons of other institutions of high rank. The presidents of Harvard, Princeton, Columbia, Cornell, Chicago, Brown, Oberlin and a host of other universities and colleges were there. Battel chapel was filled to the doors. The audience room presented an animated appearance, for all of those who were there in official capacity as representatives of other institutions wore the academic gowns and hoods of their respective institutions.

The members of the Yale university corporation and faculty wore the blue hood and various designations in the way of shades to distinguish the departments with which they are connected.

Dr. Hadley, himself, wore the crimson hood of Harvard, typical of the degree of doctor of laws, with which that institution had honored him. President Eliot reciprocated the courtesy by wearing the blue hood indicating that Yale bestowed degree of doctor of laws. Other Harvard scholars wore their crimson hoods. The orange and black of Princeton was there, and the variety of colors was given added brightness by the military dash injected by the uniforms of the staff of Governor Lounsbury. The music of the ceremony was most impressive. It included orchestra selections by the New Haven symphony orchestra, the singing by the congregation of the 65th Psalm, to "York," and of Luther's stirring hymn, "A Mighty Fortress Is Our God." The student chorus of 100 picked voices sang the commencement ode written by Edmund Clarence Stedman, '53, for the commencement of 1853. The solos were taken by Mr. Herbert Witherspoon, the basso. The chorus was directed by Prof. Horatio W. Parker.

As the procession entered the chapel the orchestra played a processional. The procession entered in four divisions:

First division—The president and members of the Yale corporation with former members of the latter body; Gov. Lounsbury and staff, and Lieut.-Gov. Mills. Presidents, delegates and professors of other universities and colleges, representatives of the American Economic Association, and principals of academies and schools.

Second division—Representatives of the federal government, the state government, governors of other states, bishops, municipal and local governments and invited guests.

Third division—The general body of Yale graduates in order of classes.

Fourth division—University faculties and former members according to seniority.

After the recessional and overture the retiring president, Dr. Timothy Dwight, made the opening prayer. The Rev. Joseph H. Twitchell of Hartford, the senior member of the Yale corporation, then formally inducted Dr. Hadley into office and administered to him the oath of office.

President Hadley then delivered his inaugural address.

The singing of the commencement ode followed the address of the new president, and then Prof. George P. Fisher, Dean of the Yale Theological school, and senior dean of the university, on behalf of the faculty, graduates and undergraduates, delivered an address of welcome.

The benediction was pronounced by ex-President Dwight.

The new president then held a reception at the art school.

THE SHAMROCK

IS BEING REMEASURED BY OFFICIALS TODAY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—The re-measuring of the Shamrock began this morning at 7.10 at Erie Basin. The yacht was laid between one of the army transports and the steamship Remus. There were on board besides the Captain, William Butler Duncan, Jr., representing the New York club, and Mr. Iselin; Mr. J. Connell representing the Royal Ulster Yacht club and the owner of the Shamrock, Captain Nat Herreshoff and John Hyslop, official measurer of the New York yacht club. Three thousand three hundred and eighty pounds of lead ballast were put on board the yacht during the night. This is said to have changed her waterline a few inches. She now appears to set by the stern. After the waterline had been measured in the usual way, the measurement aloft took place.

The new top-mast was hoisted and to obtain the measurements of it, Mr. Hyslop sent a man up to the mast-head in a boatswain's chair, going aloft in another himself to the heel of the top-mast, so that an accurate measurement would be taken. At 9.30 the yacht was cast off and Mr. Connell said that she was going direct to Sandy Hook bay where the top-mast would be rigged and the yacht made ready for tomorrow's race.

SERIOUSLY INJURED

BRAKEMAN WAS STRUCK BY A TRAIN.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Oct. 18.—Ebenezer F. Churchill, 28 years of age, a brakeman on the Consolidated road, was seriously injured in the yard here this afternoon, but the physician says he will live. He was struck by an inbound train and suffered a fracture of his left arm in three places, and his left leg, beside gashes and bruises and may have been internally hurt.

The Beauty of it.

You can see for yourself the superiority of

KEYSTONE Silver White GELATINE

Examine it. Compare it with any other kind and you will understand why it's used by the leading cooks of the country.

If your grocer cannot supply you send us his name and we will mail you a sample package free, with recipes by the most noted chefs. A full size box mailed for 15 cents.

Michigan Carbon Works, Detroit, Mich. The largest makers of gelatine in the world.

A GREAT SPEECH

Delivered by Senator Hoar to the Unitarians

AGAINST COERCION OF WEAK BY STRONG.

His Remarks Greeted With Applause.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 18.—At the national conference of Unitarian churches here yesterday, Senator Hoar of Massachusetts, president of the conference, delivered his annual address and took occasion to reiterate his views on the question of expansion. His remarks elicited considerable applause.

Dr. Edward Everett Hale of Boston deplored the lack of earnestness in church work by both ministers and laymen.

Kate Gannett Wells of Cambridge, in an address on "What Unitarian Women of the Nineteenth Century Bequeathe to the Unitarian Women of the Twentieth Century," said in effect that the bequest would combine the power of philanthropy, the sharpened faculty for organization and the enlarging views of all education.

In the evening "The Higher Nature of Man" was spoken of by the Rev. Samuel R. Calthorp of Syracuse, N. Y., in the light of history. The same subject "In the light of Idealism" was discussed by the Rev. Charles F. Dole of Boston.

Senator Hoar's peroration in his annual address was considered one of the most eloquent ever heard here. He said in part:

"Perhaps I may be pardoned as an old man, as I have said something of the religious faith of my fellow Unitarians, if I declare my own, which I believe is theirs also. I have no faith in fatalism, in destiny, in blind force. I believe in God, the living God. I believe in the American people, a free and brave people who do not bow the neck or bend the knee to any other, and who desire none to bow the neck or bend the knee to them.

"I believe that the God who created this world has ordained that his children may work out their own salvation by obedience to his laws without any dictation or coercion from any other. I believe that liberty, good government, free institutions cannot be given by any one people to any other but must be wrought out for each by itself, slowly, painfully, in the process of years or centuries as the oak adds ring to ring.

"I believe that a republic is greater than an empire. I believe that the moral law and the golden rule are for nations as well as for individuals; I believe in George Washington, not in Napoleon Bonaparte; in the whigs of the revolutionary day, not in Tories; in Chatham, Burke and Sam Adams, not in Dr. Johnson or Lord North. I believe that the north star, abiding in its place, is a greater influence in the universe than any comet or meteor.

"I believe that the United States, when William McKinley was inaugurated, was a greater world power than Rome in the height of her glory, or even England with her 400,000,000 vassals. I believe whatever clouds may darken the horizon that the world is growing better; that today is better than yesterday and tomorrow will be better than today."

TUTTLE ELECTED PRESIDENT.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PORTLAND, Me., Oct. 18.—Lucius Tuttle of Boston, the head of the Boston & Maine system, was today chosen president of the Maine Central railroad, to succeed Franklin A. Wilson of Bangor, who last month gave notice that he would retire. The Maine Central road has been controlled largely for some time by men who are closely identified with the Boston & Maine.

WANT MORE PAY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

GLOUCESTER, Mass., Oct. 18.—Thirty-five sailmakers, all employed in the city except those at Charles Pringle's loft, struck today for an increase of 30 cents a day. The strikers ask that they be paid $3 a day instead of $2.70. Mr. Pringle was the only employer to concede the demands. The sailmakers of Gloucester struck three years ago for the same increase, but the difficulty at that time was settled by compromise.

A SUIT ENTERED

To Restrain Marconi From Using System

OF THE WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

Larned Claims He Controls the Patent.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—Lyman C. Larned of Boston has, through his counsel, Henry A. Prince of 149 Broadway, brought suit in the United States circuit court against Guglielmo Marconi to restrain him and his agents from using the system of wireless telegraphy, which Learned claims is an infringement of a patent now controlled by him. The plaintiff in his complaint alleges that the original inventor of this system of telegraphing was Amos Emerson Dolbear, and that a patent for the system invented by Dolbear was issued on the 8th of October, 1886, to the Dolbear Electric Telephone company, which had acquired all rights to use the system. These rights were transferred to Larned on the 22d of July last. Larned alleges that the means described in the patent under which Marconi purports to carry on his system, cannot be used for such work and are not adapted for commercial use. Larned asks damages in the sum of $100,000, and for an injunction restraining Marconi from using the alleged infringing system of telegraphy pending the termination of the suit.

SHOT TO DEATH

CAPTAINS KILLED BY THEIR OWN MEN.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PARIS, Oct. 17.—The minster of the colonies, M. Decrais, has received an official dispatch announcing that Captain Voulet and Chanoine of the outlawed French expedition in the Soudan whose members recently massacred most of the members of the expedition under Lieut. Col. Klobb sent to arrest those officers on charges of cruelty and insubordination have been shot by their own men.

SERIOUS STORMS

HAVE CAUSED GREAT DAMAGE IN ITALY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

ROME, Oct. 18.—Serious storms, accompanied by floods, prevailed in the southern districts of Italy working widespread damage. At San Giorgio, a bridge and twenty houses were swept away and it is believed that there was considerable loss of life there. At Monte Mesola, a church was struck by lightning during mass, three persons being killed and forty others, more or less seriously injured.

EXPLORING EXPEDITION

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, Oct. 18.—Mr. William Fitz High Whitehouse of Newport, R. I., accompanied by several Englishmen, will leave England on October 21 with an exploring expedition for Abyssinia. The British resident in Abyssinia is helping in the arrangements and the Royal Geographical society of London has lent a number of valuable instruments. The expedition will go to Abyssinia by way of Odis Obeba, where Mr. Whitehouse will be received by Emperor Menelik. Mr. Whitehouse will take sixty armed men, eighty Comali and Abyssinia porters and ninety camels.

GOULD LIVED IN MANCHESTER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MANCHESTER, N. H., Oct. 18.—Edward J. Gould, whose body was taken from the Cocheco river at Dover, today, resided at 329 Granite street, this city, where he has a wife and two small children. He was formerly in business on Manchester street as a tea merchant, but lately had been on the road for a New York house. His friends here regard his drowning as accidental. The body will be brought here.

BODY FOUND IN RIVER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Oct. 18.—The body of a man supposed to be that of Michael McMahon, 25 years old, and a peddler by trade, was found floating in the river today. There were no marks of violence upon it. It is supposed the man wandered upon one of the wharves three or four nights ago and accidentally fell into the water.

Dr. Greene's NERVURA Blood and Nerve Remedy.

Greatest Cure the World Has Ever Known for Overworked, Exhausted Men and Weak, Tired Out, Nervous Women.

MR. W. W. FARNHAM, nurse in the insane hospital at Waterbury, Vt., says:

"I was troubled with nervousness, general debility, bilious turns, headaches, and was broken down in health. My appetite failed me and a general breaking down of my whole system occurred. Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy was recommended to me, of which I took four bottles, getting relief from the first bottle. I gained in flesh, my health was greatly benefited, my nerves were made steady and I slept well nights. I can recommend those who are troubled by like ailments to try Dr. Greene's Nervura and get a longer lease of life and become a new person through its wonderful power to cure which is really surprising."

The People's Physician to whom Thousands write for Advice,

is Dr. Greene, 34 Temple Place, Boston, Mass., the famous and successful specialist in curing nervous and chronic diseases. If your family physician has failed to cure you, why not write at once to this noted specialist? It will cost you nothing to get his advice on I consultation, for he gives consultation absolutely free.

A NEW RECORD

Mrs. Lindsay Completed Her 800 Mile

She Slept Six Hours During the Trip.

SAYS SHE DID IT JUST FOR FUN.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—Mrs. June Lindsay finished her 800 mile bicycle ride at 4.18 a. m. today, having completed the distance in 91 hours and 43 minutes and established a new record for women.

Miss Yatman rode seven centuries in 81 hours and five minutes; Mrs. Lindsay in 78 hours and 15 minutes. Mrs. Lindsay slept six hours within the period of her ride. The new record holder is but 23 years old, and is five feet one inch tall. She is of slight build, with light brown hair and blue eyes. When she started she weighed 111 pounds. When she finished she had gained half a pound in weight. A doctor examined Mrs. Lindsay at the end of her ride. "She is in remarkable fine physical condition," he said. "Her pulse is 100, when it should be 80. Miss Yatman's pulse was 96 at the close of her ride."

Said Mrs. Lindsay: "I am glad it's over, but I'm glad I did it. The hardest thing was to keep cheerful. I don't think I was foolish. It was my kind of fun. It was healthful, too. I only did it so I could say so, but it was of just as much use as the yacht races."

EXPLOSIVES FOUND.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PRETORIA, Oct. 17 (Delayed in transmission)—The Transvaal officials at Komati Poort assert that large quantities of explosives were found on the railway there. The culprits were fired upon but escaped.

Several Transvaal commandoes are moving toward the Drakensberg mountains to the south of Chenoe.

The telegraph superintendent at Heidelburg, Transvaal, reports that on Sunday night a balloon passed over Nigel in the direction of Standerton.

$100 Reward $100.

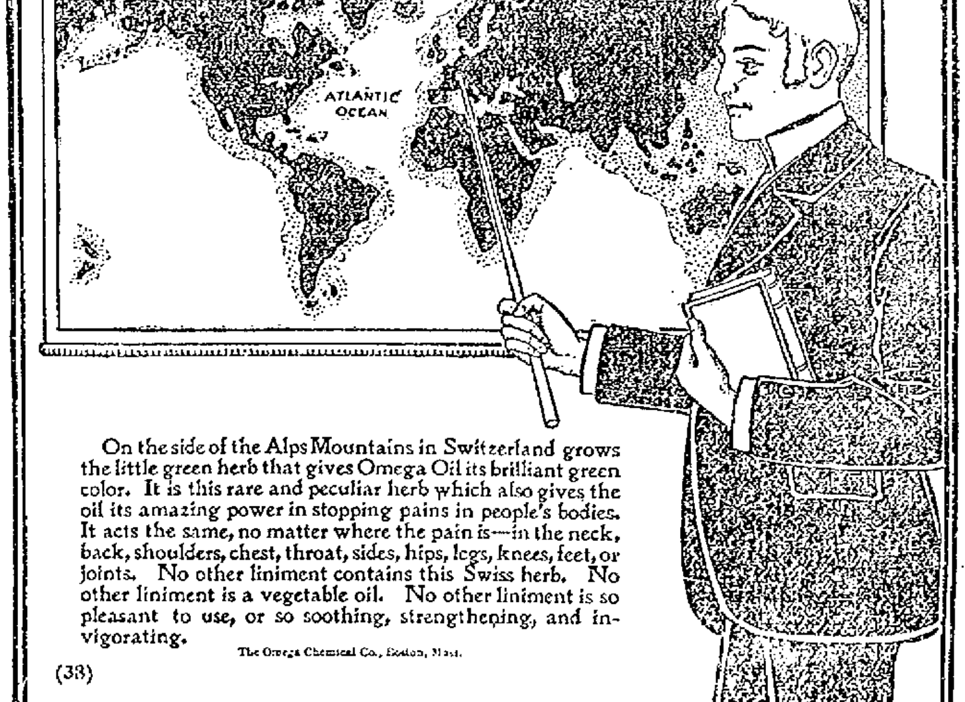
The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Omega Oil

The POWERFUL LINIMENT



On the side of the Alps Mountains in Switzerland grows the little green herb that gives Omega Oil its brilliant green color. It is this rare and peculiar herb which also gives the oil its amazing power in stopping pains in people's bodies. It acts the same, no matter where the pain is—in the neck, back, shoulders, chest, throat, sides, hips, legs, knees, feet, or joints. No other liniment contains this Swiss herb. No other liniment is a vegetable oil. No other liniment is so pleasant to use, or so soothing, strengthening, and invigorating.

The Omega Chemical Co., Boston, Mass.

(33)

Boston & Maine Railroad

Corrected to October 2, 1899: Trains leave Merrimack street depot, Lowell, as follows:

For Boston, 5.43, 6.25, c6.12, *7.45, *8.00, c9.16, *9.10, 11.00 a. m.; 1.10, c3.00, 4.25, c5.44 p. m.

SUNDAYS, 8.45 a. m.

Trains leave Middlesex street station Lowell, as follows:

For Boston, 5.16, 6.28, c6.15, w6.50, 7.01, *7.20, *7.28, 7.33, *7.48, w8.00, 8.51, c9.19, w9.25, *9.30, w10.50, 11.03, *11.12 a. m.; w12.05, 12.18, w12.45, 1.43, w2.30, w*3.03, 3.10, *3.47, w3.55, 4.28, w5.15, 5.22, c5.15, w*6.16, *6.22, 7.00, *7.19, w9.25 p. m.

SUNDAYS, 7.20, 7.28, w8.15, 8.48, 9.10 a. m., w12.05, w1.05, 4.25, w5.30, 5.55, w7.25, p. m.

For Lawrence, 6.28, w6.50, z7.33, w8.30, w9.25, 10.05, w10.50 a. m.; w12.35, w2.31, w3.10, w3.55, 4.18, w5.15, w6.17, w7.00, w8.25, wh11.25 p. m.

SUNDAYS, w8.15 a. m.; w12.05, w5.30, w7.25 p. m.

For Salem, Mass., w6.28, 7.33 a. m.; w12.05, 1.23, w6.15, 5.53 p. m.

For Haverhill, 6.28, 6.50, z7.31, 8.30, 9.25, 10.50 a. m.; 12.05, 2.30, 3.10, w3.55, w5.15, 5.15, 7.00, 9.25, bl1.25 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m.; 12.05, 5.30, 7.25 p. m.

For Newburyport, Amesbury and Portsmouth, 6.25 a. m.; 12.05, 2.30, 3.55, 6.16 p. m.

For Exeter and Dover, 6.28, 6.50, z7.33, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 3.10, 3.55, 5.15 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For Rochester and Alton Bay, 7.30 a. m.; 12.05, 3.55 p. m.

For Somersworth, N. H., Saco, Old Orchard and Portland, 6.28, 6.50, z7.33, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 3.55 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For Augusta, Bath, Waterville, 6.50, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 5.15 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For Lewiston, 6.50, 8.30, a. m.; 12.05, 5.15 p. m.

For Bangor, Belfast, Skowhegan and Rockland, 8.30 a. m.; 5.15 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For St. John's, N. B., Halifax, N. S., Montreal and Quebec, 5.15 p. m. (5.15 does not run Saturdays), SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For Eastport and St. John (via steamer from Portland), on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 12.05 p. m.

For Castine, Deer Isle, Sedgewick, Bar Harbor, Jonesport and Machiasport (via steamer Frank Jones from Portland), Tuesdays and Fridays at 5.15 p. m.

For Woburn, 5.28, 7.01, 7.33, *9.44, 11.03 a. m.; 1.43, 4.28 p. m. SUNDAYS, 4.25, 5.55 p. m.

For Ayer Junction and Way-Stations—7.10 a. m.; 12.00, 5.01 and 6.42 p. m. SUNDays, 2.15 p. m.

For Amherst, Milford and Wilton, 9.12 a. m.; 1.00, 3.41, 6.40 p. m. SUNDAYS, 2 p. m.

For Greenfield, Peterboro, Bennington, Hillsboro and Keene, 9.12 a. m.; 3.41 p. m. SUNDAYS, to Hillsboro, 2 p. m.

For Nashua, Manchester and Concord, 7.40, 9.12, *9.40 a. m.; *12.12, 1.05, *1.40, 3.41, *6.40, 6.27, *8.10, *8.40 p. m. SUNDAYS, 10.09 a. m. (to Nashua only), 2.08 a. m.; 2.00, 6.02, 8.10, 8.40 p. m.

For Franklin, Lebanon and White River Junction, 9.12, *9.40 a. m.; *12.12, *1.40 (to Franklin only), 6.10, *a8.10 p. m.

For Warner, Bradford, Sunapee, Newport, (N. H.) Claremont and Claremont Junction, 7.40, 9.22 a. m.; 1.40 p. m.

For St. Johnsbury and Lyndonville, via Wells River, *9.40 a. m.; *1.40, *a8.40 p. m.

For Montpelier, Essex Jct., Burlington, St. Albans, St. Johns and Montreal, via Central Vermont Line, *9.40 a. m.; *12.12, *a8.40 p. m.

For Montreal and Quebec, via Montreal and Boston Air Line, *9.40 a. m.; *a8.40 p. m.

QUEBEC EXPRESS, via Plymouth and Sherbrooke, *1.40, *a8.40 p. m.

References:

*Express. aDaily

bWednesdays and Saturdays only.

wVia Western Division.

cVia Bedford. zVia Wilmington Junction.

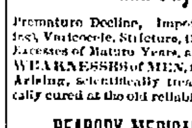
D. J. FLANDERS, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agent.

H. C. TAFT, General Agent, Lowell.

BLOOD POISON

Primary, Secondary and Tertiary Blood Poison permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for the same price under same guarantee. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide, potash, and still have aches and pains, mucous patches in the mouth, sore throat, pimples, copper colored spots, ulcer on any part of the body, hair or eyebrows falling out, it is this secondary blood poison we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians; $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guarantee. Absolute proofs sent sealed upon application. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 183 Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ill.

Exhausted Vitality.



KNOW THYSELF!

Nervous and Physical Debility,

Premature Decline, Impotency, Atrophy, (wasting), Varicocele, Stricture, the Errors of Youth, the Excesses of Mature Years, and all DISEASES and WEAKNESSES of MEN, from Whatever Cause Arising, scientifically treated, quickly and radically cured at the old reliable

PEABODY MEDICAL INSTITUTE,

No. 4 Bulfinch St., (opposite Revere House), Boston, Mass. Established in 1860. This renowned Institution publishes the staunch and far famed, popular and unequaled Medical Treatise entitled

THE SCIENCE OF LIFE; or SELF PRESERVATION,

a Book For Every Man, married or single, young, middle aged or old. It is a private Treasure Casket on the above named and kindred subjects. It contains 370 pages, 12 mo., 125 invaluable prescriptions for Acute and Chronic diseases, each one of which is worth more than five times the price of the book and should be in the possession of every sensible, prudent man for ready reference. It is the Grand Prize Essay, for which was awarded the Gold Medal by the National Medical Association. Price, only $1, by mail, double sealed and strictly private, guaranteed as represented in every instance. The distinguished author and Chief Consulting Physician to the Peabody Institute graduated from the Harvard Medical College, class 1864, and was Surgeon to the 5th Regt. Mass. Volunteers during the war of the Rebellion. The first assistant Physician to the Institute graduated from the old College of Physicians and Surgeons, class 1896. These Physicians Cure Where Others Fail. After many years of careful study and extensive research they guarantee a positive cure to every case of Rheumatism treated. Consultation in person or by mail, 9 to 6. Sundays, 10 to 1. The Diagnostician or Know Thyself Manuel, a Vade Mecum of Medical Science for All; price 50 cents, but sent free sealed, to every male reader of this paper of this date, mentioning this paper, enclosing 6c. for postage.

"The Peabody Medical Institute has many imitators, but no equals."—Boston Herald.

DAILY BARGAINS.

$100

UPRIGHT PIANO.

seven and one-third octaves. Used but little. Condition fine.

GEORGE A. GARDNER

10 PRESCOTT STREET.

TAXES

Collector's Notice.

The assessors have committed to the Collector of Taxes the

TAX LIST OF 1899.

With instructions to collect in the manner prescribed by the Statutes of the Commonwealth and by the Ordinances of the City of Lowell, the sums assessed by them to the persons named therein, and he is now ready to receive payment of said Taxes at his office in City Hall.

When a Poll Tax only is assessed, the Tax is due, and if not paid forthwith, the collector will proceed to collect the Tax as directed by the General Statutes. WARRANTS will be promptly issued for the collection of Poll Taxes.

SUMMONS, bearing costs, will be issued against delinquent Poll and Personal Tax Payers on or about November 1st.

INTEREST at the rate of seven per cent. per annum will be charged upon all Taxes which remain unpaid October 20, 1899, until the same shall be paid; and such interest shall be added to and considered a part of said Taxes. Poll Taxes are assessed upon every male inhabitant above the age of 20 years. On undivided real estate each heir is liable for the whole tax. An error in the name of the person taxed does not defeat the collection of the Tax. Each partner is liable for the whole Tax assessed under the partnership name.

If any ratable inhabitant, by removing his residence since the first day of May or from any cause should not receive his tax bill, he must consider the tax demanded by this notice and a new bill will be made out on application at the office of the City Treasurer and Collector of Taxes if a Tax has been assessed.

All who preserve their Tax Bills and bring them when they come to pay, will save the time of making a new bill and facilitate the business of the office.

THE RATE OF TAXATION FOR 1899 IS $19.00 ON $1000.

OFFICE HOURS—From 8 o'clock a. m. to 4 p. m. For the convenience of the Tax-paying public the office of the Collector will be open in the evening as follows: Mondays, Tuesdays, Fridays and Saturdays, from Oct. 9 to Oct. 14, inclusive, from 7 to 9 o'clock p. m. Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, from Oct. 16 to 20, inclusive, from 7 to 9 o'clock p. m.

Look for your Tax Bill at your place of residence, May 1st, 1899 and bring it with you.

CHARLES F. COBURN,

City Treasurer and Collector of Taxes for the City of Lowell.

When it comes to making overcoats we are right in it with the best of them for style and quality and as for price here is where we distance all our competitors. Our rent is low and we have a practical knowledge of our business. These are the plain facts of our being able to undersell our neighbors.

Call at A. M. BERTRAND,

The Fashionable Tailor, 24 MIDDLE STREET.

"GLORIA"

IS NOT A MEDICINE.

GLORIA is sold only from the bottle with GLORIA on the label. GLORIA is better and costs the dealer more than other drinks, making it tempting to sell imitations.

Our verse maker trying to get the taste of imitation out of his mouth, says:

I fear you ancient hypocrite,
I fear your skinny hand
Will pour an imitation out
And cheat me if you can.

Look out for imitation.

S. Bartlett, Agt., 160 Middlesex St.

H-O-P-S viz H-O-P-S

Just received, 1,700 pounds of fresh, kiln-dried loose hops.

Good for Hop Beer.
Good for Hop Bread.
Good for Hop Pillows.
Good for Home Brewing

These hops are strictly first class high-grade goods, raised and cured this year, on specially prepared ground, for home use, by an expert hop grower. Place your order at once, as the amount is limited.

STILES & CO.,

Charles and Central Sts., Lowell.

The Latest and Best Sewing Machine is the

"SINGER"

Oak, Maple and Mahogany Wood Work. Sixteen Millions of these Machines have been sold.

Needles and Parts for all kinds of Machines.

Old Machines taken in exchange

The Singer M'f'g. Co., 175 Middlesex Street.

PETER H. SAVAGE.

Undertaker and Funeral Director

160 WORTHEN STREET.

Telephone connection 464-4. Calls night or day promptly attended to. Carriages furnished for weddings and christenings.

3 WINNERS.

Misses' Lace Spring Heel Calf Shoes $1.00.

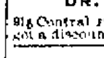
Little Gents' Crack Proof Lace Wedge Heel $1.00.

Youths' 3 Sole Lace Shoes $1.

The above are dressy and serviceable. Try a pair.

J. J. LONERGAN,

215 DUTTON ST.



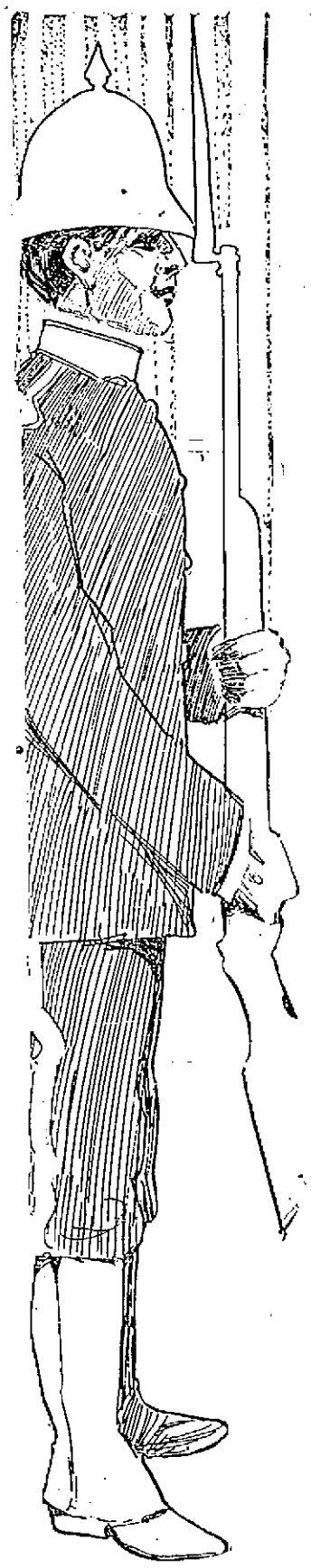
Artificial Teeth, the very best that can be made, $8.00, upper or lower. You make no mistake if you go to

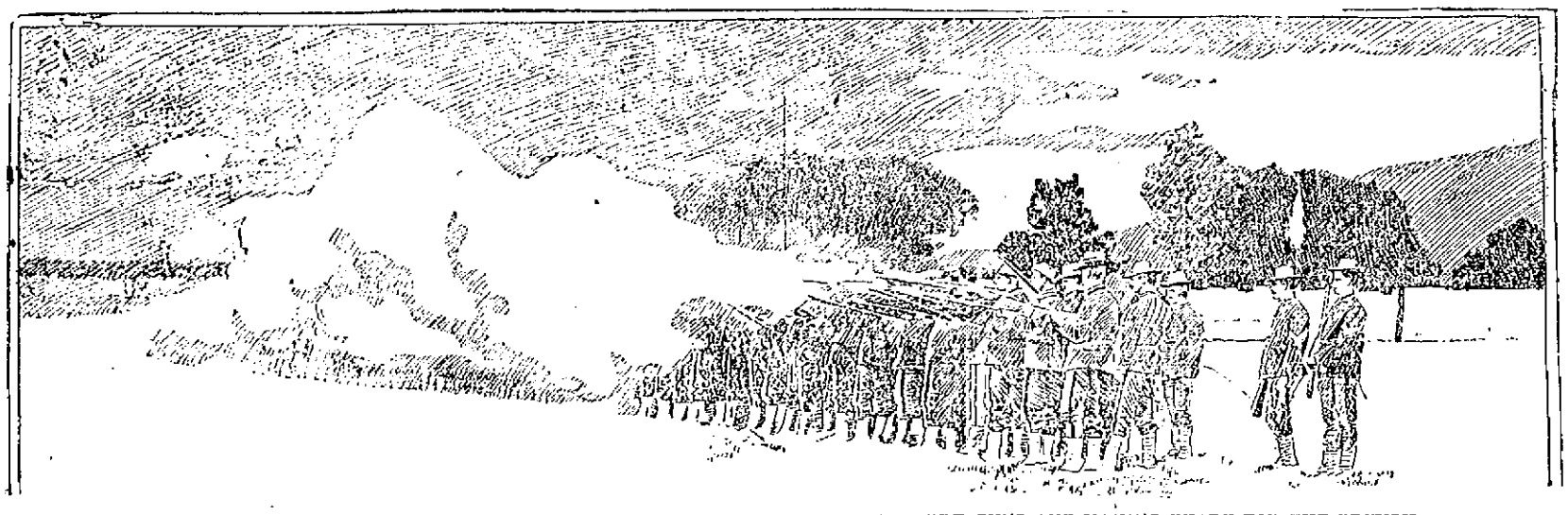
DR. SIMMONS, Dentist,

218 Central street. Mention this ad. and you get a discount.

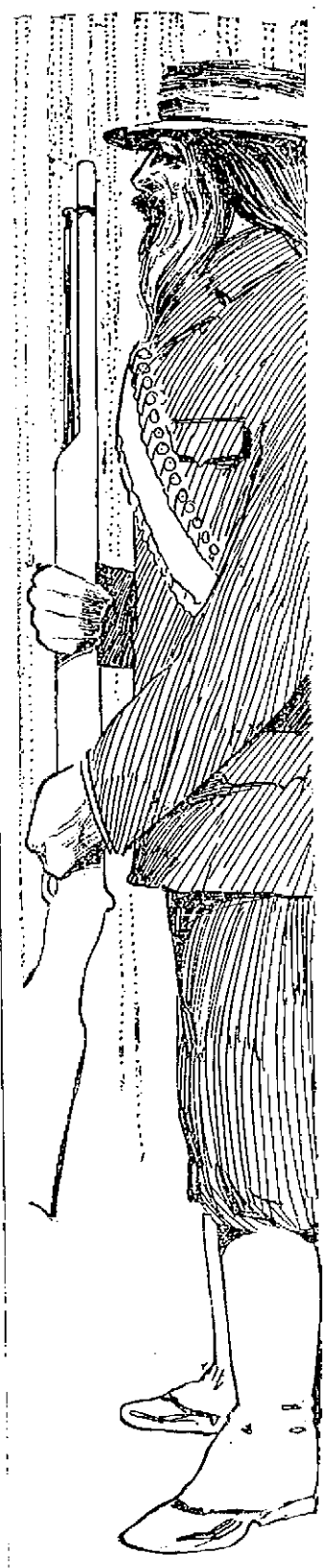
DR. WALKER DENTIST

DR. DONEHUE DENTIST





BOERS ON THE OUTSKIRTS OF PRETORIA PRACTICING WITH THEIR NEW RAPID FIRE GUNS AND MAKING READY FOR THE BRITISH.



IN .·. THE .·. TRANSVAAL .·. WITH .·. BOER .·. AND .·. UITLANDER.

The two Sides of the Great South African Question and the Troubles Which the End of the Century Must Settle Before British and Dutch can Live at Peace With Each Other in the Same Country.

The situation in South Africa, involving the English and the South African Republic, is the result of a quarrel of long standing.

In order to get a fair understanding of the situation it is necessary to know the history of the Boers. As is well known, they were originally Hollanders, who emigrated to South Africa in the middle of the seventh century. They settled in what is now Cape Colony.

The original Dutch settlers had little trouble with the negroes. When the Cape Colony went over to the English in 1806 it did not grow much. From the moment the English Government took possession of the South African colony there was a quarrel between it and the old settlers, many of whom were hanged and shot.

Finding it impossible to agree with the English Government, the larger part of the Dutch colonists left their homes, their finely cultivated farms, the dear graves of their fathers and mothers and moved further north, where the Englishman had not yet set his foot. Hardly had the colonists left their homes and cultivated enough land to feed themselves and their children when the Englishman came. He looked about and said: "This is a good country, indeed." Thereupon they cut branches from a high tree, tied upon the Boers the English collar and declared that the farmers should pay taxes, partly in money, partly in cattle, wine and other products.

The old Boers came together again. "It seems that we are again under the English collar," they said. "It seems that there is plenty of land to the North. Let us seek it."

But others held back and the Boers underwent several years of suffering before their condition became so unbearable they again left everything behind them and sought new homes where they could be free. They found a fair land and settled upon it, far away from the English. They fought with the wild beasts. They were so poor they wore no more clothing than did the natives, and their children went naked. But they were happy and at peace.

Again the English descended upon them, and finding it a good country, made a new boundary line to include it. It was the same story over again. The Boers felt that they were persecuted and there was constant quarrelling. Again it was decided to journey onward. It was decided that this time they would make such a track over the high mountains that the English could never follow them, and indeed they never did. But they reached them for all that.

The Boers journeyed for four years, spent in fighting, climbing and terrible suffering, coming at last upon the fairest land in South Africa, its paradise, what is now called Natal. But not one in ten of those who started ever reached Natal. For a long time the pilgrims lived in peace and comfort. They felt secure because they were sure no Englishmen would follow them over the mountains.

But Natal had a seaport, and one day a small schooner arrived. The captain soon found out about the beauty and richness of the new country. The English Government heard about it, and soon two men-of-war arrived at Port Natal.

A HARD STRUGGLE.

The Boers fought hard to keep their old enemy outside, but they had neither sufficient arms nor men. Yet they made a gallant struggle before they surrendered. For a long time the Boers remained in Natal under English rule. They endured the suffering because they thought they had reached the end of Africa and there was no other place where they could go.

But as before their situation became intolerable, and they determined to move again. A few of the bravest and strongest were selected to explore for other lands. After eight months a few returned and told of a land far away where there was plenty of grass for cattle and plenty of game. The greater number of the Boers elected to remain in Natal because the suffering of the last trek was fresh in their minds, but others resolved to make a journey again.

The country in which they settled was not half as good as the one they left behind. But they were frugal, hard-working and prospered. Their numbers increased so rapidly, and much land being needed for the cattle, some of them passed beyond the Vaal River, whence comes the name Transvaal, and established the South African Republic. They lived in the greatest harmony with their brethren in the Orange Free State. Sometimes one President ruled over both. They were happy and at peace. They believed that at last they had reached a land where the English could not follow.

Then came the discovery of gold, and with that their peace and happiness departed. The news quickly reached England, and people from all the world, but principally Scotch and English, rushed in by thousands. They asked the Government to set off claims and give permission to dig for gold. They mined the gold by tons and became millionaires and then returned to England to spend it.

"How much happier and more peaceful we would have been if they had never found any gold in this country!" said Oom Paul once. "The Lord has blessed us, multiplied us, given us peace and plenty. Since we found gold all this is changed. Many of us forget the dear old Bible, the daily religious service in the homes, and go hunting for gold. Tell me, what do the English do with all the gold? Do they build houses with it?"

Under the terms of the treaty of 1881 the suzerainty of Great Britain in the Transvaal was considerably restricted, and instead of a Resident at Pretoria, the British Government was to be represented by a diplomatic agent.

The treaty of peace signed in 1881 between Great Britain and the Transvaal, following the war caused by the annexation of the latter by the former, provided that self-government should be restored to the Transvaal so far as internal affairs were concerned, and the control and management of external affairs being reserved to Great Britain as suzerain.

This treaty also provided for the appointment of a British Resident at Pretoria. The republican by the Boers of the treaty of 1881 would give them control of their foreign affairs.

The side held by the Uitlanders or Uitlanders. They are English subjects, who hold that the marvelous growth of that city and of the district around it has aroused a dual antagonism. One is the antagonism of the Boers, the ruling class, against the progress and against the foreigners who are thus transforming the country. The other is the antagonism of the new settlers against the ignorant and obstinate oligarchy that would keep the country in semi-barbarism. There is in this latter no question of race, or of form of government, or of national proprietorship. The settlers have nothing against the Boers. They do not want to overthrow the Republic. They have no desire to reannex it to the British Empire. They simply want such just and reasonable treatment as will permit them to live in peace and prosperity, and will assure to them the protection and benefits of the government they are taxed to support. As most of these settlers are English, they naturally look to Great Britain for sympathy and moral support, which, of course, they are sure to get. Indeed, many Englishmen, such as the leading spirits of the British South Africa Company, will be inclined to give them much more and to intervene forcibly in their behalf.

It must be borne in mind that without British protection there would probably have been no such thing to-day as the South African Republic. Under Boer management the affairs of that country went steadily from bad to worse, until twenty-five years ago, its government was bankrupt and on the verge of dissolution. It was perfectly evident that without some foreign aid it would go to ruin altogether and relapse into barbarism. The progressive element of the people therefore asked the British Government to take it under its protection. To this appeal Great Britain, of course, promptly responded.

But a majority of the Boers were from the first opposed to the British occupation. So after two or three years of British rule they rebelled. They objected to being taxed for the support of their own government and the improvement and welfare of their own country.

There was a short war, very badly managed on the part of the British, which amounted, in fact, to a mere series of massacres, and then Mr. Gladstone decided to let the Boers have their own way. He allowed them to secede from the British Empire and to set up their own independent government, merely reserving for Great Britain a sort of suzerainty over the foreign affairs of the Republic. Since then the Boers have shown on every possible occasion the utmost conceivable hatred of the British. At the same time realizing that without foreign enterprise and foreign property-owners to tax they would soon get into as bad a plight as ever, they opened their country to settlement and invited the world to come in and occupy the land.

This invitation was promptly accepted by men of every nation. Many Americans went thither, and French and Germans. Naturally, however, on account of the close proximity of the British colonies at the Cape the great majority of the immigrants were English and Scotch. The climate of the Transvaal was known to be pleasant and salubrious and the soil rich in minerals.

There was, therefore, soon a steady procession of mining prospectors pouring in. Englishmen with English money and English enterprise swarmed into the country by thousands. They dug mines and built mills. Cities sprang up in the wilderness as if by magic. Markets were created and supplied. The Boers, who had been living a wretched hand-to-mouth existence, found themselves able to sell their cattle and crops, and their land also at fabulous prices.

In the mean time these "Uitlanders," while they are making the prosperity of the country, are compelled to remain aliens and to have no share in the government they are taxed to support or in the laws to which they are subject. They now form the great majority of the population. They pay nine-tenths of the taxes. It is their enterprise and capital that have developed the enormous mineral wealth of the country and made the name of South Africa synonymous with almost inestimable riches.

Yet they have to look on helplessly while the revenue they provide is divided up among the improvident Boers. They have no vote. They live practically under martial law. They have no police protection. No schools are provided for their children. The President of the Republic, indeed, habitually speaks of them as "his white Kaffirs," and has even addressed an audience of intelligent and honorable Englishmen as "rogues, thieves, liars and murderers." More than that, the settlers are not even allowed to hold meetings to discuss their grievances or to provide for mutual aid.

As to the franchise, it may truly be said that the settlers have no vote and are to have none for many years to come. Originally five years' residence was required to qualify a foreigner to be a voter, then the time was raised to ten years, and then to fifteen. It was again raised to twenty years, and even the children who are born to settlers while living in the Transvaal were declared to be aliens and excluded from the rights of citizenship. The penalty for any settler attempting to take part in an election is a heavy fine and a long term of imprisonment. The result of this system is that in Johannesburg, the largest and most important city in the country, while there is a population of 60,000, four-fifths of which is English or American, there are only 300 voters, and these are nearly all of the lowest class Boers, who have come into the town to work as common laborers. The city has only one representative in the Legislature, and is in all respects treated as though it were merely a settlement of 300 Boers. Its great population and enormous wealth are utterly ignored, excepting by the assessor and tax collector. The city is not even allowed to have a municipal government. Dutch is the only official language, and all citizens who have any business with government officers are compelled to use it. Even the names of the streets are put up at the street corners in Dutch, and yet there are not a thousand persons, all told, among the whole 60,000 to whom Dutch was the native tongue.

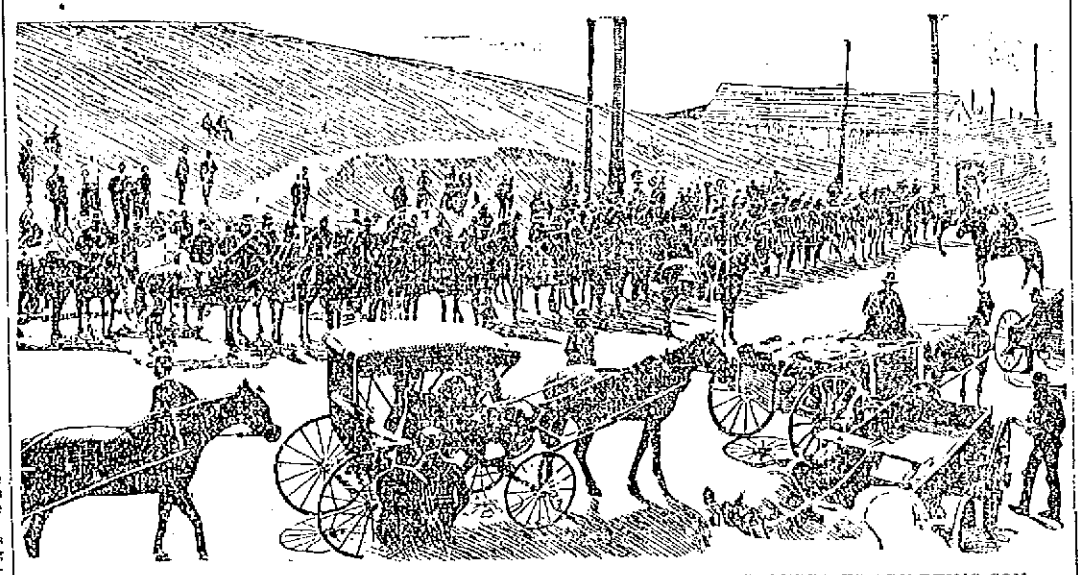
POOR POLICY.

Considering the enormous extension of the mining industry in the Transvaal and its incalculable profits to the Republic, one would certainly suppose the Government would treat it with some consideration. It furnishes nine-tenths of the public revenue, and whereas before the gold mines were opened the Government was practically bankrupt and local currency was almost worthless, the treasury now has a surplus of more than $5,000,000 a year.

Another great grievance is found in the Department of Education. Here, too, the settlers have had to take matters into their own hands, and to provide out of their own pockets for schools for their children, in addition to the heavy school tax which they already pay to the Boer Government. There are in the Rand district at least 10,000 English-speaking children, for whose tuition through any but a Dutch medium no provision is made by the Government. Dutch is the only recognized medium of education, and in the public schools English is not taught, or, if taught at all, only to a slight extent, as a foreign language. The English population some time ago proposed to establish English schools at private expense. This was denounced by the Government as little less than open rebellion, and it was actually proposed to suppress such schools by force.

As can be readily seen, these conditions have led to rebellion.

The present trouble is by far the most serious the Transvaal has ever had, and it would not be surprising if she retreated in good shape before it is too late, led by the discretion of her fine old diplomat of a President.



SCENE OUTSIDE JOHANNESBURG WHERE TROOPS ARE GATHERED AND SUPPLIES ARE BEING CONCENTRATED TO BE FORWARDED TO THE BOER OUTPOSTS IN THE HILLS.

BOER HORSEMEN GALLOPING OVER THE MOUNTAINS WHICH LIE BACK OF PRETORIA.

JAMESON'S RIDE
BY THE POET LAUREATE.

After Captain Jameson Made his Famous Raid Upon the Transvaal Alfred Austin Immortalized it in the Following Lines.

I.

"'Wrong! Is it wrong? Well, may be:
But I'm going, boys, all the same.
Do they think me a Burgher's baby,
To be scared by a scolding name?
They may argue, and prate, and order;
Go, tell them to save their breath:
Then, over the Transvaal border,
And gallop for life or death!

II.

"'Let lawyers and statesmen addle
Their pates over points of law;
If sound be our sword, and saddle,
And gun-gear, who cares one straw?
When men of our own blood pray us
To ride to their kinsfolk's aid,
Not Heaven itself shall stay us
From the rescue they call a raid.

III.

"'There are girls in the gold-reef city,
There are mothers and children, too!
And they cry, "Hurry up! for pity!"
So what can a brave man do?
If even we win they will blame us;
If we fail, they will howl and hiss.
But there's many a man lives famous
For daring a wrong like this!'

IV.

"So we forded and galloped forward
As hard as our beasts could pelt,
First eastward, then trending nor'ward,
Just over the rolling veldt;
Till we came on the Burghers lying
In a hollow with hills behind,
And their bullets came hissing, flying,
Like hail on an Arctic wind!

V.

"Right sweet is the marksman's rattle,
And sweeter the cannon's roar,
But 'tis bitterly bad to battle,
Beleaguered, and one to four.
I can tell you, it wasn't a trifle
To swarm over Krugersdorp glen,
As they plied us with round and ridle,
And ploughed us, again—and again.

VI.

"Then we made for the gold-reef city,
Retreating, but not in rout.
They had called to us 'Quick! for pity!'
And they said, 'They will sally out.
They will hear us and come. Who doubts it?'
But how if they don't, what then?
Well, worry no more about it,
But fight to the death, like men.'

VII.

"Not a soul had supped or slumbered
Since the Berderland stream was cleft;
But we fought, ever more outnumbered,
'Till we had not a cartridge left.
We're not very soft or tender,
Or given to weep for woe,
But it breaks one to have to render
One's sword to the strongest foe.

VIII.

"I suppose we were wrong, were madmen,
Still I think at the Judgment Day,
When God sifts the good from the bad men,
There'll be something more to say.
We were wrong, but we aren't half sorry,
And, as one of the hailed band,
I would rather have had that foray
Than the crushings of all the Rand."

ALFRED AUSTIN.

Swinford Old Manor, Jan. 9.

PROFESSOR-:-SCHURMANN-:-ON-:-ARBITRATION-:-FOR-:-ALL-:-NATIONS.

He Advises the United States to Substitute Arbitration for War Until it Sees how it Will Work.

"A practical politician," is what Macaulay once called Lord Disraeli.

The same definition might be applied to Jacob Gould Schurmann, the President of Cornell University, who occasionally lays down the scepter of scholarly power, the ruler; and closing the text book, goes upon a tour for the government, or accepts a political mission which plunges him for a time into the vortex of worldly troubles and turns him, for the time being, from the book worm into the man of affairs of the world.

Few persons there be thus two-sided, and evenly balanced upon either side. Yet such is Schurmann.

An Englishman by birth, first seeing the light in Prince Edward Island, forty-five years ago, and educated in Acadia, Nova Scotia, and then in Canada, young Schurmann mastered when a boy the secrets of English government as taught to the sons of England. When he went abroad he was placed in the University of London, and after matriculating there he went to Paris, there to study industriously for several terms; after which he took a course at the University of Edinburgh.

"I like Schurmann," once said a member of the diplomatic corps, "because he knows so much about every country."

And there is no reason why he should not be well informed, for the Schurmanns were so fond of education and the advantage which it gives a man over his fellows that they sent their son to Heidelberg to complete his studies in philosophy, begun in England; and finally to Italy for a special course.

BEGINNING WORK.

When he returned to America, at about the age of twenty-five, he spoke French, German and Italian fluently, and was equipped to take a collegiate position, which he immediately did, accepting the chair of English Literature and Political Economy in Acadia, Nova Scotia.

Mr. Schurmann's career in the United States began by his marriage to Miss Munro, daughter of the publisher, a woman of great wealth and beauty and of a culture equal, in a feminine way, to his. Mrs. Schurmann's sterling qualities were such as to afford great assistance to her husband morally and financially, and, with so able a stepping stone, he rose like a meteor.

At the age of thirty-eight he was the youngest college President in the United States. As the head of Cornell he found himself in a position to exercise all the great fund of knowledge he had acquired, and also to continue his studies, for he is a doctor of philosophy who, like the late Dr. McCosh of Princeton, will study to the end of his days.

Mr. Schurmann's special bent of late years has been to pursue the political and economic career of nations. He has become an expert upon the governments of the world, and is well informed upon every governmental scheme that exists.

An acquaintance with President McKinley, begun long ago, ripened into intimacy, and for the past two years Schurmann has been frequently consulted by the President upon topics of national justice.

Therefore, when the Filipino question rose, and the President found it necessary to send a commission to the Islands to determine the best form of government, he selected Mr. Schurmann as the Chairman and leader. The result of this Commission is now generally known, and the trouble between Mr. Schurmann and General Otis has become historic.

Something About the Great Man who is at Once the Counselor of Admiral Dewey and President McKinley.

SCHURMANN ON ARBITRATION.

To substitute the judicial determination of international disputes for the arbitrament of the sword is to give reason and conscience authority over brute force, thus constituting a new and a blessed epoch in the history of mankind.

This is an end for which the Government and people of the United States have always striven. It is our noblest contribution to international law. Both our moral sentiments and our material interests demand the ratification of the pending treaty. Great Britain being a European and Asiatic power, must maintain a great army and navy. We need neither.

Arbitration is the soul of our foreign policy; it can only be a single element in Great Britain's. We have forced the principle of arbitration on Lord Salisbury's government. The present treaty is the result of a direct invitation conveyed by Congress in a joint resolution.

If it fails the policy of Great Britain will resume its natural channels, but the animating spring of our relations with foreign powers will be dried up. For us to reject our own yearned-for progeny is monstrous and criminal.

It is said the treaty is not perfect. No human instrument is perfect. But this one is the result of long and careful elaboration by an able, patriotic and peerless American, who would be the last man to sacrifice any American interest. It represents such perfection as is attainable. Accordingly it has been strongly commended to Congress both by former President Cleveland and President McKinley. And the heart and judgment of the American people indorse this action of their Chief Magistrates.

But suppose it is not quite perfect. It is only an experiment for five years. We may then abrogate it or modify it in the light of experience. The cause is surely worth a trial so short and safe.

For the sake of peace on earth and good will to men, in the name of religion and humanity, on behalf of civilization and public policy of the United States, I respectfully petition the Senate to ratify the treaty.

J. G. SCHURMANN,
President of Cornell University.

PRESIDENT SCHURMANN OF CORNELL, THE MAN WHO WOULD SUBSTITUTE ARBITRATION FOR WAR WHENEVER POSSIBLE.

SOCIAL PARTIES

Many Entertainments In Various Churches

FINE CONCERT AT FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH

Harvest Supper at the Hillside Church

Last evening the First Baptist church choir, under the direction of Mr. J. Avison Baker and Mrs. W. H. Pepin, gave a concert in the vestry of the church for the benefit of Mrs. Pepin's table at the coming fair. Admission to the concert was free, but a silver collection was taken, amounting to $36.60. The program was a pleasing one comprising the folowing selections in the first part:

"Lullaby from Erminie" by the full chorus, ladies' quartet and Mrs. Pepin as soloist; solo, "Because" Mr. Oscar N. Walsh; song "Village Minstrels" Mr. Walsh with "ko-zoo" chorus; quartette, "Profundo Basso" Mrs. Pepin, Miss Reid, Mr. Walsh and Mr. Reid; bass solo, "Asleep in the Deep," Mr. Francis Burtwell.

The second part of the program was a series of little gems, being the Cradle Songs of nations, sung in costume by the following singers: Arabian, Miss Lena V. Reid; American, Miss Ruby Horne; German, Miss Ethel Hoagaboom; Russian, Miss Henderson; Italian, Miss Ethel Walsh; Scotch, Mrs. W. H. Pepin; Spanish Miss Vina Rawlinson; English, Miss Eva Smith; Japanese, Mrs. F. A. Bowen; North German, Miss Sylvia Simonds; American, Mrs. Walter Adams.

The entertainment closed with "Columbia" sung by Mr. Warren L. Reid, and the audience by invitation of Mr. Baker, gave three cheers for the red, white and blue.

BOW AND APRON PARTY.

An enjoyable bow and apron party was held in the vestry of the Central Congregational church, Chelmsford, last night. The party was under the auspices of the Ladies' Benevolent society. Each lady on entering purchased an apron which she wore during the evening and which her partner designated by a bow of the same color, as her apron, had to hem the edge. Mr. Wm. Mitchell took the first prize, Mr. Herbert Byfield second and Lawrence Marshall the booby.

There were vocal and instrumental selections throughout the evening by local and Lowell talent. Ices and cake were served during the evening.

SUPPER, SALE AND SONG.

The Ladies Aid society of the Middlesex Free Baptist church held a sale last evening which will be continued tonight for the benefit of the church. Supper was served at 6 o'clock under the direction of Mr. John Kelly and the sale was a continuous performance, carried on at several tables managed as follows:

Linen table, Mrs. Bruce and Miss Jennie Russell; domestic and fancy table, Mrs. Fernald and Mrs. Kelley; apron table, Mrs. Bowers and Mrs. Smith; mystery table, Misses Emmie Van Tassel and Jessie Bowers; flower table, Mrs. Lane and Miss Ruth Russell; pound table, Mrs. Moffatt and Mrs. Dow; candy table, Miss Goucher; pop corn table, Miss Alice Kelley.

An entertainment under the direction of Miss Alice Kelley, was given with the following program; Piano duet, Inez Turnbull and Percy Hands; solo, Miss Jessie Richardson; reading by Miss Isabella Thraves; song, Miss Lancey; piano solo, Frank Fields; reading, Miss Kittie Quinn; piano solo, Miss Bertha Hunton; duet, Misses Susie and Jessie Richardson; piano solo, Miss Inez Turnbull; reading Miss Alice Kelley; piano solo, Percy Hands; graphophone selection, Charlie Copps.

This evening there will be an entire change of program and the entertainment will be managed by Miss Jennie Russell.

AT HILLSIDE CHURCH.

A harvest supper and entertainment was held at the Hillside Congregational church in Dracut last evening. The affair was managed by the Ladies' Aid society, and proved a complete success. The walls of the vestry were prettily decorated with clusters of autumn leaves and fruits. At the rear of the platform was an arch with the inscription "Harvest" in gilt letters surrounded by autumn foliage with its varied tints and the fruits and vegetables of the fields making a very appropriate decoration.

The entertainment consisted of a family album, a series of animated portraits presented by Aunt Jerusha. In the centre of the stage was a representation of an album whose pages when opened displayed the faces of various members of the church who were Aunt Jerusha's relatives and friends. Miss Annie Tyrrell was Aunt Jerusha and Mrs. Charles Brown and Mr. Robert Thompson were callers who were entertained with descriptions of the portraits. The remarks made of the likenesses were very funny and kept the audience in good humor. The costumes were of the poke-bonnet era of architecture and although more peculiar than beautiful, aided in the effectiveness of the presentation. The participants were as follows:

Grandmother, Miss Katie Collier; mother, Mrs. A. E. Humphries; father, Chas. Hodge; Sam Dow, Alex. Slafter; Aunt Paulina, Miss Stella Hurst; Uncle John, Wallace Tucker; My John, Elmer Coburn, Darkey Joe, Martin Tucker; Our Grandchild, Leonard Tucker; Little Annie Hattie Welch; My Namesake, Myrtle Lee; My Sallie, Lizzie Ryder; My Jane, Amelia Zipper; the Twins, Vera Richardson and Luella Humphries; Uncle Jake, C. E. Brown; John Dill, Roy Humphries; granddaughter, Mrs. Robert Thompson; Parson Briggs, G. J. Sanborn; Peggy Lee, Grace Garland; Nellie Gray, Aggie Dean; bride and bridegroom, Chester Coburn and Annie Shaw; my schoolmaster, Charles Tucker; Mary Jane, Irene Averly; John's cousin's wife, Nellie Waugh; Timothy Flint, Walter Garland; Mary Ann, Lavinia Smith; Deacon Brown, F. W. Sanborn; his wife, Mary Smith, Baby Ned, Louis Eckland.

The committee in charge of the entertainment were: Mrs. J. P. Richardson and G. J. Sanborn. Musical selections were rendered during the evening by Mrs. Richardson's pupils. Supper was served, the tables being in charge of Mrs. John Smith, Mrs. Chas. Brown and Mrs. Hodge. Mrs. A. E. Humphries was chairman of the general committee which made the affair the success it was.

A BOX PARTY.

The Christian Endeavor society of the Dracut Centre church held a box party last evening in the church vestry. A good attendance was present and much enjoyment resulted. A social time was enjoyed in the early evening, games and music helping to while away the time. Piano solos were rendered by Misses Edith Kelley and Julia Fox. Refreshments were served under the direction of Mrs. Alberta Smithson and Mrs. Bernice Parker.

The boxes were auctioned off by Arthur W. Colburn after which the contents of the boxes were discussed with mutual pleasure to all. The affair was in charge of Miss Bertha Maynard.

SABREY CLUB MET.

The Sabrey club of the Eliot church Sunday school had an important meeting last evening at the home of E. Dudley Chase on Lincoln street. The club discussed the question of having an entertainment later on for the benefit of Whitman college. After the meeting an entertainment was held. Piano solos were given by Mr. Jonas Chalmers and feats of legerdemain by different members of the party. Refreshments were served.

AMERICAN WOOLEN CO.

WILL ERECT MILLS AT CONCORD JUNCTION.

William M. Wood, treasurer of the American Woolen Co., has purchased 50 acres of land at Concord Junction, and will soon begin the erection of mills for what will probably be the largest woolen goods manufacturing plant in the country. One of the mills will be 500 feet long.

A large wool storehouse will be built this fall, with a capacity for holding 25,000,000 pounds of wool, and a shoddy plant capable of making all the shoddy required by the company. Other buildings will follow later on.

Mr. Wood says:

"It is the intention of the management of the woolen combination to put themselves in an unassailable position, so far as regards the manufacturing of woolen goods, and the buildings contemplated at Concord Junction are to secure to the company all possible economies that come from concentration of machinery on an enlarged production at the lowest possible cost. There have been large orders placed for machinery of the very latest and up-to-date pattern.

The selection of Concord Junction was due to its central location as a shipping point to all the mills of the combination and for its convenience in receiving wools from the west.' "

SILVER WEDDING

CELEBRATED LAST EVENING BY MR. AND MRS. LORANGER.

Mr. and Mrs. Z. Loranger celebrated their silver wedding last evening at their home, 12 Grand street, with the assistance of many friends.

A generous purse of money was presented from a group of friends, the address being neatly made by their little daughter, Mlle. Evon Loranger. A touching address was read by their son, Louis. Mr. Charles Daoust addressed the happy couple on behalf of the friends present in a very appropriate manner.

The Rossini choir sang very finely in the early part of the evening, and later Mrs. John B. Hall and daughters, Julia and Graciale, played duets and trios on the piano; Mr. Fred Rocheville sang and gave violin solos; Arthur Weilbrenner and R. Daoust sang solos, and little Miss Bella Lavigne, 8 years of age, sang admirably and was her own accompanist in a very capable manner. Among those present were Emile Biron, Dr. Gagnon, Charles Arthur Weilbrenner, George W. Poore, E. R. Gosselin, J. A. Legault, T. Mato, Mons. Carriere, Dragon, Parthenais, Marchand and many others. The happy couple received a large number of beautiful presents.

Refreshments were served during the evening.

ANNUAL REUNION

OF FORMER PUPILS OF THE NOTRE DAME ACADEMY.

A reunion of former pupils was held yesterday afternoon at Notre Dame academy. Among those in attendance were many from out of town. The Notre Dame reading circle, under whose direction the affair was prepared, presented the following programme: Address, Miss Thomasita Smaller; vocal solo, Salve Regina, Miss Regina Guillmette, Boston; reading, Mrs. Maurice O'Mahoney, Lawrence; vocal solo, Mrs. John W. McEvoy; piano solo, Miss McSweeney, Boston; benediction; vocal solo, O. Salutaris; vocal selection, Tantum Ergo, chorus. Miss Theresa Corbett was accompanist.

SYRIANS WERE FINED.

The five Syrians who created a disturbance in Lawrence Monday in attempting to prevent a Syrian woman coming to Lowell with her cousins were fined $5 at the session of the Lawrence police court Tuesday.

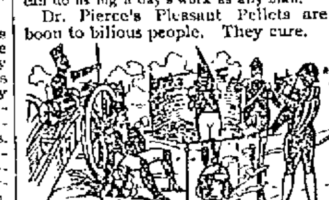
"Soup Makes the Soldier."

The great Emperor understood that primarily the soldier is a stomach. Primarily every man is a stomach. The whole body and brain are dependent for health and life upon the orderliness and completeness of the processes which go on in the stomach and allied organs of digestion and nutrition.

People who have been treated for disease of head, heart, lungs, liver, nerves or blood have often been treated in vain, until they began the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. When this medicine had healed the stomach and cleansed the blood, the other diseases disappeared.

"Six years ago last August I was attacked with malarial fever," writes Mr. Daniel A. Carter, of Yest, Rowan Co., N. C. "My spleen become enlarged, and I was in bed off and on for four years. I went to the doctors and some of them said I had dyspepsia, others said I had liver trouble. The last doctor I had called it chronic liver and stomach disease. So I paid out money and nothing did me any good. Two years ago I commenced taking Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and used ten bottles, and now I can do as big a day's work as any man."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are a boon to bilious people. They cure.



KNOWN IN LOWELL

Allen C. Fisk Stricken In Alaska

TAKEN TO SEATTLE BY MINERS

He Was Stricken With Paralysis

The following article from the Post-Intelligencer of Seattle, Washington, tells of the sad condition of a man well known in Lowell:

"There is now little doubt that the old man stricken with paralysis which has deprived him of speech and who arrived from Alaska a month ago, as told in the Post-Intelligencer at the time, is Allan C. Fisk of Cambridge, Mass.

The story of the poor unfortunate has been read both in Alaska and in Massachusetts. James F. Gray, who arrived from Alaska yesterday, brought with him some papers found in Fisk's bunk in the Dawson hospital. They show that he was a member in July, 1828, of Sahanto lodge, No. 23, A. O. U. W., of Leominster, Mass. Having lost his certificate, he made application that a new one be issued to him. The form was addressed to him at Skaguay, but was returned to the lodge uncalled for. The secretary then returned the papers to his wife, Nellie A. Fisk at Leominster, who in turn forwarded them to Alaska to her husband's proper address. In the note attached Mrs. Fisk explains that she has received no letters from her husband as yet but hopes that he will do well.

Mr. Gray also brings with him a Knights of Pythias pin which with the papers was left behind when Fisk was carried away. This information was yesterday conveyed to Isaac Korn, secretary of the local Knights of Pythias lodge, who ever since Fisk's arrival has interested himself in the case. Mr. Korn yesterday received a letter from Columbia lodge, K. of P., of Leominster in which the secretary states that he has learned of a man, whom he thinks is Fisk, being here in a helpless condition. He states that Allen C. Fisk is the man's name and that he was once a member of Columbia lodge, but was transferred to Samuel H. Hines lodge at Lowell. The letter also states that he is a Workman in good standing in Leominster and asks that everything that can be done for his comfort be furnished without delay. Mr. Fisk, it is also learned, has a son living at Brighton, Mass.

His case is a sad one. All day long he sits in his chair unable to speak or move but from the contour of his face it is evident that he is brooding over his condition and thinking of those far away, who now, since his memory has been prompted, he remembers well.

He is aware that all that can is being done for him and seems to realize that there is nothing to do but wait.

When asked if he wants to go home his face seems to lighten up as if some happy thought has been recalled. His condition is in no wise improved and probably never will be unless an operation is performed removing a blood clot from the region of the speech center of the brain. This operation will either result in the restoration of his powers or in death.

CHECKER CLUB

WILL BEGIN ITS THURSDAY EVENING ENTERTAINMENTS TONIGHT.

The Lowell Chess and Checker club will begin its Thursday evening entertainments for the public this evening at the quarters in Barristers hall, corner of Central and Merrimack streets. George W. Dearborn, the well-known master of the game, will give an exhibition of simultaneous play against all who desire to test their skill with him. This exhibition is intended for those who are not members of the club and it is hoped that the good players of the city will avail themselves of the opportunity to play against one of the finest players in the country.

To make it interesting, the club will give a copy of Lees' Guide to any who win from Mr. Dearborn, while those who draw, will also receive a suitable reward. The games will begin at 8 o'clock and the public is cordially invited.

LAST NIGHT'S ALARM.

The alarm from box 52 at 11.15 o'clock last night was for a sputtering flame caused by the rubbing of an electric wire against a tree on Moody street.

consumption reaps his richest harvest where diseases of the throat and lungs are neglected.

HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR

If you have ever tried Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar you know what a safeguard it is against throat and lung troubles. Sold by druggists.

Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

For Women.

Dr. Tolman's Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women; have never had a single failure; longest cases relieved in 2 to 5 days without fail; no other remedy will do this; no pain, no danger, no interference with work; by mail or at office $2. write for further particulars. All letters truthfully answered. Dr. E. M. TOLMAN CO., 170 Tremont St., Boston.

Beecham's pills for constipation 10¢ and 25¢. Get the book at your druggist's and go by it.

Annual sales more than 6,000,000 boxes.

Wholesale and Retail Confectioner

Tons of Pure, Fresh and Bright Candies at very Low Prices.

No. 218 Merrimack Street.

IVORINE

A Cake of Fine Toilet Soap in Every Package.

A. G. POLLARD & CO.

MERRIMACK, PALMER AND MIDDLE STREETS.

A FINE LOT OF

Remnants —OF— Cloaking

JUST RECEIVED.

About 600 yards of all wool Remnants, 54 inches wide, in the heavy winter weights of Coverts, basket mixtures of grey and browns, latest styles and worth $1.50 per yard on the piece. Lengths suitable for Jackets, Coats and heavy Storm Skirts so popular just now. Price only

79c PER YARD.

We also have a good lot of all wool Cassimeres, same purpose, at 69c. per yard.

BASEMENT.

A. G. Pollard & Co.

CREDIT TO ALL

Without Precedent

Traditional storekeeping has followed into retirement many another idea that the world has outgrown.

No merchant owns his trade. No sensible person will in these days buy goods of anybody merely upon sentiment or past experience. The demand is that the merchant shall be up-to-date at every point. Keen public sense comprehends the best and rewards it. We are up-to-date in prices, qualities and terms.

Ladies' Jackets, Capes, Skirts and Waists; Ladies' Trimmed Hats and Furs; Misses' and Children's Reefers; Men's and Boys' Suits and Overcoats.

New goods are coming every day. It is a peerless collection. We will be gleased to have you choose of it and have it charged. A little each week will pay your bill.

Caesar Misch

ODD - FELLOWS - BLOCK
78 MIDDLESEX ST., LOWELL.

A. STRAUSS, Manager.

STRONG AGAIN!

WHEN IN DOUBT, TRY Sexine Pills

They have stood the test of years, and have cured thousands of cases of Nervous Diseases, such as Debility, Dizziness, Sleeplessness and Varicocele, Atrophy, &c. They clear the brain, strengthen the circulation, make digestion perfect, and impart a healthy vigor to the whole being. All drains and losses are checked permanently. Unless patients are properly cured, their condition often worries them into Insanity, Consumption or Death. Mailed sealed. Price $1 per box; 6 boxes, with iron-clad legal guarantee to cure or refund the money, $5.00. Send for free book. Address, PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.

Sold at Goodale's Drug Store, the best and cheapest place in Lowell for drugs and medicines, 217 CENTRAL STREET.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Ten R. I. P. A. N. S. for five cents at druggists. One gives relief.

WAGONS—I will sell a high grade Democrat, Concord, top buggy and square wagon, less than cost, also new and second-hand wagons and carriages very low. Lauby, 69 Robbins street.

FOR SALE—In Belvidere, cottage house, small barn and large lot of land; this is a bargain. Price $1260. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—On the Boulevard and Varnum avenue, some of the best building lots in Lowell for a home. Very low and on easy terms. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—At a low price, cottage house with large lot of land near Salem street. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central st.

FOR SALE—On Moody street, one of the best boarding and lodging houses in Lowell. Lots of boarders and a good place to make money. Price very low. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—On line of cars, small farm of 10 acres of good land with lots of fruit, fair house and barn. Price only $800. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—On Bridge street, good house of 10 rooms, good sized lot of land. Price only $2000. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DRESSMAKING—Cloaks and Suits made and repaired. Ready made skirts for sale. Mrs. Addie Boucher, 24 Gorham street.

MICHAEL GROSSE, the Original and Celebrated Whistler will furnish music with the finest Hurdy-Gurdy in the country. The best of dancing music that can be had and the latest music plays for dances, parties, fairs, etc. at reasonable rates. Michael Grosse, 35 Tyler street, Lowell.

LEONA—Celebrated card reader and palmist, has returned, can be consulted on love, marriage and business at 7 Merrimack street, room 7.

MADAM VONNIE the celebrated palmist and life reader reveals past, present and future. Call and be convinced, 50 Elliot street. Ladies, 25c; gentlemen, $1.00. Office hours from 2 p. m. until 9 p. m.

MRS LAUGHLIN, late of New York, the wonderful seer, born with a double veil, can be consulted on all affairs of life, at 119 Merrimack street, for a short time only. Hours 10 to 10. Sittings, 50c. Card reading, 25c. Sittings by mail, $1.00.

DR. J. H. Ireton of 101 Grand street has removed to 32 Jackson street.

SPOT Cash and highest prices for secondhand furniture at 123 Merrimack street. Tel. 656-4.

WATER CLOSETS and bath tubs from $5 up. All first class plumbing at lowest prices. J. H. Burry, 155 Market street.

MONEY LOANED TO SALARIED PEOPLE AND RETAIL MERCHANTS, upon their own names, without security, easy payments. TOLMAN, room 26, Associate Building.

WE WILL EITHER buy or store second hand furniture at No. 50 Charles street. When we buy we pay the highest price and make a specialty of antique pieces. Will be on premises every day from 2 to 6 p. m. E. O'Heir, attorney.

RUBBER STAMPS — At wholesale prices. 1 inch one line stamps 10; 1½ inch 15c; 25c ink pads 15c; 25c ink pads 15c; 50c linen markers 25c; business stamps 15c. per line. J. M. Fellows, 168 Merrimack street.

A WONDERFUL WOMAN.

Madam Oler, the clairvoyant, the queen of life readers, the most marvelous of all marvels, nothing like it ever witnessed before. Madam Oler is not to be thought of in connection with that class who use a real or nominal power of clairvoyants as a means of misleading or deceiving the public.

No matter what troubles you may have with yourself or others, come and she will guide you, she will advise you with a certainty by a higher than human power.

Honest, fearless and capable, she is the foremost medium of the day.

Her readings are most wonderful and of the highest order. The troubled and unfortunate should seek her counsel. Thousands long separated have been reunited by her efforts. Call and be convinced of her superior power. Advice on business, love and marriage, law suits, divorces, death. Uniting the separated, restoring lost love. Not one failure. I am at the Bon Marche. Room 41. Take the Elevator. From 9 to 9. Sundays, 2 till 9.

$1.00 reading this week, 50c.

THE LOWELL

Gas Light Company

Office, 22 Shattuck St., Cor. Middle.

SEWALL G. MACK, President; JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; E. E. RAYMOND, Clerk.

DIRECTORS—Sewall G. Mack, Levi Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Cumnock, George S. Motley, Edward M. Tucke, Edward N. Burke.

Price of Gas with the discount off for prompt payment, is

$1.00 ONE THOUSAND FEET.

First class Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year, piping included. Coke broken, screened and delivered at $4.00 per chaldron, $2.25 per half chaldron, cash. No charge made for the use of meters. No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar. Orders when left at office promptly attended to.

Peter J. Brady, Grocer.

NEW STORE:

Cor. Gorham and South Highland Streets.

Choice Teas, Coffees, and Spices

Try our New Brands of Flour, the Best in the City, "The King Arthur," "Crown of Gold," and Banquet."

Decorative China

NEW LOT. NEW DESIGNS.

Medallia Perle	55c
Medallia Elite	85c
Teapot Marquis	98c
Sugar Marquis	60c
Cream Marquis	45c
Salad	$1.50
Goblet Harvard	$1.50
Cordial Madeira	14c
Rose Jar	40c
Coffee Pot Perle	$1.20
Loving Cup	$1.35
Loving Cup	60c

C. B. COBURN & CO.

63 Market St.

WANTED.

WANTED—Good carriage wood worker. Apply at B. A. Stanley's, Charles st.

WANTED—House Girls at the Employment office, 584 Gorham street.

$10 A DAY CAN BE MADE CLIPPING Horses with our New Bicycle Clipper Attachment. Fits any bicycle. Price $6.76. Anyone can clip with it. Send for catalogue. It will pay young men to investigate this. Chicago Flexible Shaft Co., 155 Huron Street, Chicago or 97 Chambers street, New York.

WANTED—Woman with dependent family wishes position of trust, would take charge of store and have use of a few unfurnished rooms connected with same in part payment. Experienced nurse or housekeeper. Good references. Apply at 18 Walnut street.

WANTED—A Good Wife—A gentleman with four children, ages 8, 10, 13 and 15, wishes to correspond with a good and respectable lady of about 35 or 40 years of age, has a good home in town and a farm in the country. Please write and send photo of self and state your circumstances. Address to Box 117, Copemish, Michigan.

WOMEN Weavers wanted at once on satinet; either families or single women. Steady work. Good pay. Inexperienced families will be taken in and learned or families who have worked in cotton mills. Address R. M. Co., Box 285, Worcester, Mass.

WANTED—Experienced house girl. Must be capable and neat. No other need apply. Call at Sun office.

WANTED—Stone Masons and derrick men at once. Apply 64 Middlesex street, room 1, this afternoon or evening, W. H. Ward.

WANTED—Thomas Dunn, 154 Merrimack street, opposite Bon Marche, wants reliable domestic help, all nationalities, white or colored.

WHEN you want a nice stiff hat and nice fit, come to De Lorme, 261 Middlesex street.

WANTED—Salesman drumming lithographers, printers, etc., can add line whereon N. Y. man earns $1800 yearly. Free outfit. P. O. 1371, New York.

WANTED— Old and young men to bring their old hats to Delorme, the hatter, the only hater in town where they make hats to order. 261 Middlesex street.

CALL AT GONZALES, the Cutler, 123 Gorham street, if you want a first-class razor or strap. He has the new Xavier razor which excels all others. Razors concaved and honed.

LADIES—Chichester English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best, safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c in stamps for particulars. "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

TO LET.

TENEMENT—Of five rooms, 43 Fremont street. Rent $7. Call 63 Central street, room 7.

TO LET—Tenement of 6 rooms at 103 Powell street, near Shaw's Hosiery. Inquire at 103 Powell street.

TO LET—A pleasant room where the sun shines in all day, suitable for an invalid lady. Furnace heat, bath, hot and cold water, corner of Tolman avenue and Mammoth road. Rent reasonable. The lady of the house is a trained nurse.

TO LET—Some first-class tenements in all parts of the city. Apply to A. O. Beharrell, Room 5, Bon Marche Block.

TO LET—A convenient 4-room tenement. Inquire at 72 Chestnut street.

JOHN W. McEVOY, 137 Central St. Opposite American House, COUNSELLOR—AT—LAW.

LOTHROP & CUNNINGHAM, 182 Merrimack street, PHOTOGRAPHERS

W. A. LEW, 49 John St. CLOTHING CLEANED, DYED AND PRESSED

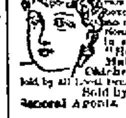
J. M. KINGSBURY, No. 373 Bridge St. MEATS AND PROVISIONS

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A gold watch with monogram L. S. Saturday afternoon between Merrimack and Central street. Finder return to 7 Clark street and receive reward.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS



Original and Only Genuine. SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Sold by all Local Druggists. PHILADA., PA. Sold by Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., General Agents. Boston, Mass.

INCANDESCENT GAS LAMPS and MANTLES, BURNERS, SHADES, CHIMNEYS AND GLASSWARE.

Wholesale and Retail.

BARTLETT & DOW

216 Central Street.

Our Pocketbook Dept

A very large line of Books just received. It will pay you to step in. You're sure to get just the kind wanted.

J. D. Grant

The Reliable Jeweller,

No. 64 Merrimack Street.

This is the Season for Ball Parties and Weddings

And of course it is quite necessary to have a supply of sweet bread for these occasion, and Peter Watson's, the king baker of the city, is the place to get your Bakery Supplies. There is none better in the city than you can get at

PETER WATSON'S Home Made Bakeries

52 to 60 Charles St., 46 Lawrence St.

The Easy Food

Easy to Buy, Easy to Cook, Easy to Eat, Easy to Digest

Quaker Oats

At all grocers in 2-lb. pkgs. only

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE SUN ON SALE IN BOSTON.

The five o'clock edition of The Sun is on sale at the news stand in the Union Station, Boston.

V. A. MARET.

Merchant-Tailor, Dyeing, Cleansing, Repairing, Pressing, etc. Goods called for and returned. 49 Cheever street, Lowell.

YOUR SUGAR BILL

Will be much less if you trade with us. 20 lbs. best granulated for $1.00. Delivered free to our tea and coffee customers. Dickson Bros., 65 Merrimack street.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS AND DRAFTS

Steamship tickets to and from Boston, New York, Queenstown, Liverpool and all parts of the world sold on the Cunard Dominion, White Star, American Anchor, Allan, French and German lines. Drafts issued for £1 and upwards on Ireland, England and all parts of Europe. English sovereigns bought and sold at Murphy's, steamship agency, 18 Appleton street.

LOCAL NEWS.

Try Horne's Coal.

BURN WILSON'S COAL.

Hot advertising—Stanley's coal.

Have you had Pelham cigars?

Dress Suit cases at Devine's,55 Mer'k.

Coat Maker Wanted, 49 Cheever St. Telephone 823-3.

Elegant rubber tired hacks at O'Donnell's. Telephone, 394-4.

Just received 200 Golf Capes at Boston suit and cloak store, 225 Merrimack street.

W. E. Livingston receives shipments almost daily of the best grades of freshly mined coal. Place your orders with him today for the coming winter.

City treasurer's office will be open for receipt of taxes on the evenings of Monday, Tuesday, Friday and Saturday, Oct. 9, 10, 13 and 14, and on evenings of Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday Thursday and Friday, Oct. 16 to 20, inclusive from 7 to 9.

CONDUCTOR MURPHY IMPROVING.

Conductor Jacob Murphy is resting more comfortable at his home in Billerica.He expressed his thanks for the flowers, letters and many other expressions of esteem he has received from his friends. A consultation of doctors was recently held on his case and measures were taken which will probably bring relief.

TO RAILWAY OFFICIALS.

North Chelmsford, Oct. 19, 1899.

Editor of Sun:

I would like to ask the officials of the Lowell and Suburban Street Railway Co., through your columns, why there is not a car leaving North Chelmsford between 5.65 a. m. and 6.37 a. m.

Passengers who desire to reach Merrimack square at 7 o'clock must take the 5.55 and arrive in Lowell 6.25.

ENQUIRER.

STAKEHOLDER SKIPPED

LOWELL MAN TRIED TO SAVE HIS BETTERS.

The Lowell sports who went to New York Monday feeling so sure that Geo. Gardiner would defeat Jimmy Handler that they wagered $275 on him, not only lost their money, but one of the Lowell men who was stakeholder tried to prevent those who wagered on Handler from getting the money they fairly won

When the stakeholder saw Tom O'Rourke acknowledge defeat for Gardiner he ran from the club house with the Handler betters in pursuit. They caught the stakeholder after quite a chase and they were tussling for the money when the police arrived on the scene.

An effort was made to have the stakeholder committed on the charge of robbery, but he was charged with assault and battery. The money was placed in the hands of the police and the stakeholder was bailed to appear in court Tuesday, which he failed to do. The police are still holding the bets and will let the court decide who is entitled to the money.

SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL

The meeting of Lady Franklin Council, No. 17, D. of L., was largely attended last evening. After the business meeting a cobweb party was held, it being given by Mrs. Brett. The prizes were awarded to Mrs. Currier, first prize; Mrs. Schofield, second prize; Mrs. Buchanan, third prize; Mrs. Sawyer, fourth prize; Mrs. Stiles, fifth prize; Mrs. Adams, sixth prize.

Routine business only was transacted at the regular meeting of Mechanics Lodge, I. O. O. F.

Three candidates were initiated at the regular meeting of Court City of Lowell, F. of A., last night. Arrangements were completed for the smoke talk to be held at their next meeting.

At the regular meeting of Post 120, G. A. R., last evening, one candidate was initiated. Reports were also read by many members on the Dewey celebration at Boston last week, and this was the only post in the city to turn out a good delegation.

The degree staff of Lowell Commandery, Knights of Malta, has accepted an invitation to visit Lawrence and confer the Malta degree upon several candidates for Bethlehem Commandery of that city. No date has been set for the visitation, but it will probably take place in the near future. The local staff is one of the finest in the state and the invitation is a just tribute to their impressive floor work. Quite a contingent from the local commandery will accompany the staff.

The members of Chevalier Lodge, K. of P., were entertained in a royal manner last evening by ex-Alderman Geo. C. Evans, at his home on Thirteenth street. Refreshments were served and a general good sociable time was the order of the evening.

At the business meeting of the lodge prior to the visit to Brother Evans', the rank of esquire was conferred upon three candidates by the staff of S. H. Hines Lodge. The grand chancellor suite and the deputy will be present at the next meeting, Nov. 1st, at which time the rank of knight will be worked upon the three candidates.

RECEIVED FRIENDS.

In their new home, 51 Eighteenth street, Dr. and Mrs. J. D. Donehue gave their first at home last evening. There was a large number of friends and relatives present to congratulate the happy pair. Dr. and Mrs. Donehue have just returned from a wedding tour in the South, and the warm welcome which they received was ample evidence of the esteem in which they are held by a wide circle of friends. The reception lasted from 8 till 10 o'clock. The young couple were assisted in receiving by Miss Margaret McCluskey and Miss Mary Whelley. The D. L. Page company catered.

There was a pleasant informal gathering of the members of the Kirk Street church last evening at the new home of Rev. Mr. Bartlett on Gibson street. The event was of an informal character and a large number called during the evening.

Interest on taxes will begin after Friday, Oct. 20.

Dr. Coburn DENTIST 81 MERK ST.

E. J. McNALLY, MANAGER OF PALMER FOOTBALL TEAM.

FOOT BALL DOINGS

Champion Palmers' Record of Last Year

IS LIKELY TO BE SURPASSED

By the Champions This Season

In the champion Palmer eleven, Lowell has one of the strongest football aggregations in the state. The champions are easily the best team Lowell has ever produced.

While the Palmers as a team have been in existence only three years, yet during that short period of time they have made an enviable record. They were hardly heard of the first season they played but last year they went through the entire season without sustaining a single defeat, yet they met and defeated all the strong local teams, including the champion Glenmores. The Glenmores were defeated twice by the Palmers. By these victories the Palmers became the champions of the city.

Thus far this season the champions have played two games. In the first one they had as their opponents the crack Riverside eleven of Lawrence. The game was played at the down river city and the Palmers had little difficulty winning, the final score standing 12 to 0 in their favor. The victory is significant, when it is considered that it was the Lawrence eleven's first defeat in three years. But in the Palmers, they met more than their match.

The second game was played last Saturday at Fitchburg against the strong Y. M. C. I. team of that city. While either eleven failed to score, yet the local champions outplayed their opponents and had they been given any kind of a fair deal by the referee, a victory would have come to them easily.

Even with the roast they received at the hands of the referee, the local boys prevented their Fitchburg opponents scoring.

If these two games are to be taken as criterions, the champions this year are playing even faster than ever, and bid fair to surpass their remarkable record of last season. It is their intention to play all teams desiring games with them and many out-of-town teams will be brought here for games with the champions.

Edward J. McNally is the name of the hustling young manager of the Palmers. He is a hustler in every sense of the word and is well qualified for the position he fills. He also plays on the team quite frequently and is a good one, too. He managed the eleven last season and deserves no small share of the credit for the team's fine showing.

"Pete" Reagan is captain of the eleven He is the crack young basket ball player, who is considered one of the finest in the state. There are few people in Lowell who have not heard of "Pete" Reagan "Pete" seems to be a natural athlete and he can play football as good as he can basket ball. For the Palmers he plays quarter back, at which position he is classed as one of the best in the state.

One of the best players with the champions is Taylor, who only joined the eleven this season. He plays right tackle and is simply a crackerjack. Taylor has not been in Lowell long and is considered the finest all-round football player ever seen in this city. He is a strong addition to the team.

The half backs are Mike Qualey and Dan Murphy, both of whom are excellent players and fill their positions very satisfactorily.

The full back is little Tommy Qualey, the well known baseball player. At full back, Qualey's superior cannot be found in this vicinity. He is an excellent punter and a fine goal kicker.

"Punk" Ryan and Jimmy Harrington are the ends. Ryan played with the team last season, but Harrington joined the aggregation this season. Last year he played half back on the Almont team and is a very clever player. He strengthens the champions considerably and can give satisfaction in almost any position he is played.

The tackles are Taylor and "Bill" Kelleher. Kelleher is the well known basket ball player. He is an equally fine football player and at tackle can't be beat.

The guards are Donnelly and Jerry Reagan. They are both strong players and make good guards.

Cochran is the centre and a better man in the position cannot be found in Lowell.

All things considered there is no reason apparent why the record of the Palmers this season should not be even better than last year's, inasmuch as the team has been considerably strengthened and the boys are playing better than ever.

PETE REAGAN, CAPTAIN OF PALMER FOOTBALL TEAM

MATRIMONIAL.

Mr. Charles Dearborn Paige, president of the common council, and local freight agent for the Boston and Maine railroad, and Miss Lillian Gray Stewart, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Stewart of 45 Thirteenth street, were united in matrimony last night at 6.30 o'clock at the First Universalist church, the pastor, Rev. C. E. Fisher, performing the matrimonial ceremony, the revised Episcopal form of ceremony being used.

The maid of honor was Miss Adelaide Hardy of Newark, N. J., cousin of the bride. There were four bridesmaids, Miss Gertrude G. Knowlton of Hudson, Mass.; Mis Annie Smart of Andover, cousin of the bride; Miss Ellen E. Bean and Miss Agnes Bailey of Lowell. Mr. Myron L. Paige, brother of the groom was best man.

The bride looked charming in a costume of white duchess satin with lace trimming and carried lilies of the valley. The maid of honor and the bridesmaids wore mousseline de soie and carried yellow chrysanthemums.

The ushers at the house and at the church were: Mr. George A. Stewart, Mr. William J. Freeman, Mr. Fred W. Coburn and Mr. Marion S. Clark.

The bridal party entered the church to the inspiring strains of Lohengrin played by George F. Hamer, organist of the Unitarian church and proceeded up the left aisle, the bride leaning on the arm of her father, and joined the groom who was in waiting at the altar. The bridal party left the church by way of the middle aisle amid showers of congratulations and the sweet strains of Mendelssohns wedding march.

The decorations in the church were decidedly pretty. The pulpit was bountifully banked with palms, chrysanthemums and various other plants and the seats were festooned with white ribbons and the favorite yellow chrysanthemums.

The groom's favor to the ushers were gold cuff buttons with their monograms inscribed. The bride's favor to her maid of honor and bridesmaids were brooches set in pearls and diamonds.

Immediately following the ceremony a reception was tendered the friends and relatives of the contracting parties at the home of the bride's parents. The wedding supper was served by the D. L. Page company.

Mr. and Mrs. Paige were the recipients of a most generous number of wedding gifts, rich and practical. Mr. Paige was remembered by the members of the city council, who sent a beautiful Haviland china tea set; also by the clerks in the freight office.

Among the many out-of-town guests present were: Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Smart, Mr. and Mrs. George A. Stewart and Mrs. Charlotte Barnett of Andover; Mrs. Keith of Bridgewater; Mrs. John Keith, Mrs. Thurlow, Miss Thurlow and Mr. Leon Thurlow of Boston and Miss Sallie Davis of Asheton, N. C.

Mr. and Mrs. Paige left Lowell on a late train for an extended wedding tour, destination unknown.

CHASE—HURD.

Mr. David Chase, city auditor, and Mrs. Rosina R. Hurd, were united in marriage yesterday afternoon at the residence of Rev. C. E. Fisher, pastor of the Universalist church. It was a quiet affair. Mr. and Mrs. Chase will reside on Fourth street.

PERRY—BLANCHARD.

Edward E. Perry, clerk for F. D. Munn & Co., wholesale grocers, was married at Methuen last night to Miss Lillian M. Blanchard, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Blanchard of that place. A number of the Lowell friends of the groom were present and the couple received hearty congratulations.

O'BRIEN—MULDOON.

Mr. Edward E. O'Brien and Miss Della E. Muldoon, oldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Muldoon were married at 6 o'clock last evening at the Sacred Heart church. The ceremony was solemnized by Rev. Fr. Reynolds, O. M. I. The bridesmaid was Miss Margaret A. Muldoon, sister of the bride. The bride was attired in violet colored silk and carried bride's roses. The bridesmaid wore a costume of white Swiss and carried Jack roses. The best man was Mr. George LeClaire. Immediately following the ceremony a reception was held at the home of the bride's parents, 427 Lincoln street. At the reception were friends and relatives of the contracting parties including people from Boston, New York, Salem, Worcester, Concord and Washington. The happy young couple were the recipients of many elegant and costly wedding gifts. Mr. and Mrs. O'Brien left Lowell on a late train bound for Montreal and other Canadian cities where their honeymoon will be spent. They will be at home to their friends at 6 Carter street after Nov. 15.

L. L. & H. RAILROAD

Wants to Lease the Lowell & Suburban

A meeting of the directors of the Lowell & Suburban railroad will be held a week from Thursday to take action upon the proposition of the Lowell, Lawrence & Haverhill railroad to lease the plant, stock, franchise, etc, of the Lowell & Suburban road.

LOWELL HIGH VS. NASHUA HIGH.

The Lowell high school team will play its second game of the season at the fair grounds Friday afternoon, and will have for their opponents the Nashua high team. The game promises to be a good one. If the local boys win the game they will be tied for first honors with the Manchesters,and when they meet the latter team they hope to defeat them

MUSIC HALL.

"An American Girl" is booked for the last three nights of the week and Saturday matinee at Music hall. At the present time a play founded on the character of the bright, vivacious American girl, is particularly apropos, and a natural and realistic stage production must perforce appeal to all followers of contemporaneous history. A. Q. Scammon, an experienced and energetic purveyor of theatrical amusements, realizing the possibilities of the subject, interviewed several American dramatists, and the result, judging from advanced copies of extended criticism, is certainly flattering to his managerial foresight. He states that that production has received his personal supervision, every detail being attended to with most scrupulous fidelity. A strong cast will be seen, headed by George F. Hall, virile and versatile, the successful exponent of legitimate comedy, and for the past three years the popular star of Hoyt's "Bunch of Keys."

A CARD.

Miss Sarah Brock, the well-known saleslady who for the past nine years has been with the New York Suit and Cloak store, has been engaged to take charge of the salesroom of the Boston Cloak and Suit store, where she will be pleased to see all her friends and customers, at 223 Merrimack street.

PRINT CLOTH.

The print cloth market continues strong. The demand is greater than the mills care to meet at the prices named. Orders are in plenty, but the quotation must be lifted before these are accepted. As an instance of the rise in odd goods it need but be stated that the scale of 35½ inch 61 squares at 4½ cents was 13-16 cents better than the price at which the goods sold at in August.

AN IMPOSTER

WHO REPRESENTS HIMSELF AS GOV. AMES' SON IN FITCHBURG.

The following dispatch from Fitchburg under date of Oct. 18 has been received:

"A young man claiming to be a son of Maj-Gen. Ames, U. S. A. (retired) is trying to enlist sympathy for the Boers among the Irish people here and offers $50 bounty and good wages, equipments and other prospective rewards."

Gen Ames in speaking of the dispatch states that he is undoubtedly the Maj-Gen. Ames referred to but states that the man in Fitchburg is an impostor so far as he is concerned.

Gen. Ames has two sons, Lieut. Col. Butler Ames who is in Lowell and Adelbert, aged 19 years, who is pursuing his studies at Harvard.

BOWLING NEWS

The Wamesits and Wannalancits were the contestants at the Wamesit bowling alleys last night. Both showed low scores, but the game was an interesting one with the former having the better of it in the first two strings. In the final string the victors weakened but they were too much in the lead to lose. The Wamesits have three points placed to their credit by the victory. Summary:

WAMESITS.

Adams	130	134	120—384	1	13	7
McCormick	137	161	191—192	9	14	5
Dearth	152	191	161—517	9	15	3
Merrill	175	143	172—470	8	10	6
Gregory	157	150	157—504	6	17	1
Totals	741	822	801-2367	33	68	25

WANNALANCITS.

Barton	178	135	97—411	4	10	11
Kittredge	139	172	163—481	4	18	3
Mansur	134	166	135—435	6	11	10
Fowler	165	129	170—464	6	15	3
Murphy	144	150	128—412	7	8	9
Totals	767	713	693-2213	27	62	35

SYNOPSIS OF SANITARY BULLETIN FOR LOWELL FOR SEPT. 1899.

Deaths during the month of September, 1899		143
Population estimated at		88,641
Rate per 1000 inhabitants		15.92
Males		67
Females		76
Comparative mortality and death rate for September	1899	1898
Deaths	143	7[illegible]
Population estimated at	88,641	87,[illegible]
Death rate per 1000	15.92	[illegible]
Per cent. in five years	52	57
Per cent. in zymotic class	31	20
Per cent. in zymotic class, including tubercular diseases	45	23
Contagious disease reported:		
Diphtheria	6	5
Croup	1	1
Scarlet fever	7	23
Measles	5	0
Typhoid fever	6	26

Col. Frederick T. Walsh of this city was one of the ushers at the Sprague-Shaw wedding at [illegible] Tuesday evening.

Miss Bessie Smith of Middlesex village has returned from an extended visit to Detroit, Mich.

Mr. DeLafayette Robinson, the new assistant postmaster at Manchester began his labors Monday.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS

The most valuable medicine for all Stomach Ills is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. It has hundreds of dangerous imitators. Be sure you get the genuine if you want to get rid of dyspepsia or any stomach ill.

HEATED POLITICS

Rep. Cluer's Lame Explanation Won't Do

GEORGE POORE MAKES A DISCOVERY

The Hood School Re-enters Politics

WITH ED. LACHANCE FOR COUNCILMAN

Other Newsy Notes of the Politicians

Rep. A. H. Cluer of ward six has seen the handwriting on the wall even as his irate party saw his on the Sherman nomination papers and the doom of Cluer in the 26th district is as certain as that of his confrere, Dick Dobbins.

"A republican who would sign nomination papers after the caucuses had decided upon the choice of the party ought to be kicked out of the party," was the unmistakable manner in which no less a personage than George H. Marston stigmatized such action at the Lincoln club rally, a few evenings ago. If a common republican deserves such a fate, what must be in store for the republican candidate for the legislature who would commit such an disloyal act.

Rep. Cluer in the morning papers yesterday vainly attempted to save himself by stating that he didn't know the nature of the petition when he signed it and that he afterward erased his name from it. But it would appear that his explanation injures him further rather than helping his case for a man who will place his signature to a petition without learning its nature is liable to vote on important measures in the legislature without ascertaining their import, and as a result vote wrongly. Cluer's explanations have come too late to square him for his action and he is doomed with Dobbins.

Nothing could be more touching than the consideration displayed by Butler Ames for his constituents at the 27th district convention a few days ago when he offered to grant any "little favors" that they might ask later on, explaining what "little favors" might be, by assuring them that he would be pleased to furnish them with state house pamphlets and reports. The gallant soldier-yachtsman doesn't understand his constituents if he takes them for a collection of "Rubes" who will be satisfied with papers that any one might apply for and get.

Messrs. Sparks and Riordan in the 27th district will surprise their republican friends this fall. Both are above criticism and have a united party behind them while the republicans of that district are badly split.

Col. Jim Bennett is coming down town more of late and his promising young employe, Mr. Timmins is around among the boys. The colonel is feeling well, he says, and has had his ear to the ground without getting it frostbitten. He isn't saying much except perhaps, "How's Putnam?" which means that the colonel has something up his sleeve. His sleeve is a wide one by the way and can accommodate something big.

It is safe to predict that ex-Representative James P. Ramsay has severed himself completely and for all time from the good graces of the republicans of Chelmsford, Tyngsboro and Dunstable by his second successful attempt to deny them their just representation. What affects one town affects all three and who makes an enemy of one in politics has all three against him. The statement that because the town of Chelmsford had a democratic representative his term should be considered one of the three, apportioned to Chelmsford by the republicans is too ridiculous a claim to be taken in by even the most mossback of woodsmen that even bought a gold brick, not to speak of an intelligent and up-to-date delegation of suburban republicans and if Representative Quigley's chances for re-election were never before strong, they are today, too strong to be overcome by any work that the city republicans can put in against him. The towns hold the balance of power in that district and while the republicans of the city wards rob them they will throw that balance on the democratic side, the only proper thing for them to do.

Rep. Frank P. Bennett of Saugus made another visit to Lowell yesterday and met many leading republicans some of whom assured him that they would assist him in his contest for the speakership of the house. Mr. Bennett came here during the Middlesex fair and made friends. He is set upon the speakership, even as Bill Hayes was, although he will be given a chance to be defeated, which was not even accorded to Bill.

The bitter fight of certain republicans against Mr. Sherman who is running on nomination papers will only serve to gain votes for him. Meanwhile Lieut. Gardner W. Pearson, the democratic candidate is canvassing the district with assurances of good support. The democratic party is united for him, all reports to the contrary notwithstanding which is more than Mr. Hanson's friends can say for the republican party.

Mr. Editor: Kindly allow me space in your valuable paper to mention the candidacy of Mr. John J. Roarke for the common council in ward four. Mr. Roarke is a man of experience having served two years and is a good democrat. He is the right man for the position. Respectfully,

WARD FOUR.

Michael Riley is a candidate for the common council in ward two. He tried it once before and made an excellent showing and his friends are confident that this time he will be successful.

It looked like old times to see the hustlers at the sessions of registration yesterday afternoon and evening. Quite a gain was made but the rush came too late to make up for the apathy of the early days.

There is much comment upon the absence of W. H. I. Hayes from the 25th district convention the other day for it was thought that the defeated candidate would graciously submit to the will of the majority and nominate his successful opponent even as James P. Ramsay nominated Charles H. Hanson. As a matter of fact, the Hayes people did not give up their fight when the result of the caucus was made known but went along hustling in the hope of stirring up a row in the convention which would result in the overthrow of McKinley. The move was not successful and McKinley was nominated. Had the convention dropped McKinley after he had fairly won the nomination, McKinley would have run on nomination papers, there would have been the hottest kind of fighting and Mr. Hayes would have been wiped off the political map. An attempt to overthrow the caucus candidate may seem like a "pipe dream" but it was a fact, nevertheless. The man who tries to turn a trick like that in writing is almost as big a "broiled live" as the candidate who signs somebody's nomination papers.

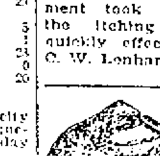
At last after an absence from the political arena of nearly a year, the Hood school of politics from way up there in ward eight is knocking at the gate with a star scholar by the hand seeking admission to the thick of the turmoil within the arena. The star scholar is our genial friend, Ed. Lachance, a gentleman and a scholar in politics and out. Did the Hood school award blue ribbons to its scholars as the county fairs do to the Hood jerseys, Ed. would have his manly breast covered with the emblems of merit. For a year Ed and the rest of the school even to Win. Sturtevant have remained absolutely quiet and have watched their ward's three representatives in the council, Mitten, Bean and Lyman, talk but say nothing and act but do nothing, while the base of the graft has gradually slid away from ward eight. Their patience has at last given out and they present for councilman next year, able and eloquent Ed. Lachance, whom they predict will be a nominee. The other candidates and their friends will make a prominent kick against Ed's candidacy but both parties seem to want him and if his own cuts him, dem's will supply the deficiency and it looks as if Edward would land in spite of—well, in spite of all opposition.

Herbert E. Fletcher of Westford was nominated for representative by the republicans of the 23d district on Tuesday.

Owing to a sad affliction, Candidate Fred H. Rourke of the 25th representative district has been unable to conduct a personal canvass, but his friends are hustling for him and hope to land the able ex-councilman in the legislature despite the republican opposition.

At length the acute, penetrating mind of George W. Poore, Esq., has discovered the real reason for Mr. Pearson's candidacy for senator. According to George, Mr. Pearson has a deep laid plan to rob the American workingmen by gaining control of the Massachusetts senate and then removing the duty upon Porto Rican cigars. Perhaps George is not aware that the congress of the United States and not the Massachusetts senate is the body which makes and nominates tariffs. I wonder if Butler Ames, who is equally interested in the cigar business is a party to Mr. Pearson's nefarious plot.

"I had a running itching sore on my leg. Suffered tortures. Doan's Ointment took away the burning and the itching instantly and very quickly effected a permanent cure." C. W. Lenhart, Bowling Green, O.



This is a good time to attend to your TEETH. If you need a tooth filled or a new set of teeth, go to the Lowell Dental Rooms. You can avoid wearing a plate if you go to Dr. Simmons, Dentist, 119 Central street. The best teeth $8.00. Teeth reset on new base $5.00.

I Combed Out Large Handfuls

"Two years ago my hair began falling out. I could get a large handful every time I combed it. I purchased a bottle of Dr. Ayer's Hair Vigor and after a few applications my hair stopped coming out. My hair is now in the best possible condition." — Miss Minnie Hoover, Paris, Ill., July 13, 1899.

Makes Hair Grow

Perhaps your mother had thin hair, but that is no reason why you must go through life with half-starved hair. If you want long, thick hair, feed it. Feed it with Ayer's Hair Vigor, the only genuine hair food you can buy.

Your hair will grow thick and long, and will be soft and glossy.

Ayer's Hair Vigor always restores color to gray hair; it keeps the scalp clean and healthy, and stops falling of the hair.

$1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

Write the Doctor

If you do not obtain all the benefits you desire from the use of the Vigor, write the Doctor about it. Address, Dr. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

STYLE IN

MILLINERY

Style in millinery is worth something. "Style" in Millinery selling is worth nothing. You have something to show for the one and nothing to show for the other. You can buy just as stylish Millinery in some stores as you can in ours. But you pay more for it elsewhere. You are paying for stylish selling, big rents and expensive and unnecessary store appointments. We sell stylish Millinery, but we don't sell in any unnecessary "style."

FOR INSTANCE—The Golf Hat is done, we shall close out what we have for 49c.

THE NEW, short back sailor is the thing just now, trimmed with a large bow of Taffeta Silk or Ribbon. A leader for only $1.79.

GULL BREASTS is what you need for that large turban you must have if you want to be in it. We have them with and without the head. Priced at $1.42 and $1.69.

Large assortment of birds and large fancy feather and fur effects just received, and priced from $1.49 up to $5.00. See them in our window, get our prices and compare them with others.

TRIMMED HATS—Of course you know we are headquarters for them, have (600) six hundred to select from priced from $2.49 up to as high as you care to go.

HEAD & SHAW, "THE MILLINERS."

169 and 175 Merrimack St.

The Central Street Store, Centrally Located,

Offers This Week

Handsome Plaids, New Black Dress Goods, New Shades in Satin, Prunella Cloth, Poplins, Serges, Cheviots, Imperial Twill Homespuns, Camel Hair, Coverts, etc.

Your careful inspection of our very large stock of both Black and Colors in Dress Goods is earnestly solicited.

We are without question giving our customers the very best value in Black Storm Serge at 59c a yard, and Black Cheviot at 50c a yard, ever offered in Lowell.

Black Camel Hair is the coming thing for Suits or Separate Skirts. Its a little rough, very glossy handsome Black and our price is only $1.25 a yard. Boston houses get $1.50 for same goods.

If you would see our Black Storm Serge, (English goods) 54 inch wide, which we are selling at 98c a yard, you would be satisfied to buy without spending time to look elsewhere.

We've got the best line of Plaids in Lowell, (so say the ladies) the prices range from 25c to $1.50 per yard; and our line of Plaids at 49c contains the choicest styles in town. Come and see.

Our reputation of having the best line of Black Crepons, the handsomest designs and dainty patterns still holds good. Would like to show you some of the choice bargains at $1.25, $1.50, $1.75 a yard; worth 25c a yard more.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Notwithstanding the warm and rather unfavorable weather, our Basement is doing its share of business, and a little more in Blankets and Comfortables. There is good reason for it too. Prices when they are all right always draw the people.

Come to the Popular Low Price Bargain Giving House.

Cook, Taylor & Co.

CENTRAL STREET STORE.

ALL READ IT. Rich and poor, high and low, read The Sun and freely conceed it to be Lowell's Greatest Newspaper.

THE LOWELL SUN

The Sun Reaches The homes of more readers than any two other papers in Lowell. It is therefore the best medium for advertisers to use.

22ND YEAR. LOWELL, MASS. THURSDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1899. 8 PAGES 1 CENT

SUN LATEST

FIVE O'CLOCK.

COLUMBIA LEADS

Both Yachts are Making Good Time

The Wind Was About Nine Knots at the Start and Gave Promise of Holding Out—Columbia Gaining on Every Reach

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—There was a cloudless blue sky over the Battery at 7 o'clock this morning and a light but steady northwest breeze was blowing. The Long Island and Jersey shores of the upper bay were slightly covered with haze, but the indications were that the day would be clear and cooler with light to fresh north to northwesterly winds.

The steamer Black Bird, flying the Shamrock's flag, was at her usual place near the barge office waiting for the guests of Sir Thomas Lipton and four or five press dispatch boats were also moored in that vicinity awaiting the scribes who were to report what, as they hoped to be the last of the series of races this year, for the America's cup. There was much speculation as to the result of the Shamrock's added ballast and increased waterline. The old salts along the water front, however, adhered to their former statements that the Columbia had the stuff in her to beat the green flyer in any and all sorts of a breeze.

The shore observers of the Associated Press were alert and were taking the observations soon after sunrise.

Sandy Hook reported a good northwesterly breeze and promise of a fine race, and seven other stations corroborated it and showed observation varying from five to ten miles. The sea was smooth.

On board the Columbia and the Shamrock, the crews were up with the sun, and soon afterwards had their jib and staysails up in stops and cover off their mainsails, ready to make sail at a moment's notice. By 8 o'clock the Shamrock had been taken in tow by the tug James A Lawrence, and was heading for the point of the hook. She had her mainsail up and was sending a club topsail of small size aloft.

The Columbia, which was then fast to her buoy, commenced hoisting her mainsail. Five minutes later the Shamrock was under sail in the lower bay. She had mainsail, club topsail and jib set and was trying her new topmast.

One or two ocean liners going down the bay early in the morning, saluted the yachts as they passed out to sea, while all around on the waters hovered the usual flock of fishermen, skimming about in a lively manner under the freshening breeze.

According to the rules, the yachts today were set down for a 15-mile run or beat from Sandy Hook lightship and return and early this morning the conditions indicated that the yachts would go before the wind in a southeasterly direction, with a beat back, a total distance of 30 miles. This course would mean running straight out to sea away from either shore, and with no chance of fluky off the Jersey or Long Island shores.

Some of the old fishermen at the Highlands, however, shook their heads when they saw the northwest wind and said that the breeze would not hold the day out and that the weather would probably be a repetition of that of two weeks ago.

The Shamrock made a short run over toward Atlantic Highlands, then stood up the main ship channel near the southwest spit. Before reaching it, however, she gybed around and stood down again toward the Columbia at anchor. Her increased ballast seemed to make her stand up very well and she heeled but little to the frequent puffs of wind that came off the shore.

At 8.36 the Shamrock, having run down almost to her moorings, swung around and breaking out her staysail and baby jib topsail, stood out for the end of the hook on her way to the lightship.

The Columbia's tug went alongside the defender yacht a few minutes and, passing a line, started for the lightship. As she left her moorings, the crew began setting her mainsail.

The wind at the Highlands at this hour was blowing from the northwest at a velocity of about 10 knots, and showed no signs of decreasing.

The Shamrock passed out the end of the hook under racing sails at 8.50. The Columbia got outside the hook soon after 9 o'clock with mainsail set and her head sails in stops.

To a representative of the Associated Press who saw Sir Thomas Lipton, on board the Erin at 7.30 o'clock, the owner of the Shamrock said the wind appeared to be a dying wind. He added that he hardly dared to hope there would be enough to permit of a fair race today.

The indications at 9 o'clock, however seemed very good for a race.

Mr. C. Oliver Iselin declined to express an opinion upon the weather.

The Black Bird left the Battery very shortly after eight o'clock. Among those on board were Messrs. Abner McKinley, Jesse Collings, M. P., James Craig, William Love, William Murray, William Gibson, Edward A. Sumner, E. Scott Watson, Charles A. Meltzer and Paul Waterlow, Miss Rond, Miss Ronald Stuart, Judge Littler, Q. C., and John Platt.

The Shamrock in running out to the lightship, found the wind very light, and it tok her over an hour to make the run of nine miles from inside the Horseshoe. The Columbia about two miles astern of the green yacht, broke out her jib and cast off her tow when half way out to the lightship. There was a peculiar contrast between the weather at the Highlands and at Sandy Hook. At the Highlands at 9.45 there was a good breeze from the northwest blowing over 15 knots an hour and inside of New York harbor, many whitecaps could be seen. The weather was also quite clear in shore.

At Sandy Hook lightship or near that point the yachts seemed to have not more than a seven or eight knot breeze while the haze was so dense that the lightship could not be made out and it was only when the sun shone on the white sails that the yachts could be discerned. The first of the excursion fleet put in an appearance about 9.45 and they were accompanied down the swash channel by a great fleet of coasters all making good progress in the fine northwest breeze.

Just before 10 o'clock the haze toward the northward began to lift and part of the Coney Island shore could be seen from the Highlands.

The yachts arrived at the lightship at 10 o'clock, the Shamrock getting there a few minutes ahead of the Columbia, then running off half a mile to the southward. The Columbia swung around to the wind and began setting her club topsails. The weather at that time showed signs of clearing and the lightship could be made out from the Highlands. At the same time the wind which seemed to increase so that the Columbia's topsail flapped and slatted quite lively before it was fully in position.

The committee boats reached the starting line shortly after 10 o'clock by which time the breeze had increased, and there were prospects for a glorious race. The judges boat signalled that the course would be southeast by south which meant 15 miles before the wind and a beat back. The preparatory gun was fired at 10.45, fifteen minutes before the start.

At 10.51 the Shamrock hoisted her staysail and both yachts prepared their spinnakers for the run before the wind. The warning gun was fired at 10.55.

People near the starting line expressed regret that the course was not triangular, so that the merits of the two boats in racing could be tested. The yachts did considerable manoeuvring in the five minutes before the start, each seeking the advantage of position. At 11 o'clock the starting gun was fired and Columbia bounded over the line at 11:01:33, and Shamrock at 11:02:02. The Shamrock stood a little stiffer with her increased ballast and under her immense expanse of sail showed to a beautiful advantage. Because of her work coming down to the start it was predicted that on a long reach she would fairly fly over the water. The Columbia held the lead she got at the start and in few minutes had increased it to 100 yards. The American boat took in her staysails and the Shamrock followed suit.

At 11.12 the yachts appeared to have sailed two miles of the course and the Columbia seemed to lead by about 100 yards or more. On crossing the line the Columbia had her jib, staysail, and club topsail set and her balloon jib was just breaking out as she crossed. Her spinnaker boom was to starboard and her spinnaker was in stops.

The Shamrock had her balloon jib, jib, mainsail and club topsail set and her spinnaker boom to starboard with her spinnaker in stops, on crossing the line.

At 11.13 the Shamrock in the rear was trying to blanket the Columbia, but with no apparent effect, as the American yacht seemed to be drawing away. The yachts were sailing very fast, the wind was blowing nine knots an hour and ashore it showed no indications of dying out.

At 11.23 about three and a half miles from the start, the Columbia had a good lead. The yachts had not at that time broken out their spinnakers. The wind appeared to be moderating.

An observation taken at Gridley at 11.26, seemed to show that the Columbia was then 48 seconds in the lead. At 11.28 the Columbia was still gaining and the wind was getting a little more to the westward.

The boats had covered five and a quarter miles at 11.35, and the Columbia had increased her lead to one-eighth of a mile.

At 11.42 a dispatch from the Associated Press observer at Long Branch said there seemed to be a better breeze off shore; that both boats were going along at a lively rate and that they did not seem to have changed positions since they came into view there. The Columbia held her place and every effort on the part of the Shamrock to pull up on her appeared useless.

At 11.51 the wind along the course was not blowing over 6 miles an hour, but the Columbia appeared to be gaining slowly so far as could be seen through the haze.

A few minutes later a dispatch from the W. U. cable boat said the Columbia must have increased her lead greatly for she was almost out of sight in the haze, while the Shamrock was still plainly in view.

Both yachts then broke out their spinnakers.

At 1206 a dispatch from the W. U. cable boat said the two yachts had gone out of sight in the haze with the Columbia still leading when last seen. The wind was then dropping off.

At 12.07 the observer of the Associated Press at Asbury park said the Shamrock from that point appeared to be gaining on the Columbia as the challenger was holding a better breeze. The turning point could not be seen from Asbury Park at that time.

When the boats had covered six miles of the course, Columbia had a lead of eight lengths. They had made a reach instead of a run, out of it, and were over two miles off their course. Instead of heading to sea they were running down the Jersey shore. Sooner or later they would have to square off and run for the mark.

At 12.16 the sails of the Columbia were drawing better and it appeared that the Shamrock had run into the calm streak from which the Columbia had drawn out sometime before. The Columbia appeared to be increasing her lead once more.

At 12.18 the wind appeared to have freshened somewhat, the sails of the yachts were well filled and the Shamrock seemed to have benefited more than her rival by the strengthening breeze.

At 12.23 the observer at the Highlands telegraphed that the haze had lifted sligtly and that the two yachts could be seen running before the wind for the outer mark, with the Columbia leading. It then apeared that the racers were nearing the turning point.

The Long Branch life saving station, a few minutes previous to this, reported that the Columbia seemed to be a quarter of a mile ahead.

At 12.35 the two yachts were nearing the turning mark. They were both holding onto their spinnakers.

ROBERTS ARRESTED

CHARGSD WITH SECURING MONEY ON FORGED MORTGAGE

By Associated Press to The Sun.

DETROIT, Mich., Oct. 19—Arthur G. Roberts was arrested by the local police last night at the request of a private detective. Later a despatch was received from the Chief of Police of Kansas City, saying that he was wanted there on a charge of having secured, in company with two other men, $23,000 from a Kansas City commission firm by a forged mortgage. The officers say that Roberts has confessed and will return to Kansas City without extradition papers.

TAX CASES

CAPT. HILL ON THE WITNESS STAND YESTERDAY.

At the hearing of the tax cases yesterday Capt. James G. Hill, who testified Tuesday with regard to the valuations of mill property, machinery and water power, resumed the stand and gave an intemized estimate of the valuation of machinery of all kinds, on the different floors of the various mills in the Tremont & Suffolk and Lawrence sections, with the average depression, giving a grand total of $1,709,555.

TICKET COUNTERFEITING

SUCCESSFULLY CARRIED ON AGAIN A COLORADO ROAD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

DENVER, Col., Oct. 19.—The officials of the Colorado Midland railroad company have discovered a case of ticket counterfeiting which promises to prove one of country. The ticket counterfeited is the most extensive ever unearthed in this what is known as a skeleton round trip form. The ticket is so made that with the coupon attached it can be made out to any point in the country and return. The tickets found have all been to eastern points and they were so nearly perfect that not only conductors, but employes in the general office, passed them without question. The officials have no idea of the number of tickets out but believe it to be large. There is no clue to the counterfeiters.

A WILL CONTEST.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CONCORD, N. H., Oct. 19—Judge Corning of the Probate Court today appointed John M. Mitchell, Joseph H. Coit, D. D., and ex-Gov. Hiram A. Tuttle as pecial administrators of the estate of the late John H. Pearson. Mr. Pearson left a large sum as a trust for charitable uses in this state, and the appointment of the special administrators is the first step on the part of the heirs to contest the will.

SEVERAL MISHAPS

Two Men Injured and Sent to the Hospital

GEO. O'DONNELL STRICKEN ON STREET

With Shock of Paralysis Removed to Hospital

The ambulance was summoned to the Tremont and Suffolk mills this morning, where Alphonse Destrom, living in the rear of 366 Moody street had been injured by a large bag of waste falling on him. The ambulance removed him to the corporation hospital. His injuries are not of a serious nature.

While at work in the Lowell Machine shop this morning Patrick Donahue got two of his fingers caught in a machine and they were badly crushed. He was taken to the corporation hospital. The injured fingers will not be amputated.

George O'Donnell, 39 years of age, was stricken with a paralytic shock yesterday afternoon at the corner of Mill and Central streets. The ambulance was summoned and the unfortunate man was removed to St. John's hospital, where it was learned that his left side was paralyzed. He was later removed to his home, 17 Mill street.

A FAITHFUL DOG

Frightened Away Burglars in the Highlands

The murder case seems to have been followed by a series of burglaries notwithstanding the fact that the police have had very few reported to them.

An attempt was made on the residence of J. Edward Mills on Dover street about 1.30 o'clock, Sunday morning, and were it not for a faithful dog in all probability the thieves would have successfully burglarized the house and obtained the large sum of money that was in the house at the time.

Mr. Mills was alone in the house and slept in a front room directly over the front door. A trellis runs up the side of the house to the windows of his room.

The only companion that night was a bull dog which he prizes highly and which has the freedom of the house. About 1.30 o'clock Mr. Mills was awakened by the barking of the dog in his chamber and sitting up in bed he saw the animal jumping at the bedroom window and heard the sound as of a body dropping from the trellis to the ground. Then the sound of hurrying footsteps as if two men were running away and Mr. Mills realized that the dog had frightened away two burglars.

$50,000 STOLEN.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

VANCOUVER, B. C., Oct. 19.—An Ashcroft, B. C., report states that there was a big robbery last night at the Cariboo mine near Quesnell Forks. The big safe in the Cariboo hydraulic company's office was blown open and part of the amalgam, worth $50,000, stolen.

LEASE RATIFIED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Oct. 19—At a meeting of the board of directors of Nashville and Decatur railroad held here yesterday, the lease of the road for 999 years to the Louisville & Nashville was ratified.

To correct an error it should be stated that in the case of Stiles et als vs. J. D. Pattee and Josie A. Gilms, (in which the verdict was for the defendants on Tuesday last,) the attorneys were W. H. Anderson for the plaintiffs, C. H. Conant for the defendants. The plaintiffs waived exceptions to certain rulings which may carry the case to the Supreme court.

A son was born yesterday to Congressman and Mrs. Knox.

FOUND—Dog; weight about 25 pounds; collie; color, black and white. Owner can have by paying for advertising. Call at 53 Cross street.

J. F. O'DONNELL, UNDERTAKER.

NOTICE.

Newly mined, best quality of domestic coal in lots to suit customers, orders by mail, telephone or in person will receive prompt, honest and careful attention. John P. Quinn's new yard, 4 to 14 Dix street, off Gorham street, near the railroad bridge.

P. S. In slabs and kindlings we lead them all.

INTEREST BEGINS NOV. 1

On Money Deposited

Friday, Nov. 3rd,

Or Before, In SAVINGS DEPT.

TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK

Rate of 4 Per Cent. per annum, compounded semi-annually.

Open Saturday Evenings. Street Floor. Ladies' Entrance, 43 to 49 Middlesex Street.

BOERS VICTORIOUS

Intercepted a British Force at Ladysmith

Hard Battle Fought Yesterday—Kimberley Reported Safe by the British—Other Despatches

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LADYSMITH, Natal, Oct. 18, 8.25 p. m.—At 10 o'clock this morning the British forces came into contact with the enemy in the neighborhood of Acton Homes and Besters Station, about 16 miles west from here and the firing has continued up to the present time. Several casualties have been reported. Superts are leaving the camp and expect to fight tomorrow.

FIRING WAS VERY HEAVY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LADYSMITH, Natal Oct. 18, 5 p. m.—I have seen some members of the volunteer forces who have just come in from Besters and Acton Homes. The Boers from Van Reenan's Pass came by Bluewbank way, their patrols firing early this morning on our scouts.

Three hundred Boers tried ineffectually to cut off small parties of our men, but the Natal boys were more wary than they and retired firing.

The enemy as usual took advantage of the hills, rocks and gullies to hide themselves, but being unable to advance, they used cannon against our riflemen, who nevertheless, maintained a stout resistance. The firing was very heavy. It is anticipated that a number of Boers were hit.

The country about Acton Homes being more open, our mounted volunteers there are falling back upon Dewdrop.

The force of Boers engaged at Acton Homes numbered about 2000. There were rather fewer at Bester's. It is reported that the enemy there is hemmed in and suffering severely.

Reports have been received here stating that the Boers will move from Helpmakaar tonight to cut the railway between Glencoe and Ladysmith, near Waschbank and also that they have threatened Colenso by means of bands sent from the Free State.

KIMBERLEY SAFE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CAPE TOWN, Oct. 19.—A dispatch from Kimberley dated Oct. 17 says: "All is well here. Col. Hore engaged the Boers at Mafeking on Oct. 14, with great success. Mafeking was still safe on October 15th."

A special dispatch to the Cape Argus reiterates the statement that in the fighting at Mafeking, Col. Hore repulsed the Boers inflicting a loss of 300 men.

BOERS ROUTED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CAPE TOWN, Oct. 19.—The Cape Times publishes the following dispatch from Kimberley: "Reliable information from Mafeking says that an armored train while reconnoitering north of the town last Saturday engaged 500 Boers who suffered heavily. Col. Fitz Clarence's column foiled the Boers, inflicting severe loss. The British casualties were two killed and 14 wounded, two severely."

A GENERAL REVOLT.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CAPE TOWN, Oct. 18 (Delayed in transmission)—There is an increasant of applicants for active military service, the new force of 3000 mounted infantry, which the imperial government has sanctioned would be quickly raised. The premier, Mr. W. P. Schreiner, continues to issue circulars to the Dutch residents, advising them to maintain strict loyalty to the imperial government. The best authorities here now agree that the danger of a general revolt is very slight.

AN OFFICIAL NOTE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

DURBAN, Oct. 18 (Delayed in transmission).—The following official note has been issued regarding the Boer advance:

"An Orange Free State force, with a few guns, moved about 10 miles down Tintwns Pass, opening with artillery on small British cavalry patrols. The range was very distant and the shooting indifferent. The object may have been either a feint to draw our troops from the real point of attack, or a prelude to Boer concentration against Ladysmith."

PRESIDENT AT PITTSBURG.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 19.—The presidential train arrived at 1.50 this morning and after a stop of 20 minutes proceeded on its journey to Washington. The party were all asleep.

Putnam & Son

Astonishing Values in

FALL NECKWEAR

110 dozens of Imperials, Puffs, Wide End Bows and Ties, exquisite designs in silks and satins, newest color combinations, brought out for Fall wear.

These goods are beautifully made and were intended to retail at 50c.

OUR PRICE IS 25 CENTS

A large collection of Fall shapes in Four-in-hand and Teck Scarfs, new colors, new silks and satins, sold by all other houses in town at 25c.

OUR PRICE 19 CENTS

Choicest shapes of Imperials, Tecks and Batwings to be had at any price, in entirely new and beautiful colors, exquisite designs of high class silks and satins, sold by other houses at 75c.

OUR PRICE 45 CENTS.

Fancy Shirts in most striking patterns and newest colorings ever shown in Lowell. Not an old pattern in the lot, nor one that you'll see elsewhere. Made with cuffs on or detached; bosoms with cross bars or up and down stripes.

Shirts of this quality and make have never retailed for less than $1.25.

OUR PRICE 95 CENTS

PUTNAM & SON

166 Central Street.

THE SUN EXTRA

A TRAGIC DEATH

A Woman Jumped From Ferry Boat

LEAVING A WRITTEN REQUEST

That Her Body be Turned Over to Bishop Potter

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Oct. 19.—Shortly after 12 o'clock last night, a fashionably dressed woman, described as being about of middle age, who had been riding back and forth on the South ferry line to East Boston, and who from papers left behind in her satchell, was probably a recent guest at the Island Tourraine, and evidently a friend of Bishop Henry C. Potter of New York, jumped overboard from the ferryboat Revere and sank beneath the calm waters of the harbor before assistance could reach her.

She had been noticed by the deck hands Albert Westberg and John Sheehan, and a passenger, to keep her seat at the end of her first trip from Boston to East Boston, and when the trip back was completed, she was still on board. This performance was repeated, and at each approach to the ferry slip she would not move forward with the other passengers, but instead, would remain in the ladies' cabin.

Finally, however, when the boat after having touched at the East Boston slip, was returning to the city side, the woman was seen to leave the cabin and step out on to the rear part of the boat just under the shelter roof. So far as can be learned, she was quite alone there, and once outside, the passengers, not being aware of her mysterious action, thought nothing more about her. This is probably the time she selected for her fateful jump, for upon arrival at the ferryboat at her slip no trace of the woman could be found. The deck hands had become interested in her by this time and now becoming curious, not to say alarmed at her absence, and feeling sure that she had not left the boat by way of the landing, they instituted a careful search through the cabins.

They found a satchel containing a letter bearing the Tourraine imprint and containing a note which read as follows:

"I do not wish to reveal my identity, for it would do no good and would rob me entirely of the little comfort which I may find in death. That I may sink out of sight and mind forever is my dying wish. Should I be identified after death, I feel that I can confidently refer those in authority to Rt. Rev. Bishop Henry C. Potter of New York, who having known me well under better circumstances, I am sure will see to it that my body is given decent burial.

A sealed letter was addressed to Mrs. H. J. Clark of Worcester, Mass., which may lead to the identification of the body.

DEATHS.

McNULTY—Katherine McNulty, aged 22 years, died Tuesday evening, at her home, 387 Gorham street. The funeral will take place tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock from St. Peter's church.

LESLIE—Jeanette Barbara Leslie, aged 22 years, died last night at the home of her mother, 78 Varney street. Her death adds another sorrow for this much afflicted family to bear, as she is the fifth child they have lost within a few years. Besides leaving a mother, she is survived by five sisters. It was only a year ago that her father died. Funeral services will be held at her home, 78 Varney street, tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock. Friends invited.

MONGOEL—Delphine Mongoel, wife of Michael Mongoel, aged 38 years, died yesterday at the Lowell hospital.

SILK—Mary Ellen Silk, aged 17 years, daughter of Patrick and Mary Silk, died this morning at the home of her parents, Collinsville. Besides her father and mother, deceased is survived by four sisters and three brothers. Her remains will be shipped to West Newbury, Mass., Saturday.

FUNERALS.

PEEL—The funeral of John Peel took place from his late home, 46 Cross street, yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock, Rev. Mr. Binnington officiated. The bearers were George R. Lee, Richard Grady, Mr. McCann and Mr. Nugent. Interment was in the Edson cemetery, under the direction of Undertaker Molloy.

ROUSSEAU—Louisa, infant child of Joseph and Primire Rousseau, died Tuesday at the home of her parents, 85 Suffolk street. The funeral took place yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment was in St. Joseph's cemetery, Undertaker Joseph A. Albert in charge.

TRANSPORT SEDGEWICK.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—The U. S. transport Sedgewick, which left Havana October 15, arrived at quarantine today with 50 cabin passengers and 25 discharged soldiers and civilians.

WM. APPLETON DEAD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—William H. Appleton, of the publishing house of D. Appleton & Co., died today at 4.30 a. m. at his home in Riverdale, New York, aged 55 years.

But Lately From the Ranks of the Clerks Themselves.

We know how to appreciate their services, and are willing to do all in our power to reduce their hours of labor.

WILL YOU HELP US

By coming the first of the week to make your purchases?

CLOSING FRIDAY EVENING,

and so many putting off buying until Saturday, we should have to crowd our store with inexperienced help to wait upon you, and we don't like doing that. Everyone is entitled to and we wish to give all the best of service. So come the first of the week if possible.

The People's Favorite Furniture Store.

A. E. O'HEIR & CO., 14, 16 and 18 Merrimack St.

Near Electric Car Waiting Room.

IN THE Yachting Contest

between the "Columbia" and the "Shamrock" nobody knows which will win, but everybody knows that the suits made by

LOUIS ALEXANDER

IMPORTER & TAILOR

95 Central Street.

Paul O. Kable, Assistant.

have already won the highest approval of the majority of the best dressed men in Lowell.

THE SUN LATEST!

5 O'CLOCK

THE FILIPINO WAR

Generals Young and Lawton Advancing

WITH THREE THOUSAND MEN

The Warships Moving Along the River

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MANILA, Oct. 19.—General Lawton and General Young are at Arayat with a force of nearly three thousand men.

The gunboats Florida and Oeste are preparing to move along the river to San Isidro which will be held as a base for operations to the north.

Extensive preparations have been in progress for several days and the expedition whose objective point is Tarlac is expected to start today. The supplies will be taken in canoes.

General Lawton's forces consist of eight companies of the 24th infantry under Colonel Keller; eight companies of the 22d infantry, under Major Baldwin; nine troops of the 4th cavalry, mounted, under Colonel Hayes and a mixed regiment, consisting of one company of the 37th infantry, six guns, commanded by Capt. Scott, one company of cavalry, and Captain Batson's Macabebe scouts. The 3d cavalry is equipping at San Fernando to join the expedition. Heavy rains the first in weeks, began last night and have continued steadily.

GIRL ABDUCTED

Little Meada Copeland Carried Off at Taunton

By Associated Press to The Sun.

TAUNTON, Oct. 19.—Meda Copeland, otherwise known as Elizabeth Louisa Mackenzie, was abducted from the home of John Mackenzie shortly before noon yesterday by a stranger who posed as an insurance agent, and thereby gained access to the Mackenzie house on Washington street, above St. Mary's church, in the building known as the "academy."

Meda is five years old. Her mother, Mrs. Helen Copeland lives in Fairhaven. Her father's whereabouts are at present unknown.

Some time ago Mr. Copeland placed Meda in the care of the Mackenzies. They became deeply attached to the little girl, provided her a good home and changed her name to that above stated.

The mother has since applied for the custody of Meda, but it was refused and the case was to be brought before the supreme court that sits here next week.

MIDDLESEX CHAPTER

SONS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION MEET.

Old Middlesex Chapter, Sons of the American Revolution, held a special meeting last evening at the D. L. Page company's dining rooms. Over thirty members were present, and the only business transacted was the election of George C. Prince and A. D. Prince as members and the appointment of Messrs. S. W. Stevens, S. P. Hadley and Edward M. Tucke as a committee to nominate a list of officers for the coming year to be voted upon at annual meting in January.

An ancestral paper, written by A. B. Woodworth, Jr., was read in his absence by the secretary, which included an account of Sylvanus Woodworth, his revolutionary ancestor. Following this was an exceedingly valuable paper on Lord Cornwallis, presented by Charles H. Conant, Esq., which merited a more extended notice than is here possible. Judge Hadley then gave an informal account of his trip to Europe this last summer in company with Mr. Savage.

The chapter had for guest of the evening Mr. Prescott Chamberlain, the president, and Mr. Edwin S. Crandon, the secretary of the Old Suffolk chapter of Chelsea. Both gentlemen were introduced to the company and each spoke in a most pleasant manner, adding much to the interest and instruction of the evening.

The customary singing of "America" closed an evening that had been most agreeably enjoyed by all.

Quite a number of the members intend to take part in the field day of the state society at Taunton today, leaving Lowell by an early train.

This field day had been timed to occur on the anniversary of the surrender at Yorktown.

PLEASANT SURPRISE.

Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Borar were very agreeably surprised last evening when twenty-five of their friends walked into their home at 10 West Ninth street, and presented them with two parlor chairs and a handsome clock. The presentation speech was made by Mr. C. E. Daly and was responded to by Mr. and Mrs. Borar. A delicious supper was then served under the direction of Mr. and Mrs. Daly and A. F. Adams. A short but enjoyable entertainment followed. Whist playing and games were indulged in. The party broke up at an early hour and all were unanimous in their expression of a jolly time.

BIG ORDER OF HOUSES.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 19.—The Enquirer says:

The publisher of a local trade paper has just received an inquiry from Smyrna, Turkey, for ready-made frame houses or cottages of two stories with veranda on the first floor, shingle roof, either painted or in the white, complete in every detail, excepting the window panes. They must have from three to five rooms, not counting the servants quarters and range in price from $200 to $1000 and upwards. They must be shipped "knocked down." From 1000 to 2000 houses a year will be ordered.

After Dinner

To assist digestion, relieve distress after eating or drinking too heartily, to prevent constipation, take

Hood's Pills

Sold everywhere. 25 cents.

JAPANESE PARTY

In Aid of Immaculate Conception Convent

ASSOCIATE HALL LAST NIGHT

Was a Social and Financial Success

A successful Japanese party was held at Associate hall last evening in aid of the Immaculate Conception convent. There was a large attendance and the affair proved a complete success both socially and financially.

Dancing was enjoyed during the evening, the Middlesex orchestra furnishing music for the dancers who made merry until midnight.

Dancing, however, was not the only attraction offered. There was a Spanish march in which 20 attractive young ladies, beautifully gowned, participated and they made a decided hit. Other features were a cake walk by Baby Tyrrell and Harriet Cull, and a Japanese dance by Baby Tyrrell which was thoroughly enjoyed.

There were three tables, all of which were very liberally patronized during the evening. They were in charge of the following:

Refreshment—John H. Carroll, chairman; Mrs. James Gookin, matron; Miss Mary A. Lyons, assistant matron; Miss Minnie Davey, treasurer; Mrs. M. McCann, Misses Mary Cawley, Sarah A. Doherty, Julia Doherty, Maria L. Gill, Mary Leonard, Rose Leonard and Margaret Sheehan, assistants.

Lemonade—Fred Doherty, chairman; Miss Jennie Doherty, matron; Miss Jennie Smith, treasurer; Misses May Hickey, Alice Griffin, Annie Lavery, Theresa Lavery, Margaret Shane, Minnie Jeffers, Georgiana Harnden, Ella Harnden, Mollie Doherty and Nellie Shane, assistants.

Candy—Miss Kathryn Fitzgerald, matron; Miss Kathryn Sharkey, treasurer; Misses Anna Gookin, Helen Murphy, Josephine Murphy, Alice E. Murphy, Bessie Murphy, Jennie Gookin, Rose Lannon, Lizzie Conners, Lillian McSorley, Minnie McSorley, Nano Gallagher, Esther Donelly, Alice Mahoney and May Courtney, assistants.

The following was the committee in charge: General manager, Bernard Burns; assistant general manager, Thomas McGinn; floor director, John Henry Carroll; assistant floor director, John J. Conlon; chief aid, Francis H. Donohoe; and a large number of aids. John F. Carroll was chairman of the reception committee.

PERSONAL.

Miss Mary Fitzgerald of Hildreth street returns her thanks to Rev. Fr. Lawrence, O. M. I., for the award of a $10 gold piece.

Mrs. Henry Beals is seriously ill at her home in Branch street.

Cards are out announcing the wedding of Mr. Edward Richard Grant and Miss Lizetta Patterson, which is to be solemnized Nov. 1.

Mr. I. B. Rogers will spend the next two weeks hunting big game in the Maine woods.

Mr. George J. Sanborn of Dracut is suffering from blood poisoning, his right hand being effected. He is able to be about, however, and his friends trust he will soon be fully recovered.

Miss Mary D. Adams has returned from an extended trip abroad.

Master George Barnes observed the sixth anniversary of his birth Saturday last from 3 to 5 by entertaining about 20 of his little friends at his home, 40 E street. He made an amiable host and was assisted by Miss Laura Gilespie and his cousin, Miss Gladys Mills of Austin, Pa. A dainty lunch was served and the little ones went home well pleased.

POOR RACING

AT COLUMBUS, O., ON ACCOUNT OF THE WEATHER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

COLUMBUS, O., Oct. 19.—The fall meeting of the Columbia Driving Association opened yesterday. The weather was fair but the track was very heavy, the result of Tuesday's rain. No races were finished. The summary:

2.12 PACING—UNFINISHED.

Purse $600.

Miss Edith, brm (McCarthy)	9	6	1	1
Minnie Irene, sm (Budos)	1	3	4	3
Birdie Dickerson, brm (Garfield)	4	1	3	4
Clashmore, bm (Squires)	2	4	6	5
Rower, chm (Spencer)	6	5	2	5
Edward S, chg (Hudson)	7	2	5	5
Light Star, chg (Gosnell)	8	7	8	2
Gypsy Red, chm (Rolfos)	3	9	9	6
Bair Patch, bg. (Swisher)	5	8	7	7

Time, 2.18¾, 2.17¼, 2.17¼, 2.16¼.

2.23 PACE—UNFINISHED.

Purse, $600.

The Duchess, blm (Shepard)	2	1	6
Cycle, bm, (Van Atta)	1	7	3
Carmelita, bm (Maloney)	8	4	1
McKinley, bg (Stewart)	4	3	2
Bud Brown, blg (Snyder)	5	2	6
Blaisa, bg (Brigham)	7	5	4
The Admiral, bh (Swisher)	3	6	dr
Russelmore, bm (Lador)	6	ds	

Time, 2.22½, 2.19½, 2.21½.

BROOKLYN DRIVING CLUB'S MEETING.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—In spite of the heavy rains in early morning the track of the Brooklyn driving club was in good condition when the racing was resumed yesterday afternoon. The summary:

2.31 pacing class, purse $250—Mace took second, third and fourth heats. George took first heat. Time 2.25½, 2.22¾, 2.21¾. Walter Geers was third.

2.18 class, trotting, purse $300—Nigger Jack won in straight heats. Georgena second, Quarterstaff third. Time, 2.15¾, 2.17¼, 2.18.

2.22 class, trotting, purse $300—Miss Betterton took first heat. Dolly Dure took second heat. Time 2.21½, 2.20¾. Postponed until tomorrow.

HORSE NOTES.

The races at the Nashua driving park yesterday were postponed on account of rain.

PENSION CHANGES.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—The following pension changes, resulting from the issue of September 30th, are announced:

MASSACHUSETTS.

Original—John Otis Tyler, Lynn, $6; John A. Casson, South Framingham, $6.

Restoration and Increase—Wm. E. Northend, Beverly, $8 to $13.

Renewal—Herbert C. Holmes, Stoughton, $6.

Increase—Thomas W. Scott, Webster, $6 to $8; Francis H. Sandra, Westboro, $6 to $8.

Original Widows, Etc.—Esta Howe, Marlboro, $8; Ella M. Damon, North Natick, $8.

STRANGE SUICIDE

A Man Commits Suicide From Fright

WHEN LIQUOR OFFICERS RAIDED HIS PLACE.

He Had Never Before Encountered Officers

By Associated Press to The Sun.

ROCHESTER, N. H., Oct. 19.—The circumstances surrounding the suicide of Enoch Willard, a farmer, 73 years old, living on the Lebanon side of the Salmon Fall river at North Rochester, yesterday afternoon, were somewhat peculiar.

It seems that the old man had been in the habit of doing errands for the men employed on the canal and excavations for the new leather board mill, and it is supposed that he had on a few occasions brought liquor, merely as an accommodation for the men.

From this grew the story that he was selling liquor, and a complaint was lodged with Officer Chamberlain of West Lebanon, Me., who secured a search warrant with which and another officer he reached the Willard farm shortly after 1 o'clock.

Word had reached the farmer in advance that the officers were coming. On learning this he drove to East Rochester, returning for dinner. He ate a hearty meal and on leaving the table saw the officers approaching the house. He met them in the barn and they told him they had come to search the premises, which they immediately set about doing.

While they were thus engaged the farmer is supposed to have swallowed a quantity of strychnine. He then went into the house and told his wife what he had done, saying, "It will all be over soon."

After going to a drawer and taking from it a sum of money which he gave to his wife, he threw himself on the bed. Just before he breathed his last, he roused himself and said: "I want to be buried in the old family cemetery."

He had never before come in contact with the law and it is believed that, frightened by its terrors, he preferred to die rather than to face court proceedings.

STRIKE ENDED

THE BOILERMAKERS HAVE RETURNED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Oct. 19.—The boilermaker's strike is over and the men went back to work today. The men have conceded the nine hours a day on all vessels not owned by the government. On these latter the day's work will be eight hours for ten hours pay. In order to make up for the extra hour on outside ships a slight advance has been made of the men's pay.

ANOTHER BIG FIRE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CHICAGO, Oct. 19.—The New England Transfer Elevator company at 48th street and Homan avenue, was burned this morning. Loss, $100,000.

LOSS OF $1000.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

ROLLINSFORD, N. H., Oct. 19.—Fire this morning destroyed the homestead of Judge Robert G. Pike of the supreme court of this state. The fire, it is thought, was the result of a defective chimney. The loss is estimated at $1000, fully insured.

SCHOONER LAUNCHED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BELFAST, Me., Oct. 19.—The schooner Pendleton Brothers of 858 gross tonnage was successfully launched from the yard of C. P. Carter and company here at noon. Although she was built for the Pendleton's at Isleboro, she will hail from New York.

LOWELL WOMAN

WAS THE WIFE OF LATE WILLIAM H. APPLETON.

William H. Appleton, the prominent publisher, who died in New York today, was well known by older residents of this city. He was married in this city April 16, 1841, to Mary Worthen, a Lowell lady.

He was born in Haverhill, Mass., January 27, 1814. As a boy he was in constant association with his father, Daniel Appleton, at the little retail store which the latter established in Exchange Place when he came to New York from Boston in 1825. His associations with foreign authors began with Thomas Moore. He knew well Thackeray, Halleck and Bryant. He was one of the earliest advocates of the American Publisher's Copyright League.

In 1838 William H. Appleton was taken in partnership with his father and ten years later, when Daniel Appleton retired, the firm was reorganized and William H. Appleton became its head. For nearly fifty years he was a trustee of the New York Life Insurance company. His services as chairman of the committee on finance for an extended period, form of themselves a remarkable record. For many years he was a director of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western railroad.

MAMMOTH TABLET

IN HONOR OF DECEASED SOLDIERS PLACED IN MEMORIAL HALL.

The memorial tablet in honor of the Lowell soldiers and sailors who died in the Spanish war voted by the city council, was placed in position in Memorial hall, under the direction of Arthur F. Salmon, yesterday afternoon. The tablet is very neat and is the work of Gumb Brothers of this city. It is a shaft of polished Knoxville, Tenn. marble 8 1-2 feet by 3 1-2 and the names of the soldiers dead are inscribed in letters of gold.

CARRIAGE SMASHED

IN A COLLISION IN CENTRAL STREET THIS MORNING.

Pneumatic-tired carriage wheels are good things in several respects, but when in collision with the old-fashioned iron-tired variety, they cut no figure for durability. This morning, while Dr. J. B. Field was driving along Central street in a pneumatic-tired affair, one of the front wheels caught in the wheel of Ed. Cawley's open wagon, which was standing near the curbing. In an instant the front wheels on the doctor's carriage were twisted out of shape, while there was no damage to Mr. Cawley's outfit.

BROWN FINED $100

Cider Agent Arraigned in Police Court

FOR ILLEGAL KEEPING OF LIQUOR

Trip Book Thief Sent to Reformatory

Jesse Sherman, the trip book thief, appeared before Judge Hadley in the police court this morning for sentence on twelve counts of larceny of trip tickets.

When the case came up today, Sherman had to answer to three more counts of larceny. Sherman also pleaded guilty to these counts.

His mother, who is an elderly and apparently debeate woman, was present in the court room but had nothing to say.

After severely lecturing the young defendant, the court found him guilty on both complaints. On the first he received a sentence to the Massachusetts reformatory, while the second complaint which was brought up today was placed on file.

The government was not prepared to go to trial in the Peter Martin case, and another continuance was asked for. Martin was charged on two counts with larceny and with assault and battery on an Armenian. The complaint charging him with assault and battery was dismissed but for larceny Martin was held in $400 for trial next Tuesday. J. Joseph Hennessey, Esq., appeared for Martin.

Only two drunks were arraigned. They were Fred Frechette and John Kieren. Frechette received a sentence of one month to jail while Kieren was sent to the state farm at Bridgewater.

Cornelius M. Decker, charged with being a stubborn child, was held in $100 till tomorrow for trial.

William H. Brown was charged with illegal keeping of liquor. He pleaded not guilty and was not represented by counsel.

Brown keeps a cider store at 225 Adams street. His place was visited last night by Inspectors Goodwin and Atkinson. As the inspectors were entering the shop a man was just coming out. They held him up and while one of the officers proceeded to search the shop the other searched the man. On the latter was found a half pint of whiskey, which he said he purchased of Brown, who was also in the store. After a careful search of the place the officers succeeding in finding a bottle containing some whiskey and also a tunnel, which, they said, had the odor of whiskey. They seized the liquor and arrested Brown, who at that time said his name was William H. Higgins. At the police station, however, he gave his proper name as William H. Brown.

Brown admitted to the court that the liquor was found in his place but denied having it for sale. On the contrary he claimed he kept it there for his own use. His story, however, did go with the court and Brown was found guilty and a fine of $100 was imposed.

The case of Walter Ashworth charged with larceny from the Lowell Bleachery was continued till tomorrow.

EMPEROR'S SPEECH

COMMENT ON IT BY THE GERMAN PRESS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BERLIN, Oct. 19—Today's papers are for the most part barren of comment upon the speech of Emperor William at Hamburg yesterday at a luncheon following the launching of the battleship Kaiser Karl der Grosse. The Berliner Tageblatt, however, says: "His Majesty's expressions of regret that his wish for a big fleet did not meet with intelligent furtherance eight years ago will be found insignificant just now in more ways than one."

The Socialist organ, the Vorwaerts, says:

"The speech was a mixture of pan-German fleet enthusiasm and Dr. Von Miquel's non-partical "Sammel Politik. It dovetails in the program with the Oeynhausen and Dortmund speeches. While the former promised an anti-strike bill and the latter proclaimed a determination to carry through the canal project, this speech at Hamburg announces a new and immense naval bill. The emperor's words cannot be construed otherwise."

TRANSPORT THOMAS

BEING PREPARED FOR TRIP TO PHILLIPINES.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 19.—The U. S. transport Thomas, the finest troopship afloat, sailed from Cramps ship yard at 6 o'clock this morning for New York where she will go into dry dock to be painted.

The Thomas is to go to the Philippines early in November and will carry over 2000 persons, including soldiers, officers, nurses and crew. In the three compartments forward of the boilers, there are long rows of galvanized steel single berths, three in a frame, with woven steel wire mattresses, for 612 men. There are also 1?? berts after, making a total of 756 berths.

Between decks are similar accommodations for 6?? more men, a total of 1,3?? privates and non-commissioned officers. On the main deck is the ice-making plant with a capacity of ten tons per day. There is also a condensing apparatus for changing salt water into filtered fresh water, with a capacity of 15,000 gallons a day, a carbonating machine for making soda, water, a bakery, laundry and a cold-storage plant. On the spar deck are the soldiers' writing room, a dining room with seventy-six seats for company and ships' officers, a saloon and lavatories. The quartermasters, commanding officers' headquarters, regular officers' quarters and smoking and lounging rooms are on the promenade deck. The chart rooms and quarters of the captain and first, second, third and fourth officers of the ship on the upper bridge deck, are also elegantly fitted up. On this deck, also is a hospital for contagious diseases.

SNATCH THIEF

GRABS A BAG FROM A STORE COUNTER.

Yesterday afternoon about 4 o'clock a lady entered the Boston Cloak and Suit store on Merrimack street and while examining some goods, left her shopping bag on the counter. In the meantime a woman entered the store and seeing the bag lying on the counter, grabbed it and ran out into the street. Sarah Brock, one of the clerks, saw the woman and ran after her. On the way up Merrimack street another woman joined in the chase and they succeeded in capturing her at the Boston and Maine depot. They took the bag away from the woman and as there was no policeman around they let her go.

DEEP LAID PLOT

Discovered and Exposed by G. Washington Poore

AT WARD THREE REPUBLICAN RALLY

Why Pearson Wants to be Senator

The republicans of ward three, much worried at the signs of coming defeat in their representative district attempted to get up enthusiasm by holding a rally in Highland hall last evening and while a fair sized audience was present the enthusiasm that they longed for wasn't as warm as had been hoped.

S. B. Puffer, ex-democrat, now president of the club, called to order and introduced as the first speaker W. H. I. Hayes who received a flattering reception. Mr. Hayes boomed everyone from John L. Bates down, even to Dobbins and Cluer, and he didn't conclude without a slight "knock" at his powerful opponent, Mr. McKinley who had previously accused Bill of dodging him.

Charles H. Hanson, the handsomest man present by reason of the fact that he came in immaculate shirt front and swallow-tail coat, was the next speaker and he said: "I am indebted to you in a measure for my nomination and if I have the honor of continued support I can give the assurance of an honest and I think capable representation. I am aware that we may lose a few votes by the nomination papers of the prohibition party but I do not fear the consequences. The statement of Mr. Hayes. I am in a position to corroborate. He had an important engagement down town on the occasion of his last appearance here which made his withdrawal from the hall imperative."

Richard Dobbins, the sure thing of the 26th district was the next speaker and he admitted that he had voted for a democrat once but would never do it again. He didn't believe in voting blanks and thought that every republican should vote the full, straight ticket.

Hon. Frederic Lawton misunderstood the object of the meeting and discussed national issues, trusts, gold standard, etc., which went over the heads of his hearers who went there to hear only talk of a local, personal nature. Mr. Lawton made an excellent speech, but few of the crowd appreciated it.

Rep. Cluer, the gentleman with the ready pen, was the next speaker and he "knocked" the prohibition party to square himself as it were for assisting the prohibition candidate. He expressed confidence in the election of Dobbins and Varney and said in conclusion: "Do we want democrats to make laws for us I could tell you many stories of absurd bills that they tried to have passed in the legislature last year," though history fails to record any bill, absurd or otherwise, that Arthur ever got through.

"We have had our preliminary battles and have chosen our men. I am sure that all defeated candidates will fall in line at the polls. We have nominated good men and it is our duty to promote harmony in our ranks, so that on November 7, we may go to the polls united. The only way to accomplish this is to be constant in our efforts. Speaking about trusts I want to say that it took me half an hour to reach this hall, simply because of a trust operating its cars to suit its own convenience and not that of the public."

Jacob Baron, the Nestor of the ward three republicans, and Wm. Sturtevant of the Hood Political School of blue-ribboned stock, also spoke, and then came George Washington Poore, the embryo Platt, who made the hit of the evening by exposing a deep laid democratic plot which made a profound impression upon all, particularly upon Bill Hayes, who, while out of politics, is in the cigar business. Mr. Poore held forth as follows:

"I do not believe that the fact that forth as follows:

the prohibitionists got a document signed under false pretences will do us any harm. Representative Cluer's candidacy will not be affected by it. Mr. Hanson has nothing to fear in the Pearson boys. I have a few words to say in reference to Gardner Pearson's candidacy. As you all know, he went down to Porto Rico after the war and invested in cigar manufactories. Now his idea is to have his cigars imported without duty to this country for without such a condition his industry will go unrewarded. The position of senator would give him a certain prestige that would have a tendency to assist him in this direction. This would mean the cheap labor of Porto Rico in competition with our well paid labor. Under the circumstances can the candidacy of Gardner Pearson receive the sanction of the working men? Gardner has been a good office holder and will continue to be while he has the chance. It is too bad the dear boy cannot have his wish granted, but we must have our say about it."

The concluding speeches were made by Representative Varney and James McDowell.

W. C. T. U. DELEGATES

By Associated Press to The Sun.

SEATTLE, Wash., Oct. 19.—Delegates to the national W. C. T. U. convention from the state of Maine, New Hampshire, Michigan, Massachusetts, Ohio, Pennsylvania and a dozen other states are in the city. The White Ribbon train from the east over the great northern route arrived 18 hours late, owing to the desire of the delegates aboard to stop at various points of interest along the way. With the visiting and local delegates now here or en route, the convention will open on Friday with nearly 500 in attendance. The hotels and lodging houses of the city are filled to overflowing and the visiters are being quartered with private families.

100 MULES SHIPED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CHICAGO, Oct. 19.—A special from Evansville, Ind., says:

An agent for the British government was in this city today and shipped 100 mules to St. Louis. They are intended for use in South Africa.

WAY WON.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Oct. 19.—William H. Way of Detroit won the golf tournament over the links of the Kent county Golf club yesterday, defeating, among others, Will Smith of Chicago, the American champion.

WORMS

In Children or Adults. The safest and most effectual remedy made is

TRUE'S PIN WORM ELIXIR

In use 47 years. 35c. Ask your Druggist for it. Dr. J. F. TRUE & CO., Auburn, Me.

BRYAN GREETED

By Twenty Thousand People at Louisville Ky.

HE REPLIES TO HIS CRITICS

He Urges Support of the Democratic Ticket

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Oct. 19.—Twenty thousand persons had gathered to welcome the distinguished visitors. Mr. Bryan was greeted with loud applause when he arrived at the race track.

Mr. Bryan said:

"I did not come to sit in judgment on any convention. I did not come to discuss the details of an election law. If there was anything done in that convention that a democrat does not think ought to be done, I ask of that democrat what his remedy is.

"Is it to elect a republican governor and republican officials? The man who tries to correct a democratic convention by electing a republican governor assumes responsibility for all that governor does after he has been elected.

Mr. Bryan then urged his hearers to support the regular nominations of the democratic convention. He asserted that it was not a question between Goebel and another democrat, but between Goebel and the election of a republican governor and republican state officers.

Mr. Bryan urged upon his hearers the importance to the party of the election to the U. S. senate of J. S. C. Blackburn, saying his vote was needed in the determination of the questions of public policy brought on us by the Spanish war in the event of possible legislation looking to an increase of the standing army, such as hes aid, was attempted last session, and in the matter of trusts and the income tax.

Mr. Bryan's speech was interrupted frequently with applause. He was followed by Mr. Goebel, after which the party proceeded eastward, expecting to arrive at Covington tonight.

THE WEATHER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Oct. 19.—Forecast for Boston and vicinity: Fair tonight and Friday; cooler tonight; northwest winds.

ALLAN LINE.

NEW YORK to GLASGOW Via Londonderry.

From company's Pier, foot West 21st St., New York.

Numidian, Oct. 7, Nov. 11. State of Nebraska Oct. 14, Nov. 18. Mongolian Oct. 28, Dec. 2.

First Cabin, $45 to $65 single. $85 to $117 round trip. Second cabin, $30 single, $57 return. Steerage, $23.50; prepaid, $24.

Glasgow and Boston, via Londonderry and Galway; Second Cabin, $30 prepaid; Steerage, $24 prepaid.

For descriptive circulars, plans of steamers and other information, apply to H. & A. Allen, 19 State street, Boston, or

Dennis Murphy, 18 Appleton St.

McKINLEY

In explaining to Cuba the economy of self-government. No need of explaining the economy of buying your winter's supply of coal of us, as our facilities enable us to give you the best service at lowest rates.

D. T. SULLIVAN,

Coal, Wood, Lime, Etc.

984 Gorham St.

Branch Office, 227 Central street.

Telephone 713-2.

J. F. ROGERS, UNDERTAKER.

OFFICE—316 Central Street. RESIDENCE—29 Cedar Street. Telephone connection. Hacks furnished for all occasions.

A Great Offer

If anybody is looking for a nice Diamond, it will pay to call in these times to

LEGAULT & CO., RELIABLE JEWELERS.

70 Central St., cor Prescott

ARE YOU AWARE

That the mornings and evenings are getting cool and that you will have to get out your Winter Clothing? Well, here is where we come in to play. If you find out that your winter garments are soiled or faded bring them at once to the

BAY STATE Dye Works

54 Prescott Street.

and we will cleanse or dye them and make as good as new at a very slight expense. All work guaranteed first class at

BAY STATE DYE WORKS

Tel. 821-5.

Music Hall

Three Nights Commencing Thursday, Oct. 19 Matinee Saturday.

A play of heart interest, pure comedy and brisk Americanism

The American Girl

By H. Gratton Donnelly, author of "Darkest Russia." Introducing the Comedian, Geo. F. Hall, with two rays of brightness, the American twins Prince Roy and the Little Lady

Direction of A. Q. SCAMMON.

Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Matinee, Oct. 23, 24, 25.

FISHER & CARROLL, in

THE LOBSTER.

Management of the author, Edgar Selwyn. 25—Great Features—25. Carloads of Scenery and Effects. A funny show! A beauty show! A famous show! The Lobster in everyone's mouth.

Star Theatre, 512-514 Middlesex Street, FRANK KNIGHT, Proprietor. This Week

SCANLON & MILEY, Comedy Sketch Artists.

GRACE WHEELER, Balladist.

BLANCHE WILSON, Musical Artist.

LEOPOLD & WESTON, Kings of Komedy.

GERTRUDE RIGGS, Serio-Comic.

DRAUGHTING INSTRUMENTS

For Drawing School.

W. T. S. Bartlett

The Up-Town Hardware Store,

653 MERRIMACK STREET.

FALL OPENING

—OF—

Ladies' Capes, Jackets, Suits, Skirts and Millinery.

Gent's Suits, Overcoats, Dry Goods

SAME PRICES CASH OR CREDIT.

LOWELL CO-OPP. SUPPLY CO.

26 Central Street,

Up One Flight Open Evenings

TODAY

Is none to soon to have glasses righly fitted. No "guess-work" fitting is satisfactory. Scientific accuracy is what is wanted to preserve the sight and prevent eyestrain and blindness.

GEO. G. ROGERS, OPTICIAN.

138 Merrimack St.

GOING AWAY?

Hope you'll have a good time and we know you will if you . . . . . .

Take One of Our

CAMERAS!

We carry a full line of

Eastman's Kodaks,

and all kinds of supplies. Also all leading makes of cameras. . . . .

ONE OF OUR

Hammocks

will make things easy for you. Prices from

75c to $6.00.

The Thompson Hardware Co.

SOLE AGENTS.

Clothes Baskets.

Our special for this week is a full sized strong braided Clothes Basket with one pound of

60c. Tea.

O'Brien Bros.

FISKE BUILDING.

227 Central Street. Tel. Con

SINCE THE CAR SERVICE IS SO UNSATISFACTORY, WE SUGGEST THAT THE COMPANY CONSTRUCT A FEW THOUSAND OF THESE "GET-THERES" AND DISTRIBUTE THEM TO ITS PATRONS. THE SUN CONTROLS THE PATENT AND WILL DONATE IT FREE IN BEHALF OF A SUFFERING PUBLIC.

POLICY OF BLUNDERS

Administration Scored by Carl Schurz at Chicago

He is Opposed to Making Further War on the Filipinos—Hon. Bourke Cockran Speaks

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CHICAGO, Oct. 18.—J. Sterling Morton of Nebraska presided at the evening session of the anti-imperialist conference, and in introducing Carl Schurz, who delivered the address of the evening spoke in substance as follows:

"That there are thousands of patriotic citizens of the United States who do not believe that it is wise to acquire distant, insular domains and attempt to make them a part of this republic, no one can doubt. We are assembled here for the purpose of avoiding dangers to the constitutions and the institutions which it has established and fostered.

"Let us stop the effusion of human blood. Let the eighteenth century come to the help of the nineteenth. The philosophers, our predecessors, are the apostles of the true. Let them before monarchies meditate wars, proclaim the right of man to life, the right to conscience, to liberty, the sovereignty of reason, the holiness of labor, the beneficence of peace; and since light issues from the thrones let the light come from the tombs."

ADDRESS OF MR. SCHURZ.

Mr. Schurz was then presented and spoke in part as follows:

"There are few Americans who do not frankly admit their regret that this Philippine war should ever have happened. I say, therefore, that if we have the future of the republic at heart we must not only not uphold the administration in its course, because we are in it, but just because we are in it having been got into it in such a way the American people should stamp the administration's proceedings with a verdict of disapproval so clear and emphatic and 'get out of it' in such a fashion, that this will be a solemn warning to future presidents instead of a seductive precedent.

"What, then, to accomplish this end is to be done? In the first place, let it be well understood that those are egregiously mistaken who think that if by a strong military effort the Philippine war be stopped everything will be right and no more question about it. Let there be at once an armistice between our forces and the Filipinos. Let the Philippine islanders at the same time be told that the American people will be glad to see them establish an independent government and to aid them in that task as far as may be necessary; that if the different tribes composing the poulation of the Philippines are disposed, or at least most of them, if not all, are likely to be, to attach themselves in some way to the government already existing under the presidency of Aguinaldo we shall cheerfully accept that solution of the question and even if required lend our good offices to bring it about and that meanwhile we shall deem it our duty to protect them against interference from other foreign powers—or in other words, that with regard to them we mean honestly to live up to the righteous principles with the profession of which we commended to the world our Spanish war.

"And then let us have in the Philippines to carry out this program not a small politician, not a meddlesome martinet but a statesman of large and genuine sympathy who will not merely deal in sanctimonious cant and oily promises with a string to them, but who will prove by his acts that he and we are honest; who will keep in mind that their government is not merely to suit us but to suit them; that it should not be measured by standards which we ourselves have not been able to reach, but be a government of their own, adapted to their own conditions and notions—whether it be a true republic like ours or better or a dictatorship like that of Porfirio Diaz in Mexico, or an oligarchy like the one maintained by us in Hawaii, or even something like the boss rule we are tolerating in New York and Pennsylvania. Those who talk so much of 'fitting a people for self-government' often forget that no people were ever made 'fit' for self-government by being kept in the leading strings of a foreign power. The cry is childish that unless we take and keep the Philippines, some other power will promptly grab them.

Why should not American diplomacy set about to secure the consent of the powers most nearly concerned to an agreement to make the Philippine islands neutral territory as Belgium and Switzerland are in Europe?

"There are some American citizens who take of this question a purely commercial view. I declare I am ardently in favor of the greatest possible expansion of our trade; but as to the annexation of the Philippines, will it pay?

"Many imperialists admit that our trade with the Philippines themselves will not nearly be worth its cost; but they say that we must have the Philippines as a foothold, a sort of power station for the expansion of our trade on the Asiatic continent especially in China. Admitting this, for argument's sake, I ask what kind of a foothold we should really need. Coaling stations and docks for our fleet and facilities for the establishment of commercial houses and depots. That is all. And now I ask further whether we could not easily have had these things if we had instead of making war upon the Filipinos, favored the independence of the islands. Everybody knows that we could.

"The present subjugation of the Philippines will not only be a help to the expansion of our Asiatic trade, but rather a constant danger and a clog to our feet.

"It is useless to say that the subjugated Philippine islanders will become our friends if we give them good government. However good that government may be, it will, to them, be foreign rule, and foreign rule especially hateful when begun by broken faith, cemented by streams of innocent blood and erected upon the ruins of devastated homes. The American will be and remain to them more a foreigner, an unsympathetic foreigner, than the Spaniard ever. Let us indulge in no delusion about this.

"And how much good government have we to give them? Are you not aware that our first imperialistic administration is also the first that, since the enactment of the civil service law, has widened the gates again for a new foray of spoils politics in the public service? What assurance have we that the Philippines, far away from public observation, will not be simply a pasture for needy politicians and for speculating syndicates to grow fat on, without much scruple as to the rights of the despised 'natives'?

"Has it not been so with the British in India, although the British monarchy is much better fitted for imperial rule than our democratic republic can ever be? Does not England at heart tremble today lest some hostile foreign power come close enough to throw a firebrand into that fearful mass of explosives?

"I ask you, therefore, in all soberness leaving all higher considerations of justice, morality and principle aside, whether from a mere business point of view, the killing policy of subjugation is not a colossal, stupid blunder, and whether it would not have been and now be, infinitely more sensible to win the confidence and cultivate the friendship of the islanders by recognizing them as of right entitled to their freedom and independence, as we have recognized the Cubans, and thus to obtain from their friendship and gratitude, for the mere asking, all the coaling stations and commercial facilities we require, instead of getting those things by fighting at an immense cost of blood and treasure, with a probability of having to fight for them again? I put this question to every business man who is not a fool or a reckless speculator. Can there be any doubt of the answer?

"A word now on a special point: There are some very estimable men among us who think that even if we concede to the islanders their independence, we should at least keep the city of Manila. I think differently, not from a mere impulse of generosity, but from an entirely practical point of view Manila is the traditional, if not the natural, capital of the archipelago. To recognize the independence of the Philippine islanders, and at the same time to keep from them Manila, would mean as much as to recognize the independence of Cuba and to keep Havana.

"I must confess I cannot understand the reasoning of those who have moral sense enough to recognize that this war is criminal aggression, but who still maintain that we must go on killing, and devastating, and driving our brave soldiers into a fight which they themselves are cursing, because we have once begun it. This I cannot understand. Do they not consider that in such a war, which they themselves condemn as wanton and iniquitous, the more complete our success, the greater will be our disgrace?

"I confidently trust that the American people will prove themselves too clear-headed not to appreciate the vital difference between the expansion of the republic and its free institutions over contiguous territory and kindred populations, and imperialism which reaches out for distant lands to be ruled as subject provinces. They will not fail to recognize that our dignity, our free institutions, and the peace and welfare of this and coming generations of Americans will be secure only as we cling to the watchword of true patriotism: 'Our country—when right to be kept right; when wrong to be put right.'"

HON. BOURKE COCHRAN.

Mr. Cockran said, among other things:

"Whatever we may think of the president's action it is only fair to admit that the policy to which he appears inclined, and which we condemn, casts the only shadow of doubt on his own political prospects. If the issues of the next election were confined to the preservation of existing economic conditions I do not think any man doubts his campaign would have ben a triumphal march to success.

It is said that, having accepted the aid of the Filipinos in our operations against Manila, there would have been an element of perfidy in abandoning them to their own resources after Spain had granted our own demands.

"However this may be, the cession of the Philippine islands by Spain to the United States is an accomplished fact, irrevocable, and therefore beyond discussion. The problem which confronts us now is the course which we should pursue toward them.

"If we begin by eliminating from the discourse all those features on which everybody is agreed, we will probably find the field of controversy sensibly narrowed.

"In the first place nobody contends that, as an original enterprise, the conquest of the Philippines would have been desirable or defensible, nor, so far as I know, does anybody assert that our armies should be withdrawn without first providing some stable form of government.

"If we went there reluctantly, and if we cannot leave immediately, it follows that our authority must be maintained in the Philippines for a while at least."

The conference adjourned at the conclusion of Mr. Cockran's address, those in charge of the meeting expressing themselves as delighted with the success of the affair.

THOUSANDS OF REQUESTS

For Free Bottles

Are received by the manufacturers of Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, and upon strict investigation it has been found that no less than 91 per cent. of those receiving trial bottles have been so helped by the Remedy sent, that they have bought large sized bottles at their druggists.

There is no doubt that Favorite Remedy is the very best medicine known for diseases of the Kidneys, Liver, Bladder and Blood, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia and Chronic Constipation. The manufacturers are prepared to send free trial bottles postpaid to all those who will write, giving their full name and post office address to the DR. DAVID KENNEDY CORPORATION, Rondout, N. Y., and mention this paper.

Put some of your urine in a glass tumbler; if in 24 hours it has a sediment, or a milky, cloudy condition; if it is pale or discolored, ropy or stringy, you need a good medicine, and Favorite Remedy is the best one you can take. It speedily cures such dangerous symptoms as pain in the back, frequent desire to urinate especially at night, scalding burning pain in passing water, staining of your linen by the urine and inability to hold it. Also the unpleasant and dangerous effects produced on the system by the use of whiskey or beer.

Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy is sold at all drug stores at $1.00 a bottle, or six bottles for $5.00.

THIS YEAR'S WORK

Of Registration Not Equal to Last Year

REGISTRATION CLOSED FOR STATE ELECTION

The Total Registration is Now 14,586

Registration for the state election closed at 10 o'clock last night in the quarters of the registrars of voters, city hall. The number of voters on the list at the beginning of registration was 13,737 and the new registration is 849, making the total voting list for the state election, 14,586 subject to minor changes. This is 369 less than the state and 595 less than the city (male) voting list last year. The new registration this year for the state election is 174 less than last year when it was 1023.

In the new registration for this year Ward Two leads with 125 and Ward Seven is second with 101. Then comes Ward Five, 97; Ward One, 96; Ward Three, 92; Ward Nine, 91; Wards Four and Eight are tie with 82 each, and Ward Six is the tail ender with a round 50.

The following total shows the state of the voting list at the beginning of the registration with the additions by precincts and wards:

WARD ONE.

Precinct	1	2	3
	415	457	316—1227
Added	37	40	19— 96
			1323

WARD TWO.

Precinct	1	2	3
	322	401	448—1171
Added	31	41	53— 125
			1296

WARD THREE.

Precinct	1	2	3
	475	571	600—1646
Added	31	35	25— 92
			1738

WARD FOUR.

Precinct	1	2	3
	459	435	61—1476
Added	23	21	33— 82
			1558

WARD FIVE.

Precinct	1	2	3
	352	483	437—1272
Added	46	28	21— 97
			1369

WARD SIX.

Precinct	1	2	3
	631	474	609—1614
Added	36	13	26— 49
			1663

WARD SEVEN.

Precinct	1	2	3
	634	614	597—1765
Added	60	20	33—101
			1866

WARD EIGHT.

Precinct	1	2	3
	664	703	652—1969
Added	21	25	36— 82
			2051

WARD NINE.

Precinct	1	2	3
	411	514	670—1594
Added	22	24	45— 91
			1685

Grand total, 14,586.

SULTAN OF SULU

Tossed Gauntlet at General Bates

HE GOT ANGRY AT THE AMERICAN

Southern General Ignored Peacock Mohamedan

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MANILA, Oct. 18.—The Sultan of Sulu has met General Bates. On the arrival of the general and his staff on the U. S. Chocorua, His Royal Highness had the audacity to despatch a courier with a message requesting Gen. Bates to come and see him. The general, however, was not seeing anybody on such peremptory invitations and maintaining the dignity of the government he so faithfully and successfully represents, he issued a courteous invitation in return. The mountain did not come to Mahomet, hence Mahomet came to the mountain, followed by a numerous and gorgeously attired retinue, his "royal nibs" visited General Bates and made his obeisance to the Starry Banner. He was very versatile, professed sentiments of devotion and admiration in flowery, oriental rhetoric, but it was all wind. No decided or definite result was obtained by the meeting.

The powerful and warlike claimant to the sultanship, Dato Jakanin, residing about one mile from Jolo, next visited the general and stated:

"The sultan is a man of many words; he is all talk like a parrot and his moods are as changeable as the wind. I, Dato Jakanin, am a man of few words. I speak once and then act. The sultan is unpopular; he has frittered away our rights, the rights of his Dato and of his people by granting and trading pearl fisheries and other concessions to strangers without our consent. I am a claimant to the throne and I will defend my rights in battle."

Dato Jakanin has mustered 2,500 faithful warriors against a slightly more numerous force of the sultan's. But Jakanin's men are more devoted and are filled with a spirit of loyalty and courage which may counterbalance the superior numbers of the opposing party. Sunday was set for the fight but no move has been made by either party up to this time. Results are anxiously awaited.

The Dato Mundi, the most influential and powerful chief in the Archipelago, arrived on North Borneo Trading company's steamer "Labuan" from his domain and capital of Sakot, on the island of Mindanao, and immediately paid a visit to General Bates. The presentation ceremony was most impressive and picturesque. Dato Mundi, a splendid fellow of dignified bearing, superb physique, with a face of strong character, and erect as a dart, followed by 27 warriors, heathen of his people, attired in picturesque native costume, like all Moros of Mahomet's creed with gay, flowing robes and gaudy, towering turbans and armed with glittering creases, made his salute to the representative of our government and swore allegiance and fealty to the flag. Dato Mundi controls 100 miles of territory on the coast of Mindanao and his domain extends far back to the mountains and Zamboanga.

"The insurgents," he stated "until recently occupied Zamboanga, but have now deserted it and retreated to the hills about three miles away. They looted the houses and even carried off the tin roofs to their camp. They have not been paid for a long time and are sick of their contract. We Moors hate the Tagalos. Give me authority and I will attack the dogs and wipe the hordes off the face of the earth."

General Bates is to be congratulated in acquiring so valuable an ally. The U. S. S. Castine is patrolling the coast off Mindanao but American troops have not yet occupied Zamboanga. General Bates' mission is still unfinished, therefore the Chocorua will remain at Jolo for the time being.

Jolo is a charming place and members of the expedition derive great enjoyment from the delightful climate and scenery of the southern archipelago.

Chronic Dyspepsia

CURED BY THE NEW TREATMENT.

It is Guaranteed.

Philadelphia, June 6, '99.

The R. T. Booth Co.:

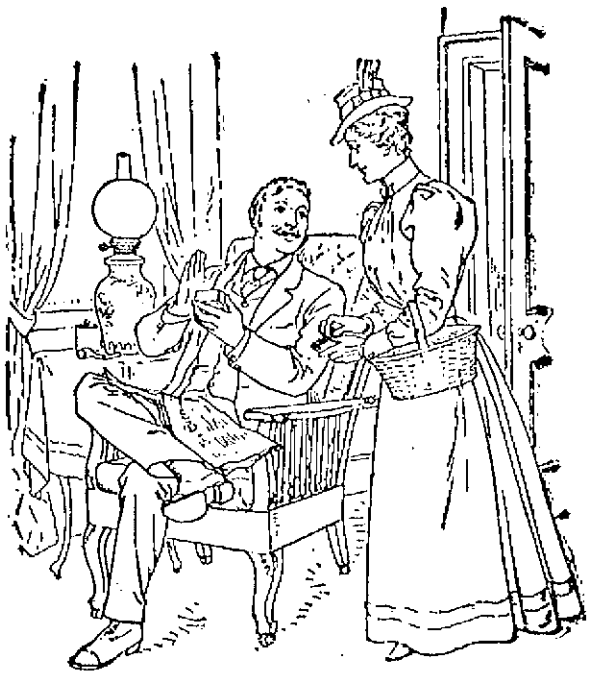
Dear Sirs; I have suffered with chronic dyspepsia for years and nothing would relieve me. Doctored with the best physicians and grew worse under their treatment. Suffered from acid stomach and experienced the greatest distress after eating, could not sleep and was very miserable. I have used but two boxes of the Hyomei Dyspepsia Cure and am now perfectly well. I recommend it to all my friends who are suffering with the same complaint.

Very respectfully,
MRS. LIDIA McLANE MILLS.
1529 Vine street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Hyomei Dyspepsia Cure is Unlike Any Other.

It treats each phase of the disease separately, and contains the only germicide known, which can be taken internally and without danger and yet destroy the bacilli which cause intestinal indigestion (the most dangerous form of dyspesia). Hyomei Dyspepsia Cure is the only one ever guaranteed. Your money is refunded if it fails to cure. Price 50c. All Druggists. One day's treatment sent free to any address on receipt of stamp.

THE R. T. BOOTH COMPANY,
Ithaca, N. Y.



There's nothing in Ivory Soap but soap, good, pure vegetable-oil soap. There's nothing to make the linens streaky, no alkali to injure the finest textures. The lather forms quickly and copiously, and wash-day is a pleasure instead of a drudgery. Try it for the next wash. The price places it within reach of every one. **Look out for imitations.**

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TEWKSBURY

The ladies' aid society of the Congregational church have elected the following officers: Mrs. S. P. Pike, president; Mrs. J. H. Yutman, vice-president; Mrs. E. Gray, secretary and treasurer; Miss L. Rogers, assistant secretary and treasurer; Mrs. P. Foster, Mrs. T. Spaulding and Mrs. J. Phelps, directors; Mrs. Miller, solicitor.

The first social of this society was held last evening in the vestry. Refreshments were served at 7 p. m., followed by an enjoyable entertainment which had the following numbers: Duet, Misses Pike and Morrill; reading, Miss A. Littlefield; song, Master G. Blackburn, and reading by Miss Pike.

After the entertainment the remainder of the evening was spent in playing games. There was an attendance of about 100 people.

The W. C. T. U. S. society of this town will hold its first social and dance of the year November 1st.

NERVITA PILLS

Restores VITALITY, LOST VIGOR AND MANHOOD

Cures Impotency, Night Emissions and wasting diseases, all effects of self-abuse, or excess and indiscretion. **A nerve tonic and blood builder.** Brings the pink glow to pale cheeks and restores the fire of youth. By mail 50c per box, 6 boxes for $2.50; with a written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Send for circular. Address,

NERVITA MEDICAL CO.
Clinton & Jackson Sts., CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale by Ellingwood & Co., Druggists, Lowell, Mass.

HEART DISEASE.

Some Facts Regarding the Rapid Increase of Heart Trouble.

Heart trouble, at least among the Americans, is certainly increasing and while this may be largely due to the excitement and worry of American business life, it is more often the result of weak stomachs, of poor digestion.

Real organic disease is incurable; but not one case in a hundred of heart trouble is organic.

The close relation between heart trouble and poor digestion is because both organs are controlled by the same great nerves, the Sympathetic and Pneumogastric.

In another way, also the heart is affected by the form of poor digestion, which causes gas and fermentation from half digested food. There is a feeling of oppression and heaviness in the chest caused by pressure of the distended stomach on the heart and lungs, interfering with their action; hence arises palpitation and short breath.

Poor digestion also poisons the blood, making it thin and watery, which irritates and weakens the heart.

The most sensible treatment for heart trouble is to improve the digestion and to insure the prompt assimilation of food.

This can be done by the regular use after meals of some safe, pleasant and effective digestive preparation, like Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, which may be found at most drug stores, and which contain valuable, harmless digestive elements in a pleasant, convenient form.

It is safe to say that the regular persistent use of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets at meal time will cure any form of stomach trouble except cancer of the stomach.

Full sized package of these tablets sold by druggists at 50 cents. Little book on stomach troubles mailed free. Address F. A. Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich.

FITS CURED

(From U. S. Journal of Medicine.)

Prof. W. H. Peeke, who makes a specialty of Epilepsy, has without doubt treated and cured more cases than any living Physician; his success is astonishing. We have heard of cases of 20 years' standing cured by him. He publishes a valuable work on this disease which he sends with a large bottle of his absolute cure, free to any sufferer who may send their P. O. and Express address. We advise anyone wishing a cure to address, Prof. W. H. PEEKE, F. D., 4 Cedar St., New York.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

LADIES Who Have Used Them Recommend as the BEST
DR. KING'S
Star Crown Brand
PENNYROYAL PILLS.

Immediate relief, no danger, no pain. Used for years by leading specialists. Hundreds of testimonials. A trial will convince you of their intrinsic value in case of suppression. Send ten cents for sample and book. All Druggists or by mail $1.00 box.

KING MEDICINE CO., Box 1930, BOSTON, MASS.

Welcome Shoes

$3.00.

This is our ladies latest shoe. Made by expert workmen expressly for our store. We name this shoe Welcome Shoe. It is a welcome to the ladies feet. Made on the very latest mannish last. We guarantee this shoe to give satisfaction or your money back. Sold only by the

SUNLIGHT

Shoe Store

100 CENTRAL ST.

High Grade Repairing.

W. S. GRADY

Oil Stoves

You will need some more heat in your house next month. Why not get ready for it.

We have oil and gas stoves at a price that will please you.

OUR

Oil and Gas Stoves

Are all first class. NO SHODDY goods amongst them. The best is none too good for you, and that is just what we have.

GAYNOR & CO.

35 Prescott St.

By J. E. CONANT & CO. - - - - Auctioneers

OFFICE, LOWELL, MASS.

TOMORROW AFTERNOON.

Mortgagee's sale of the large Block, known as the St. Goddard tenement property, 76-82 West Third Street, near the junction of West Third, Coburn and Jewett Streets, or adjoining the extensive property of John H. Burke & Co.

The sale by law will take place on the premises on Friday, the 20th day of October, 1899, at three o'clock in the afternoon, regardless of the weather, attendance or price. The block contains fourteen tenements of two, three and four rooms each. Each tenement has a water closet; the tenements rent for $4.50, $5.50 and $7.00 per month; the block is splendidly situated to rent; if properly cared for, and attended to, it would be one of the best paying and most satisfactory pieces of renting real estate in Lowell. The buildings are very solid and substantial but need some minor interior repairs. Much more could be said in favor of and to the advantage of this property, but to fully realize and appreciate it, you must thoroughly examine it.

The lot has a frontage of 60 feet, and an area of about 5090 square feet, is concreted about the buildings and of excellent size.

From two-thirds to three-quarters of the purchase money can remain on mortgage and the purchaser must deposit with or secure to the auctioneers from $500 to $600 as requested; as soon as the property is struck off.

LURANA A. GROVER, Mortgagee.

THE LOWELL SUN
JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor.
SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.
Member of the Associated Press
$3.00 Per Year. 25c. Per Month

CIRCULATION COUNTS....

In estimating the cost of advertising, remember that circulation is what counts. When a paper with one-half or one-third the circulation of The Sun asks Sun rates for advertising space, you can readily see how cheap our rates really are.

The real cost of advertising is not the rate per inch, but the rate per inch per thousand of circulation.

The Sun not only leads all the local papers in circulation but it easily leads any two of them combined. The Sun is conceded to be

LOWELL'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER.

THE STREET RAILWAY COMBINE

The street railway continues to discommode the public by the lack of cars and a general attempt to cut down the service. The presumption is, of course, that people will wait for the cars anyhow. Well, if they do they will have shorter hours to work. Twenty-minute time prevails on most lines, while on some it extends to half-hour time. When a snowstorm comes and the cars make but half the number of trips we shall have forty-minute time. This, of course, will be good enough for Lowell. Boston has five-minute time on most of the lines and on but few does the interval between cars extend over ten minutes; that, of course, is imperative in Boston, but the syndicate which controls our street railway lines seems to think that Lowell is a jay town anyhow. The people are helpless except they obtain some change in the present laws governing public franchises. The city council has given away the franchise and it is now in the hands of a foreign corporation, which bids defiance to the city council and the people of Lowell in reducing the number of cars and the number of employes, and by abandoning some lines altogether.

WAR AS A BUSINESS.

The manner in which the 46th regiment was sent away shows that the nation has come down to the idea of war as a business. The regiment was not shipped to Boston to parade and be cheered, but forwarded to the Pacific coast by the shortest route and in the most practical fashion. These soldiers have their work before them. They are to be a part of the force sent out to establish American sovereignty in the Philippine archipelago and to accomplish this it may be necessary to slay many of the resisting natives. It is serious business in which they are to engage, and it is quite as well that they go about it without any unnecessary fuss or tumult.—Citizen.

Just so, they are professional fighters, it is their business to invade the Philippine Islands and help in the work of slaying the natives until the warriors cry "enough" and submit. Then the plunder and robbery of the country will commence. Every country ever subjugated has paid dearly for its subjugation. So it will be with the Philippines.

THE ANTI-IMPERIALISTS.

That anti-imperialist conference at Chicago is one of great importance. Ex-Governor Boutwell's letter of regret at enforced absence made three important suggestions, which were as follows:

1. The president should be held responsible for the war in the Philippines and for the sacrifice of life and the expenditure of treasure incurred in its prosecution.

2. The conference in the name of the anti-imperialists of the country, should announce its purpose to oppose his re-election and its further purpose to oppose the election of members of congress who may sustain his policy.

3. The conference may declare its intention to oppose the re-election of any member of congress who may sustain an appropriation of men or money for the prosecution of the war. On these points there should be no compromise, no concessions.

These will undoubtedly be followed by the conference which is thus far independent of all political parties, but being with the democratic party on the leading issue of the day and opposed to the leading plank of the republican platform, it can be easily seen in what direction the influence of such a body will be exerted.

THE CUP RACE.

To-day, we opine, will finish the yacht race, unless the weather is unfavorable. The Shamrock has been rather unfortunate in the accident of Monday, but Sir Thomas Lipton says he has pulled out of worse holes than that. He takes his defeat very blandly and keeps his temper. Whether he wins or loses, it seems that he will carry home with him the good wishes of the American people.

THE CHELMSFORD FARMERS

That political flim flam which Messrs. Ramsay and Watson worked upon the republicans of Chelmsford is worthy the ingenuity of Bunco Reed and that reminds us that Reed did some business with Chelmsford farmers, in the line of the flim-flam game. We are consequently somewhat surprised to find them victimized again, this time by the Lowell republicans of the 25th district. In playing this high handed game the Lowell delegates have shown an utter disregard of the voting strength of the Chelmsford end of the district, but the Chelmsford men took care of themselves last year and they will probably do so in 1902, when they are to be cheated out of a representative under the Ramsay flim-flam arrangement.

When the Chelmsford farmers were buncoed by Reed, they had no redress, but in the present attempt to bunco them they can strike back by electing the flim-flam nominee of the 25th district in 1902 to stay at home. These Chelmsford farmers have long memories and will undoubtedly resent this flagrant act of injustice.

Rev. Fr. Reaney, chaplain of the Olympia, in speaking of the Philippine war, seemed to approve its object and aim and to justify the war. In this we regret to say that he differs with the most fair-minded men in the country and with the majority of the Catholic clergy. There are, however, notable exceptions, such, for example, as Archbishop Ireland.

The beauties of our new charter are well illustrated in the relations existing between the commons committee and the superintendent. The committee refused to vote for more money to finish the new Rogers Park and now Supt. Whitett refuses to recognize their authority as applied to his office, as he has a right to do under the new charter.

It is gratifying to know that the strike at Stover's shoe shop was quickly settled. It is bad policy for either party to waste time while business is good on futile controversies over the question of fair treatment and fair wages for employes. It never pays to drive out skilled help.

Still the burglars are with us, although they do not seem to be making any great hauls.

BOXING GOSSIP.

Peter Maher and Kid McCoy signed articles yesterday for their coming fight. Although William A. Brady has secured the signature of McCoy to fight at the Coney Island Sporting club for its purse, it is not at all certain that he will get Maher's name to the same conditions. Maher wants to be assured that the purse will be $20,000. If there assurances are not forthcoming he may sign to fight only before the club offering the largest purse. Brady has promised that the purse will be $20,000, and is shouldering much responsibility in so doing. In fact he has gone as far as to furnish that amount of his own money. The Coney Island officials don't believe in offering so much money to McCoy and Maher, thinking the receipts of such a show would come far below that figure. Brady however, thinks differently.

Kid McCoy has signed articles for a fight with Billy Stift of Chicago, to come off in St. Louis Oct. 27. The bout is scheduled as one of twenty rounds and Tim Hurst will be referee. This fight will doubtless be a good one, for Stift is regarded as an exceptionally good man at his weight. He once knocked out McCoy, but was subsequently defeated by the Kid. In this battle Stift will endeavor to accomplish McCoy's defeat again. It is generally agreed that he will have anything but an easy task. The Kid doesn't hold anybody cheaply now, since his accidental knockout by Jack McCormick, and it is almost safe betting that he will not suffer another defeat by Stifts' hands.

Billy Stift will have another important engagement to fill after his bout with McCoy. He has accepted an offer to fight Jack Root, the Chicago middleweight, to a finish at Davenport, Iowa, on Nov. 16. A big purse will be fought for. While this fight is regarded with only ordinary interest in the east, it nevertheless has attracted considerable attention in the west, especially in Chicago. There Stift and Root are looked upon as the bitterest of local rivals, and the result of their meeting will serve to satisfy the admirers of each, by whom he is regarded as the coming champion in the middle-weight class.

Joe Choynski has a fight on his hands which, while it looks easy for him, may prove just the reverse. He has been matched to fight Dick Moore in a twenty-round bout at Tim Hurst's St. Louis Athletic club Oct. 23. Moore has fought in this vicinity, but never astonished anybody by his ability. He is a clever boxer and can take a beating. He doesn't seem lucky, however. He has put up good battles only to be defeated. In Choynski he will probably meet the best man of his career, and on form cannot be expected to win. If he could not beat Johnny German of New York it would be foolish to think of his whipping Choynski. Moore recently fought Jack Stelzner of St. Louis, a fifteen-round draw at the club he is to fight Choynski. His showing was a good one.

No matter whether he thinks so or not it cannot be denied that Tommy West will have the hardest kind of a time trying to beat Charley Stevenson at the Greenwood Athletic club next Saturday night. Stevenson is a big burly negro, and belongs in the heavy-weight class. He is a fairly good boxer and can strike a good blow. His recent defeat of Charley Strong of Newark, in five rounds gives one an idea that he is at least above the ordinary third-rater. West is taking a big chance, and his friends would rather not see him fight Stevenson. Both men are training hard, and their fight should be interesting.

Joe Choynski is trying to arrange a fight with "Kid" McCoy to take place at one of the big New York clubs. They recently fought a six-round draw in Chicago, and Choynski made such an improved showing that he is confident now that he can win in a long fight. He and "Australian Jimmy" Ryan will battle twenty-five rounds at catch-weights at the Broadway Athletic club on Friday night. Ryan has not been seen in New York for two years, while Choynski has not fought there since he was beaten by Peter Maher. Both men are training diligently for the battle and will doubtless furnish a fast fight. They box at catch-weights.

Joe Young, the Buffalo light-weight, who arrived in New York lately, has been matched to meet "Spike" Sullivan in a twenty-round bout at the Greenwood Athletic club, Nov. 1. Youngs is credited with being a very clever two-handed fighter.

His coming match with "Kid" McCoy will add to the interest of Peter Maher's match with Dunkhorst, the big Syracuse fighter, which takes place on Monday night. The encounter will be a ten-round affair at the Monarch Athletic club in Syracuse. It will be refereed by Charles White of this city. While Dunkhorst has never shown very brilliantly in the pugilistic line, his immense size gives him a chance that all opponents fear.

The Irishman has been taking good care of himself and hopes to give a fine of his form when he meets Dunkhorst. Maher's friends predict that Peter will take the money before five rounds.

GAS LIGHT COMPANY

HAS NOT BEEN SOLD OUT, AS REPORTED.

A report was extensively circulated yesterday to the effect that the Lowell Gaslight company had sold out its plant, but the officials of the company promptly denied the report.

WAS NOT A LOWELL MAN.

The body of a man found in Broad canal, Cambridge, on Sunday, and thought to be that of a Lowell man, has been identified as that of William Carr of 992 Cambridge street, Cambridge. He was a son of James Carr, and lived with his father and an invalid brother. The body was recognized by means of a photograph. The body will be disinterred.

Golf Capes are very scarce, but we have them and sell them very cheap, from $3.49 up, at Boston cloak and suit store, 226 Merrimack street.

SEN. PARSONS

Has Become an Independent Candidate

FOR THE SATE LEGISLATURE

The Democrats Will Not Oppose Him

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Oct. 18.—Senator Herbert C. Parsons of Greenfield, one of the republican members of the legislature who refused to vote for Henry Cabot Lodge for United States senator, and who was defeated in the republican convention because of this fact is going to the polls to make a contest.

This will be the first real test of the anti-imperialists in the state and the issue will be made square between the republicans who favor President McKinley's policy and those who are opposed to his conduct of the war in the Philippines.

The republicans in the district which comprises the towns of Franklin and Hampshire counties have nominated Charles W. Hazleton for Senator Parsons' place. The democrats met yesterday but made no nomination so that the fight will come between Hazelton and Parsons.

Nicholas J. Lawler, one of the leading democrats of the convention, said the reason the democrats did not nominate a candidate was that if a democrat was nominated he would be simply knocked down. There was to be an independent candidate. If no nomination was made it left the democrats free to vote as they liked.

A. B. Parker, another prominent democratic leader, said: "Tariff, trusts and everything else could wait. Imperialism was the one burning question. We are waging a war of conquest. We are down deep in the mire. Commercial exploitation and land-grabbing should cease. The man in the White House is a willing tool. The danger facing the country today was more serious than that during the civil war."

Senator Parsons said to a reporter after the session of the senate last winter that he could not consistently support Senator Lodge's position on the question of imperialism.

"I did not attend the caucus because I think the republicans should have been free to act and elect a man from Massachusetts who is in accord with Massachusetts ideas on the great question of colonial policy or territorial expansion. I did not vote for him today because I did not approve of his policy and think that the interests of Massachusetts are best served by men who hold the views of Senator Hoar. Had ex-Governor Boutwell allowed me to use his name in the senate I certainly would have voted for him because I think his views are right. When he declined to be a candidate I had no other choice. Some people may criticize my position in this matter but I think I performed my duty to the best interests of the constituency that elected me."

Representative Severance, a republican from Senator Parsons' town, also refused to vote for Lodge, and there were twelve republicans absent from the caucus when he was nominated.

JOURNAL ALBUM

IS NOW ON DEWEY'S SHIP.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Oct. 19.—A newspaper history of the battle of Manila, compiled by direction of Mr. W. R. Hearst, was presented to the cruiser Olympia yesterday morning by Mr. Emory H. Tarbot of this city, in behalf of the New York Journal. Captain Lamberton accepted the gift with expressions of admiration and appreciation.

The album contains pictures, maps descriptions, photographs, biographies and is, in short, a faithful record of the events which have made the Olympia forever dear to the American heart, and is by no means among the least of the many trophies of this glorious time which are in the vessel's proud possession. It was greatly admired by officers and men, and more than one inquiry was made whether it were possible to purchase duplicates for individual use.

The Olympia will probably go out of commission, and if so Capt. Lamberton will have the album deposited in the library of the navy yard, where it will remain until the ship is again in sea-going condition. Then it will be taken on board to edify and encourage the officers and men who shall in future years serve their country on her decks.

The Olympia lies only a stone's throw from the navy's other celebrated ship, the frigate Constitution, and the contrast between the old and the new was never more strikingly illustrated. Her officers and men hope for furloughs after their arduous labors—many of them have not seen home since 1895—and all are fatigued by the popular demonstrations of the last three weeks.

The crowds of sightseers have slyly taken tampions and sights from guns and in other ways made their patriotism an annoyance, and it is with a feeling of relief that Captain Lamberton and his officers see the stores going ashore and being stripped.

SWISS TREATY

UNITED STATES TO TAKE STEPS TO TERMINATE IT.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 18.—The state department has regretfully come to the conclusion that the existing treaty between the United States and Switzerland must be terminated and steps in that direction soon will be taken. The necessity for this course arises from the action of certain of the state governments in enforcing local laws which in their operation prevent Swiss insurance companies from doing business in those states.

While these laws were not aimed directly at the Swiss companies yet providing as they do for discriminatory taxes against foreign corporations they constitute a direct violation of the treaty between the United States and Switzerland whereby the United States gives to Swiss concerns the same rights to do business within the limits of the United States as are enjoyed by the United States corporations.

It is felt that it would be useless for the national government to remonstrate with the governments of the states which have thus violated the treaty so there is nothing to be done but to surrender the convention.

SORE FEET
Caused by corns, bunions, or callouses, quickly cured by using WAKEFIELD'S FIR BALSAM SALVE. Price, 25c.
Goodale's Drug Store, cor. Central and Jackson Streets

SOME MILL NEWS

The Situation of the Print Cloth Market

PRICE OF TAPESTRIES GOING UP NEXT YEAR

A German Cotton Spinners' Trust

The following is from the latest issue of Bennett's weekly:

Ten days ago the wonder was increasing that print cloths and prints should be relatively in the dumps. Other cottons had advanced heavily since the Fall River market four months ago was pegged at 2¾ cents and for some week past cotton had been on the upward jump, while an actual famine existed in the cloth market. But Fall River is a market of surprises. There is no combination among buyers and there has been only a partial agreement about sellers, but buying and selling of print cloths, was a high class spotting game between the two interests before tennis, golf and slugging gained their supremacy.

At the close of the week, probably as the result of many weeks of the subtlest kind of secret diplomatic maneuvering a heavy print cloth deal was consummated, which swept off stocks and put the mills under contract to January. It is not known just what quantity of cloths were sold, but the most reliable estimates put the figures in the neighborhood of 2,000,000 pieces. Although prices have not at this writing been advanced in consequence of this movement, it is taken for granted, that such may be the case at any moment, thus erasing the only undefined feature of the general market and assuring, as it does, better demand and prices for prints.

A feature in this deal, noted and complained of by cloth brokers, is that the selling committee not only made the sale direct, but gave the benefit of commissions to buyers. The brokers claim that such action is a reduction of prices. It is difficult to see how this can be controverted, and it simply proves that the buyers had the best of the game in this instance at the expense of the brokers and it remains to be seen how this diplomatic concession will be met by the latter. That it will prove a boomerang in some way or other can hardly be doubted as the brokers all know the tricks and are by no means a stupid crowd.

FOREIGN SILKS.

Nevertheless, there is improvement to which fancy foreign silks participate and as a whole the movement discloses progress in the retail trade and brings the hope that demand will continue to increase. Nothing new was reported as regards the favor shown to weaves and colors on the part of consumers, taffetas continuing to lead in all reassortments as in the orders.

CARPETS.

Notwithstanding that the season is nearly over for manufacturers, carpets continue active. News from the West is that retailers have begun to cut goods freely. It is believed that the new season will bring advanced prices for tapestries, Wiltons, Brussels and Velvets. The raw material market is stiffening. Inquiry among importers of mattings and agents for domestic mills indicate considerable activity in that trade.

COTTON SPINNERS' TRUST.

A German Cotton Spinners' trust has been formed, embracing 56 per cent. of the manufacturers of the Empire. The association of Cotton Yarn Spinners complain that the trust's terms are so high that the foreign spinner will be able to get German yarns 15 per cent. cheaper than they can be got by Germans.

BASE BALL.

Adrian C. Anson, for many years the manager of the Chicago baseball team, and now one of the promoters of the new league, was in Cincinnati the other day. His presence in Cincinnati, according to his own statement, had nothing to do with baseball. He was there on business pertaining to his billiard hall in Chicago, the building in which it is located being owned by Cincinnati capitalists. Anson is heart and soul with the new organization. He says the scheme is a sure go, and that the National league will have a strong rival next season.

According to Anson, it is not at all improbable that Cincinnati will have a club in the new league. "This city is now being considered by the promoters of the new organization, and if enough local capital can be found to support the club there will be one there next season. It is unnecessary to say that up to date no one has been found in this neck of the woods with much of the long green who is willing to take part in the venture.

"It is being considered whether Pittsburg and Cincinnati, even with rival teams, would not prove better cities than either Detroit and Milwaukee," said Mr. Anson. "The new league holds a meeting in New York the latter part of this month, and then all these questions will be settled. It has been said that we would have some trouble securing players for the new league, but it is absurd. We will be able to get all the players we want, and more, too. I am in a position to know that two-thirds of the present Chicago team will join with us at a moment's notice, and the players of all other teams feel about the same way. They want to get away from the reserve rule and other obnoxious laws passed by the National league."

"Mike" Griffin, who for many years was considered the king of centerfielders in the National league, and who was sold to the St. Louis club by the Brooklyn club last spring, is in Brooklyn.

When the Baltimore-Brooklyn syndicate was formed Griffin who had signed a Brooklyn contract for 1899 at a large figure was sold to St. Louis. It seems that the amount of salary he was to receive was misrepresented, and Griffin refused to accept less and has been out of the game this year. It is very likely that he will enter suit at the close of the season to have his grievances against the Brooklyn club adjusted. Griffin is on the reserve list of the St. Louis club.

The great player is not there on base ball business. "I have not paid much attention to baseball this year. I signed with Brooklyn for a certain sum and when I was sold to St. Louis those figures were cut. I naturally refused to stand for the cut and went home where I have been ever since. I have taken no steps to have the matter settled as yet but I am not out of baseball. There is some good ball playing left in me. My grievances may be adjusted some day, and then I would have no hesitancy in getting into the game. I am doing very well out of baseball. I have not seen a National league game this season, but if I am here Saturday I will go out and take a look at one.

"McGraw has certainly made a wonderful record in Baltimore. He is the greatest ball player in the business, and has shown that he is a manager also."

An ugly charge has been made against Capt. Ewing, of the Cincinnati team. The accusation that he has been making disparaging remarks against the owners of the Cincinnati club come from two reliable sources, and would indicate that the "Red" leader is guilty of grossest ingratitude. To accuse President Brush of being "cheap" and desiring to get together another team that shall not cost much to run is a story that any follower of the game who knows anything of the affairs of the Cincinnati club will denounce. In the last five years the Cincinnati club has paid more money for players than any three other clubs in the league combined.

It has been demonstrated that the worn out stars that Ewing has selected for the team in the past few years and who have been purchased at exorbitant prices, were not wisely chosen, for the reason that none of them made good. In view of this fact, Mr. Brush has decided to get together a team of young players, whose services he can command when they are at their best. His recent offer of $10,000 for McGraw, of the Baltimores, to manage his team, and the fact that he has purchased about a dozen players this fall at advanced prices, is further evidence that his sole desire is to give Cincinnati a winning team, no matter what the price. The fact that he has been negotiating for another manager may have caused Ewing to make the remarks credited to him.

ANNUAL RETURNS

OF THE LOWELL AND SUBURBAN STREET RAILWAY COMPANY.

The Lowell Suburban Street Railway Co., E. M. Tucke, president and Percy Parker, treasurer, have now filed their return with the board of assessors, under section 6, chapter 563 of the public statutes as did the L. L. & H. a few days ago.

The sworn return of the Lowell & Suburban, attested by W. A. Fisher, J. P. Stratus.

Mileage reckoned as single track, 35.572. Total length of track operated by it in public ways in the commonwealth:

Mileage reckoned as single track, 63.494.

Gross receipts for the year ending Sept. 30, 1899, $95,659.85.

It will be seen that the above receipts are nearly $100,000 less than those of the Lowell, Lawrence & Haverhill printed a few days ago in the Sun and which were $201,297.41 balance in favor of the L. L. & H., $95,116.56.

FATAL FALL

ALICE BRUNELLE FELL FROM A ROOF MONDAY AND DIED YESTERDAY.

Yesterday, Alice Brunelle, the four-year-old child that fell from the roof of Fletcher's block on Moody street, Monday afternoon, died from the injuries received. Since the accident the child has borne the terrible suffering with a remarkable fortitude. She fell five stories striking on a concrete walk. Dr. Paquette did all in his power to save the child but the injuries were of such a nature that death was only a question of time. The little girl was the daughter of Albert and Vilatine Brunelle. They are deeply grieved over the loss of their little one and much sympathy is felt for them.

MOCK TRIAL

HELD BY THE BILLERICA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

Last night every seat in the Billerica town hall was occupied when a mock trial was conducted by Col. A. V. Newton of Worcester, under the auspices of the Billerica Historical association. Col. Newton was the lawyer for the defendant and his son, E. V. Newton was prosecuting attorney, the rest of the court, jury and witnesses being made up of residents of the town. The defendant, Frank Holden, was charged with the larceny of a Plymouth Rock rooster from the coop of Mrs. Margaret Meeker Wright and after hearing the evidence, the jury brought in a verdict of "not guilty but he must return the rooster." The trial was full of humor, and the many local hits during its progress caused no end of amusement. The officers were: Judge, Frederic A. Morey; plaintiff, Mrs. Margaret Meeker Wright; defendant, Frank Holden; clerk of court, H. D. Mallett; officer, Chas. H. Hazen; attorney for defendant, Col. A. V. Newton of Worcester; attorney for defence, E. V. Newton of Worcester; crier, H. W. Livingston; court stenographer, Victor J. Hosmer; witnesses, Herbert A. King, N. H. Hutchins, Coburn S. Smith, C. L. Beck, J. B. Robinson, T. E. Smith; jurors, Herbert Sheldon, E. Baker, Fred H. Parker, John H. Baker, John Barnes, Arthur Kimball, Joseph Holt, Fred L. Mason, Fred L. Gleason, Charles A. Gleason, A. O. Dane, John A. Richardson.

DR. CHEVALIER

SAYS HE DID NOT ATTEMPT TO COMMIT SUICIDE.

The ambulance was summoned yesterday afternoon to 393 Middlesex street to take Dr. J. E. Chevalier who came here from Providence, R. I., a few days ago, to the hospital. It was alleged that he was suffering from the effects of cocaine which he had taken.

The doctor was rooming on the third floor and when the ambulance arrived he walked down stairs and demanded what was wanted of him. When he was told that the ambulance was waiting for him, he entered without protest and went to the hospital. He was not so agreeable at the hospital, however, and when stomach pumps and emetics were spoken of, he stoutly refused to allow anything in the line of medical attendance for he said he did not need it. After a period spent in useless persuasion the hospital authorities allowed him to go his way and he returned to his room.

Dr. Chevalier said last night: "I used to live in Lowell. During my stay here I was employed as clerk in Field's drug store at Davis square. Since that time I have kept a drug store in Burlington, Vt., where I also practiced medicine. Later I gave up the store and went home to Canada. After spending some time at my home in Canada, I communicated with a friend of mine a doctor, who has a drug store in Rhode Island, and he engaged me to go to work as clerk. I worked for him two weeks and he and I could not get along very well together so I decided to leave and I came direct to Lowell, hoping I could start in business here."

Dr. Chevalier denied very positively the intention of suicide and says his father will be here today from Canada.

ANNUAL REUNION

OF THE 28TH MASSACHUSETTS REGIMENT HELD YESTERDAY.

The 28th annual re union of the 28th Massachusetts Regiment association, Veterans of the civil war, was held at South Framingham yesterday. Lowell was well represented.

The oldest member of the association is the venerable Luke Smith of Acton, son of a soldier of the American revolution. Edward F. Cushing of Somerville, who has labored hard to keep the records of the association in good condition, was but 13 years of age when he left his home in Lowell and enlisted.

Lieut. James F. Upham of Company A presided at the reunion and Sergt. Edward F. Cushing read the necrology. These deaths have been reported since the 1898 reunion: Company A, Charles F. Emerson, Lowell; D. John Floyd, Amesbury; E. Albion Lemphear, Chelmsford; Dennis Sheehan, Maynard; John S. Furfer, Concord; Charles A. Brooks, South Acton; F. George Ingerson, Lowell; John Turner, Lawrence; G. Lieut. Archibald Startweather, Boston; H. Jacob Nelson, Boston; K, Lieut. John Marshall, Saco, Me. This number is larger than the average regimental mortuary record.

These officers were elected: Lieut. C. C. Messer, Company B, Boston, president; E. T. Peterson, Company C, Somerville, first vice president; Humphrey Sullivan, Company G, Charlestown, second vice president; Edwin F. Cushing, Company H, Somerville, secretary; E. D. Hall, Co. E, West Acton, treasurer.

RESIGNS PASTORATE

REV. E. R. CASWELL TO LEAVE MIDDLESEX FREE BAPTIST CHURCH.

Rev. E. R. Caswell has resigned the pastorate of the Middlesex Free Baptist church. The resignation was tendered Sunday, October 8, and it was not wholly unexpected as Mr. Caswell has declined to engage himself for any definite time. The resignation was accepted at a church meeting held last Friday night. Mr. Caswell's departure will be much regretted by the people of his church. His resignation takes effect on the last Sunday of this month. The pulpit of the Middlesex church will be supplied until a permanent pastor can be secured. Mr. Caswell goes to North Scituate, R. I., to the church of which Rev. A. E. Kenyon, now of the Chelmsford Street church was formerly pastor.

Special Announcement

BY ELLINGWOOD & CO.

You are cordially invited to attend at our store, at address given below, a demonstration of

VINOL

Beginning Next Monday for Six Consecutive Days, We Will Have a Professional Demonstrator Who Will Convince All Our People

that VINOL, is, as we say, a DELICIOUS TASTING PREPARATION, in spite of the fact that it owes its virtues as a tonic, a rebuilder, a blood purifier and a remedy for wasting diseases to the active curative principles of cod liver oil, which it contains in a highly concentrated state.

We will tell you what we know of this valuable remedy and of many people we know that have received great benefit from having taken VINOL for such troubles as IMPOVERISHED BLOOD, PALENESS, GENERAL DEBILITY, LOSS OF APPETITE and INSOMNIA, and of people who have taken it successfully as a TONIC, a CREATOR OF STRENGTH and an AID TO RECOVERY after SEVERE ILLNESS, of those who have given it successfully to GROWING CHILDREN and have used it for BRONCHIAL and PULMONARY TROUBLES. Avail yourself of this opportunity to learn about an article that has great merit.

This free demonstration, remember, begins next Monday, and continues every day next week. We want all of our friends to be sure and come and see us at that time and come early.

ELLINGWOOD & CO.,
Barristers' Hall, Merrimack, Cor. Central Streets.

MAYOR QUINCY

Wants Dewey to Run For Presidential Nomination

A WINNER ON EITHER TICKET

Manila Was Not His Only Victory

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Oct. 19.—Mayor Josiah Quincy did not commit himself unthinkingly or on the impulse of a moment of excitement to the candidacy of Admiral Dewey for president when on Saturday last he addressed the Manila hero at city hall here in presenting him with the jewelled watch which was the gift of the city.

That portion of the mayor's address which has been so much talked about, was as follows:

"You have gained the thanks of congress, official reward and promotion to the highest rank; you are now receiving and—may we not believe this is even more precious to you—the personal and spontaneous thanks of your fellow-countrymen, the indication of their sincere affection for you, the evidence of their confidence in you, of their desire to look up to you and be led by you.

"The people of America are not ungrateful; they would gladly bestow upon you any honor, even the highest in their gift."

When a reporter asked Mayor Quincy today if he would not be more explicit regarding his attitude toward Admiral Dewey and his views of the admiral's availability as a candidate for president, the mayor made this statement:

"I do not think that I need to add anything to what I said in my address to Admiral Dewey, or to attempt to explain my meaning.

"I believe that the admiral has shown himself to be a man of presidential calibre, and that the people would be glad to elect him president if given an opportunity.

"Whether the politicians of either party would permit the people to nominate him or whether he would accept a nomination are other questions.

"I am not taking it upon myself to advocate his nomination, but I thought it not improper, in a complimentary address, to express my own conviction that the people would gladly make him president if given a chance. This I thoroughly believe and that either party which nominated him would win the election.

"I believe that entirely aside from the special exploits and winning the battle of Manila, which no doubt is the chief foundation of his extraordinary popularity, Admiral Dewey has won the respect of discriminating observers, as well as of the people in general, for the strength of character, good judgment and all-around ability which he has shown.

"I would never advocate any one for high office merely on the strength of the fact that he had won a battle, but Admiral Dewey is a man of extraordinary character and ability, fit to bear the largest responsibilities."

Pay your taxes now and avoid interest.

NATIONAL LOOMFIXERS

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE HELD AN IMPORTANT MEETING SUNDAY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WOONSOCKET, R. I., Oct. 19.—The executive council of the National Loomfixers' association met here Sunday. The principal topic for discussion was the question of forming districts. This matter was considered at the last convention and referred to the executive council. It was the aim to eventually have but one organization of loom fixers, and that the national one. Now the loomfixers in the various cities and towns form local associations and manage their own finances, paying a per capita to the national body and thereby creating two funds—the national and the local. The proposed formation of districts is to be a step towards doing away with the locals and in their place have the national association which shall control all the funds and keep paid men in all the cities and towns, whose duty it shall be to collect the dues, induce loomfixers to join the association, settle grievances and in all ways look after the interests of the members. When the districts are formed it is proposed to have these paid men in all of them. In some of the sections of New England the loomfixers are now formed into small unions which cannot afford to have paid men to look after their interests and the result is many injustices are practiced which cannot be stopped because none of the members of these small unions cares to risk being discharged for making a kick. If there were paid men among these loomfixers in these small places who could call on to see the mill agents it is believed many wrongs could be righted and no one would have to risk losing his job.

The committee yesterday decided to form districts in all sections of New England. One district will comprise Fall River, New Bedford, Taunton, Whittenton, Warren and Bristol.

Another will take in the towns along the Blackstone from Providence to Blackstone.

Lawrence, Lowell and the towns in that vicinity will make up another district and another will comprise the towns and cities of New Hampshire.

In each of these districts it is proposed to place one or more paid agents.

It was decided to award the contract for printing the manual of the next association to Washburn & Garland.

The next regular meeting of the committee will be held in Lowell in February.

ADDRESS TO MOTHERS

MRS. ANNIE McKAY SHERWIN OF NEW YORK SPOKE BEFORE MATERNAL ASSOCIATION.

A largely attended meeting of the Maternal Association of the First Congregational church was held yesterday afternoon at the home of Mrs. C. F. Stott, corner Pine and Wilder streets. Mrs. W. I. Kelley presided and Mrs. L. H. Hartley and Mrs. H. R. Hanson contributed vocal selections. Mrs. Annie McKay Sherwin of New York, a former resident of Lowell, gave an interesting talk on the home for homeless (colored) children in New York City. She told how it started with three children and how the work has grown. It was established 60 years ago and three hundred children are cared for annually. The children are taught in various branches of industry and in order to prevent contagion and protect the health of the children, new arrivals are quarantined for a period of two weeks before they are allowed to mingle with others. Mrs. Sherwin gave a detailed account of how the homeless children are gathered in and provided for and how they are trained in moral and spiritual ways for 12 years. Positions are obtained for them, and when they leave the institution they are well fortified to cope with the many evils which often beset young folks as they go out into the world to fight the battle of life.

At the close of the meeting light refreshments were served.

In Washing Paint

don't scrub it and wear off the surface. Use Gold Dust Washing Powder according to directions printed on every package and you will be pleased with the results and surprised at the saving in labor.

Send for free booklet—"Golden Rules for Housework."

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY
Chicago St. Louis New York Boston

HERBERT MYRICK

Principal Speaker at Anti-Imperialist Conference

J. STERLING MORTON PRESIDED

Friends Give More Business Than Enemies

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CHICAGO, Oct. 18.—Delegates to the Anti-Imperialistic conference at Central Music Hall held the second day's session today and resumed the task of completing the organization of a national anti-imperialistic league.

J. N. Sterling Morton of Nebraska presided. The speaker of the morning was Herbert Myrick of Springfield, Mass. Mr. Myrick said:

"It is a fundamental error to assume that imperialism, militarism, despotism or any such sacrifice of our principles of government means added burdens at home and new sources of disaster of domestic industry with corresponding restrictions upon foreign commerce. Treat the Philippines as we are treating Cuba. Help the Filipinos to independence under the protectorate of the United States, just as we are pledged to do for the Cubans. Immediately war will cease; friendship will displace enmity. In the Philippines industry and commerce will revive. The material, social, intellectual and political development will be by leaps and bounds. The present cost to the United States in men and money will cease. The islands will speedily become self-supporting. Soon they will be able to repay $20,000,000 and other millions we have expended upon them. Thereafter they will be no expence to us. Meanwhile the United States will be gaining every advantage in the way of trade.

"Friends will give us more business than enemies.

"Without sacrifice of American ideal we should possess greater advantages in the east than could possibly accrue from the most complete success of imperialism and subjugation. The immediate effect of free trade between the east and west Indies and the United States would be to seriously jeopardize American agriculture. The cigar and tobacco industry in the United States, both its culture and manufacture, must be obliterated if cigars and leaf come in duty free from the tropics. Our domestic sugar producing industry cannot stand up against free sugar from Cuba, Porto Rico, Hawaii and the Philippines. The vital issue, therefore, is shall the entire industrial and political policy of the United States be revolutionized for the benefit of a single monopoly—the sugar refiners' trust- or shall this policy be maintained and enable us to put into the pockets of our own American farmers in these continental United States the $100,000,000 annually sent abroad to pay for imported sugar? Shall we foster the sugar industry abroad to the destruction of sugar production at home?

"The west and south would be sadly held back in their development by any policy that might thus interfere with the largest growth of these other phases of their agriculture. I firmly believe that we should annex the arid west instead of the tropics. A few millions for federal storage reservoirs and irrigation would yield vastly greater returns to the United States than Oriental trade. The competition of tropical agriculture will injure our farmers at least a thousand-fold more than development of the arid west or of the as yet untouched resources of our own south and southwest. Our home trade is ten times as valuable as our foreign commerce—our life here infinitely more important to us than conditions abroad. Let us first cherish the former without neglect of the latter."

PAINE SPEAKS

DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE ADDRESSED RALLY AT BROOKFIELD

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BROOKFIELD, Oct. 18.—The democrats of this section of the state opened the campaign last night with an enthusiastic rally, Robert Treat Paine, Jr., democratic candidate for governor, being the principal speaker. The meeting was called to order by President Messinger of the Central Massachusetts Bimetallic club. He spoke briefly, introducing Mr. Paine, who, in the course of his remarks, said:

"The other night I suggested that Dewey should be sent to the Philippines with full power. I know that this is placing country above party, for he can bring order out of discord and establish an autonomous government under our protection. If he does this he will save the republican party from the crushing defeat in 1900 which surely awaits it if it keeps blundering along its present course.

"But he will not be sent—and why? Because the administration, the country begins to realize, is looking after its own political advantage first. It fears lest his success would make him president in spite of himself."

The next speaker was E. Gerry Brown of Brockton, the democratic candidate for auditor. Ex-Gov. Chamberlain, candidate for representative in the 5th Worcester district, was supposed to be one of the speakers of the evening, but he was kept at home on account of the inclemency of the weather. A letter regretting his inability to be present was read from Mr. John R. Thayer of Worcester.

WAGES INCREASED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PITTSFIELD, Mass., Oct. 18.—The several hundred employes of the Pontoosuc woolen mills here were notified today that their wages are to be increased 5 per cent. The advance is to go into effect on November 1st.

THOS. B. REED

ADMITTED TO PRACTICE AT NEW YORK BAR.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—Thomas B. Reed was admitted to practice at the New York bar today.

When the appellate division of the supreme court opened for business, Gen. Thomas L. Hubbard moved the admission of Mr. Reed to the bar of the state of New York, as a practicing lawyer and member of the bar of another state. Presiding Justice Van Brunt received the papers and made the formal announcement that as the papers were received and approved, the applicant would be received.

Mr. Reed then took the oath as a member of the bar of the state.

Mr. Reed, in his position says that he intends to reside permanently within the state of New oYrk.

Mr. Reed is a member of the firm of Simpson, Thacher & Barnum.

MEN ARE DESERTING.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LADYSMITH, Natal, Oct. 17.—(Delayed in transmission)—It is reported here that dysentery and desertion are prevalent in General Cronje's commando.

The native tribe of Barolongs, under Chief Wessels, is said to be co-operating in the defence of Mafeking, undertaking outpost duty.

GRAND CEREMONY

A. T. Hadley Inaugurated President of Yale

DISTINGUISHED GATHERING PRESENT

To Participate in the Exercises

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Oct. 18.—With all the pomp and ceremony to be expected in an affair of its kind, Arthur Twining Hadley, LL.D., was today inaugurated the 13th president of Yale university, succeeding the venerable Timothy Dwight. The impressive ceremony took place at 3 o'clock this afternoon in Battel chapel, the college church, in the presence of hundreds of distinguished men and women, prominent in higher educational affairs in all sections of the country and representatives of the federal, state and city governments, and before an audience which constituted probably the most distinguished ever assembled in New Haven.

Enthusiasm was somewhat dampened during the early hours of the day by the fact that a downpour of rain bade fair to continue throughout the day, promising to interfere with the unique and impressive procession which had been arranged as a preliminary to the exercises. As the forenoon wore on, however, the weather gave indications of clearing and steps were taken to carry out the programme in all its elaborate details.

The inaugural ceremonies were simple in themselves. They were conducted in English, the traditional Latin pronouncements having been abandoned at Dr. Hadley's request. This made the exercises more interesting, although they lost naturally much of the old time academic aspect.

President Hadley was honored with the presence not only of distinguished Yale alumni, but by the attendance of many famous sons of other institutions of high rank. The presidents of Harvard, Princeton, Columbia, Cornell, Chicago, Brown, Oberlin and a host of other universities and colleges were there. Battel chapel was filled to the doors. The audience room presented an animated appearance, for all of those who were there in official capacity as representatives of other institutions wore the academic gowns and hoods of their respective institutions.

The members of the Yale university corporation and faculty wore the blue hood and various designations in the way of shades to distinguish the departments with which they are connected.

Dr. Hadley, himself, wore the crimson hood of Harvard, typical of the degree of doctor of laws, with which that institution had honored him. President Eliot reciprocated the courtesy by wearing the blue hood indicating that Yale bestowed degree of doctor of laws. Other Harvard scholars wore their crimson hoods. The orange and black of Princeton was there, and the variety of colors was given added brightness by the military dash injected by the uniforms of the staff of Governor Lounsbury. The music of the ceremony was most impressive. It included orchestra selections by the New Haven symphony orchestra, the singing by the congregation of the 65th Psalm, to "York," and of Luther's stirring hymn, "A Mighty Fortress Is Our God." The student chorus of 150 picked voices sang the commencement ode written by Edmund Clarence Stedman, '53, for the commencement of 1895. The solos were taken by Mr. Herbert Witherspoon, the basso. The chorus was directed by Prof. Horatio W. Parker.

As the procession entered the chapel the orchestra played a processional. The procession entered in four divisions:

First division—The president and members of the Yale corporation with former members of the latter body; Gov. Lounsbury and staff, and Lieut.-Gov. Mills. Presidents, delegates and professors of other universities and colleges, representatives of the American Economic Association, and principals of academies and schools.

Second division—Representatives of the federal government, the state government, governors of other states, bishops, municipal and local governments and invited guests.

Third division—The general body of Yale graduates in order of classes.

Fourth division—University faculties and former members according to seniority.

After the recessional and overture the retiring president, Dr. Timothy Dwight, made the opening prayer. The Rev. Joseph H. Twitchell of Hartford, the senior member of the Yale corporation, then formally inducted Dr. Hadley into office and administered to him the oath of office.

President Hadley then delivered his inaugural address.

The singing of the commencement ode followed the address of the new president, and then Prof. George P. Fisher, Dean of the Yale Theological school, and senior dean of the university, on behalf of the faculty, graduates and undergraduates, delivered an address of welcome.

The benediction was pronounced by ex-President Dwight.

The new president then held a reception at the art school.

THE SHAMROCK

IS BEING REMEASURED BY OFFICIALS TODAY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18—The re-measuring of the Shamrock began this morning at 7.10 at Erie Basin. The yacht was laid between one of the army transports and the steamship Hemus. There were on board besides the Captain, William Butler Duncan, Jr., representing the New York club, and Mr. Iselin; Mr. J. Connell representing the Royal Ulster Yacht club and the owner of the Shamrock, Captain Nat Herreshoff and John Hyslop, official measurer of the New York yacht club. Three thousand three hundred and eighty pounds of lead ballast were put on board the yacht during the night. This is said to have changed her waterline a few inches. She now appears to set by the stern. After the waterline had been measured in the usual way, the measurement aloft took place.

The new top-mast was hoisted and to obtain the measurements of it, Mr. Hyslop sent a man up to the mast-head in a boatswain's chair, going aloft in another himself to the heel of the top-mast, so that an accurate measurement would be taken. At 9.30 the yacht was cast off and Mr. Connell said that she was going direct to Sandy Hook bay where the topmast would be rigged and the yacht made ready for tomorrow's race.

SERIOUSLY INJURED

BRAKEMAN WAS STRUCK BY A TRAIN.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Oct. 18.—Ebenezer F. Churchill, 28 years of age, a brakeman on the Consolidated road, was seriously injured in the yard here this afternoon, but the physician says he will live. He was struck by an inbound train and suffered a fracture of his left arm in three places, and his left leg, beside gashes and bruises and may have been internally hurt.

The Beauty of it.

You can see for yourself the superiority of

KEYSTONE Silver White GELATINE

Examine it. Compare it with any other kind and you will understand why it's used by the leading cooks of the country.

If your grocer cannot supply you send us his name and we will mail you a sample package free, with recipes by the most noted chefs. A full size box mailed for 15 cents.

Michigan Carbon Works, Detroit, Mich. The largest makers of gelatine in the world.

A GREAT SPEECH

Delivered by Senator Hoar to the Unitarians

AGAINST COERCION OF WEAK BY STRONG.

His Remarks Greeted With Applause.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 18.—At the national conference of Unitarian churches here yesterday, Senator Hoar of Massachusetts, president of the conference, delivered his annual address and took occasion to reiterate his views on the question of expansion. His remarks elicited considerable applause.

Dr. Edward Everett Hale of Boston deplored the lack of earnestness in church work by both ministers and laymen.

Kate Gannett Wells of Cambridge, in an address on "What Unitarian Women of the Nineteenth Century Bequeathe to the Unitarian Women of the Twentieth Century," said in effect that the bequest would combine the power of philanthropy, the sharpened faculty for organization and the enlarging views of all education.

In the evening "The Higher Nature of Man" was spoken of by the Rev. Samuel R. Calthorp of Syracuse, N. Y., in the light of history. The same subject "In the light of Idealism" was discussed by the Rev. Charles F. Dole of Boston.

Senator Hoar's peroration in his annual address was considered one of the most eloquent ever heard here. He said in part:

"Perhaps I may be pardoned as an old man, as I have said something of the religious faith of my fellow Unitarians, if I declare my own, which I believe is theirs also. I have no faith in fatalism, in destiny, in blind force. I believe in God, the living God. I believe in the American people, a free and brave people who do not bow the neck or bend the knee to any other, and who desire none to bow the neck or bend the knee to them.

"I believe that the God who created this world has ordained that his children may work out their own salvation by obedience to his laws without any dictation or coercion from any other. I believe that liberty, good government, free institutions cannot be given by any one people to any other but must be wrought out for each by itself, slowly, painfully, in the process of years or centuries as the oak adds ring to ring.

"I believe that a republic is greater than an empire. I believe that the moral law and the golden rule are for nations as well as for individuals; I believe in George Washington, not in Napoleon Bonaparte; in the whigs of the revolutionary day, not in Tories; in Chatham, Burke and Sam Adams, not in Dr. Johnson or Lord North. I believe that the north star, abiding in its place, is a greater influence in the universe than any comet or meteor.

"I believe that the United States, when William McKinley was inaugurated, was a greater world power than Rome in the height of her glory, or even England with her 400,000,000 vassals. I believe whatever clouds may darken the horizon that the world is growing better; that today is better than yesterday and tomorrow will be better than today."

TUTTLE ELECTED PRESIDENT.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PORTLAND, Me., Oct. 18.—Lucius Tuttle of Boston, the head of the Boston & Maine system, was today chosen president of the Maine Central railroad, to succeed Franklin A. Wilson of Bangor, who last month gave notice that he would retire. The Maine Central road has been controlled largely for some time by men who are closely identified with the Boston & Maine.

WANT MORE PAY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

GLOUCESTER, Mass., Oct. 18.—Thirty-five sailmakers, all employed in the city except those at Charles Pringle's loft, struck today for an increase of 30 cents a day. The strikers ask that they be paid $3 a day instead of $2.70. Mr. Pringle was the only employer to concede the demands. The sailmakers of Gloucester struck three years ago for the same increase, but the difficulty at that time was settled by compromise.

A SUIT ENTERED

To Restrain Marconi From Using System

OF THE WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

Larned Claims He Controls the Patent.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—Lyman C. Larned of Boston has, through his counsel, Henry A. Prince of 149 Broadway, brought suit in the United States circuit court against Gugliemo Marconi to restrain him and his agents from using the system of wireless telegraphy, which Learned claims is an infringement of a patent now controlled by him. The plaintiff in his complaint alleges that the original inventor of this system of telegraphing was Amos Emerson Dolbear, and that a patent for the system invented by Dolbear was issued on the fifth of October, 1886, to the Dolbear Electric Telephone company, which had acquired all rights to use the system. These rights were transferred to Larned on the 22d of July last. Larned alleges that the means described in the patent under which Marconi purports to carry on his system, cannot be used for such work and are not adapted for commercial use. Larned asks damages in the sum of $100,000, and for an injunction restraining Marconi from using the alleged infringing system of telegraphy pending the termination of the suit.

SHOT TO DEATH

CAPTAINS KILLED BY THEIR OWN MEN.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PARIS, Oct. 17.—The minister of the colonies, M. Decrais, has received an official dispatch announcing that Captain Voulet and Chanoine of the outlawed French expedition in the Soudan whose members recently massacred most of the members of the expedition under Lieut. Col. Klobb sent to arrest those officers on charges of cruelty and insubordination have been shot by their own men.

SERIOUS STORMS

HAVE CAUSED GREAT DAMAGE IN ITALY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

ROME, Oct. 18.—Serious storms, accompanied by floods, prevailed in the southern districts of Italy working widespread damage. At San Giorgio, a bridge and twenty houses were swept away and it is believed that there was considerable loss of life there. At Monte Mesola, a church was struck by lightning during mass, three persons being killed and forty others, more or less seriously injured.

EXPLORING EXPEDITION

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, Oct. 18.—Mr. William Fitz High Whitehouse of Newport, R. I., accompanied by several Englishmen, will leave England on October 24 with an exploring expedition for Abyssinia. The British resident in Abyssinia is helping in the arrangements and the Royal Geographical society of London has lent a number of valuable instruments. The expedition will go to Abyssinia by way of Odis Obeba, where Mr. Whitehouse will be received by Emperor Menelik. Mr. Whitehouse will take sixty armed men, eighty Comali and Abyssinia porters and ninety camels.

GOULD LIVED IN MANCHESTER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MANCHESTER, N. H., Oct. 18.—Edward J. Gould, whose body was taken from the Cochecо river at Dover, today, resided at 369 Granite street, this city, where he has a wife and two small children. He was formerly in business on Manchester street as a tea merchant, but lately had been on the road for a New York house. His friends here regard his drowning as accidental. The body will be brought here.

BODY FOUND IN RIVER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Oct. 18.—The body of a man supposed to be that of Michael McMahon, 26 years old, and a peddler by trade, was found floating in the river today. There were no marks of violence upon it. It is supposed the man wandered upon one of the wharves three or four nights ago and accidentally fell into the water.

Dr. Greene's NERVURA BLOOD AND NERVE REMEDY

Greatest Cure the World Has Ever Known for Overworked, Exhausted Men and Weak, Tired Out, Nervous Women.

Mrs. W. W. FARNHAM, nurse in the insane hospital at Waterbury, Vt., says:

"I was troubled with nervousness, general debility, bilious turns, headaches, and was broken down in health. My appetite failed me and a general rundown of my whole system occurred. Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy was recommended to me, of which I took four bottles, getting relief from the first bottle. I gained in flesh, my health was greatly benefited, my nerves were made steady and I slept well nights. I can recommend those who are troubled by like ailments to try Dr. Greene's Nervura and get a longer lease of life and become a new person through its wonderful power to cure which is really surprising."

The People's Physician to whom Thousands write for Advice,

Dr. Greene, 34 Temple Place, Boston, Mass., the famous and successful specialist in curing nervous and chronic diseases. If your family physician has failed to cure you, why not write about your case to this skilful specialist? It will cost you nothing to get his advice and consult him, for he gives consultation absolutely free.

A NEW RECORD

Mrs. Lindsay Completed Her 800 Mile

She Slept Six Hours During the Trip.

SAYS SHE DID IT JUST FOR FUN.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—Mrs. Jane Lindsay finished her 800 mile bicycle ride at 4.15 a. m. today, having completed the distance in 91 hours and 48 minutes and established a new record for women.

Miss Yatman rode seven centuries in 81 hours and five minutes: Mrs. Lindsay in 78 hours and 15 minutes. Mrs. Lindsay slept six hours within the period of her ride. The new record holder is but 23 years old, and is five feet one inch tall. She is of slight build, with light brown hair and blue eyes. When she started she weighed 111 pounds. When she finished she had gained half a pound in weight. A doctor examined Mrs. Lindsay at the end of her ride. "She is in remarkable fine physical condition," he said. "Her pulse is 106, when it should be 80. Miss Yatman's pulse was 96 at the close of her ride."

Said Mrs. Lindsay: "I am glad it's over, but I'm glad I did it. The hardest thing was to keep cheerful. I don't think I was foolish. It was my kind of fun. It was healthful, too. I only did it so I could say so, but it was of just as much use as the yacht races."

EXPLOSIVES FOUND.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PRETORIA, Oct. 17.—(Delayed in transmission)—The Transvaal officials at Komati Poort assert that large quantities of explosives were found on the railway there. The culprits were fired upon but escaped.

Several Transvaal commandoes are moving toward the Lebombo mountains to the south of Komati.

The telegraph superintendent at Heldelburg, Transvaal, reports that on Sunday night a balloon passed over Nigel in the direction of Standerton.

$100 Reward $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

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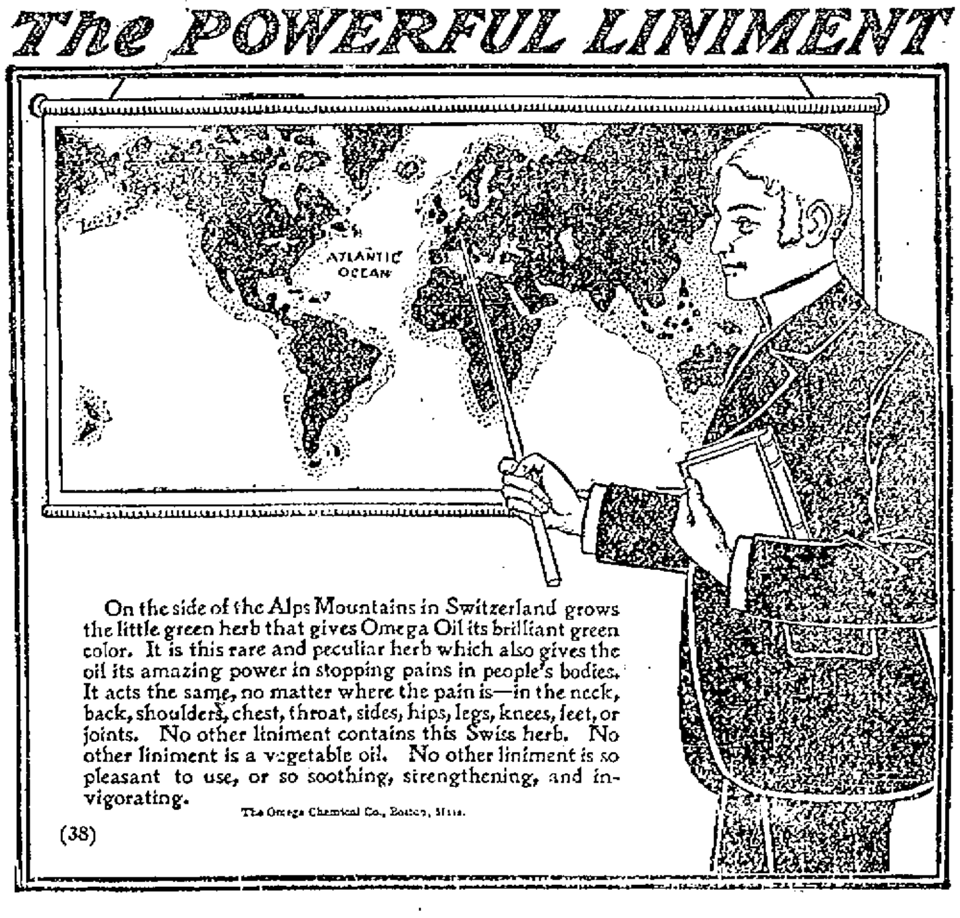
Omega Oil

The POWERFUL LINIMENT



On the side of the Alps Mountains in Switzerland grows the little green herb that gives Omega Oil its brilliant green color. It is this rare and peculiar herb which also gives the oil its amazing power in stopping pains in people's bodies. It acts the same, no matter where the pain is—in the neck, back, shoulders, chest, throat, sides, hips, legs, knees, feet, or joints. No other liniment contains this Swiss herb. No other liniment is a vegetable oil. No other liniment is so pleasant to use, or so soothing, strengthening, and invigorating.

The Omega Chemical Co., Boston, Mass.

(38)

Boston & Maine Railroad

Corrected to October 2, 1899: Trains leave Merrimack street depot, Lowell, as follows:

For Boston, 5.43, 6.25, c6.12, *7.45, *8.00, sc9.16, *9.40, 11.09 a. m.; 1.10, c3.00, 4.25, c5.44 p. m.

SUNDAYS, 8.45 a. m.

Trains leave Middlesex street station Lowell, as follows:

For Boston, 6.16, 6.28, c6.15, w6.50, 7.01, *7.20, *7.28, 7.34, *7.15, w*8.00, *8.51, c9.19, w9.25, *9.50, w10.50, 11.03, *11.43 a. m.; w12.05, 12.19, w12.45, 1.43, w2.30, w*3.03, 3.10, *3.47, w3.55, 4.28, w5.15, 5.22, c5.10, w*6.15, *6.22, 7.00, *7.19, w9.25 p. m.

SUNDAYS, 7.20, 7.28, w8.15, 8.45, 9.12 a. m., w12.05, w1.10, 4.25, w5.30, 5.58, w7.25, p. m.

For Lawrence, 5.25, w6.50, z7.31, w8.50, w9.25, 10.05, w10.50 a. m.; w12.05, w2.30, w3.10, w3.55, 4.15, w5.15, w6.15, w7.00, w9.25, wb11.25 p. m.

SUNDAYS, w8.15 a. m.; w12.05, w5.30, w7.25 p. m.

For Salem, Mass., w6.28, 7.33 a. m.; w12.05, 1.28, w5.15, 5.53 p. m.

For Haverhill, 6.23, 8.00, z7.33, 8.30, 9.25, 10.50 a. m.; 12.05, 2.30, 3.10, w3.55, w5.15, 6.15, 7.00, 9.25, b11.25 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m.; 12.05, 6.30, 7.25 p. m.

For Newburyport, Amesbury and Portsmouth, 6.25 a. m., 12.05, 2.30, 3.55, 6.15 p. m.

For Exeter and Dover, 6.28, 8.00, z7.31, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 3.10, 3.55, 5.15 p. m. SUNDAYS, 6.30 p. m.

For Rochester and Alton Bay, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 3.55 p. m.

For Somersworth, N. H., Saco, Old Orchard and Portland, 6.28, 6.50, z7.31, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 3.55 p. m. SUNDAYS, 6.30 p. m.

For Augusta, Bath, Waterville, 6.50, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 6.15 p. m. SUNDAYS, 6.30 p. m.

For Lewiston, 6.50, 8.30, a. m.; 12.05, 6.15 p. m.

For Bangor, Belfast, Skowhegan and Rockland, 8.30 a. m.; 6.15 p. m. SUNDAYS, 6.30 p. m.

For St. John's, N. B., Halifax, N. S., Montreal and Quebec, 5.15 p. m. (5.15 does not run Saturdays). SUNDAYS, 6.30 p. m.

For Eastport and St. John (via steamer from Portland), on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 12.05 p. m.

For Castine, Deer Isle, Sedgewick, Bar Harbor, Jonesport and Machiasport (via steamer Frank Jones from Portland), Tuesdays and Fridays at 5.15 p. m.

For Woburn, 6.28, 7.01, 7.34, *7.45, 11.03 a. m.; 1.13, 4.28 p. m. SUNDAYS, 4.25, 5.58 p. m.

For Ayer Junction and Way-Stations—7.10 a. m.; 12.00, 5.01 and 6.42 p. m. SUNDAYS, 2.15 p. m.

For Amherst, Milford and Wilton, 9.12 a. m.; 1.00, 3.41, 6.40 p. m. SUNDAYS, 2 p. m.

For Greenfield, Peterboro, Bennington, Hillsboro and Keene, 9.12 a. m.; 3.41 p. m. SUNDAYS, to Hillsboro, 2 p. m.

For Nashua, Manchester and Concord, 7.40, 9.12, *9.40 a. m.; *12.12, 1.00, *1.40, 3.11, *5.10, 6.27, *8.10, *8.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 10.09 a. m. (to Nashua only), 3.08 a. m.; 2.00, 5.02, 8.10, 8.40 p. m.

For Franklin, Lebanon and White River Junction, 9.12, *9.40 a. m.; *12.12, *1.40 (to Franklin only), 5.40, *a8.10 p. m.

For Warner, Bradford, Sunapee, Newport, (N. H.) Claremont and Claremont Junction, 7.40, 9.22 a. m.; 1.40 p. m.

For St. Johnsbury and Lyndonville, via Wells River, *9.40 a. m.; *1.40, *a8.40 p. m.

For Montpelier, Essex Jct., Burlington, St. Albans, St. Johns and Montreal, via Central Vermont Line, *9.40 a. m.; *12.12, *a8.10 p. m.

For Montreal and Quebec, via Montreal and Boston Air Line, *9.40 a. m.; *a8.40 p. m.

QUEBEC EXPRESS, via Plymouth and Sherbrooke, *1.40, *a8.40 p. m.

References:

*Express. aDaily

bWednesdays and Saturdays only.

wVia Western Division.

cVia Bedford. zVia Wilmington Junction.

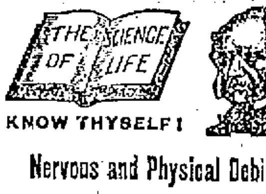
D. J. FLANDERS, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agent.

H. C. TAFT, General Agent, Lowell.

BLOOD POISON

Primary, Secondary and Tertiary Blood Poison permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for the same price under same guarantee. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide, potash, and still have aches and pains, mucous patches in the mouth, sore throat, pimples, copper colored spots, ulcer on any part of the body, hair or eyebrows falling out, it is this secondary blood poison we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians; $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guarantee. Absolute proofs sent sealed upon application. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 183 Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ill.

Exhausted Vitality.



KNOW THYSELF!

Nervous and Physical Debility,

Premature Decline, Impotency, Atrophy, (wasting), Varicocele, Stricture, the Errors of Youth, the Excesses of Mature Years, and all DISEASES and WEAKNESSES of MEN, from Whatever Cause Arising, scientifically treated, quickly and radically cured at the old reliable

PEABODY MEDICAL INSTITUTE,

No. 4 Bulfinch St., (opposite Revere House), Boston, Mass. Established in 1860. This renowned Institution publishes the staunch and far famed, popular and unequaled Medical Treatise entitled

THE SCIENCE OF LIFE; or SELF PRESERVATION,

a Book For Every Man, married or single, young, middle aged or old. It is a private Treasure Casket on the above named and kindred subjects. It contains 370 pages, 12 mo., 125 invaluable prescriptions for Acute and Chronic diseases, each one of which is worth more than five times the price of the book and should be in the possession of every sensible prudent man for ready reference. It is the Grand Prize Essay, for which was awarded the Gold Medal by the National Medical Association. Price, only $1, by mail, double sealed and strictly private, guaranteed as represented in every instance. The distinguished author and Chief Consulting Physician to the Peabody Institute graduated from the Harvard Medical College, class 1864, and was Surgeon to the 5th Regt. Mass. Volunteers during the war of the Rebellion. The first assistant Physician to the Institute graduated from the old College of Physicians and Surgeons, class 1864. These Physicians Cure Where Others Fail. After many years of careful study and extensive research they guarantee a positive cure in every case of Rheumatism treated. Consultation in person or by mail, 9 to 6. Sundays, 10 to 1. The Diagnostician or Know Thyself Manuel, a Vade Mecum of Medical Science for All, price 50 cents, but sent free sealed, to every male reader of this paper of this date, mentioning this paper, enclosing 6c. for postage.

"The Peabody Medical Institute has many imitators, but no equals."—Boston Herald.

DAILY BARGAINS.

$100

UPRIGHT PIANO.

seven and one-third octaves. Used but little. Condition fine.

GEORGE A. GARDNER

10 PRESCOTT STREET.

TAXES

Collector's Notice.

The assessors have committed to the Collector of Taxes the

TAX LIST OF 1899.

With instructions to collect in the manner prescribed by the Statutes of the Commonwealth and by the Ordinances of the City of Lowell, the sums assessed by them to the persons named therein, and he is now ready to receive payment of said Taxes at his office in City Hall.

When a Poll Tax only is assessed, the Tax is due, and if not paid forthwith, the collector will proceed to collect the Tax as directed by the General Statutes.

WARRANTS will be promptly issued for the collection of Poll Taxes.

SUMMONS, bearing costs, will be issued against delinquent Poll and Personal Tax Payers on or about November 1st.

INTEREST at the rate of seven per cent. per annum will be charged upon all Taxes which remain unpaid October 20, 1899, until the same shall be paid; and such interest shall be added to and considered a part of said Taxes. Poll Taxes are assessed upon every male inhabitant above the age of 20 years. On undivided real estate each heir is liable for the whole tax. An error in the name of the person taxed does not defeat the collection of the Tax. Each partner is liable for the whole Tax assessed under the partnership name.

If any taxable inhabitant, by removing his residence since the first day of May or from any cause should not receive his tax bill, he must consider the tax demanded by this notice and a new bill will be made out on application at the office of the City Treasurer and Collector of Taxes if a Tax has been assessed.

All who preserve their Tax Bills and bring them when they come to pay, will save the time of making a new bill and facilitate the business of the office.

THE RATE OF TAXATION FOR 1899 IS $19.60 ON $1000.

OFFICE HOURS—From 9 o'clock a. m. to 4 p. m. For the convenience of the Tax-paying public the office of the Collector will be open in the evening as follows: Mondays, Tuesdays, Fridays and Saturdays, from Oct. 9 to Oct. 14, inclusive, from 7 to 9 o'clock p. m. Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, from Oct. 16 to 20, inclusive, from 7 to 9 o'clock p. m.

Look for your Tax Bill at your place of residence, May 1st, 1899 and bring it with you.

CHARLES F. COBURN,

City Treasurer and Collector of Taxes for the City of Lowell.

When it comes to making overcoats we are right in it with the best of them for style and quality and as for price here is where we distance all our competitors. Our rent is low and we have a practical knowledge of our business. These are the plain facts of our being able to undersell our neighbors.

Call at A. M. BERTRAND,

The Fashionable Tailor, 24 MIDDLE STREET.

"GLORIA"

IS NOT A MEDICINE

GLORIA is sold only from the bottle with GLORIA on the label. GLORIA is better and costs the dealer more than other drinks, making it tempting to sell imitations.

Our verse maker trying to get the taste of imitation out of his mouth, says:

I fear you ancient hypocrite,
I fear your skinny hand
Will pour an imitation out
And cheat me if you can.

Look out for imitation.

S. Bartlett, Agt., 160 Middlesex St.

H-O-P-S viz H-O-P-S

Just received, 1,700 pounds of fresh, kiln-dried loose hops.

Good for Hop Beer.
Good for Hop Bread.
Good for Hop Pillows.
Good for Home Brewing

These hops are strictly first class high-grade goods, raised and cured this year, on specially prepared ground, for home use, by an expert hop grower. Place your order at once, as the amount is limited.

STILES & CO.,

Charles and Central Sts., Lowell.

The Latest and Best Sewing Machine is the

"SINGER"

Oak, Maple and Mahogany Wood Work. Sixteen Millions of these Machines have been sold.

Needles and Parts for all kinds of Machines.

Old Machines taken in exchange

The Singer M'f'g. Co., 175 Middlesex Street.

PETER H. SAVAGE.

Undertaker and Funeral Director

169 WORTHEN STREET.

Telephone connection 464-4. Calls night or day promptly attended to. Carriages furnished for weddings and christenings.

3 WINNERS.

Misses' Lace Spring Heel Calf Shoes $1.00.

Little Gents' Crack Proof Lace Wedge Heel $1.00.

Youths' 3 Sole Lace Shoes $1.

The above are dressy and serviceable. Try a pair.

J. J. LONERGAN,

215 DUTTON ST.

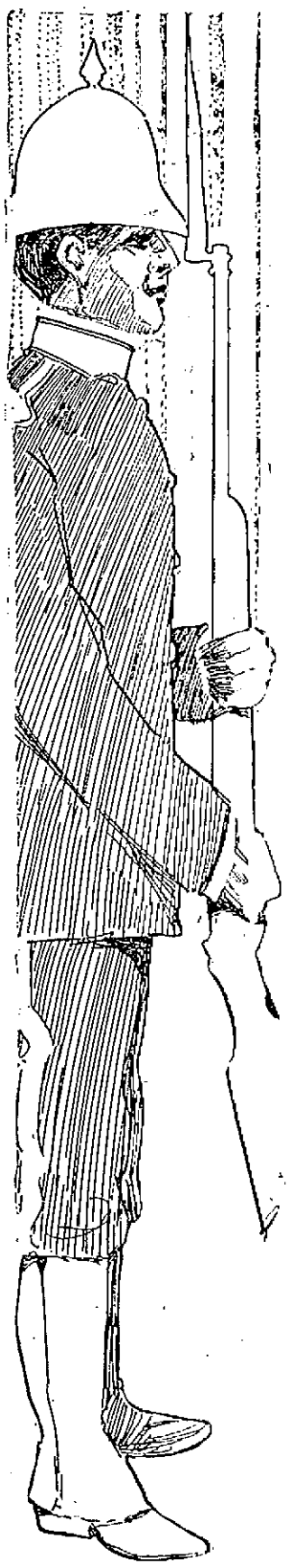
Artificial Teeth, the very best that can be made, $8.00, upper or lower. You make no mistake if you go to

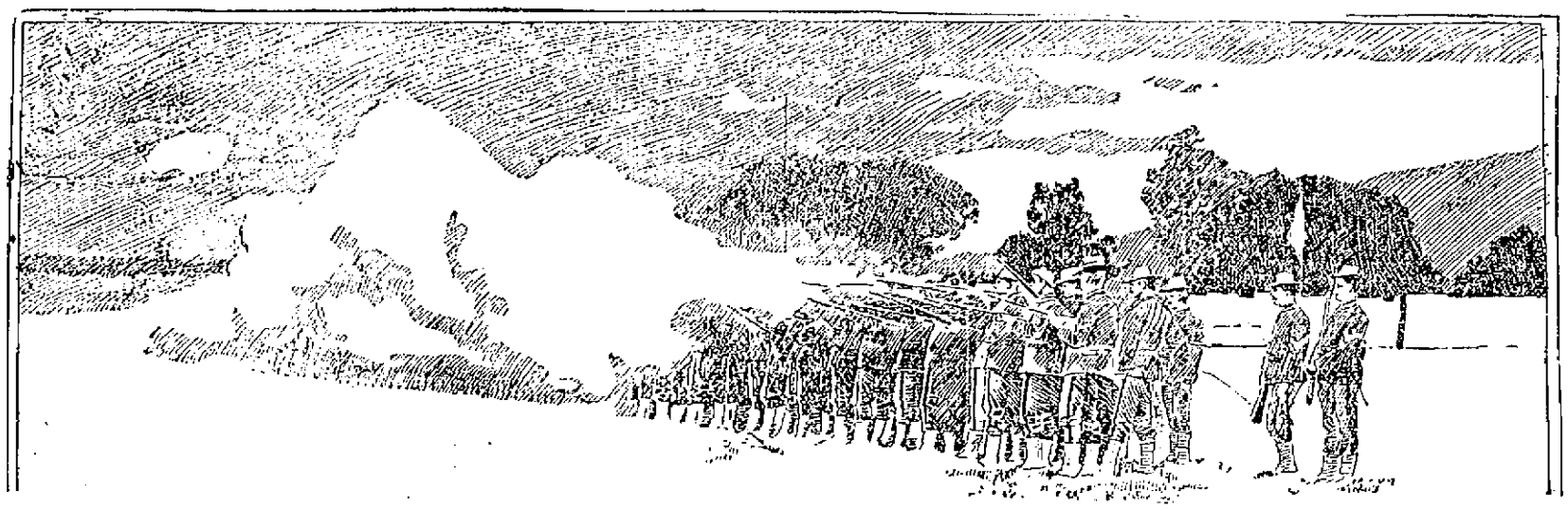
DR. SIMMONS, Dentist,

216 Central street. Mention this ad. and you get a discount.

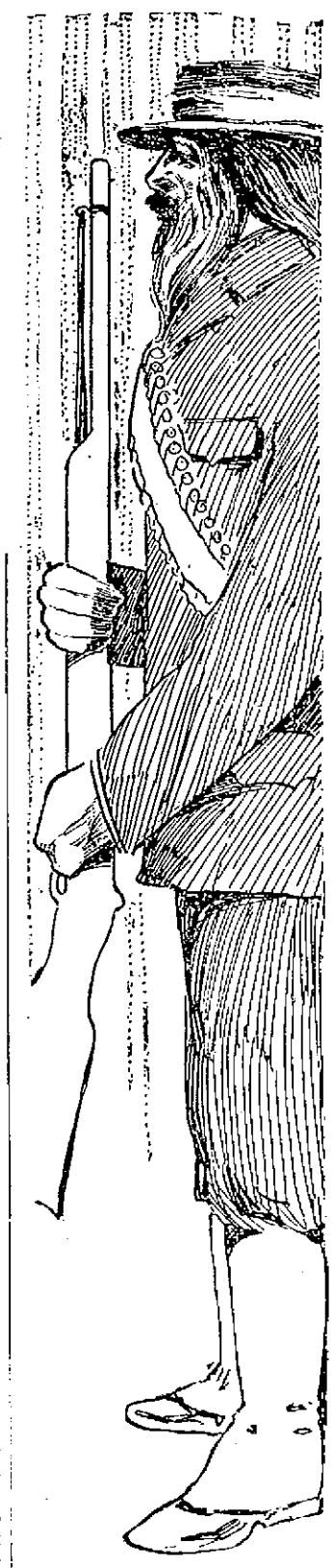
Dr. WALKER DENTIST Wyman's Exchange

Dr. DONEHUE DENTIST Runels Bldg.





BOERS ON THE OUTSKIRTS OF PRETORIA PRACTICING WITH THEIR NEW RAPID FIRE GUNS AND MAKING READY FOR THE BRITISH.



IN .·. THE .·. TRANSVAAL .·. WITH .·. BOER .·. AND .·. UITLANDER.

The two Sides of the Great South African Question and the Troubles Which the End of the Century Must Settle Before British and Dutch can Live at Peace With Each Other in the Same Country.

The situation in South Africa, involving the English and the South African Republic, is the result of a quarrel of long standing.

In order to get a fair understanding of the situation it is necessary to know the history of the Boers. As is well known, they were originally Hollanders, who emigrated to South Africa in the middle of the seventh century. They settled in what is now Cape Colony.

The original Dutch settlers had little trouble with the negroes. When the Cape Colony went over to the English in 1806 it did not grow much. From the moment the English Government took possession of the South African colony there was a quarrel between it and the old settlers, many of whom were hanged and shot.

Finding it impossible to agree with the English Government, the larger part of the Dutch colonists left their homes, their finely cultivated farms, the dear graves of their fathers and mothers and moved further north, where the Englishman had not yet set his foot. Hardly had the colonists left their homes and cultivated enough land to feed themselves and their children when the Englishman came. He looked about and said: "This is a good country, indeed." Thereupon they cut branches from a high tree, tied upon the Boers the English collar and declared that the farmers should pay taxes, partly in money, partly in cattle, wine and other products.

The old Boers came together again. "It seems that we are again under the English collar," they said. "It seems that there is plenty of land to the North. Let us seek it."

But others held back and the Boers underwent several years of suffering before their condition became so unbearable they again left everything behind them and sought new homes where they could be free. They found a fair land and settled upon it, far away from the English. They fought with the wild beasts. They were so poor they wore no more clothing than did the natives, and their children went naked. But they were happy and at peace.

Again the English descended upon them, and finding it a good country, made a new boundary line to include it. It was the same story over again. The Boers felt that they were persecuted and there was constant quarreling. Again it was decided to journey onward. It was decided that this time they would make such a track over the high mountains that the English could never follow them, and indeed they never did. But they reached them for all that.

The Boers journeyed for four years, spent in fighting, climbing and terrible suffering, coming at last upon the fairest land in South Africa, its paradise, what is now called Natal. But not one in ten of those who started ever reached Natal. For a long time the pilgrims lived in peace and comfort. They felt secure because they were sure no Englishmen would follow them over the mountains.

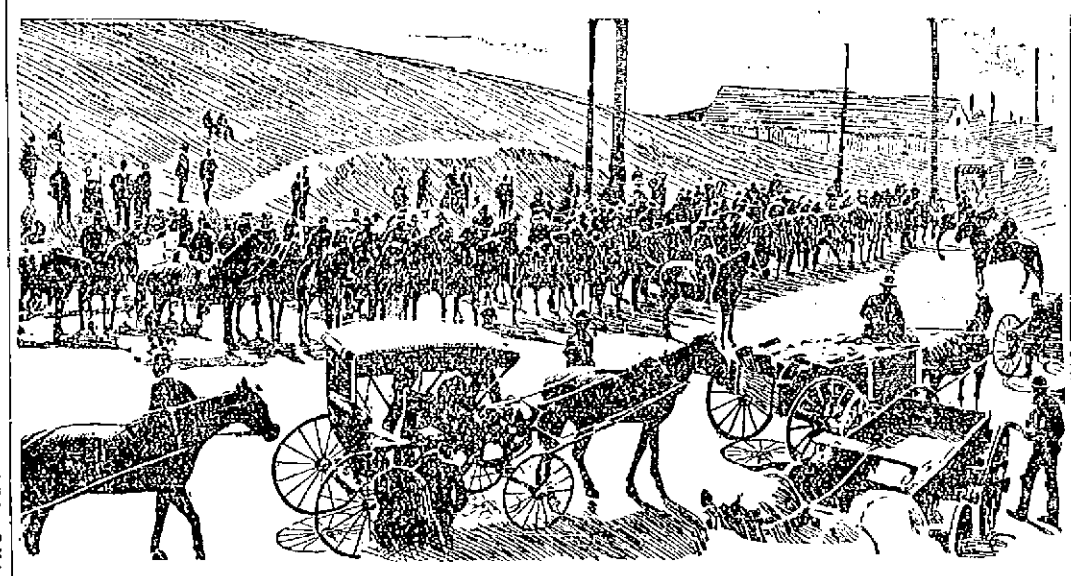
But Natal had a seaport, and one day a small schooner arrived. The captain soon found out about the beauty and richness of the new country. The English Government heard about it, and soon two men-of-war arrived at Port Natal.

A HARD STRUGGLE.

The Boers fought hard to keep their old enemy outside, but they had neither sufficient arms nor men. Yet they made a gallant struggle before they surrendered. For a long time the Boers remained in Natal under English rule. They endured the suffering because they thought they had reached the end of Africa and there was no other place where they could go.

But as before their situation became intolerable, and they determined to

There is another side to the trouble, more again. A few of the bravest and strongest were selected to explore for other lands. After eight months a few returned and told of a land far away where there was plenty of grass for cattle and plenty of game. The greater



SCENE OUTSIDE JOHANNESBURG WHERE TROOPS ARE GATHERED AND SUPPLIES ARE BEING CONCENTRATED TO BE FORWARDED TO THE BOER OUTPOSTS IN THE HILLS.

number of the Boers elected to remain in Natal because the suffering of the last trek was fresh in their minds, but others resolved to make a journey again.

The country in which they settled was not half as good as the one they left behind. But they were frugal, hard-working and prospered. Their numbers increased so rapidly, and much land being needed for the cattle, some of them passed beyond the Vaal River, whence comes the name Transvaal, and established the South African Republic. They lived in the greatest harmony with their brethren in the Orange Free State. Sometimes one President ruled over both. They were happy and at peace. They believed that at last they had reached a land where the English could not follow.

Then came the discovery of gold, and with that their peace and happiness departed. The news quickly reached England, and people from all the world, but principally Scotch and English, rushed in by thousands. They asked the Government to set off claims and give permission to dig for gold. They mined the gold by tons and became millionaires and then returned to England to spend it.

"How much happier and more peaceful we would have been if they had never found any gold in this country!" said Oom Paul once. "The Lord has blessed us, multiplied us, given us peace and plenty. Since we found gold all this is changed. Many of us forget the dear old Bible, the daily religious service in the homes, and go hunting for gold. Tell me, what do the English do with all the gold? Do they build houses with it?"

Under the terms of the treaty of 1884 the suzerainty of Great Britain in the Transvaal was considerably restricted, and instead of a Resident at Pretoria, the British Government was to be represented by a diplomatic agent.

The treaty of peace signed in 1881 between Great Britain and the Transvaal, following the war caused by the annexation of the latter by the former, provided that self-government should be restored to the Transvaal so far as internal affairs were concerned, and the control and management of external affairs being reserved to Great Britain as suzerain.

This treaty also provided for the appointment of a British Resident at Pretoria. The repudiation by the Boers of the treaty of 1884 would give them control of their foreign affairs.

The side held by the Uitlanders or Uitlanders. They are English subjects, who hold that the marvelous growth of that city and of the district around it has aroused a racial antagonism. One is the antagonism of the Boers, the ruling class, against the progress and against the foreigners who are thus transforming the country. The other is the antagonism of the new settlers against the ignorant and obstinate oligarchy that would keep the country in semi-barbarism. There is in this latter no question of race, or of form of government, or of national proprietorship. The settlers have nothing against the Boers. They do not want to overthrow the Republic. They have no desire to annex it to the British Empire. They simply want such just and reasonable treatment as will permit them to live in peace and prosperity, and will assure to them the protection and benefits of the government they are taxed to support. As most of these settlers are English, they naturally look to Great Britain for sympathy and moral support, which, of course, they are sure to get. Indeed, many Englishmen, such as the leading spirits of the British South Africa Company, will be inclined to give them much more and to intervene forcibly in their behalf.

It must be borne in mind that without British protection there would probably have been no such thing to-day as the South African Republic. Under Boer management the affairs of that country went steadily from bad to worse, until twenty-five years ago, its government was bankrupt and on the verge of dissolution. It was perfectly evident that without some foreign aid it would go to ruin altogether and relapse into barbarism. The progressive element of the people therefore asked the British Government to take it under its protection. To this appeal Great Britain, of course, promptly responded.

But a majority of the Boers were from the first opposed to the British occupation. So after two or three years of British rule they rebelled. They objected to being taxed for the support of their own government and the improvement and welfare of their own country.

There was a short war, very badly managed on the part of the British, which amounted, in fact, to a mere series of massacres, and then Mr. Gladstone decided to let the Boers have their own way. He allowed them to secede from the British Empire and to set up their own independent government, merely reserving for Great Britain a sort of suzerainty over the foreign affairs of the Republic. Since then the Boers have shown on every possible occasion the utmost conceivable hatred of the British. At the same time realizing that without foreign enterprise and foreign property-owners to tax they would soon get into as bad a plight as ever, they opened their country to settlement and invited the world to come in and occupy the land.

This invitation was promptly accepted by men of every nation. Many Americans went thither, and French and Germans. Naturally, however, on account of the close proximity of the British colonies at the Cape the great majority of the immigrants were English and Scotch. The climate of the Transvaal was known to be pleasant and salubrious and the soil rich in minerals.

There was, therefore, soon a steady procession of mining prospectors pouring in. Englishmen with English money and English enterprise swarmed into the country by thousands. They dug mines and built mills. Cities sprang up in the wilderness as if by magic. Markets were created and supplied. The Boers, who had been living a wretched hand-to-mouth existence, found themselves able to sell their cattle and crops, and their land also at fabulous prices.

In the mean time these "Uitlanders," while they are making the prosperity of the country, are compelled to remain aliens and to have no share in the government they are taxed to support or in the laws to which they are subject. They now form the great majority of the population. They pay nine-tenths of the taxes. It is their enterprise and capital that have developed the enormous mineral wealth of the country and made the name of South Africa synonymous with almost inestimable riches.

Yet they have to look on helplessly while the revenue they provide is divided up among the improvident Boers. They have no vote. They live practically under martial law. They have no police protection. No schools are provided for their children. The President of the Republic, indeed, habitually speaks of them as "his white Kaffirs," and has even addressed an audience of intelligent and honorable Englishmen as "rogues, thieves, liars and murderers." More than that, the settlers are not even allowed to hold meetings to discuss their grievances or to provide for mutual aid.

As to the franchise, it may truly be said that the settlers have no vote and are to have none for many years to come. Originally five years' residence was required to qualify a foreigner to be a voter, then the time was raised to ten years, and then to fifteen. It was again raised to twenty years, and even the children who are born to settlers while living in the Transvaal were declared to be aliens and excluded from the rights of citizenship. The penalty for any settler attempting to take part in an election is a heavy fine and a long term of imprisonment. The result of this system is that in Johannesburg, the largest and most important city in the country, while there is a population of 60,000, four-fifths of which is English or American, there are only 300 voters, and these are nearly all of the lowest class Boers, who have come into the town to work as common laborers. The city has only one representative in the Legislature, and is in all respects treated as though it were merely a settlement of 300 Boers. Its great population and enormous wealth are utterly ignored, excepting by the assessor and tax collector. The city is not even allowed to have a municipal government. Dutch is the only official language, and all citizens who have any business with government officers are compelled to use it. Even the names of the streets are put up at the street corners in Dutch, and yet there are not a thousand persons, all told, among the whole 60,000 to whom Dutch was the native tongue.

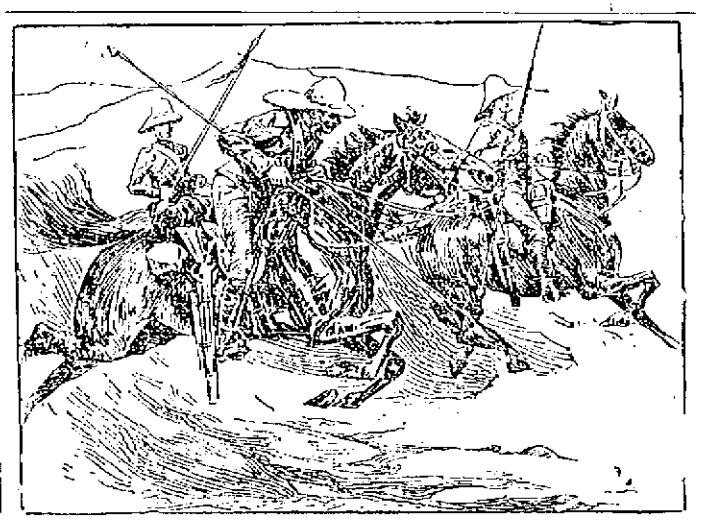
POOR POLICY.

Considering the enormous extension of the mining industry in the Transvaal and its incalculable profits to the Republic, one would certainly suppose the Government would treat it with some consideration. It furnishes nine-tenths of the public revenue, and whereas before the gold mines were opened the Government was practically bankrupt and local currency was almost worthless, the treasury now has a surplus of more than $5,000,000 a year.

Another great grievance is found in the Department of Education. Here, too, the settlers have had to take matters into their own hands, and to provide out of their own pockets for schools for their children. In addition to the heavy school tax which they already pay to the Boer Government. There are in the Rand district at least 10,000 English-speaking children, for whose tuition through any but a Dutch medium no provision is made by the Government. Dutch is the only recognized medium of education, and in the public schools English is not taught, or, if taught at all, only to a slight extent, as a foreign language. The English population some time ago proposed to establish English schools at private expense. This was denounced by the Government as little less than open rebellion, and it was actually proposed to suppress such schools by force.

As can be readily seen, these conditions have led to rebellion.

The present trouble is by far the most serious the Transvaal has ever had, and it would not be surprising if she retreated in good shape before it is too late, led by the discretion of her fine old diplomat of a President.



BOER HORSEMEN GALLOPING OVER THE MOUNTAINS WHICH LIE BACK OF PRETORIA.

JAMESON'S RIDE
BY THE
POET LAUREATE.

After Captain Jameson Made his Famous Raid Upon the Transvaal Alfred Austin Immortalized it in the Following Lines.

I.

"'Wrong! Is it wrong? Well, may be:
But I'm going, boys, all the same.
Do they think me a Burgher's baby,
To be scared by a scolding name?
They may argue, and prate, and order;
Go, tell them to save their breath;
Then, over the Transvaal border,
And gallop for life or death!

II.

"'Let lawyers and statesmen addle
Their pates over points of law;
If sound be our sword, and saddle,
And gun-gear, who cares one straw?
When men of our own blood pray us
To ride to their kinsfolk's aid,
Not Heaven itself shall stay us
From the rescue they call a raid.

III.

"'There are girls in the gold-reef city,
There are mothers and children, too!
And they cry, "Hurry up! for pity!"
So what can a brave man do?
If even we win they will blame us;
If we fail, they will howl and hiss.
But there's many a man lives famous
For daring a wrong like this!'

IV.

"So we forded and galloped forward
As hard as our beasts could jelt,
First eastward, then trending northward,
Just over the rolling veldt;
Till we came on the Burghers lying
In a hollow with kills behind,
And their bullets came hissing, flying,
Like hail on an Arctic wind!

V.

"Right sweet is the marksman's rattle,
And sweeter the cannon's roar,
But 'tis bitterly bad to battle,
Beleaguered, and one to four.
I can tell you, it wasn't a trifle
To swarm over Krugersdorp glen,
As they plied us with round and rifle,
And ploughed us, again—and again.

VI.

"Then we made for the gold-reef city,
Retreating, but not in rout.
They had called to us 'Quick! for pity!'
And they said, 'They will sally out.
They will hear us and come. Who doubts it?'
But how if they don't, what then?
'Well, worry no more about it,'
But fight to the death, like men.'

VII.

"Not a soul had supped or slumbered
Since the Borderland stream was cleft;
But we fought, ever more outnumbered,
'Till we had not a cartridge left.
We're not very soft or tender,
Or given to weep for woe,
But it breaks one to have to render
One's sword to the strongest foe.

VIII.

"I suppose we were wrong, were madmen,
Still I think at the Judgment Day,
When God sifts the good from the bad men,
There'll be something more to say.
We were wrong, but we aren't half sorry,
And, as one of the baffled band,
I would rather have had that foray
Than the crushings of all the Rand."

ALFRED AUSTIN.

Swinford Old Manor, Jan. 9.

PROFESSOR-:-SCHURMANN-:-ON-:-ARBITRATION-:-FOR-:-ALL-:-NATIONS.

He Advises the United States to Substitute Arbitration for War Until it Sees how it Will Work.

"A practical politician," is what Macaulay once called Lord Disraeli.

The same definition might be applied to Jacob Gould Schurmann, the President of Cornell University, who occasionally lays down the scepter of scholarly power, the ruler; and closing the text book, goes upon a tour for the government, or accepts a political mission which plunges him for a time into the vortex of worldly troubles and turns him, for the time being, from the book worm into the man of affairs of the world.

Few persons there be thus two-sided, and evenly balanced upon either side. Yet such is Schurmann.

An Englishman by birth, first seeing the light in Prince Edward Island, forty-five years ago, and educated in Acadia, Nova Scotia, and then in Canada, young Schurmann mastered when a boy the secrets of English government as taught to the sons of England. When he went abroad he was placed in the University of London, and after matriculating there he went to Paris, there to study industriously for several terms; after which he took a course at the University of Edinburgh.

"I like Schurmann," once said a member of the diplomatic corps, "because he knows so much about every country."

And there is no reason why he should not be well informed, for the Schurmanns were so fond of education and the advantage which it gives a man over his fellows that they sent their son to Heidelberg to complete his studies in philosophy, begun in England; and finally to Italy for a special course.

BEGINNING WORK.

When he returned to America, at about the age of twenty-five, he spoke French, German and Italian fluently, and was equipped to take a collegiate position, which he immediately did, accepting the chair of English Literature and Political Economy in Acadia, Nova Scotia.

Mr. Schurmann's career in the United States began by his marriage to Miss Munro, daughter of the publisher, a woman of great wealth and beauty and of a culture equal, in a feminine way, to his. Mrs. Schurmann's sterling qualities were such as to afford great assistance to her husband morally and financially, and, with so able a stepping stone, he rose like a meteor.

At the age of thirty-eight he was the youngest college President in the United States. As the head of Cornell he found himself in a position to exercise all the great fund of knowledge he had acquired, and also to continue his studies, for he is a doctor of philosophy who, like the late Dr. McCosh of Princeton, will study to the end of his days.

Mr. Schurmann's special bent of late years has been to pursue the political and economic career of nations. He has become an expert upon the governments of the world, and is well informed upon every governmental scheme that exists.

An acquaintance with President McKinley, begun long ago, ripened into intimacy, and for the past two years Schurmann has been frequently consulted by the President upon topics of national justice.

Therefore, when the Filipino question arose, and the President found it necessary to send a commission to the Islands to determine the best form of government, he selected Mr. Schurmann as the Chairman and leader. The result of this Commission is now generally known, and the trouble between Mr. Schurmann and General Otis has become historic.

SCHURMANN ON ARBITRATION.

To substitute the judicial determination of international disputes for the arbitrament of the sword is to give reason and conscience authority over brute force, thus constituting a new and a blessed epoch in the history of mankind.

This is an end for which the Government and people of the United States have always striven. It is our noblest contribution to international law. Both our moral sentiments and our material interests demand the ratification of the pending treaty. Great Britain being a European and Asiatic power, must maintain a great army and navy. We need neither.

Arbitration is the soul of our foreign policy; it can only be a single element in Great Britain's. We have forced the principle of arbitration on Lord Salisbury's government. The present treaty is the result of a direct invitation conveyed by Congress in a joint resolution.

If it fails the policy of Great Britain will resume its natural channels, but the animating spring of our relations with foreign powers will be dried up. For us to reject our own yearned-for progeny is monstrous and criminal.

It is said the treaty is not perfect. No human instrument is perfect. But this one is the result of long and careful elaboration by an able, patriotic and perfervid American, who would be the last man to sacrifice any American interest. It represents such perfection as is attainable. Accordingly it has been strongly commended to Congress both by former President Cleveland and President McKinley. And the heart and judgment of the American people indorse this action of their Chief Magistrates.

But suppose it is not quite perfect. It is only an experiment for five years. We may then abrogate it or modify it in the light of experience. The cause is surely worth a trial so short and safe.

For the sake of peace on earth and good will to men, in the name of religion and humanity, on behalf of civilization and public policy of the United States, I respectfully petition the Senate to ratify the treaty.

J. G. SCHURMANN,
President of Cornell University.

PRESIDENT SCHURMANN OF CORNELL, THE MAN WHO WOULD SUBSTITUTE ARBITRATION FOR WAR WHENEVER POSSIBLE.

Something About the Great Man who is at Once the Counselor of Admiral Dewey and President McKinley.

SOCIAL PARTIES

Many Entertainments In Various Churches

FINE CONCERT AT FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH

Harvest Supper at the Hillside Church

Last evening the First Baptist church choir, under the direction of Mr. J. Avison Baker and Mrs. W. H. Pepin, gave a concert in the vestry of the church for the benefit of Mrs. Pepin's table at the coming fair. Admission to the concert was free, but a silver collection was taken, amounting to $36.60. The program was a pleasing one comprising the folowing selections in the first part:

"Lullaby from Erminie" by the full chorus, ladies' quartet and Mrs. Pepin as soloist; solo, "Because" Mr. Oscar N. Walsh; song "Village Minstrels" Mr. Walsh with "ko-zoo" chorus; quartette, "Profundo Basso" Mrs. Pepin, Miss Reid, Mr. Walsh and Mr. Reid; bass solo, "Asleep in the Deep," Mr. Francis Burtwell.

The second part of the program was a series of little gems, being the Cradle Songs of nations, sung in costume by the following singers: Arabian, Miss Lena V. Reid; American, Miss Ruby Horne; German, Miss Ethel Hoggaboom; Russian, Miss Henderson; Italian, Miss Ethel Walsh; Scotch, Mrs. W. H. Pepin; Spanish Miss Vina Rawlinson; English, Miss Eva Smith; Japanese, Mrs. F. A. Bowen; North German, Miss Sylvia Simonds; American, Mrs. Walter Adams.

The entertainment closed with "Columbia" sung by Mr. Warren L. Reid, and the audience by invitation of Mr. Baker, gave three cheers for the red, white and blue.

BOW AND APRON PARTY.

An enjoyable bow and apron party was held in the vestry of the Central Congregational church, Chelmsford, last night. The party was under the auspices of the Ladies' Benevolent society. Each lady on entering purchased an apron which she wore during the evening and which her partner designated by a bow of the same color, as her apron, had to hem the edge. Mr. Wm. Mitchell took the first prize, Mr. Herbert Byfield second and Lawrence Marshall the booby.

There were vocal and instrumental selections throughout the evening by local and Lowell talent. Ices and cake were served during the evening.

SUPPER, SALE AND SONG.

The Ladies Aid society of the Middlesex Free Baptist church held a sale last evening which will be continued tonight for the benefit of the church. Supper was served at 6 o'clock under the direction of Mr. John Kelly and the sale was a continuous performance, carried on at several tables managed as follows:

Linen table, Mrs. Bruce and Miss Jennie Russell; domestic and fancy table, Mrs. Fernald and Mrs. Kelley; apron table, Mrs. Bowers and Mrs. Smith; mystery table, Misses Emmie Van Tassel and Jessie Bowers; flower table, Mrs. Lane and Miss Ruth Russell; pound table, Mrs. Moffatt and Mrs. Dow; candy table, Miss Goucher; pop corn table, Miss Alice Kelley.

An entertainment under the direction of Miss Alice Kelley, was given with the following program: Piano duet, Inez Turnbull and Percy Hands; solo, Miss Jessie Richardson; reading by Miss Isabella Thraves; song, Miss Lancey; piano solo, Frank Fields; reading, Miss Kittie Quinn; piano solo, Miss Bertha Hunton; duet, Misses Susie and Jessie Richardson; piano solo, Miss Inez Turnbull; reading Miss Alice Kelley; piano solo, Percy Hands; graphophone selection, Charlie Copps.

This evening there will be an entire change of program and the entertainment will be managed by Miss Jennie Russell.

AT HILLSIDE CHURCH.

A harvest supper and entertainment was held at the Hillside Congregational church in Dracut last evening. The affair was managed by the Ladies' Aid society, and proved a complete success. The walls of the vestry were prettily decorated with clusters of autumn leaves and fruits. At the rear of the platform was an arch with the inscription "Harvest" in gilt letters surrounded by autumn foliage with its varied tints and the fruits and vegetables of the fields making a very appropriate decoration.

The entertainment consisted of a family album, a series of animated portraits presented by Aunt Jerusha. In the centre of the stage was a representation of an album whose pages when opened displayed the faces of various members of the church who were Aunt Jerusha's relatives and friends. Miss Annie Tyrrell was Aunt Jerusha and Mrs. Charles Brown and Mr. Robert Thompson were callers who were entertained with descriptions of the portraits. The remarks made of the likenesses were very funny and kept the audience in good humor. The costumes were of the poke-bonnet era of architecture and although more peculiar than beautiful, aided in the effectiveness of the presentation. The participants were as follows:

Grandmother, Miss Katie Collier; mother, Mrs. A. E. Humphries; father, Chas. Hodge; Sam Dow, Alex. Slafter; Aunt Paulina, Miss Stella Hurst; Uncle John, Wallace Tucker; My John, Elmer Coburn, Darkey Joe, Martin Tucker; Our Grandchild, Leonard Tucker; Little Annie Hattie Welch; My Namesake, Myrtle Lee; My Sallie, Lizzie Ryder; My Jane, Amelia Zipper; the Twins, Vera Richardson and Luella Humphries; Uncle Jake, C. E. Brown; John Dill, Roy Humphries; granddaughter, Mrs. Robert Thompson; Parson Briggs, G. J. Sanborn; Peggy Lee, Grace Garland; Nellie Gray, Aggie Dean; bride and bridegroom, Chester Coburn and Annie Shaw; my schoolmaster, Charles Tucker; Mary Jane, Irene Averly; John's cousin's wife, Nellie Waugh; Timothy Flint, Walter Garland; Mary Ann, Lavinia Smith; Deacon Brown, F. W. Sanborn; his wife, Mary Smith, Baby Ned, Louis Eckland.

The committee in charge of the entertainment were: Mrs. J. P. Richardson and G. J. Sanborn. Musical selections were rendered during the evening by Mrs. Richardson's pupils. Supper was served, the tables being in charge of Mrs. John Smith, Mrs. Chas. Brown and Mrs. Hodge. Mrs. A. E. Humphries was chairman of the general committee which made the affair the success it was.

A BOX PARTY.

The Christian Endeavor society of the Dracut Centre church held a box party last evening in the church vestry. A good attendance was present and much enjoyment resulted. A social time was enjoyed in the early evening, games and music helping to while away the time. Piano solos were rendered by Misses Edith Kelley and Julia Fox. Refreshments were served under the direction of Mrs. Alberta Smithson and Mrs. Bernice Parker.

The boxes were auctioned off by Arthur W. Colburn after which the contents of the boxes were discussed with mutual pleasure to all. The affair was in charge of Miss Bertha Maynard.

SABREY CLUB MET.

The Sabrey club of the Eliot church Sunday school had an important meeting last evening at the home of E. Dudley Chase on Lincoln street. The club discussed the question of having an entertainment later on for the benefit of Whitman college. After the meeting an entertainment was held. Piano solos were given by Mr. Jonas Chalmers and feats of legerdemain by different members of the party. Refreshments were served.

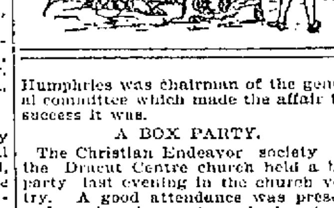
"SOUP MAKES THE SOLDIER."

The great Emperor understood that primarily the soldier is a stomach. Primarily every man is a stomach. The whole body and brain are dependent for health and life upon the entirliness and completeness of the processes which go on in the stomach and allied organs of digestion and nutrition.

People who have been treated for disease of head, heart, lungs, liver, nerves or blood have often been treated in vain, until they began the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. When this medicine had healed the stomach and cleansed the blood, the other diseases disappeared.

"Six years ago last August I was attacked with malarial fever," writes Mr. Daniel A. Carter, of Yost, Rowan Co., N. C. "My spleen became enlarged, and I was in bed off and on for four years. I went to the doctors and some of them said I had dyspepsia, others said I had liver trouble. The last doctor I had called it chronic liver and stomach disease. So I paid out money and nothing did me any good. Two years ago I commenced taking Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and used ten bottles, and now I can do as big a day's work as any man."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are a boon to billous people. They cure.



AMERICAN WOOLEN CO.

WILL ERECT MILLS AT CONCORD JUNCTION.

William M. Wood, treasurer of the American Woolen Co., has purchased 50 acres of land at Concord Junction, and will soon begin the erection of mills for what will probably be the largest woolen goods manufacturing plant in the country. One of the mills will be 500 feet long.

A large wool storehouse will be built this fall, with a capacity for holding 25,000,000 pounds of wool, and a shoddy plant capable of making all the shoddy required by the company. Other buildings will follow later on.

Mr. Wood says:

"It is the intention of the management of the woolen combination to put themselves in an unassailable position, so far as regards the manufacturing of woolen goods, and the buildings contemplated at Concord Junction are to secure to the company all possible economies that come from concentration of machinery on an enlarged production at the lowest possible cost. There have been large orders placed for machinery of the very latest and up-to-date pattern.

The selection of Concord Junction was due to its central location as a shipping point to all the mills of the combination and for its convenience in receiving wools from the west.'"

SILVER WEDDING

CELEBRATED LAST EVENING BY MR. AND MRS. LORANGER.

Mr. and Mrs. Z. Loranger celebrated their silver wedding last evening at their home, 12 Grand street, with the assistance of many friends.

A generous purse of money was presented from a group of friends, the address being neatly made by their little daughter, Mlle. Evon Loranger. A touching address was read by their son, Louis. Mr. Charles Daoust addressed the happy couple on behalf of the friends present in a very appropriate manner.

The Rossini choir sang very finely in the early part of the evening, and later Mrs. John B. Hall and daughters, Julia and Graciale, played duets and trios on the piano; Mr. Fred Rocheville sang and gave violin solos; Arthur Wellbrenner and R. Daoust sang solos, and little Miss Bella Lavigne, 8 years of age, sang admirably and was her own accompanist in a very capable manner. Among those present were Emile Birm, Dr. Gagnon, Charles Arthur Wellbrenner, George W. Poore, E. R. Gosselin, J. A. Legault, T. Mak, Mons. Carriere, Dragon, Parthenais, Marchand and many others. The happy couple received a large number of beautiful presents.

Refreshments were served during the evening.

ANNUAL REUNION

OF FORMER PUPILS OF THE NOTRE DAME ACADEMY.

A reunion of former pupils was held yesterday afternoon at Notre Dame academy. Among those in attendance were many from out of town. The Notre Dame reading circle, under whose direction the affair was prepared, presented the following programme: Address, Miss Thomasita Smaller; vocal solo, Salve Regina, Miss Regina Guillmette, Boston; reading, Mrs. Maurice O'Mahoney, Lawrence; vocal solo, Mrs. John W. McEvoy; piano solo, Miss McSweeney, Boston; benediction; vocal solo, O. Salutaris; vocal selection, Tantum Ergo, chorus. Miss Theresa Corbett was accompanist.

SYRIANS WERE FINED.

The five Syrians who created a disturbance in Lawrence Monday in attempting to prevent a Syrian woman coming to Lowell with her cousins were fined $5 at the session of the Lawrence police court Tuesday.

The Easy Food
Easy to Buy,
Easy to Cook,
Easy to Eat,
Easy to Digest
Quaker Oats
At all grocers
in 2-lb. pkgs. only

KNOWN IN LOWELL

Allen C. Fisk Stricken In Alaska

TAKEN TO SEATTLE BY MINERS

He Was Stricken With Paralysis

The following article from the Post-Intelligencer of Seattle, Washington, tells of the sad condition of a man well known in Lowell:

"There is now little doubt that the old man stricken with paralysis which has deprived him of speech and who arrived from Alaska a month ago, as told in the Post-Intelligencer at the time, is Allan C. Fisk of Cambridge, Mass.

The story of the poor unfortunate has been read both in Alaska and in Massachusetts. James F. Gray, who arrived from Alaska yesterday, brought with him some papers found in Fisk's bunk in the Dawson hospital. They show that he was a member in July, 1893, of Sahanto lodge, No. 23, A. O. U. W., of Leominster, Mass. Having lost his certificate, he made application that a new one be issued to him. The form was addressed to him at Skaguay, but was returned to the lodge uncalled for. The secretary then returned the papers to his wife, Nellie A. Fisk at Leominster, who in turn forwarded them to Alaska to her husband's proper address. In the note attached Mrs. Fisk explains that she has received no letters from her husband as yet but hopes that he will do well.

Mr. Gray also brings with him a Knights of Pythias pin which with the papers was left behind when Fisk was carried away. This information was yesterday conveyed to Isaac Korn, secretary of the local Knights of Pythias, lodge, who ever since Fisk's arrival has interested himself in the case. Mr. Korn yesterday received a letter from Columbia lodge, K. of P., of Leominster in which the secretary states that he has learned of a man, whom he thinks is Fisk, being here in a helpless condition. He states that Allen C. Fisk is the man's name and that he was once a member of Columbia lodge, but was transferred to Samuel H. Hines lodge at Lowell. The letter also states that he is a Workman in good standing in Leominster and asks that everything that can be done for his comfort be furnished without delay. Mr. Fisk, it is also learned, has a son living at Brighton, Mass.

His case is a sad one. All day long he sits in his chair unable to speak or move but from the contour of his face it is evident that he is brooding over his condition and thinking of those far away, who now, since his memory has been prompted, he remembers well.

He is aware that all that can is being done for him and seems to realize that there is nothing to do but wait.

When asked if he wants to go home his face seems to lighten up as if some happy thought has been recalled. His condition is in no wise improved and probably never will be unless an operation is performed removing a blood clot from the region of the speech center of the brain. This operation will either result in the restoration of his powers or in death.

CHECKER CLUB

WILL BEGIN ITS THURSDAY EVENING ENTERTAINMENTS TONIGHT.

The Lowell Chess and Checker club will begin its Thursday evening entertainments for the public this evening at the quarters in Barristers hall, corner of Central and Merrimack streets. George W. Dearborn, the well-known master of the game, will give an exhibition of simultaneous play against all who desire to test their skill with him. This exhibition is intended for those who are not members of the club and it is hoped that the good players of the city will avail themselves of the opportunity to play against one of the finest players in the country.

To make it interesting, the club will give a copy of Lees' Guide to any who win from Mr. Dearborn, while those who draw, will also receive a suitable reward. The games will begin at 8 o'clock and the public is cordially invited.

LAST NIGHT'S ALARM.

The alarm from box 52 at 11.15 o'clock last night was for a sputtering flame caused by the rubbing of an electric wire against a tree on Moody street.

consumption reaps his richest harvest where diseases of the throat and lungs are neglected.

HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR

If you have ever tried Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar you know what a safeguard it is against throat and lung troubles. Sold by druggists.

Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

For Women.

Dr. Tolman's Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women; have never had a single failure; longest cases relieved in 2 to 3 days without fail; no other remedy will do this; no pain, no danger, no interference with work; by mail or at office 82. write for further particulars. All letters truthfully answered. Dr. E. M. TOLMAN CO., 170 Tremont St., Boston.

Beecham's pills for constipation 10¢ and 25¢. Get the book at your druggist's and go by it.

Annual sales more than 6,000,000 boxes.

Wholesale and Retail Confectioner

Tons of Pure, Fresh and Bright Candies at very Low Prices.

No. 218 Merrimack Street.

IVORINE

A Cake of Fine Toilet Soap in Every Package.

A. G. POLLARD & CO.

MERRIMACK, PALMER AND MIDDLE STREETS.

A FINE LOT OF

Remnants —OF— Cloaking

JUST RECEIVED.

About 600 yards of all wool Remnants, 54 inches wide, in the heavy winter weights of Coverts, basket mixtures of grey and browns, latest styles and worth $1.50 per yard on the piece. Lengths suitable for Jackets, Coats and heavy Storm Skirts so popular just now. Price only

79c PER YARD.

We also have a good lot of all wool Cassimeres, same purpose, at 69c. per yard.

BASEMENT.

A. G. Pollard & Co.

CREDIT TO ALL

Without Precedent

Traditional storekeeping has followed into retirement many another idea that the world has outgrown.

No merchant owns his trade. No sensible person will in these days buy goods of anybody merely upon sentiment or past experience. The demand is that the merchant shall be up-to-date at every point. Keen public sense comprehends the best and rewards it. We are up-to-date in prices, qualities and terms.

Ladies' Jackets, Capes, Skirts and Waists; Ladies' Trimmed Hats and Furs; Misses' and Children's Reefers; Men's and Boys' Suits and Overcoats.

New goods are coming every day. It is a peerless collection. We will be gleased to have you choose of it and have it charged. A little each week will pay your bill.

Caesar Misch
ODD - FELLOWS - BLOCK
78 MIDDLESEX ST., LOWELL.

A. STRAUSS, Manager.

STRONG AGAIN! WHEN IN DOUBT, TRY Sexine Pills

They have stood the test of years, and have cured thousands of cases of Nervous Diseases, such as Debility, Dizziness, Sleeplessness and Varicocele, Atrophy, &c. They clear the brain, strengthen the circulation, make digestion perfect, and impart a healthy vigor to the whole being. All drains and losses are checked permanently. Unless patients are properly cured, their condition often worries them into Insanity, Consumption or Death. Mailed sealed. Price $1 per box; 6 boxes, with iron-clad legal guarantee to cure or refund the money, $5.00. Send for free book. Address, PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.

Sold at Goodale's Drug Store, the best and cheapest place in Lowell for drugs and medicines, 217 CENTRAL STREET.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Ten R. I. P. A. N. S. for five cents at druggists. One gives relief.

WAGONS—I will sell a high grade Democrat, Concord, top buggy and square wagon, less than cost, also new and second-hand wagons and carriages very low. Libby, 19 Robbins street.

FOR SALE—In Belvidere, cottage house, small barn and large lot of land; this is a bargain. Price $1850. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—On the Boulevard and Varnum avenue, some of the best building lots in Lowell for a home. Very low and on easy terms. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—At a low price, cottage house with large lot of land near Salem street. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central st.

FOR SALE—On Moody street, one of the best boarding and lodging houses in Lowell. Lots of boarders and a good place to make money. Price very low. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—On line of cars, small farm of 10 acres of good land with lots of fruit, fair house and barn. Price only $800. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—On Bridge street, good house of 10 rooms, good sized lot of land. Price only $2000. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DRESSMAKING—Cloaks and Suits made and repaired. Ready made skirts for sale. Mrs. Addie Boucher, 21 Gorham street.

MICHAEL GROSSE, the Original and Celebrated Whistler will furnish music with the finest Hurdy-Gurdy in the country. The best of dancing music that can be had and the latest music plays for dances, parties, fairs, etc. at reasonable rates. Michael Grosse, 16 Tyler street, Lowell.

LEONA—Celebrated card reader and palmist, has returned, can be consulted on love, marriage and business at 7 Merrimack street, room 7.

MADAM VONNIE the celebrated palmist and life reader reveals past, present and future. Call and be convinced, 40 Elliot street. Ladies, 50c; gentlemen, $1.00. Office hours from 2 p. m. until 9 p. m.

MRS LAUGHLIN, late of New York, the wonderful seer, born with a double veil, can be consulted on all affairs of life, at 113 Merrimack street, for a short time only. Hours 10 to 10. Sittings, 50c. Card reading, 25c. Sittings by mail, $1.00.

DR. J. R. Bruton of 101 Grand street has removed to 32 Jackson street.

SPOT Cash and highest prices for secondhand furniture at 462 Merrimack street. Tel. 186-1.

WATER CLOSETS and bath tubs from $5 up. All first class plumbing at lowest prices. J. H. Barry, 458 Market street.

MONEY LOANED TO SALARIED PEOPLE AND RETAIL MERCHANTS, upon their own names, without security, easy payments. TOLMAN, room 93, Associate Building.

WE WILL EITHER Buy or store second hand furniture at No. 59 Charles street. When we buy we pay the highest price and make a specialty of antique pieces. Will be on premises every day from 2 to 6 p. m. E. O'Heir, attorney.

RUBBER STAMPS — At wholesale prices. 1 inch one line stamps 10; 1½ inch 15c; 65c ink pads 25c; 25c ink pads 15c; 60c linen markers 35c; business stamps 15c, per line. J. M. Fellows, 158 Merrimack street.

A WONDERFUL WOMAN.

Madam Oler, the clairvoyant, the queen of life readers, the most marvelous of all marvels, nothing like it ever witnessed before. Madam Oler is not to be thought of in connection with that class who use a real or sumbal power of clairvoyants as a means of misleading or deceiving the public.

No matter what troubles you may have with yourself or others, come and she will guide you, she will advise you with a certainty by a higher than human power.

Honest, fearless and capable, she is the foremost medium of the day.

Her readings are most wonderful and of the highest order. The troubled and unfortunate should seek her counsel. Thousands long separated have been re-united by her efforts. Call and be convinced of her superior power. Advice on business, love and marriage, law suits, divorces, death. Uniting the separated, restoring lost love. Not one failure. I am at the Bon Marche. Room 44. Take the Elevator. From 9 to 9. Sundays, 2 till 9.

$1.00 reading this week, 50c.

THE LOWELL

Gas Light Company

Office, 22 Shattuck St., Cor. Middle.

SEWALL G. MACK, President; JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; E. E. RAYMOND, Clerk.

DIRECTORS—Sewall G. Mack, Levi Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Cumnock, George S. Motley, Edward M. Tucke, Edward N. Burke.

Price of Gas with the discount off for prompt payment, is

$1.00 ONE THOUSAND FEET.

First class Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year, piping included. Coke broken, screened and delivered at $4.50 per chaldron, $2.25 per half chaldron, cash. No charge made for the use of meters. No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar. Orders when left at office promptly attended to.

Peter J. Brady, Grocer.

NEW STORE:
Cor. Gorham and South Highland Streets.

Choice Teas, Coffees, and Spices

Try our New Brands of Flour, the Best in the City, "The King Arthur," "Crown of Gold," and Banquet."

Decorative China

NEW LOT. NEW DESIGNS.

Medallia Perle	35c
Madallia Elite	85c
Teapot Marquis	95c
Sugar Marquis	60c
Cream Marquis	45c
Salad	$1.50
Goblet Harvard	$1.50
Cordial Madeira	14c
Rose Jar	40c
Coffee Pot Perle	$1.20
Loving Cup	$1.33
Loving Cup	69c

C. B. COBURN & CO.

63 Market St.

WANTED.

WANTED—Good carriage wood worker. Apply at B. A. Stanley's, Charles st.

WANTED—House Girls at the Employment office, 54 Gorham street.

$10 A DAY CAN BE MADE CLIPPING Horses with our New Bicycle Clipper Attachment. Fits any bicycle. Price $6.50. Anyone can clip with it. Send for catalogue. It will pay young men to investigate this. Chicago Flexible Shaft Co., 158 Huron Street, Chicago 67 97 Chambers street, New York.

WANTED—Woman with dependent family wishes position of trust, would take charge of store and have use of a few unfurnished rooms connected with same in part payment. Experienced nurse or housekeeper. Good references. Apply at 18 Walnut street.

WANTED—A Good Wife—A gentleman with four children, ages 8, 10, 12 and 16, wishes to correspond with a good and respectable lady of about 35 or 40 years of age, has a good home in town and a farm in the country. Please write and send photo of self and state your circumstances. Address to Box 117, Copemish, Michigan.

WOMEN Weavers wanted at once on satinet; either families or single women. Steady work. Good pay. Inexperienced families will be taken in and learned or families who have worked in cotton mills. Address H. M. Co., Box 268, Worcester, Mass.

WANTED—Experienced house girl. Must be capable and neat. No other need apply. Call at Sun office.

WANTED—Stone Masons and derrick man at once. Apply 51 Middlesex street, room 1, this afternoon or evening. W. H. Ward.

WANTED—Thomas Dons, 155 Merrimack street, opposite Bon Marche, wants reliable domestic help, all nationalities, white or colored.

WHEN you want a nice stiff hat and nice fit, come to De Lorme, 261 Middlesex street.

WANTED—Salesman drumming lithographers, printers, etc., can add line whereon N. Y. man earns $1800 yearly. Free outfit. P. O. 1371, New York.

WANTED— Old and young men to bring their old hats to Delorme, the hatter, the only hater in town where they make hats to order, 261 Midlesex street.

CALL AT GONZALES, the Cutler, 128 Gorham street, if you want a first-class razor or strap. He has the new Xavier razor which excels all others. Razors concaved and honed.

LADIES—Chichester English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best, safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c in stamps for particulars. "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

TO LET.

TENEMENT—Of five rooms, 48 Fremont street. Rent $7. Call 53 Central street, room 7.

TO LET—Tenement of 6 rooms at 103 Powell street, near Shaw's Hosiery. Inquire at 103 Powell street.

TO LET—A pleasant room where the sun shines in all day, suitable for an invalid lady. Furnace heat, bath, hot and cold water, corner of Tolman avenue and Mammoth road. Rent reasonable. The lady of the house is a trained nurse.

TO LET—Some first-class tenements in all parts of the city. Apply to A. G. Beharrell, Room 8, Bon Marche Block.

TO LET—A convenient 4-room tenement. Inquire at 79 Chestnut street.

JOHN W. McEVOY, 137 Central St.
Opposite American House.
COUNSELLOR—AT—LAW.

LOTHROP & CUNNINGHAM, 182 Merrimack street,
PHOTOGRAPHERS

W. A. LEW, 49 John St.
CLOTHING CLEANED, DYED AND PRESSED

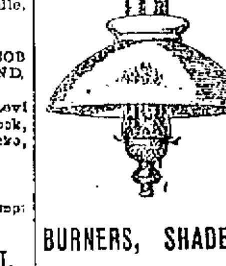
J. M. KINGSBURY, No. 372 Bridge St.
MEATS AND PROVISIONS

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A gold watch with monogram L. S. Saturday Afternoon between Merrimack and Central street. Finder return to 7 Clark street and receive reward.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.
PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine. SAFE, always reliable. Ladies ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Sold by all Local Druggists. PHILADA., PA.
Sold by Geo. C. Goodwin & Co.
General Agents. Boston, Mass.



INCANDESCENT GAS LAMPS and MANTLES, BURNERS, SHADES, CHIMNEYS AND GLASSWARE.

Wholesale and Retail.

BARTLETT & DOW

216 Central Street.

Our Pocketbook Dept

A very large line of Books just received. It will pay you to step in. You're sure to get just the kind wanted.

J. D. Grant

The Reliable Jeweller,
No. 64 Merrimack Street.

This is the Season for Ball Parties and Weddings

And of course it is quite necessary to have a supply of sweet bread for these occasion, and Peter Watson's, the king baker of the city, is the place to get your Bakery Supplies. There is none better in the city than you can get at

PETER WATSON'S Home Made Bakeries
52 to 60 Charles St.,
46 Lawrence St.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE SUN ON SALE IN BOSTON.

The five o'clock edition of The Sun is on sale at the news stand in the Union Station, Boston.

V. A. MARET.

Merchant-Tailor, Dyeing, Cleansing, Repairing, Pressing, etc. Goods called for and returned. 49 Cheever street, Lowell.

YOUR SUGAR BILL

Will be much less if you trade with us. 19 lbs. best granulated for $1.00. Delivered free to our tea and coffee customers. Dickson Bros., 63 Merrimack street.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS AND DRAFTS.

Steamship tickets to and from Boston, New York, Queenstown, Liverpool and all parts of the world sold on the Cunard Dominion, White Star, American Anchor, Allan, French and German lines. Drafts issued for £1 and upwards on Ireland, England and all parts of Europe. English sovereigns bought and sold at Murphy's, steamship agency, 18 Appleton street.

LOCAL NEWS.

Try Horne's Coal.

BURN WILSON'S COAL.

Hot advertising—Stanley's coal.

Have you had Pelham cigars?

Dress Suit cases at Devine's, 88 Mer'k.

Coat Maker Wanted, 49 Cheever St. Telephone 823-3.

Elegant rubber tired hacks at O'Donnell's. Telephone, 394-4.

Just received 200 Golf Capes at Boston suit and cloak store, 225 Merrimack street.

W. E. Livingston receives shipments almost daily of the best grades of freshly mined coal. Place your orders with him today for the coming winter.

City treasurer's office will be open for receipt of taxes on the evenings of Monday, Tuesday, Friday and Saturday, Oct. 9, 10, 13 and 14, and on evenings of Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday Thursday and Friday, Oct. 16 to 20, inclusive from 7 to 9.

CONDUCTOR MURPHY IMPROVING.

Conductor Jacob Murphy is resting more comfortable at his home in Billerica. He expressed his thanks for the flowers, letters and many other expressions of esteem he has received from his friends. A consultation of doctors was recently held on his case and measures were taken which will probably bring relief.

TO RAILWAY OFFICIALS.

North Chelmsford, Oct. 19, 1899.

Editor of Sun:

I would like to ask the officials of the Lowell and Suburban Street Railway Co., through your columns, why there is not a car leaving North Chelmsford between 5.55 a. m. and 6.37 a. m.

Passengers who desire to reach Merrimack square at 7 o'clock must take the 5.55 and arrive in Lowell 6.25.

ENQUIRER.

STAKEHOLDER SKIPPED

LOWELL MAN TRIED TO SAVE HIS BETTERS.

The Lowell sports who went to New York Monday feeling so sure that Geo. Gardiner would defeat Jimmy Handler that they wagered $275 on him, not only lost their money, but one of the Lowell men who was stakeholder tried to prevent those who wagered on Handler from getting the money they fairly won.

When the stakeholder saw Tom O'Rourke acknowledge defeat for Gardiner he ran from the club house with the Handler betters in pursuit. They caught the stakeholder after quite a chase and they were tussling for the money when the police arrived on the scene.

An effort was made to have the stakeholder committed on the charge of robbery, but he was charged with assault and battery. The money was placed in the hands of the police and the stakeholder was bailed to appear in court Tuesday, which he failed to do. The police are still holding the bets and will let the court decide who is entitled to the money.

SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL

The meeting of Lady Franklin Council, No. 17, D. of L., was largely attended last evening. After the business meeting a cobweb party was held, it being given by Mrs. Brett. The prizes were awarded to Mrs. Currier, first prize; Mrs. Schofield, second prize; Mrs. Buchanan, third prize; Mrs. Sawyer, fourth prize; Mrs. Sayles, fifth prize; Mrs. Adams, sixth prize.

Routine business only was transacted at the regular meeting of Mechanics Lodge, I. O. O. F.

Three candidates were initiated at the regular meeting of Court City of Lowell, F. of A., last night. Arrangements were completed for the smoke talk to be held at their next meeting.

At the regular meeting of Post 120, G. A. R., last evening, one candidate was initiated. Reports were also read by many members on the Dewey celebration at Boston last week, and this was the only post in the city to turn out a good delegation.

The degree staff of Lowell Commandery, Knights of Malta, has accepted an invitation to visit Lawrence and confer the Malta degree upon several candidates for Bethlehem Commandery of that city. No date has been set for the visitation, but it will probably take place in the near future. The local staff is one of the finest in the state and the invitation is a just tribute to their impressive floor work. Quite a contingent from the local commandery will accompany the staff.

The members of Chevalier Lodge, K. of P., were entertained in a royal manner last evening by ex-Alderman Geo. C. Evans, at his home on Thirteenth street. Refreshments were served and a general good sociable time was the order of the evening.

At the business meeting of the lodge prior to the visit to Brother Evans', the rank of esquire was conferred upon three candidates by the staff of S. H. Hines Lodge. The grand chancellor suite and the deputy will be present at the next meeting, Nov. 1st, at which time the rank of knight will be worked upon the three candidates.

RECEIVED FRIENDS.

In their new home, 51 Eighteenth street, Dr. and Mrs. J. D. Donehue gave their first at home last evening. There was a large number of friends and relatives present to congratulate the happy pair. Dr. and Mrs. Donehue have just returned from a wedding tour in the South, and the warm welcome which they received was ample evidence of the esteem in which they are held by a wide circle of friends. The reception lasted from 8 till 10 o'clock. The young couple were assisted in receiving by Miss Margaret McCluskey and Miss Mary Whelley. The D. L. Page company catered.

There was a pleasant informal gathering of the members of the Kirk Street church last evening at the new home of Rev. Mr. Bartlett on Gibson street. The event was of an informal character and a large number called during the evening.

Interest on taxes will begin after Friday, Oct. 20.

Dr. Coburn DENTIST 81 MERK ST.

E. J. McNALLY, MANAGER OF PALMER FOOTBALL TEAM.

FOOT BALL DOINGS

Champion Palmers' Record of Last Year

IS LIKELY TO BE SURPASSED

By the Champions This Season

In the champion Palmer eleven, Lowell has one of the strongest football aggregations in the state. The champions are easily the best team Lowell has ever produced.

While the Palmers as a team have been in existence only three years, yet during that short period of time they have made an enviable record. They were hardly heard of the first season they played but last year they went through the entire season without sustaining a single defeat, yet they met and defeated all the strong local teams, including the champion Glenmores. The Glenmores were defeated twice by the Palmers. By these victories the Palmers became the champions of the city.

Thus far this season the champions have played two games. In the first one they had as their opponents the crack Riverside eleven of Lawrence. The game was played at the down river city and the Palmers had little difficulty winning, the final score standing 12 to 0 in their favor. The victory is significant, when it is considered that it was the Lawrence eleven's first defeat in three years. But in the Palmers, they met more than their match.

The second game was played last Saturday at Fitchburg against the strong Y. M. C. A. team of that city. While either eleven failed to score, yet the local champions outplayed their opponents and had they been given any kind of a fair deal by the referee, a victory would have come to them easily.

Even with the roast they received at the hands of the referee, the local boys prevented their Fitchburg opponents scoring.

If these two games are to be taken as criterions, the champions this year are playing even faster than ever, and bid fair to surpass their remarkable record of last season. It is their intention to play all teams desiring games with them and many out-of-town teams will be brought here for games with the champions.

Edward J. McNally is the name of the hustling young manager of the Palmers. He is a hustler in every sense of the word and is well qualified for the position he fills. He also plays on the team quite frequently and is a good one, too. He managed the eleven last season and deserves no small share of the credit for the team's fine showing.

"Pete" Reagan is captain of the eleven. He is the crack young basket ball player, who is considered one of the finest in the state. There are few people in Lowell who have not heard of "Pete" Reagan. "Pete" seems to be a natural athlete and he can play football as good as he can basket ball. For the Palmers he plays quarter back, at which position he is classed as one of the best in the state.

One of the best players with the champions is Taylor, who only joined the eleven this season. He plays right tackle and is simply a crackerjack. Taylor has not been in Lowell long and is considered the finest all-round football player ever seen in this city. He is a strong addition to the team.

The half backs are Mike Qualey and Dan Murphy, both of whom are excellent players and fill their positions very satisfactorily.

The full back is little Tommy Qualey, the well known baseball player. At full back, Qualey's superior cannot be found in this vicinity. He is an excellent punter and a fine goal kicker.

"Punk" Ryan and Jimmy Harrington are the ends. Ryan played with the team last season, but Harrington joined the aggregation this season. Last year he played half back on the Almont team and is a very clever player. He strengthens the champions considerably and can give satisfaction in almost any position he is played.

The tackles are Taylor and "Bill" Kelleher. Kelleher is the well known basket ball player. He is an equally fine football player and at tackle can't be beat.

The guards are Donnelly and Jerry Reagan. They are both strong players and make good guards.

Cochran is the centre and a better man in the position cannot be found in Lowell.

All things considered there is no reason apparent why the record of the Palmers this season should not be even better than last year's, inasmuch as the team has been considerably strengthened and the boys are playing better than ever.

PETE REAGAN, CAPTAIN OF PALMER FOOTBALL TEAM

MATRIMONIAL.

Mr. Charles Dearborn Paige, president of the common council, and local freight agent for the Boston and Maine railroad, and Miss Lillian Gray Stewart, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Stewart of 45 Thirteenth street, were united in matrimony last night at 6.30 o'clock at the First Universalist church, the pastor, Rev. C. E. Fisher, performing the matrimonial ceremony, the revised Episcopal form of ceremony being used.

The maid of honor was Miss Adelaide Hardy of Newark, N. J., cousin of the bride. There were four bridesmaids, Miss Gertrude G. Knowlton of Hudson, Mass.; Miss Annie Smart of Andover, cousin of the bride; Miss Ellen E. Bean and Miss Agnes Bailey of Lowell. Mr. Myron L. Paige, brother of the groom was best man.

The bride looked charming in a costume of white duchess satin with lace trimming and carried lilies of the valley. The maid of honor and the bridesmaids wore mousseline de sole and carried yellow chrysanthemums.

The ushers at the house and at the church were: Mr. George A. Stewart, Mr. William J. Freeman, Mr. Fred W. Coburn and Mr. Marion S. Clark.

The bridal party entered the church to the inspiring strains of Lohengrin played by George F. Hamer, organist of the Unitarian church and proceeded up the left aisle, the bride leaning on the arm of her father, and joined the groom who was in waiting at the altar. The bridal party left the church by way of the middle aisle amid showers of congratulations and the sweet strains of Mendelssohn's wedding march.

The decorations in the church were decidedly pretty. The pulpit was bountifully banked with palms, chrysanthemums and various other plants and the seats were festooned with white ribbons and the favorite yellow chrysanthemums.

The groom's favor to the ushers were gold cuff buttons with their monograms inscribed. The bride's favor to her maid of honor and bridesmaids were brooches set in pearls and diamonds.

Immediately following the ceremony a reception was tendered the friends and relatives of the contracting parties at the home of the bride's parents. The wedding supper was served by the D. L. Page company.

Mr. and Mrs. Paige were the recipients of a most generous number of wedding gifts, rich and practical. Mr. Paige was remembered by the members of the city council, who sent a beautiful Haviland china tea set; also by the clerks in the freight office.

Among the many out-of-town guests present were: Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Smart, Mr. and Mrs. George A. Stewart and Mrs. Charlotte Barnett of Andover; Mrs. Keith of Bridgewater; Mrs. John Keith, Mrs. Thurlow, Miss Thurlow and Mr. Leon Thurlow of Boston and Miss Sallie Davis of Asheton, N. C.

Mr. and Mrs. Paige left Lowell on a late train for an extended wedding tour, destination unknown.

CHASE—HURD.

Mr. David Chase, city auditor, and Mrs. Rosina R. Hurd, were united in marriage yesterday afternoon at the residence of Rev. C. E. Fisher, pastor of the Universalist church. It was a quiet affair. Mr. and Mrs. Chase will reside on Fourth street.

PERRY—BLANCHARD.

Edward E. Perry, clerk for F. D. Munn & Co., wholesale grocers, was married at Methuen last night to Miss Lillian M. Blanchard, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Blanchard of that place. A number of the Lowell friends of the groom were present and the couple received hearty congratulations.

O'BRIEN—MULDOON.

Mr. Edward E. O'Brien and Miss Della E. Muldoon, oldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Muldoon were married at 6 o'clock last evening at the Sacred Heart church. The ceremony was solemnized by Rev. Fr. Reynolds, O. M. I. The bridesmaid was Miss Margaret A. Muldoon, sister of the bride. The bride was attired in violet colored silk and carried bride's roses. The bridesmaid wore a costume of white Swiss and carried Jack roses. The best man was Mr. George LeClaire. Immediately following the ceremony a reception was held at the home of the bride's parents, 427 Lincoln street. At the reception were friends and relatives of the contracting parties including people from Boston, New York, Salem, Worcester, Concord and Washington. The happy young couple were the recipients of many elegant and costly wedding gifts. Mr. and Mrs. O'Brien left Lowell on a late train bound for Montreal and other Canadian cities where their honeymoon will be spent. They will be at home to their friends at 6 Carter street after Nov. 15.

L. L. & H. RAILROAD

Wants to Lease the Lowell & Suburban

A meeting of the directors of the Lowell & Suburban railroad will be held a week from Thursday to take action upon the proposition of the Lowell, Lawrence & Haverhill railroad to lease the plant, stock, franchise, etc. of the Lowell & Suburban road.

LOWELL HIGH VS. NASHUA HIGH.

The Lowell high school team will play its second game of the season at the fair grounds Friday afternoon, and will have for their opponents the Nashua high team. The game promises to be a good one. If the local boys win the game they will be tied for first honors with the Manchesters, and when they meet the latter team they hope to defeat them.

MUSIC HALL.

"An American Girl" is booked for the last three nights of the week and Saturday matinee at Music hall. At the present time a play founded on the character of the bright, vivacious American girl, is particularly apropos, and a natural and realistic stage production must perforce appeal to all followers of contemporaneous history. A. Q. Scammon, an experienced and energetic purveyor of theatrical amusements, realizing the possibilities of the subject, interviewed several American dramatists, and the result, judging from advanced copies of extended criticism, is certainly flattering to his managerial foresight. He states that that production has received his personal supervision, every detail being attended to with most scrupulous fidelity. A strong cast will be seen, headed by George F. Hall, virile and versatile, the successful exponent of legitimate comedy, and for the past three years the popular star of Hoyt's "Bunch of Keys."

A CARD.

Miss Sarah Brock, the well-known saleslady who for the past nine years has been with the New York Suit and Cloak store, has been engaged to take charge of the salesroom of the Boston Cloak and Suit store, where she will be pleased to see all her friends and customers, at 223 Merrimack street.

PRINT CLOTH.

The print cloth market continues strong. The demand is greater than the mills care to meet at the prices named. Orders are in plenty, but the quotation must be lifted before these are accepted. As an instance of the rise in odd goods it need but be stated that the scale of 35½ inch 64 squares at 4½ cents was 13-16 cents better than the price at which the goods sold at in August.

AN IMPOSTER

WHO REPRESENTS HIMSELF AS GOV. AMES' SON IN FITCHBURG.

The following dispatch from Fitchburg under date of Oct. 18 has been received:

"A young man claiming to be a son of Maj-Gen. Ames, U. S. A. (retired) is trying to enlist sympathy for the Boers among the Irish people here and offers $250 bounty and good wages, equipments and other prospective rewards."

Gen. Ames in speaking of the dispatch states that he is undoubtedly the Maj-Gen. Ames referred to but states that the man in Fitchburg is an impostor so far as he is concerned.

Gen. Ames has two sons, Lieut. Col. Butler Ames who is in Lowell and Adelbert, aged 19 years, who is pursuing his studies at Harvard.

BOWLING NEWS

The Wamesits and Wannalancits were the contestants at the Wamesit bowling alleys last night. Both showed low scores, but the game was an interesting one with the former having the better of it in the first two strings. In the final string the victors weakened but they were too much in the lead to lose. The Wamesits have three points placed to their credit by the victory. Summary:

WAMESITS.

Adams	120	134	120—334	1	13	7
McCormick	137	164	191—492	9	10	5
Dearth	152	191	164—517	9	15	3
Merrill	155	143	172—470	8	10	6
Gregory	157	130	157—504	6	17	4
Totals	741	822	804-2357	33	65	25

WANNALANCITS.

Barton	175	133	97—411	4	10	11
Kittredge	146	172	163—481	4	18	3
Mansur	134	166	135—435	6	11	10
Fowler	165	129	170—464	6	15	3
Murphy	144	140	128—412	7	8	9
Totals	767	743	693-2203	27	62	36

SYNOPSIS OF SANITARY BULLETIN FOR LOWELL FOR SEPT. 1899.

Deaths during the month of September, 1899		143
Population estimated at		88,641
Rate per 1000 inhabitants		15.92
Males		67
Females		76
Comparative mortality and death rate for September	1899	1898
Deaths	143	203
Population estimated at	88,641	87,000
Death rate per 1000	15.92	23.6
Per cent. in five years	32	57
Per cent. in zymotic class	31	20
Per cent. in zymotic class, including tubercular diseases	45	20
Contagious disease reported:		
Diphtheria	6	5
Croup	1	1
Scarlet fever	7	23
Measles	6	0
Typhoid fever	6	20

Col. Frederick T. Walsh of this city was one of the ushers at the Sprague-Shaw wedding at Brookline Tuesday evening.

Miss Bessie Smith of Middlesex village has returned from an extended visit to Detroit, Mich.

Mr. DeLafayette Robinson, the new assistant postmaster at Manchester began his labors Monday.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS

The most valuable medicine for all Stomach Ills is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. It has hundreds of dangerous imitators. Be sure you get the genuine if you want to get rid of dyspepsia or any stomach ill.

HEATED POLITICS

Rep. Cluer's Lame Explanation Won't Do

GEORGE POORE MAKES A DISCOVERY

The Hood School Re-enters Politics

WITH ED. LACHANCE FOR COUNCILMAN

Other Newsy Notes of the Politicians

Rep. A. H. Cluer of ward six has seen the handwriting on the wall even as his irate party saw his on the Sherman nomination papers and the doom of Cluer in the 20th district is as certain as that of his confrere, Dick Dobbins.

"A republican who would sign nomination papers after the caucuses had decided upon the choice of the party ought to be kicked out of the party," was the unmistakable manner in which no less a personage than George H. Marston stigmatized such action at the Lincoln club rally, a few evenings ago. If a common republican deserves such a fate, what must be in store for the republican candidate for the legislature who would commit such an disloyal act.

Rep. Cluer in the morning papers yesterday vainly attempted to shield himself by stating that he didn't know the nature of the petition when he signed it and that he afterward erased his name from it. But it would appear that his explanation injures him further rather than helping his case for a man who will place his signature to a petition without learning its nature is liable to vote on important measures in the legislature without ascertaining their import, and as a result vote wrongly. Cluer's explanations have come too late to square him for his action and he is doomed with Dobbins.

Nothing could be more touching than the consideration displayed by Butler Ames for his constituents at the 27th district convention a few days ago when he offered to grant any "little favors" that they might ask later on, explaining what "little favors" might be, by assuring them that he would be pleased to furnish them with state house pamphlets and reports. The gallant soldier-yachtsman doesn't understand his constituents if he takes them for a collection of "Rubes" who will be satisfied with papers that any one might apply for and get.

Messrs. Sparks and Riordan in the 27th district will surprise their republican friends this fall. Both are above criticism and have a united party behind them while the republicans of that district are badly split.

Col. Jim Bennett is coming down town more of late and his promising young employe, Mr. Timmins is around among the boys. The colonel is feeling well, he says, and has had his ear to the ground without getting it frostbitten. He isn't saying much except perhaps, "How's Putnam?" which means that the colonel has something up his sleeve. His sleeve is a wide one by the way and can accommodate something big.

It is safe to predict that ex-Representative James P. Ramsay has severed himself completely and for all time from the good graces of the republicans of Chelmsford, Tyngsboro and Dunstable by his second successful attempt to deny them their just representation. What affects one town affects all three and who makes an enemy of one in politics has all three against him. The statement that because the town of Chelmsford had a democratic representative his term should be considered one of the three, apportioned to Chelmsford by the republicans is too ridiculous a claim to be taken in by even the most mossbacked woodsman that ever bought a gold brick, not to speak of an intelligent and up-to-date delegation of suburban republicans and if Representative Quigley's chances for re-election were never before strong, they are today, too strong to be overcome by any work that the city republicans can put in against him. The towns hold the balance of power in that district and while the republicans of the city wards rob them they will throw that balance on the democratic side, the only proper thing for them to do.

Rep. Frank P. Bennett of Saugus made another visit to Lowell yesterday and met many leading republicans some of whom assured him that they would assist him in his contest for the speakership of the house. Mr. Bennett came here during the Middlesex fair and made friends. He is set upon the speakership, even as Bill Hayes was, although he will be given a chance to be defeated, which was not even accorded to Bill.

The bitter fight of certain republicans against Mr. Sherman who is running on nomination papers will only serve to gain votes for him. Meanwhile Lieut. Gardner W. Pearson, the democratic candidate is canvassing the district with assurances of good support. The democratic party is united for him, all reports to the contrary notwithstanding which is more than Mr. Hanson's friends can say for the republican party.

Mr. Editor: Kindly allow me space in your valuable paper to mention the candidacy of Mr. John J. Roarke for the common council in ward four. Mr. Roarke is a man of experience having served two years and is a good democrat. He is the right man for the position. Respectfully,

WARD FOUR.

Michael Riley is a candidate for the common council in ward two. He tried it once before and made an excellent showing and his friends are confident that this time he will be successful.

It looked like old times to see the hustlers at the sessions of registration yesterday afternoon and evening. Quite a gain was made but the rush came too late to make up for the apathy of the early days.

There is much comment upon the absence of W. H. I. Hayes from the 25th district convention the other day for it was thought that the defeated candidate would graciously submit to the will of the majority and nominate his successful opponent even as James P. Ramsay nominated Charles H. Hanson. As a matter of fact, the Hayes people did not give up their fight when the result of the caucus was made known but went along hustling in the hope of stirring up a row in the convention which would result in the overthrow of McKinley. The move was not successful and McKinley was nominated. Had the convention dropped McKinley after he had fairly won the nomination, McKinley would have run on nomination papers, there would have been the hottest kind of fighting and Mr. Hayes would have been wiped off the political map. An attempt to overthrow the caucus candidate may seem like a "pipe dream" but it was a fact, nevertheless. The man who tries to turn a trick like that in writing is almost as big a "broiled live" as the candidate who signs somebody's nomination papers.

At last after an absence from the political arena of nearly a year, the Hood school of politics from way up there in ward eight is knocking at the gate with a star scholar by the hand seeking admission to the thick of the turmoil within the arena. The star scholar is our genial friend, Ed. Lachance, a gentleman and a scholar in politics and out. Did the Hood school award blue ribbons to its scholars as the county fairs do to the Hood jerseys, Ed. would have his manly breast covered with the emblems of merit. For a year Ed and the rest of the school even to Win. Sturtevant have remained absolutely quiet and have watched their ward's three representatives in the council, Mitten, Bean and Lyman, talk but say nothing and act but do nothing, while the base of the graft has gradually slid away from ward eight. Their patience has at last given out and they present for councilman next year, able and eloquent Ed. Lachance, whom they predict will be a nominee. The other candidates and their friends will make a prominent kick against Ed's candidacy but both parties seem to want him and if his own cuts him, dem's will supply the deficiency and it looks as if Edward would land in spite of—well, in spite of all opposition.

Herbert E. Fletcher of Westford was nominated for representative by the republicans of the 23d district on Tuesday.

Owing to a sad affliction, Candidate Fred H. Rourke of the 25th representative district has been unable to conduct a personal canvass, but his friends are hustling for him and hope to land the able ex-councilman in the legislature despite the republican opposition.

At length the acute, penetrating mind of George W. Poore, Esq., has discovered the real reason for Mr. Pearson's candidacy for senator. According to George, Mr. Pearson has a deep laid plan to rob the American workingmen by gaining control of the Massachusetts senate and then removing the duty upon Porto Rican cigars. Perhaps George is not aware that the congress of the United States and not the Massachusetts senate is the body which makes and nominates tariffs. I wonder if Butler Ames, who is equally interested in the cigar business is a party to Mr. Pearson's nefarious plot.

"I had a running itching sore on my leg. Suffered tortures. Doan's Ointment took away the burning and the itching instantly and very quickly effected a permanent cure." C. W. Lenhart, Bowling Green, O.

This is a good time to attend to your TEETH. If you need a tooth filled or a new set of teeth, go to the Lowell Dental Rooms. You can avoid wearing a plate if you go to Dr. Simmons, Dentist, 219 Central street. The best teeth $4.00. Teeth reset on new base $5.00.

I Combed Out Large Handfuls

"Two years ago my hair began falling out. I could get a large handful every time I combed it. I purchased a bottle of Dr. Ayer's Hair Vigor and after a few applications my hair stopped coming out. My hair is now in the best possible condition." — Miss Minnie Hoover, Paris, Ill., July 13, 1899.

Makes Hair Grow

Perhaps your mother had thin hair, but that is no reason why you must go through life with half-starved hair. If you want long, thick hair, feed it. Feed it with Ayer's Hair Vigor, the only genuine hair food you can buy.

Your hair will grow thick and long, and will be soft and glossy.

Ayer's Hair Vigor always restores color to grey hair; it keeps the scalp clean and healthy, and stops falling of the hair.

$1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

Write the Doctor

If you do not obtain all the benefits you desire from the use of the Vigor, write the Doctor about it. Address,

Dr. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

STYLE IN MILLINERY

Style in millinery is worth something. "Style" in Millinery selling is worth nothing. You have something to show for the one and nothing to show for the other. You can buy just as stylish Millinery in some stores as you can in ours. But you pay more for it elsewhere. You are paying for stylish selling, big rents and expensive and unnecessary store appointments. We sell stylish Millinery, but we don't sell in any unnecessary "style."

FOR INSTANCE—The Golf Hat is done, we shall close out what we have for 49c.

THE NEW, short back sailor is the thing just now, trimmed with a large bow of Taffeta Silk or Ribbon. A leader for only $1.79.

GULL BREASTS is what you need for that large turban you must have if you want to be in it. We have them with and without the head. Priced at $1.42 and $1.69.

Large assortment of birds and large fancy feather and fur effects just received, and priced from $1.49 up to $3.00. See them in our window, get our prices and compare them with others.

TRIMMED HATS—Of course you know we are headquarters for them, have (600) six hundred to select from priced from $2.49 up to as high as you care to go.

HEAD & SHAW, "THE MILLINERS."

169 and 175 Merrimack St.

The Central Street Store, Centrally Located,

Offers This Week

Handsome Plaids, New Black Dress Goods, New Shades in Satin, Prunella Cloth, Poplins, Serges, Cheviots, Imperial Twill Homespuns, Camel Hair, Coverts, etc.

Your careful inspection of our very large stock of both Black and Colors in Dress Goods is earnestly solicited.

We are without question giving our customers the very best value in Black Storm Serge at 59c a yard, and Black Cheviot at 50c a yard, ever offered in Lowell.

Black Camel Hair is the coming thing for Suits or Separate Skirts. It's a little rough, very glossy handsome Black and our price is only $1.25 a yard. Boston houses get $1.50 for same goods.

If you would see our Black Storm Serge, (English goods) 54 inch wide, which we are selling at 98c a yard, you would be satisfied to buy without spending time to look elsewhere.

We've got the best line of Plaids in Lowell, (so say the ladies) the prices range from 25c to $1.50 per yard; and our line of Plaids at 49c contains the choicest styles in town. Come and see.

Our reputation of having the best line of Black Crepons, the handsomest designs and dainty patterns still holds good. Would like to show you some of the choice bargains at $1.25, $1.50, $1.75 a yard; worth 25c a yard more.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Notwithstanding the warm and rather unfavorable weather, our Basement is doing its share of business, and a little more in Blankets and Comfortables. There is good reason for it too. Prices when they are all right always draw the people.

Come to the Popular Low Price Bargain Giving House.

Cook, Taylor & Co.

CENTRAL STREET STORE.

ALL READ IT. Rich and poor, high and low, read The Sun and freely concede it to be Lowell's Greatest Newspaper.

THE LOWELL SUN

The Sun Reaches The homes of more readers than any two other papers in Lowell. It is therefore the best medium for advertisers to use.

22ND YEAR. LOWELL, MASS. THURSDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1899. 8 PAGES 1 CENT

NIGHT EDITION

SIX O'CLOCK.

RACE IS OFF

Yachts Could Not Finish in Time Limit

For the fourth time, the yachts were unable to finish within the time limit, and the "no race" signal was hoisted. The story of today's contest in detail is as follows:

STORY IN DETAIL.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—There was a cloudless blue sky over the Battery at 7 o'clock this morning and a light but steady northwest breeze was blowing. The Long Island and Jersey shores of the upper bay were slightly covered with haze, but the indications were that the day would be clear and cooler with light to fresh north to northwesterly winds.

The steamer Black Bird, flying the Shamrock's flag, was at her usual place near the barge office waiting for the guests of Sir Thomas Lipton and four or five press dispatch boats were also moored in that vicinity awaiting the scribes who were to report what, as they hoped to be the last of the series of races this year, for the America's cup. There was much speculation as to the result of the Shamrock's added ballast and increased waterline. The old salts along the water front, however, adhered to their former statements that the Columbia had the stuff in her to beat the green flyer in any and all sorts of a breeze.

The shore observers of the Associated Press were alert and were taking the observations soon after sunrise.

Sandy Hook reported a good northwesterly breeze and promise of a fine race, and seven other stations corroborated it and showed observation varying from five to ten miles. The sea was smooth.

On board the Columbia and the Shamrock, the crews were up with the sun, and soon afterwards had their jibs and staysails up in stops and covers off their mainsails, ready to make sail at a moment's notice. By 8 o'clock the Shamrock had been taken in tow by the tug James A Lawrence, and was heading for the point of the hook. She had her mainsail up and was sending a club topsail of small size aloft.

The Columbia, which was then fast to her buoy, commenced hoisting her mainsail. Five minutes later the Shamrock was under sail in the lower bay. She had mainsail, club topsail and jib set and was trying her new topmast.

One or two ocean liners going down the bay early in the morning, saluted the yachts as they passed out to sea, while all around on the waters hovered the usual flock of fishermen, skimming about in a lively manner under the freshening breeze.

According to the rules, the yachts today were set down for a 15-mile run or beat from Sandy Hook lightship and return and early this morning the conditions indicated that the yachts would go before the wind in a southeasterly direction, with a beat back, a total distance of 30 miles. This course would mean running straight out to sea away from either shore, and with no chance of fluky off the Jersey or Long Island shores.

Some of the old fishermen at the Highlands, however, shook their heads when they saw the northwest wind and said that the breeze would not hold the day out and that the weather would probably be a repetition of that of two weeks ago.

The Shamrock made a short run over toward Atlantic Highlands, then stood up the main ship channel near the southwest spit. Before reaching it, however, she gybed around and stood down again toward the Columbia at anchor. Her increased ballast seemed to make her stand up very well and she heeled but little to the frequent puffs of wind that came off the shore.

At 8.36 the Shamrock, having run down almost to her moorings, swung around and breaking out her staysail and baby jib topsail, stood out for the end of the hook on her way to the lightship.

The Columbia's tug went alongside the defender yacht a few minutes and, passing a line, started for the lightship. As she left her moorings, the crew began setting her mainsail.

The wind at the Highlands at this hour was blowing from the northwest at a velocity of about 10 knots, and showed no signs of decreasing.

The Shamrock passed out the end of the hook under racing sails at 8.50. The Columbia got outside the hook soon after 9 o'clock with mainsail set and her head sails in stops.

To a representative of the Associated Press who saw Sir Thomas Lipton, on board the Erin at 7.30 o'clock, the owner of the Shamrock said the wind appeared to be a dying wind. He added that he hardly dared to hope there would be enough to permit of a finish race today.

The indications at 9 o'clock, however seemed very good for a race.

Mr. C. Oliver Iselin declined to express an opinion upon the weather.

The Black Bird left the Battery very shortly after eight o'clock. Among those on board were Messrs. Abner McKinley, Jesse Collings, M. P., James Craig, William Love, William Murray, William Gibson, Edward A. Sumner, E. Scott Watson, Charles A. Mettzer and Paul Waterlow, Miss Bond, Miss Harold Stuart, Judge Littler, Q. C., and John Platt.

The Shamrock in running out to the lightship, found the wind very light, and it tok her over an hour to make the run of nine miles from inside the Horseshoe. The Columbia about two miles astern of the green yacht, broke out her jib and cast off her tow when half way out to the lightship. There was a peculiar contrast between the weather at the Highlands and at Sandy Hook. At the Highlands at 9.45 there was a good breeze from the northwest blowing over 15 knots an hour and inside of New York harbor, many whitecaps could be seen. The weather was also quite clear in shore.

At Sandy Hook lightship or near that point the yachts seemed to have not more than a seven or eight knot breeze while the haze was so dense that the lightship could not be made out and it was only when the sun shone on the white sails that the yachts could be discerned. The first of the excursion fleet put in an appearance about 9.45 and they were accompanied down the swash channel by a great fleet of coasters all making good progress in the fine northwest breeze.

Just before 10 o'clock the haze toward the northward began to lift and part of the Coney Island shore could be seen from the Highlands.

The yachts arrived at the lightship at 10 o'clock, the Shamrock getting there a few minutes ahead of the Columbia, then running off half a mile to the southward. The Columbia swung around to the wind and began setting her club topsails. The weather at that time showed signs of clearing and the lightship could be made out from the Highlands. At the same time the wind which seemed to increase so that the Columbia's topsail flapped and slatted quite lively before it was fully in position.

The committee boats reached the starting line shortly after 10 o'clock by which time the breeze had increased, and there were prospects for a glorious race. The judges boat signalled that the course would be southeast by south which meant 15 miles before the wind and a beat back. The preparatory gun was fired at 10.45, fifteen minutes before the start.

At 10.51 the Shamrock hoisted her staysail and both yachts prepared their spinnakers for the run before the wind. The warning gun was fired at 10.55.

People near the starting line expressed regret that the course was not triangular, so that the merits of the two boats in racing could be tested. The yachts did considerable manoeuvring in the five minutes before the start, each seeking the advantage of position. At 11 o'clock the starting gun was fired and Columbia bounded over the line at 11:01:33, and Shamrock at 11:02:02. The Shamrock stood a little stiffer with her increased ballast and under her immense expanse of sail showed to a beautiful advantage. Because of her work coming down to the start it was predicted that on a long reach she would fairly fly over the water. The Columbia held the lead she got at the start and in few minutes had increased it to 100 yards. The American boat took in her staysails and the Shamrock followed suit.

At 11.12 the yachts appeared to have sailed two miles of the course and the Columbia seemed to lead by about 100 yards or more. On crossing the line the Columbia had her jib, staysail, and club topsail set and her balloon jib was just breaking out as she crossed. Her spinnaker boom was to starboard and her spinnaker was in stops.

The Shamrock had her balloon jib, jib, mainsail and club topsail set and her spinnaker boom to starboard with her spinnaker in stops, on crossing the line.

At 11.13 the Shamrock in the rear was trying to blanket the Columbia, but with no apparent effect, as the American yacht seemed to be drawing away. The yachts were sailing very fast, the wind was blowing nine knots an hour and ashore it showed no indications of dying out.

At 11.23 about three and a half miles from the start, the Columbia had a good lead. The yachts had not at that time broken out their spinnakers. The wind appeared to be moderating.

An observation taken at Gallilee at 11.26, seemed to show that the Columbia was then 48 seconds in the lead. At 11.29 the Columbia was still gaining and the wind was getting a little more to the westward.

The boats had covered five and a quarter miles at 11.35, and the Columbia had increased her lead to one-eighth of a mile.

At 11.42 a dispatch from the Associated Press observer at Long Branch said there seemed to be a better breeze off shore; that both boats were going along at a lively rate and that they did not seem to have changed positions since they came into view there. The Columbia held her place and every effort on the part of the Shamrock to pull up on her appeared useless.

At 11.51 the wind along the course was not blowing over 6 miles an hour, but the Columbia appeared to be gaining slowly so far as could be seen through the haze.

A few minutes later a dispatch from the W. U. cable boat said the Columbia must have increased her lead greatly for she was almost out of sight in the haze, while the Shamrock was still plainly in view.

Both yachts then broke out their spinnakers.

At 12.06 a dispatch from the W. U. cable boat said the two yachts had gone out of sight in the haze with the Columbia still leading when last seen. The wind was then dropping off.

At 12.07 the observer of the Associated Press at Asbury park said the Shamrock from that point appeared to be gaining on the Columbia as the challenger was holding a better breeze. The turning point could not be seen from Asbury Park at that time.

When the boats had covered six miles of the course, Columbia had a lead of eight lengths. They had made a reach instead of a run, out of it, and were over two miles off their course. Instead of heading to sea they were running down the Jersey shore. Sooner or later they would have to square off and run for the mark.

At 12.16 the sails of the Columbia were drawing better and it appeared that the Shamrock had run into the calm streak from which the Columbia had drawn out sometime before. The Columbia appeared to be increasing her lead once more.

At 12.18 the wind appeared to have freshened somewhat, the sails of the yachts were well filled and the Shamrock seemed to have benefited more than her rival by the strengthening breeze.

At 12.23 the observer at the Highlands telegraphed that the haze had lifted slightly and that the two yachts could be seen running before the wind for the outer mark, with the Columbia leading. It then apeared that the racers were nearing the turning point.

The Long Branch life saving station, a few minutes previous to this, reported that the Columbia seemed to be a quarter of a mile ahead.

At 12.33 the yachts had passed Asbury Park, disappearing from view in the haze, with Columbia still holding her own and possibly gaining slightly.

The breeze then became slender and Columbia was increasing her lead.

The yachts were nearing the outer mark and the excursion boats were still headed southeast, or in the direction of the turning mark.

The Shamrock appeared to have benefited somewhat by the better breeze and to have crept up on the Columbia.

The breeze became rather fitful and dropped to four knots an hour. At 12.47 both boats took in their spinnakers and gybed, apparently owing to a change in the wind, which was increasing and coming from the northeast. A calm apparently set in a few minutes later, for at 1 o'clock it was very still around the finish line and sailing craft within a radius of four miles barely moved.

The conditions seemed worse than on a majority of the days when the lack of wind prevented the races being finished.

The Associated despatch boat Wanda, off Long Branch at about 1.10 p. m., displayed the signal: "The Columbia ahead when we left the course."

Asbury Park, at 1.11 said a good northeasterly breeze was blowing there near the shore, but that a schooner 10 miles out appeared to be becalmed and that seemingly the racing yachts had very little wind.

The W. U. boat at 1.18 reported that the light puffs of wind showed a tendency to come from the south which would mean a fair wind home for the yachts, instead of a beat back.

The wind at the Highlands at 1.30 was blowing from west northwest, but it was very light indeed, almost a calm.

At 1.38 p. m. the wind off Sandy Hook lightship was west southwest and freshening.

The Highlands of Navesink at 1.32 reported that the two yachts could then be dimly made out. From there it looked as if they were both becalmed and that they were pretty close together.

At 1.55 p. m., Gallilee reported that so far as could be seen the both yachts were then standing on the port tack for home with the Columbia leading by about a quarter of a mile. The wind was blowing about five miles an hour.

At 2.16 p. m., Asbury Park reported that the two yachts were still headed in a southerly direction and the second boat was closing up the gap between them.

The Western Union cable boat at 2.35 said there was no prospects, from the outlook of Sandy Hook lightship, for the yachts being able to finish within the time limit. The sea was like glass and the wind was only about 2 knots an hour.

A despatch from the Highlands at 2.36 said the Shamrock turned the leeward mark at about 2:30:35.

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—At 2.43 Asbury Park reported that the wind was increasing there, blowing from about east southeast.

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—At 3.06 Long Branch said there was a very light breeze from the south there, and that a fleet of more than fifty vessels was becalmed off the coast.

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—At 3.20 Long Branch reported that one of the yachts, apparently the Columbia, could be made out through the haze. She was then about 10 miles from the lightship, and the wind was very light.

At 3.23 p. m. a message from the Western Union cable boat says the yachts had only one hour in which to finish, but neither of them was in sight, although the observation was 8 1-2 miles. The wind at Sandy Hook at that hour was very light with no signs of freshening.

The Highlands observer at about 3.35 sighted the Columbia southeast of that point. She was standing north on the port tack. Later, he made out the Shamrock, apparently about a mile astern. A very light air from the south was blowing.

At 3.38 the Highlands reported that the Columbia had caught a slant of wind which seemed likely to help her considerably in the race against time.

Asbury Park at 3.45 said both yachts had caught quite a little breeze. From there it seemed that the Columbia was considerably over a mile in the lead.

The Highlands at 3.47 said that Columbia was about nine or ten miles from the lightship, seemed to have barely steerage way and could not possibly finish within the time limit.

Asbury Park at 4.02 p. m., said the breeze was steadily creeping down upon the yachts, which could hardly be seen from there in the haze. The Columbia was apparently leading by two miles. The boats were about six miles from the finish.

The Western Union cable boat at 4.06 said there was a good streak of breeze visible near the racing yachts and that the wind was increasing at the Delaware.

The Highlands at 4.11 telegraphed that the excursion fleet was steaming for home.

At 4.15 p. m., the Western Union cable boat said the Columbia would have to cover 5 1-2 miles in 16 minutes in order to make it a race. The breeze was then only 4 miles an hour.

A dispatch boat of the Associated Press at 4.23 made for the cable ship and flying the signal that the race is declared off.

But Lately From the Ranks of the Clerks Themselves.

We know how to appreciate their services, and are willing to do all in our power to reduce their hours of labor.

WILL YOU HELP US

By coming the first of the week to make your purchases?

CLOSING FRIDAY EVENING,

and so many putting off buying until Saturday, we should have to crowd our store with inexperienced help to wait upon you, and we don't like doing that. Everyone is entitled to and we wish to give all the best of service. So come the first of the week if possible.

The People's Favorite Furniture Store.

A. E. O'HEIR & CO., 14, 16 and 18 Merrimack St.

Near Electric Car Waiting Room

STRONG SPEECH

Delivered by Chamerlain in House of Commons

SPEAKER GULLY CALLED HIM TO ORDER

Used Language Beyond No Parliamentary Bounds

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, Oct. 19.—Floor and galleries were densely crowded in the house of commons today in anticipation of a speech by the secretary of state for the colonies, Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, on the government's policy in South Africa. During the first hour of the session, the first lord of the treasury and government leader, Mr. Arthur J. Balfour, promised to answer tomorrow a question whether the government had decided upon a specific course of action with reference to the recommendations of the international commission respecting the future administration of Samoa.

Mr. Balfour in reply to an interpellation as to whether the imperial government was now reviewing the action of the Cape Colony premier, Mr. W. P. Schreiner, and other members of the Cape colony. Sir Alfred Milner would be allowed to dismiss the Schreiner ministry, to dissolve the Cape legislature and temporarily to assume full authority said:

"This question is apparently founded upon newspaper reports for which so far as the imperial government is aware, there is no foundation."

Mr. Henry Seaton Karr (Conservative member of St. Helens, Lancashire) asked the first lord of the treasury whether the attention of the government had been directed to certain speeches and letters by and emanating from the members for Kilkenny and East Clare, Messrs. Patrick O'Brien and William Redmond, Parnellites, advocating the cause of the Boers, attempting to seduce British soldiers, and inciting them to activity against the enemies of the queen, and what action if any the government proposed to take in the matter.

Mr. Chamberlain, who was loudly cheered upon rising, began with a severe criticism of the action of the opposition at the previous meeting of parliament. Their statements, he said, were calculated to encourage President Kruger's resistance and to embarrass the government in most difficult and most critical functions."

Referring to Mr. Stanhope's demand yesterday, for the production of his (Chamberlain's) letter to Mr. Hawkesley, he said he would gladly produce this if Sir William Vernon-Harcourt and Mr. John Morley who were members of the South African committee demanded it.

Mr. Stanhope's criticism he characterized as neither honest nor honorable.

The speaker, Mr. Court Gully, intervened, saying that the language of the colonial secretary was "beyond parliamentary bounds." Mr. Chamberlain retorted that it was impossible adequately to describe Mr. Stanhope's accusation that he, Chamberlain, and Sir Alfred Milner had concocted w.c.r.

Dealing with the criticism made upon the South African league he said he could not claim acquaintance with a single member of it. With regard to the allegations respecting his own association with Mr. Cecil Rhodes, he declared that from the time of the Jameson raid he had not communicated either direct or indirect with Mr. Rhodes on any subject connected with South African policy. He would remind the house that Mr. Rhodes, though a millionaire, had gone to face danger at Kimberley. (Cheers.)

Passing to the general question of the government's South African policy, Mr. Chamberlain said that in the light of recent events and of the utterances of President Kruger he had come to the conclusion that war had always been inevitable, although it was only of late that he himself most reluctantly reached this conclusion.

A LONG CHASE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 19.—"I do not seek revenge, but I want justice, and I am going to have it," said Mrs. Catherine Charles yesterday to a reporter.

Married when a child of sixteen; deserted at twenty, she has devoted her life for the last five years to the pursuit of her husband. Starting out with her two children with scant funds to pay her way she has travelled from town to town through eight states, visiting scores of cities and towns, working sometimes as a needle woman, sometimes as waitress in a hotel, and when nothing else offered, scrubbing offices and taking in washing to support herself and her two boys.

Six times has she caused the arrest of her husband and his companions, and twice has she blocked his endeavors to obtain a divorce. It has made her an old woman at twenty-five, but her spirit is undaunted, and she is here now to stay until she exhausts the final effort to obtain justice in the courts.

As narrated in despatches to The World last night, Robert Charles, is an insurance agent of New York, who married Mrs. Charles in New York in 1890. Three years later the Metropolitan Insurance company sent him to Saratoga. There, he met Mrs. Florence Becker, wife of a carpenter, and then the family troubles began. Mrs. Becker's husband obtained a divorce in 1894, and soon afterward she fled with Charles, who left his wife and two children, Stanley and Harold.

PRESIDENT AT PITTSBURG.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 19.—The presidential train arrived at 1.50 this morning, and after a stop of 20 minutes proceeded on its journey to Washington. The party were all asleep.

You can order the best coal by telephoning 713-2, D. T. Sullivan, or send postal card to 984 Gorham street.

FOUND—Dog; weight about 25 pounds; collie; color, black and white. Owner can have by paying for advertising. Call at 159 Cross Street.

Putnam & Son

Astonishing Values in

FALL NECKWEAR

110 dozens of Imperials, Puffs, Wide End Bows and Ties, exquisite designs in silks and satins, newest color combinations, brought out for Fall wear.

These goods are beautifully made and were intended to retail at 50c.

OUR PRICE IS 25 CENTS

A large collection of Fall shapes in Four-in-hand and Teck Scarfs, new colors, new silks and satins, sold by all other houses in town at 25c.

OUR PRICE 19 CENTS

Choicest shapes of Imperials, Tecks and Batwings to be had at any price, in entirely new and beautiful colors, exquisite designs of high class silks and satins, sold by other houses at 75c.

OUR PRICE 45 CENTS.

Fancy Shirts in most striking patterns and newest colorings ever shown in Lowell. Not an old pattern in the lot, nor one that you'll see elsewhere. Made with cuffs on or detached; bosoms with cross bars or up and down stripes.

Shirts of this quality and make have never retailed for less than $1.25.

OUR PRICE 95 CENTS

PUTNAM & SON

166 Central Street.

THE SUN EXTRA

DOUBLE TRAGEDY

A Horrible Murder Followed by Suicide

MRS. JENNIE E. LEGROW MURDERED

The Suicide is William Grower

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PORTLAND, Me., Oct. 19.—At 37 Brown street, in a house occupied by E. E. Carleton, there was a murder and suicide shortly after noon today, when William Grower, formerly proprietor of a restaurant on Congress street, shot Mrs. Jennie E. Legrow in the temple, killing her instantly. Grower then turned the revolver upon himself and sent a bullet into his own temple. He died instantly and a few moments later the bodies were found lying near together in a pool of blood and the room presented a revolting sight.

Mr. Carleton, the proprietor of the house, says he had just come in and had gone down stairs into the dining room, where he was eating his dinner, when he heard a revolver shot in the parlor above and directly after, with only a few seconds between, another shot. He heard an outcry and could not guess what had happened; but he went up stairs at once to investigate. He tried the parlor door which opens into the front hall, but could not open it because something heavy was lying against it. Mr. Carleton then went back to the door opening into Mrs. Legrow's rom and went in. Mrs. Legrow's room is directly back of the parlor and connected by double doors. These rooms are generally closed, but Mr. Carleton found them open. He looked into the parlor and there saw a terrible sight. Mrs. Legrow had fallen in the centre of the room and the carpet under her head was soaked with blood. In the corner of the room, lying against the door leading into the front hall lay William Grower's body and around his head blood oozed from his temple. By Grower's side was a small revolver with which the shooting had been done.

Mr. Carleton at once caused the police to be notified, and they were on the spot shortly after, accompanied by a physician and by Coroner Littlefield, who immediately assumed charge of the premises.

Undertaker Hick was summoned and both bodies were removed to his rooms on Exchange street.

Jealousy and liquor were what caused Grower to do the deed. Grower had been going about with Mrs. Legrow for a long time and was apparently more infatuated with her than she was with him. At any rate she accepted attentions from other men but was always afraid that Grower would find this out.

Grower came here some years ago from Austria and was in the restaurant business until his dissipated habits ruined him. After that Grower went to Boston for a time, returning here a year or more ago and since has been employed in a restaurant here.

Mrs. Legrow's maiden name was Dyer and her home was at the Cape. She was a woman of good education and was formerly a successful school teacher. Her marriage did not prove a happy one and of late years she has suported herself. She worked for some time past at Grower's restaurant but for months past has not been employed and has occupied the rooms in which she met her death.

Mrs. Legrow has for some time been afraid of Grower. Her friends have warned her that he meant to do her harm but she did not believe that he would hurt her. He has been threatening for some time that he would "fix" her and would make her sorry for "going back" on him. In her room after her death was found a letter from one of her friends warning her to look out for Grower and not give him a chance to do her bodily injury.

It seems evident that the couple had some threatening words and that she opened the door into the parlor and attempted to get away from him. Mrs. Legrow was a tall woman with light hair and was about 35 years of age. Her father was John Dyer, who died last year. Her mother and two brothers are still living. No one seems to know where her husband is, but she has not lived with him for some time. She had a son who is with his father.

Grower had a wife in Boston living at 11 Roosevelt street, also a grown-up son in the same city. He was 50 years of age.

WANTED—A girl to do general house work. Call at 151 Andover street. Call at once.

J. F. O'DONNELL, UNDERTAKER.

NOTICE.

Newly mined, best quality of domestic coal in lots to suit customers, orders by mail, telephone or in person will receive prompt, honest and careful attention. John P. Quinn's new yard, 4 to 11 Dix street, off Gorham street, near the railroad bridge.

P. S. In slabs and kindlings we lead them all.

INTEREST BEGINS NOV. 1

On Money Deposited

Friday, Nov. 3rd,

Or Before, In SAVINGS DEPT.

TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK

Rate of 4 Per Cent. per annum, compounded semi-annually.

Open Saturday Evenings. Street Floor. Ladies' Entrance, 42 to 46 Middlesex Street.

THE SUN LATEST!

5 O'CLOCK

THE FILIPINO WAR

Generals Young and Lawton Advancing

WITH THREE THOUSAND MEN

The Warships Moving Along the River

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MANILA, Oct. 19.—General Lawton and General Young are at Ararat with a force of nearly three thousand men.

The gunboats Florida and Ceste are preparing to move along the river to San Isildro which will be held as a base for operations to the north.

Extensive preparations have been in progress for several days and the expedition whose objective point is Tarlac is expected to start today. The supplies will be taken in canoes.

General Lawton's forces consist of eight companies of the 24th infantry under Colonel Keller; eight companies of the 22d infantry, under Major Baldwin; nine troops of the 4th cavalry, mounted, under Colonel Hayes and a mixed regiment, consisting of one company of the 37th infantry, six guns, commanded by Capt. Scott, one company of cavalry, and Captain Batson's Meccabee scouts. The 3d cavalry is equipping at San Fernando to join the expedition. Heavy rains the first in weeks, began last night and have continued steadily.

GIRL ABDUCTED

Little Meada Copeland Carried Off at Taunton

By Associated Press to The Sun.

TAUNTON, Oct. 19.—Meda Copeland, otherwise known as Elizabeth Louisa Mackenzie, was abducted from the home of John Mackenzie shortly before noon yesterday by a stranger who posed as an insurance agent, and thereby gained access to the Mackenzie house on Washington street, above St. Mary's church, in the building known as the "academy."

Meda is five years old. Her mother, Mrs. Helen Copeland lives in Fairhaven. Her father's whereabouts are at present unknown.

Some time ago Mr. Copeland placed Meda in the care of the Mackenzies. They became deeply attached to the little girl, provided her a good home and changed her name to that above stated.

The mother has since applied for the custody of Meda, but it was refused and the case was to be brought before the supreme court that sits here next week.

MIDDLESEX CHAPTER

SONS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION MEET.

Old Middlesex Chapter, Sons of the American Revolution, held a special meeting last evening at the D. L. Page company's dining rooms. Over thirty members were present, and the only business transacted was the election of George C. Prince and A. D. Prince as members and the appointment of Messrs. S. W. Stevens, S. P. Hadley and Edward M. Tucke as a committee to nominate a list of officers for the coming year to be voted upon at annual meting in January.

An ancestral paper, written by A. B. Woodworth, Jr., was read in his absence by the secretary, which included an account of Sylvanus Woodworth, his revolutionary ancestor. Following this was an exceedingly valuable paper on Lord Cornwallis, presented by Charles H. Conant, Esq., which merited a more extended notice than is here possible. Judge Hadley then gave an informal account of his trip to Europe this last summer in company with Mr. Savage.

The chapter had for guest of the evening Mr. Prescott Chamberlain, the president, and Mr. Edwin S. Crandon, the secretary of the Old Suffolk chapter of Chelsea. Both gentlemen were introduced to the company and each spoke in a most pleasant manner, adding much to the interest and instruction of the evening.

The customary singing of "America" closed an evening that had been most agreeably enjoyed by all.

Quite a number of the members intend to take part in the field day of the state society at Taunton today, leaving Lowell by an early train.

This field day had been timed to occur on the anniversary of the surrender at Yorktown.

PLEASANT SURPRISE.

Mr. and Mrs H. J. Bocar were very agreeably surprised last evening when twenty-five of their friends walked in to their home at 10 West Ninth street, and presented them with two parlor chairs and a handsome clock. The presentation speech was made by Mr. C. E. Doty and was responded to by Mr. and Mrs. Bocar. A delicious supper was then served under the direction of Mr. and Mrs. Doty and A. F. Adams. A short but enjoyable entertainment followed. Whist playing and games were indulged in. The party broke up at an early hour and all were unanimous in their expression of a jolly time.

BIG ORDER OF HOUSES.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 19.—The Enquirer says:

The publisher of a local trade paper has just received an inquiry from Smyrna, Turkey, for ready-made frame houses or cottages of two stories with veranda on the first floor, shingle roof, either painted or in the white, complete in every detail, excepting the window panes. They must have from three to five rooms, not counting the servants quarters and range in price from $200 to $1000 and upwards. They must be shipped "knocked down." From 1000 to 2000 houses a year will be ordered.

After Dinner

To assist digestion, relieve distress after eating or drinking too heartily, to prevent constipation, take

Hood's Pills

Sold everywhere. 25 cents.

JAPANESE PARTY

In Aid of Immaculate Conception Convent

ASSOCIATE HALL LAST NIGHT

Was a Social and Financial Success

A successful Japanese party was held at Associate hall last evening in aid of the Immaculate Conception convent. There was a large attendance and the affair proved a complete success both socially and financially.

Dancing was enjoyed during the evening, the Middlesex orchestra furnishing music for the dancers who made merry until midnight.

Dancing, however, was not the only attraction offered. There was a Spanish march in which 20 attractive young ladies, beautifully gowned, participated and they made a decided hit. Other features were a cake walk by Baby Tyrrell and Harriet Call, and a Japanese dance by Baby Tyrrell which was thoroughly enjoyed.

There were three tables, all of which were very liberally patronized during the evening. They were in charge of the following:

Refreshment—John H. Carroll, chairman; Mrs James Gookin, matron; Miss Mary A. Lyons, assistant matron; Miss Minnie Davey, treasurer; Mrs. M. McCann, Misses Mary Cawley, Sarah A. Doherty, Julia Doherty, Maria L. Gill, Mary Leonard, Rose Leonard and Margaret Sheehan, assistants.

Lemonade—Fred Doherty, chairman; Miss Jennie Doherty, matron; Miss Jennie Smith, treasurer; Misses May Hickey, Alice Griffin, Annie Lavery, Theresa Lavery, Margaret Shane, Minnie Jeffers, Georgiana Harnden, Ella Harnden, Mollie Doherty and Nellie Shane, assistants.

Candy—Miss Kathryn Fitzgerald, matron; Miss Kathryn Sharkey, treasurer; Misses Anna Gookin, Helen Murphy, Josephine Murphy, Alice E. Murphy, Bessie Murphy, Jennie Gookin, Rose Lannan, Lizzie Conners, Lillian McSorley, Minnie McSorley, Nano Gallagher, Esther Donelly, Alice Mahoney and May Courtney, assistants.

The following was the committee in charge: General manager, Bernard Burns; assistant general manager, Thomas McGlinn; floor director, John Henry Carroll; assistant floor director, John J. Conlon; chief aid, Francis H. Donohoe; and a large number of aids. John F. Carroll was chairman of the reception committee.

PERSONAL.

Miss Mary Fitzgerald of Hildreth street returns her thanks to Rev. Fr. Lawrence O. M. I., for the award of a $10 gold piece.

Mrs. Henry Beals is seriously ill at her home in Branch street.

Cards are out announcing the wedding of Mr. Edward Richard Grant and Miss Lizetta Patterson, which is to be solemnized Nov. 1.

Mr. I. B. Rogers will spend the next two weeks hunting big game in the Maine woods.

Mr. George J. Sanborn of Dracut is suffering from blood poisoning, his right hand being effected. He is able to be about, however, and his friends trust he will soon be fully recovered.

Miss Mary D. Adams has returned from an extended trip abroad.

Master George Barnes observed the sixth anniversary of his birth Saturday last from 3 to 5 by entertaining about 20 of his little friends at his home, 10 E street. He made an amiable host and was assisted by Miss Laura Gillspie and his cousin, Miss Gladys Mills of Austin, Pa. A dainty lunch was served and the little ones went home well pleased.

POOR RACING

AT COLUMBUS, O., ON ACCOUNT OF THE WEATHER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

COLUMBUS, O., Oct. 19.—The fall meeting of the Columbia Driving Association opened yesterday. The weather was fair but the track was very heavy, the result of Tuesday's rain. No races were finished. The summary:

2.12 PACING—UNFINISHED.

Purse $600.

Miss Edith, brm (McCarthy)	3	6	1	1
Minnie Irene, sm (Hades)........	1	3	4	3
Birdie Dickerson, brm (Garfield)..	4	1	3	4
Clashmore, bm (Squires)	2	4	6	5
Rower, chm (Spencer)	6	5	2	5
Edward S, chg (Hudson)	7	2	5	9
Light Star, chg (Gosnell)	5	7	8	2
Gypsy Red, chm (Rolfes)	3	9	9	6
Burr Patch, bg (Swisher)	5	8	7	7

Time, 2.15½, 2.17¼, 2.17¼, 2.16¾.

2.27 PACE—UNFINISHED.

Purse, $600.

The Duchess, blm (Shepard)	2	1	5
Cycle, bm (Van Atta)	1	7	3
Carmelita, bm (Maloney)	8	4	1
McKinley, bg (Stewart)	4	3	2
Bud Brown, blg (Synder)	5	2	6
Blaise, bg (Leighton)	7	5	4
The Admiral, blh (Swisher)	3	6	dr
Rosselmore, blh (Lason)	6	ds	

Time, 2.22½, 2.19½, 2.21½.

BROOKLYN DRIVING CLUB'S MEETING.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—In spite of the heavy rains in early morning the track of the Brooklyn driving club was in good condition when the racing was resumed yesterday afternoon. The summary:

2.30 pacing class, purse $250—Mace took second, third and fourth heats. George took first heat. Time 2.25½, 2.23½, 2.21½. Walter Geers was third.

2.16 class, trotting, purse $400—Nigger Jack won in straight heats. Georgena second, Quarterstaff third. Time, 2.18¾, 2.17¾, 2.18.

2.22 class, trotting, purse $300—Miss Betterton took first heat. Dolly Duroc took second heat. Time 2.21½, 2.22½. Postponed until tomorrow.

HORSE NOTES.

The races at the Nashua driving park yesterday were postponed on account of rain.

PENSION CHANGES.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—The following pension changes, resulting from the issue of September 30th, are announced:

MASSACHUSETTS.

Original—John Otis Tyler, Lynn, $6; John A. Casson, South Framingham, $6.

Restoration and Increase—Wm. E. Northend, Beverly, $8 to $13.

Renewal—Herbert C. Holmes, Stoughton, $6.

Increase—Thomas W. Scott, Webster, $6 to $8; Francis H. Sandra, Westboro, $6 to $8.

Original Widows, Etc.—Esta Howe, Marlboro, $8; Ella M. Damon, North Natick, $8.

STRANGE SUICIDE

A Man Commits Suicide From Fright

WHEN LIQUOR OFFICERS RAIDED HIS PLACE.

He Had Never Before Encountered Officers

By Associated Press to The Sun.

ROCHESTER, N. H., Oct. 19.—The circumstances surrounding the suicide of Enoch Willard, a farmer, 51 years old, living on the Lebanon side of the Salmon Fall river at North Rochester, yesterday afternoon, were somewhat peculiar.

It seems that the old man had been in the habit of doing errands for the men employed on the canal and excavations for the new leather board mill, and it is supposed that he had on a few occasions brought liquor, merely as an accommodation for the men.

From this grew the story that he was selling liquor, and a complaint was lodged with Officer Chamberlain of West Lebanon, Me., who secured a search warrant with which and another officer he reached the Willard farm shortly after 1 o'clock.

Word had reached the farmer in advance that the officers were coming. On learning this he drove to East Rochester, returning for dinner. He ate a hearty meal and on leaving the table saw the officers approaching the house. He met them in the barn and they told him they had come to search the premises, which they immediately set about doing.

While they were thus engaged the farmer is supposed to have swallowed a quantity of strychnine. He then went into the house and told his wife what he had done, saying, "It will all be over soon."

After going to a drawer and taking from it a sum of money which he gave to his wife, he threw himself on the bed. Just before he breathed his last, he roused himself and said: "I want to be buried in the old family cemetery."

He had never before come in contact with the law and it is believed that, frightened by its terrors, he preferred to die rather than to face court proceedings.

STRIKE ENDED

THE BOILERMAKERS HAVE RETURNED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Oct. 19.—The boilermaker's strike is over and the men went back to work today. The men have conceded the nine hours a day on all vessels not owned by the government. On these latter the day's work will be eight hours for ten hours pay. In order to make up for the extra hour on outside ships a slight advance has been made of the men's pay.

ANOTHER BIG FIRE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CHICAGO, Oct. 19.—The New England Transfer Elevator company at 48th street and Homan avenue, was burned this morning. Loss, $100,000.

LOSS OF $1000.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

ROLLINSFORD, N. H., Oct. 19.—Fire this morning destroyed the homestead of Judge Robert G. Pike of the supreme court of this state. The fire, it is thought, was the result of a defective chimney. The loss is estimated at $1000, fully insured.

SCHOONER LAUNCHED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BELFAST, Me., Oct. 19.—The schooner Pendleton Brothers of 858 gross tonnage was successfully launched from the yard of C. P. Carter and company here at noon. Although she was built for the Pendleton's at Isleboro, she will hail from New York.

LOWELL WOMAN

WAS THE WIFE OF LATE WILLIAM H. APPLETON.

William H. Appleton, the prominent publisher, who died in New York today, was well known by older residents of this city. He was married in this city April 16, 1841, to Mary Worthen, a Lowell lady.

He was born in Haverhill, Mass., January 27, 1814. As a boy he was in constant association with his father, Daniel Appleton, at the little retail store which the latter established in Exchange Place when he came to New York from Boston in 1825. His associations with foreign authors began with Thomas Moore. He knew well Thackeray, Halolck and Bryant. He was one of the earliest advocates of the American Publisher's Copyright League.

In 1838 William H. Appleton was taken in partnership with his father and ten years later, when Daniel Appleton retired, the firm was reorganized and William H. Appleton became its head. For nearly fifty years he was a trustee of the New York Life Insurance company. His services as chairman of the committee on finance for an extended period, form of themselves a remarkable record. For many years he was a director of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western railroad.

MAMMOTH TABLET

IN HONOR OF DECEASED SOLDIERS PLACED IN MEMORIAL HALL.

The memorial tablet in honor of the Lowell soldiers and sailors who died in the Spanish war voted by the city council, was placed in position in Memorial hall, under the direction of Arthur F. Salmon, yesterday afternoon. The tablet is very neat and is the work of Gutab Brothers of this city. It is a shaft of polished Knoxville, Tenn. marble 6 1-2 feet by 3 1-2 and the names of the soldiers dead are inscribed in letters of gold.

CARRIAGE SMASHED

IN A COLLISION IN CENTRAL STREET THIS MORNING.

Pneumatic-tired carriage wheels are good things in several respects, but when in collision with the old-fashioned iron-tired variety, they cut no figure for durability. This morning, while Dr. J. H. Field was driving along Central street in a pneumatic-tired affair, one of the front wheels caught in the wheel of Ed. Cawley's open wagon, which was standing near the curbing. In an instant the front wheels on the doctor's carriage were twisted out of shape, while there was no damage to Mr. Cawley's outfit.

BROWN FINED $100

Cider Agent Arraigned in Police Court

FOR ILLEGAL KEEPING OF LIQUOR

Trip Book Thief Sent to Reformatory

Jesse Sherman, the trip book thief, appeared before Judge Hadley in the police court this morning for sentence on twelve counts of larceny of trip tickets.

When the case came up today, Sherman had to answer to three more counts of larceny. Sherman also pleaded guilty to these counts.

His mother, who is an elderly and apparently delicate woman, was present in the court room but had nothing to say.

After severely lecturing the young defendant, the court found him guilty on both complaints. On the first he received a sentence to the Massachusetts reformatory, while the second complaint which was brought up today was placed on file.

The government was not prepared to go to trial in the Peter Martin case, and another continuance was asked for. Martin was charged on two counts with larceny and with assault and battery on an Armenian. The complaint charging him with assault and battery was dismissed but for larceny Martin was held in $400 for trial next Tuesday. J. Joseph Hennessey, Esq., appeared for Martin.

Only two drunks were arraigned. They were Fred Frechette and John Kleren. Frechette received a sentence of one month to jail while Kleren was sent to the state farm at Bridgewater.

Cornelius M. Decker, charged with being a stubborn child, was held in $100 till tomorrow for trial.

William H. Brown was charged with illegal keeping of liquor. He pleaded not guilty and was not represented by counsel.

Brown keeps a cider store at 226 Adams street. His place was visited last night by Inspectors Goodwin and Atkinson. As the inspectors were entering the shop a man was just coming out. They held him up and while one of the officers proceeded to search the shop the other searched the man. On the latter was found a half pint of whiskey, which he said he purchased of Brown, who was also in the store. After a careful search of the place the officers succeeding in finding a bottle containing some whiskey and also a funnel, which they said, had the odor whiskey. They seized the liquor and arrested Brown, who at that time said his name was William H. Higgins. At the police station, however, he gave his proper name as William H. Brown.

Brown admitted to the court that the liquor was found in his place but denied having it for sale. On the contrary he claimed he kept it there for his own use.

His story, however did go with the court and Brown was found guilty and a fine of $100 was imposed.

The case of Walter Ashworth charged with larceny from the Lowell Bleachery was continued till tomorrow.

EMPEROR'S SPEECH

COMMENT ON IT BY THE GERMAN PRESS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BERLIN, Oct. 19—Today's papers are for the most part barren of comment upon the speech of Emperor William at Hamburg yesterday at a luncheon following the launching of the battleship Kaiser Karl der Grosse. The Berlinen Tageblatt, however, says:

"His Majesty's expressions of regret that his wish for a big fleet did not meet with intelligent furtherance eight years ago will be found insignificant just now in more ways than one."

The Socialist organ, the Vorwaerts, says:

"The speech was a mixture of pan-German fleet enthusiasm and Dr. Von Miquel's non-partical "Sammel Politik. It dovetails in the program with the Oeynhausen and Dortmund speeches. While the former promised an anti-strike bill and the latter proclaimed a determination to carry through the canal project, this speech at Hamburg announces a new and immense naval bill. The emperor's words cannot be construed otherwise."

TRANSPORT THOMAS

BEING PREPARED FOR TRIP TO PHILLIPINES.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 19.—The U. S. transport Thomas, the finest troopship afloat, sailed from Cramp's ship yard at 6 o'clock this morning for New York where she will go into dry dock to be painted.

The Thomas is to go to the Phillippines early in November and will carry over 2,000 persons, including soldiers, officers, nurses and crew. In the three compartments forward of the boilers, there are long rows of galvanized steel single berths, three in each frame, with woven steel wire mattresses, for 612 men. There are also 144 berts after, making a total of 756 berths.

Between decks are similar accommodations for 897 more men, a total of 1,653 privates and non-commissioned officers. On the main deck is the ice-making plant with a capacity of two tons per day. There is also a condensing apparatus for changing salt water into filtered fresh water, with a capacity of 10,000 gallons a day, a carbonating machine for making soda, water, a bakery, laundry and a cold-storage plant. On the spar deck are the soldiers' writing room, a dining room with seventy-six seats for company and ships' officers, a saloon and lavatories. The quartermasters, commanding officers' headquarters, regular officers' quarters and smoking and lounging rooms are on the promenade deck. The chart rooms and quarters of the captain and first, second, third and fourth officers of the ship on the upper bridge deck, are also elegantly fitted up. On this deck, also is a hospital for contagious diseases.

SNATCH THIEF

GRABS A BAG FROM A STORE COUNTER.

Yesterday afternoon about 4 o'clock a lady entered the Boston Cloak and Suit store on Merrimack street and while examining some goods, left her shopping bag on the counter. In the meantime a woman entered the store and seeing the bag lying on the counter, grabbed it and ran out into the street. Sarah Brock, one of the clerks, saw the woman and ran after her. On the way up Merrimack street another woman joined in the chase and they succeeded in capturing her at the Boston and Maine depot. They took the bag away from the woman and as there was no policeman around they let her go.

DEEP LAID PLOT

Discovered and Exposed by G. Washington Poore

AT WARD THREE REPUBLICAN RALLY

Why Pearson Wants to be Senator

The republicans of ward three, much worried at the signs of coming defeat in their representative district attempted to get up enthusiasm by holding a rally in Highland hall last evening and while a fair sized audience was present the enthusiasm that they longed for wasn't as warm as had been hoped.

S. B. Puffer, ex-democrat, now president of the club, called to order and introduced as the first speaker W. H. I. Hayes who received a flattering reception. Mr. Hayes boomed everyone from John L. Bates down, even to Dobbins and Cluer, and he didn't conclude without a slight "knock" at his powerful opponent, Mr. McKinley who had previously accused Bill of dodging him.

Charles H. Hanson, the handsomest man present by reason of the fact that he came in immaculate shirt front and swallow-tail coat, was the next speaker and he said: "I am indebted to you in a measure for my nomination and if I have the honor of continued support I can give the assurance of an honest and I think capable representation. I am aware that we may lose a few votes by the nomination papers of the prohibition party but I do not fear the consequences. The statement of Mr. Hayes, I am in a position to corroborate. He had an important engagement down town on the occasion of his last appearance here which made his withdrawal from the hall imperative."

Richard Dobbins, the sure thing of the 25th district was the next speaker and he admitted that he had voted for a democrat once but would never do it again. He didn't believe in voting blanks and thought that every republican should vote the full, straight ticket.

Hon. Frederic Lawton misunderstood the object of the meeting and discussed national issues, trusts, gold standard, etc., which went over the heads of his hearers who went there to hear only talk of a local, personal nature. Mr. Lawton made an excellent speech, but few of the crowd appreciated it.

Rep. Cluer, the gentleman with the ready pen, was the next speaker and he "knocked" the prohibition party to square himself as it were for assisting the prohibition candidate. He expressed confidence in the election of Dobbins and Varney and said in conclusion: "Do we want democrats to make laws for us I could tell you many stories of absurd bills that they tried to have passed in the legislature last year," though history fails to record any bill, absurd or otherwise, that Arthur ever got through.

"We have had our preliminary battles and have chosen our men. I am sure that all defeated candidates will fall in line at the polls. We have nominated good men and it is our duty to promote harmony in our ranks, so that on November 7, we may go to the polls united. The only way to accomplish this is to be constant in our efforts. Speaking about trusts I want to say that it took me half an hour to reach this hall, simply because of a trust operating its cars to suit its own convenience and not that of the public."

Jacob Baron, the Nestor of the ward three republicans, and Wm. Sturtevant of the Hood Political School of blue-ribboned stock, also spoke, and then came George Washington Poore, the embryo Platt, who made the hit of the evening by exposing a deep laid democratic plot which made a profound impression upon all, particularly upon Bill Hayes, who, while out of politics, is in the cigar business. Mr. Poore held forth as follows:

"I do not believe that the fact that forth as follows:

the prohibitionists got a document signed under false pretences will do us any harm. Representative Cluer's candidacy will not be affected by it. Mr. Hanson has nothing to fear in the Pearson boys. I have a few words to say in reference to Gardner Pearson's candidacy. As you all know, he went down to Porto Rico after the war and invested in cigar manufactories. Now his idea is to have his cigars imported without duty to this country for without such a condition his industry will go unrewarded. The position of senator would give him a certain prestige that would have a tendency to assist him in this direction. This would mean the cheap labor of Porto Rico in competition with our well paid labor. Under the circumstances can the candidacy of Gardner Pearson receive the sanction of the working men? Gardner has been a good office holder and will continue to be while he has the chance. It is too bad the dear boy cannot have his wish granted, but we must have our say about it."

The concluding speeches were made by Representative Varney and James McDowell.

W. C. T. U. DELEGATES

By Associated Press to The Sun.

SEATTLE, Wash., Oct. 19—Delegates to the national W. C. T. U. convention from the state of Maine, New Hampshire, Michigan, Massachusetts, Ohio, Pennsylvania and a dozen other states are in the city. The White Ribbon train from the east over the great northern route arrived 18 hours late, owing to the desire of the delegates aboard to stop at various points of interest along the way. With the visiting and local delegates now here or en route, the convention will open on Friday with nearly 600 in attendance. The hotels and lodging houses of the city are filled to overflowing and the visitors are being quartered with private families.

100 MULES SHIPED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CHICAGO, Oct. 19.—A special from Evansville, Ind., says:

An agent for the British government was in this city today and shipped 100 mules to St. Louis. They are intended for use in South Africa.

WAY WON.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Oct. 19.—William H. Way of Detroit won the golf tournament over the links of the Kent county Golf club yesterday, defeating, among others, Will Smith of Chicago, the American champion.

WORMS

In Children or Adults. The safest and most effectual remedy made is

TRUE'S PIN WORM ELIXIR

In use 47 years. 35c. Ask your Druggist for it. Dr. J. F. TRUE & CO., Auburn, Me.

BRYAN GREETED

By Twenty Thousand People at Louisville Ky.

HE REPLIES TO HIS CRITICS

He Urges Support of the Democratic Ticket

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Oct. 19.—Twenty thousand persons had gathered to welcome the distinguished visitors. Mr. Bryan was greeted with loud applause when he arrived at the race track.

Mr. Bryan said:

"I did not come to sit in judgment on any convention, I did not come to discuss the details of an election law. If there was anything done in that convention that a democrat does not think ought to be done, I ask of that democrat what his remedy is.

"Is it to elect a republican governor and republican officials? The man who tries to correct a democratic convention by electing a republican governor assumes responsibility for all that governor does after he has been elected.

Mr. Bryan then urged his hearers to support the regular nominations of the democratic convention. He asserted that it was not a question between Goebel and another democrat, but between Goebel and the election of a republican governor and republican state officers.

Mr. Bryan urged upon his hearers the importance to the party of the election to the U. S. senate of J. S. C. Blackburn, saying his vote was needed in the determination of the questions of public policy brought ot us by the Spanish war in the event of possible legislation looking to an increase of the standing army, such as, hes aid, was attempted last session, and in the matter of trusts and the income tax.

Mr. Bryan's speech was interrupted frequently with applause. He was followed by Mr. Goebel, after which the party proceeded eastward, expecting to arrive at Covington tonight.

THE WEATHER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Oct. 19.—Forecast for Boston and vicinity: Fair tonight and Friday; cooler tonight; northwest winds.

ALLAN LINE.

NEW YORK to GLASGOW Via Londonderry.

From company's Pier, foot West 21st St., New York.

Numidian, Oct. 7, Nov. 11. State of Nebraska Oct. 14, Nov. 18. Mongolian Oct. 28, Dec. 2.

First Cabin, $45 to $65 single, $85 to $117 round trip. Second cabin, $30 single, $57 return. Steerage, $23.50; prepaid, $24.

Glasgow and Boston, via Londonderry and Galway; Second Cabin, $30 prepaid; Steerage, $24 prepaid.

For descriptive circulars, plans of steamers and other information, apply to H. & A. Allan, 92 State street, Boston, or

Dennis Murphy, 18 Appleton St.

McKINLEY

Is explaining to Cuba the economy of self-government. No need of explaining the economy of buying your winter's supply of coal of us, as our facilities enable us to give you the best service at lowest rates.

D. T. SULLIVAN,

Coal, Wood, Lime, Etc.

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Telephone 713-2.

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OFFICE—816 Central Street.
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Telephone connection. Hacks furnished for all occasions.

A Great Offer

If anybody is looking for a nice Diamond, it will pay to call in these times to

LEGAULT & CO.,

RELIABLE JEWELERS.

70 Central St., cor Prescott

ARE YOU AWARE

That the mornings and evenings are getting cool and that you will have to get out your Winter Clothing? Well, here is where we come in to play. If you find out that your winter garments are soiled or faded bring them at once to the

BAY STATE Dye Works

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and we will cleanse or dye them and make as good as new at a very slight expense. All work guaranteed first class at

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Music Hall

Three Nights Commencing Thursday, Oct. 19 Matinee Saturday.

A play of heart interest, pure comedy and brisk Americanism

The American Girl

By H. Gratton Donnelly, author of "Darkest Russia." Introducing the Comedian, Geo. F. Hall, with two rays of brightness, the American twins Prince Roy and the Little Lady

Direction of A. Q. SCAMMON.

Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Matinee, Oct. 23, 24, 25.

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THE LOBSTER.

Management of the author, Edgar Selden. 25—Great Features—25. Carloads of Scenery and Effects. A funny show! A beauty show! A famous show! The Lobster in everyone's mouth.

Star Theatre, 219-311 Middlesex Street. FRANK KNIGHT, Proprietor. This Week

SCANLON & MILEY, Comedy Sketch Artists.

GRACE WHEELER, Balladist.

BLANCHE WILSON, Musical Artist.

LEOPOLD & WESTON, Kings of Komedy.

GERTRUDE RIGGS, Serio-Comic.

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For Drawing School.

W. T. S. Bartlett

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653 MERRIMACK STREET.

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—OF—

Ladies' Capes, Jackets, Suits, Skirts and Millinery.

Gent's Suits, Overcoats, Dry Goods

SAME PRICES CASH OR CREDIT.

LOWELL CO-OPP. SUPPLY CO.

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Up One Flight Open Evenings

TODAY

Is none to soon to have glasses righly fitted. No "guess-work" fitting is satisfactory. Scientific accuracy is what is wanted to preserve the sight and prevent eyestrain and blindness.

GEO. G. ROGERS,

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GOING AWAY?

Hope you'll have a good time and we know you will if you . . . . . .

Take One of Our

CAMERAS!

We carry a full line of

Eastman's Kodaks,

and all kinds of supplies. Also all leading makes of cameras. . . . .

ONE OF OUR

Hammocks

will make things easy for you. Prices from

75c to $6.00.

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Clothes Baskets.

Our special for this week is a full sized strong braided Clothes Basket with one pound of

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227 Central Street. Tel. Cor

SINCE THE CAR SERVICE IS SO UNSATISFACTORY, WE SUGGEST THAT THE COMPANY CONSTRUCT A FEW THOUSAND OF THESE "GET-THERES" AND DISTRIBUTE THEM TO ITS PATRONS. THE SUN CONTROLS THE PATENT AND WILL DONATE IT FREE IN BEHALF OF A SUFFERING PUBLIC.

THOUSANDS OF REQUESTS

For Free Bottles

Are received by the manufacturers of Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, and upon strict investigation it has been found that no less than 91 per cent. of those receiving trial bottles have been so helped by the Remedy sent, that they have bought large sized bottles at their druggists.

There is no doubt that Favorite Remedy is the very best medicine known for diseases of the Kidneys, Liver, Bladder and Blood, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia and Chronic Constipation. The manufacturers are prepared to send free trial bottles postpaid to all those who will write, giving their full name and post office address to the DR. DAVID KENNEDY CORPORATION, Rondout, N. Y., and mention this paper.

Put some of your urine in a glass tumbler; if in 24 hours it has a sediment, or a milky, cloudy condition; if it is pale or discolored, ropy or stringy, you need a good medicine, and Favorite Remedy is the best one you can take. It speedily cures such dangerous symptoms as pain in the back, frequent desire to urinate especially at night, scalding burning pain in passing water, staining of your linen by the urine and inability to hold it. Also the unpleasant and dangerous effects produced on the system by the use of whiskey or beer.

Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy is sold at all drug stores at $1.00 a bottle, or six bottles for $5.00.

POLICY OF BLUNDERS

Administration Scored by Carl Schurz at Chicago

He is Opposed to Making Further War on the Filipinos—Hon. Bourke Cockran Speaks

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CHICAGO, Oct. 18.—J. Sterling Morton of Nebraska presided at the evening session of the anti-imperialist conference, and in introducing Carl Schurz, who delivered the address of the evening spoke in substance as follows:

"That there are thousands of patriotic citizens of the United States who do not believe that it is wise to acquire distant, insular domains and attempt to make them a part of this republic, no one can doubt. We are assembled here for the purpose of avoiding dangers to the constitutions and the institutions which it has established and fostered.

"Let us stop the effusion of human blood. Let the eighteenth century come to the help of the nineteenth. The philosophers, our predecessors, are the apostles of the true. Let them before monarchies meditate wars, proclaim the right of man to life, the right to conscience, to liberty, the sovereignty of reason, the holiness of labor, the beneficence of peace; and since light issues from the thrones let the light come from the tombs."

ADDRESS OF MR. SCHURZ.

Mr. Schurz was then presented and spoke in part as follows:

"There are few Americans who do not frankly admit their regret that this Philippine war should ever have happened. I say, therefore, that if we have the future of the republic at heart we must not only not uphold the administration in its course, because we are in it, but just because we are in it having been got into it in such a way the American people should stamp the administration's proceedings with a verdict of disapproval so clear and emphatic and 'get out of it' in such a fashion, that this will be a solemn warning to future presidents instead of a seductive precedent.

"What, then, to accomplish this end is to be done? In the first place, let it be well understood that those are egregiously mistaken who think that if by a strong military effort the Philippine war be stopped everything will be right and no more question about it. Let there be at once an armistice between our forces and the Filipinos. Let the Philippine islanders at the same time be told that the American people will be glad to see them establish an independent government and to aid them in that task as far as may be necessary; that if the different tribes composing the poulation of the Philippines are disposed, or at least most of them, if not all, are likely to be, to attach themselves in some way to the government already existing under the presidency of Aguinaldo we shall cheerfully accept that solution of the question and even if required lend our good offices to bring it about and that meanwhile we shall deem it our duty to protect them against interference from other foreign powers—or in other words, that with regard to them we mean honestly to live up to the righteous principles with the profession of which we commended to the world our Spanish war.

"And then let us have in the Philippines to carry out this program not a small politician, nor a meddlesome martinet but a statesman of large and genuine sympathy who will not merely deal in sanctimonious cant and oily promises with a string to them, but who will prove by his acts that he and we are honest; who will keep in mind that their government is not merely to suit us but to suit them; that it should not be measured by standards which we ourselves have not been able to reach, but be a government of their own, adapted to their own conditions and notions—whether it be a true republic like ours or better or a dictatorship like that of Porfirio Diaz in Mexico, or an oligarchy like the one maintained by us in Hawaii, or even something like the boss rule we are tolerating in New York and Pennsylvania. Those who talk so much of 'fitting a people for self-government' often forget that no people were ever made 'fit' for self-government by being kept in the leading strings of a foreign power. The cry is childish that unless we take and keep the Philippines, some other power will promptly grab them.

Why should not American diplomacy set about to secure the consent of the powers most nearly concerned to an agreement to make the Philippine islands neutral territory as Belgium and Switzerland are in Europe?

"There are some American citizens who take of this question a purely commercial view. I declare I am ardently in favor of the greatest possible expansion of our trade; but as to the annexation of the Philippines, will it pay?

"Many imperialists admit that our trade with the Philippines themselves will not nearly be worth its cost; but they say that we must have the Philippines as a foothold, a sort of power station for the expansion of our trade on the Asiatic continent especially in China. Admitting this, for argument's sake, I ask what kind of a foothold we should really need. Coaling stations and docks for our fleet and facilities for the establishment of commercial houses and depots. That is all. And now I ask further whether we could not easily have had these things if we had instead of making war upon the Filipinos, favored the independence of the islands. Everybody knows that we could.

"The present subjugation of the Philippines will not only be a help to the expansion of our Asiatic trade, but rather a constant danger and a clog to our feet.

"It is useless to say that the subjugated Philippine islanders will become our friends if we give them good government. However good that government may be, it will, to them, be foreign rule, and foreign rule especially hateful when begun by broken faith, cemented by streams of innocent blood and erected upon the ruins of devastated homes. The American will be and remain to them more a foreigner, an unsympathetic foreigner, than the Spaniard ever. Let us indulge in no delusion about this.

"And how much good government have we to give them? Are you not aware that our first imperialistic administration is also the first that, since the enactment of the civil service law, has widened the gates again for a new foray of spoils politics in the public service? What assurance have we that the Philippines, far away from public observation, will not be simply a pasture for needy politicians and for speculating syndicates to grow fat on, without much scruple as to the rights of the despised 'natives'?

"Has it not been so with the British in India, although the British monarchy is much better fitted for imperial rule than our democratic republic can ever be? Does not England at heart tremble today lest some hostile foreign power come close enough to throw a firebrand into that fearful mass of explosives?

"I ask you, therefore, in all soberness, leaving all higher considerations of justice, morality and principle aside, whether from a mere business point of view, the killing policy of subjugation is not a colossal, stupid blunder, and whether it would not have been and now be, infinitely more sensible to win the confidence and cultivate the friendship of the islanders by recognizing them as of right entitled to their freedom and independence, as we have recognized the Cubans, and thus to obtain from their friendship and gratitude, for the mere asking, all the coaling stations and commercial facilities we require, instead of getting those things by fighting at an immense cost of blood and treasure, with a probability of having to fight for them again? I put this question to every business man who is not a fool or a reckless speculator. Can there be any doubt of the answer?

"A word now on a special point: There are some very estimable men among us who think that even if we concede to the islanders their independence, we should at least keep the city of Manila. I think differently, not from a mere impulse of generosity, but from an entirely practical point of view Manila is the traditional, if not the natural, capital of the archipelago. To recognize the independence of the Philippine Islanders, and at the same time to keep from them Manila, would mean as much as to recognize the independence of Cuba and to keep Havana.

"I must confess I cannot understand the reasoning of those who have moral sense enough to recognize that this war is criminal aggression, but who still maintain that we must go on killing, and devastating, and driving our brave soldiers into a fight which they themselves are cursing, because we have once begun it. This I cannot understand. Do they not consider that in such a war, which they themselves condemn as wanton and iniquitous, the more complete our success, the greater will be our disgrace?

"I confidently trust that the American people will prove themselves too clear-headed not to appreciate the vital difference between the expansion of the republic and its free institutions over contiguous territory and kindred populations, and imperialism which reaches out for distant lands to be ruled as subject provinces. They will not fail to recognize that our dignity, our free institutions, and the peace and welfare of this and coming generations of Americans will be secure only as we cling to the watchword of true patriotism: 'Our country—when right to be kept right; when wrong to be put right.'"

HON. BOURKE COCHRAN.

Mr. Cockran said, among other things:

"Whatever we may think of the president's action it is only fair to admit that the policy to which he appears inclined, and which we condemn, casts the only shadow of doubt on his own political prospects. If the issues of the next election were confined to the preservation of existing economic conditions I do not think any man doubts his campaign would have ben a triumphal march to success.

It is said that, having accepted the aid of the Filipinos in our operations against Manila, there would have been an element of perfidy in abandoning them to their own resources after Spain had granted our own demands.

"However this may be, the cession of the Philippine Islands by Spain to the United States is an accomplished fact, irrevocable, and therefore beyond discussion. The problem which confronts us now is the course which we should pursue toward them.

"If we begin by eliminating from the discourse all those features on which everybody is agreed, we will probably find the field of controversy sensibly narrowed.

"In the first place nobody contends that, as an original enterprise, the conquest of the Philippines would have been desirable or defensible, nor, so far as I know, does anybody assert that our armies should be withdrawn without first providing some stable form of government.

"If we went there reluctantly, and if we cannot leave immediately, it follows that our authority must be maintained in the Philippines for a while at least."

The conference adjourned at the conclusion of Mr. Cockran's address, those in charge of the meeting expressing themselves as delighted with the success of the affair.

Chronic Dyspepsia

CURED BY THE NEW TREATMENT.

It is Guaranteed.

Philadelphia, June 6, '99.

The R. T. Booth Co.:

Dear Sirs: I have suffered with chronic dyspepsia for years and nothing would relieve me. Doctored with the best physicians and grew worse under their treatment. Suffered from acid stomach and experienced the greatest distress after eating, could not sleep and was very miserable. I have used but two boxes of the Hyomei Dyspepsia Cure and am now perfectly well. I recommend it to all my friends who are suffering with the same complaint.

Very respectfully,
MRS. LIDIA McLANE MILLS,
1539 Vine street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Hyomei Dyspepsia Cure is Unlike Any Other.

It treats each phase of the disease separately, and contains the only germicide known, which can be taken internally and without danger and yet destroy the bacilli which cause intestinal indigestion (the most dangerous form of dyspepsia). Hyomei Dyspepsia Cure is the only one ever guaranteed. Your money is refunded if it fails to cure. Price 50c. All Druggists. One day's treatment sent free to any address on receipt of stamp.

THE R. T. BOOTH COMPANY,
Ithaca, N. Y.

THIS YEAR'S WORK

Of Registration Not Equal to Last Year

REGISTRATION CLOSED FOR STATE ELECTION

The Total Registration Is Now 14,586

Registration for the state election closed at 10 o'clock last night in the quarters of the registrars of voters, city hall. The number of voters on the list at the beginning of registration was 13,737 and the new registration is 849, making the total voting list for the state election, 14,586, subject to minor changes. This is 389 less than the state and 906 less than the city (make) voting list last year. The new registration this year for the state election is 174 less than last year when it was 1023.

In the new registration for this year Ward Two leads with 125 and Ward Seven is second with 104. Then comes Ward Five, 97; Ward One, 96; Ward Three, 92; Ward Nine, 91; Wards Four and Eight are a tie with 82 each, and Ward Six is the tail ender with a round 50.

The following total shows the state of the voting list at the beginning of the registration with the additions by precincts and wards:

WARD ONE.

Precinct	1	2	3
	445	437	315—1227
Added	37	49	10— 96
			1323

WARD TWO.

Precinct	1	2	3
	332	401	418—1151
Added	31	41	53— 125
			1276

WARD THREE.

Precinct	1	2	3
	476	571	690—1637
Added	31	36	35— 102
			1739

WARD FOUR.

Precinct	1	2	3
	459	135	61—1175
Added	29	21	32— 82
			1257

WARD FIVE.

Precinct	1	2	3
	353	483	407—1243
Added	48	28	21— 97
			1340

WARD SIX.

Precinct	1	2	3
	631	474	502—1617
Added	36	18	25— 79
			1696

WARD SEVEN.

Precinct	1	2	3
	634	614	587—1765
Added	61	20	23— 104
			1869

WARD EIGHT.

Precinct	1	2	3
	664	705	583—1952
Added	21	26	30— 82
			2034

WARD NINE.

Precinct	1	2	3
	441	514	679—1634
Added	23	21	47— 91
			1725

Grand total, 14,586.

SULTAN OF SULU

Tossed Gauntlet at General Bates

HE GOT ANGRY AT THE AMERICAN

Southern General Ignored Peacock Mohamedan

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MANILA, Oct. 18.—The Sultan of Sulu has met General Bates. On the arrival of the general and his staff on the U. S. Chucorua, His Royal Highness had the audacity to despatch a courier with a message requesting Gen. Bates to come and see him. The general, however, was not seeing anybody on such peremptory invitations and maintaining the dignity of the government he so faithfully and successfully represents, he issued a courteous invitation in return. The mountain did not come to Mahomet, hence Mahomet came to the mountain, followed by a numerous and gorgeously attired retinue, his "royal nibs" visited General Bates and made his obeisance to the Starry Banner. He was very versatile, professed sentiments of devotion and admiration in flowery, oriental rhetoric, but it was all wind. No decided or definite result was obtained by the meeting.

The powerful and warlike claimant to the sultanship, Dato Jakanio, residing about one mile from Jolo, next visited the general and stated:

"The sultan is a man of many words; he is all talk like a parrot and his moods are as changeable as the wind. I, Dato Jakanio, am a man of few words. I speak once and then act. The sultan is unpopular; he has frittered away our rights, the rights of his Dato and of his people by granting and trading pearl fisheries and other concessions to strangers without our consent. I am a claimant to the throne and I will defend my rights in battle."

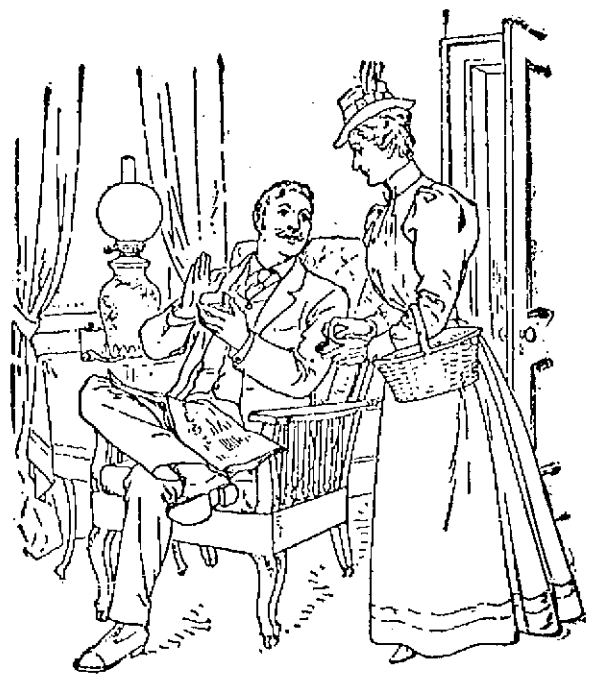
Dato Jakanio has mustered 2,500 faithful warriors against a slightly more numerous force of the sultan's. But Jakanio's men are more devoted and are filled with a spirit of loyalty and courage which may counterbalance the superior numbers of the opposing party. Sunday was set for the fight but no move has been made by either party up to this time. Results are anxiously awaited.

The Dato Mandi, the most influential and powerful chief in the Archipelago, arrived on North Borneo Trading company's steamer "Lahnan" from his domain and capital of Sukot, on the island of Mindanao, and immediately paid a visit to General Bates. The presentation ceremony was most impressive and picturesque. Dato Mandi, a splendid fellow of dignified bearing, superb physique, with a face of strong character, and erect as a dart, followed by 27 warriors, headmen of his people, attired in picturesque native costume, like all Moros of Mahomet's creed with gay, flowing robes and gaudy, towering turbans and armed with glittering creases, made his salute to the representative of our government and swore allegiance and fealty to the flag. Dato Mandi controls 600 miles of territory on the coast of Mindanao and his domain extends far back to the mountains and Zamboanga.

"The insurgents," he stated "until recently occupied Zamboanga, but have now deserted it and retreated to the hills about three miles away. They looted the houses and even carried off the tin roofs to their camp. They have not been paid for a long time and are sick of their contract. We Moors hate the Tagalos. Give me authority and I will attack the dogs and wipe the horde off the face of the earth."

General Bates is to be congratulated in acquiring so valuable an ally. The U. S. S. Castine is patrolling the coast off Mindanao but American troops have not yet occupied Zamboanga. General Bates' mission is still unfinished, therefore the Chucorua will remain at Jolo for the time being.

Jolo is a charming place and members of the expedition derive great enjoyment from the delightful climate and scenery of the southern archipelago.



There's nothing in Ivory Soap but soap, good, pure vegetable-oil soap. There's nothing to make the linens streaky, no alkali to injure the finest textures. The lather forms quickly and copiously, and wash-day is a pleasure instead of a drudgery. Try it for the next wash. The price places it within reach of every one. **Look out for imitations.**

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TEWKSBURY

The ladies' aid society of the Congregational church have elected the following officers: Mrs. S. P. Pike, president; Mrs. J. H. Yutman, vice-president; Mrs E. Gray, secretary and treasurer; Miss L. Rogers, assistant secretary and treasurer; Mrs. P. Foster, Mrs. T. Spaulding and Mrs. J. Phelps, directors; Mrs. Miller, solicitor.

The first social of this society was held last evening in the vestry. Refreshments were served at 7 p. m., followed by an enjoyable entertainment which had the following numbers: Duet, Misses Pike and Morrill; reading, Miss A. Littlefield; song, Master U. Blackburn, and reading by Miss Pike.

After the entertainment the remainder of the evening was spent in playing games. There was an attendance of about 100 people.

The W. C. T. U. C. B. society of this town will hold its first social and dance of the year November 1st.

HEART DISEASE.

Some Facts Regarding the Rapid Increase of Heart Trouble.

Heart trouble, at least among the Americans, is certainly increasing and while this may be largely due to the excitement and worry of American business life, it is more often the result of weak stomachs, of poor digestion.

Real organic disease is incurable; but not one case in a hundred of heart trouble is organic.

The close relation between heart trouble and poor digestion is because both organs are controlled by the same great nerves, the Sympathetic and Pneumogastric.

In another way, also the heart is affected by the form of poor digestion, which causes gas and fermentation from half digested food. There is a feeling of oppression and heaviness in the chest caused by pressure of the distended stomach on the heart and lungs, interfering with their action; hence arises palpitation and short breath.

Poor digestion also poisons the blood, making it thin and watery, which irritates and weakens the heart.

The most sensible treatment for heart trouble is to improve the digestion and to insure the prompt assimilation of food.

This can be done by the regular use after meals of some safe, pleasant and effective digestive preparation, like Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, which may be found at most drug stores, and which contain valuable, harmless digestive elements in a pleasant, convenient form.

It is safe to say that the regular persistent use of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets at meal time will cure any form of stomach trouble except cancer of the stomach.

Full sized package of these tablets sold by druggists at 50 cents. Little book on stomach troubles mailed free. Address F. A. Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich.

FITS CURED

(From U. S. Journal of Medicine.)

Prof. W. H. Pecke, who makes a specialty of Epilepsy, has without doubt treated and cured more cases than any living Physician; his success is astonishing. We have heard of cases of 30 years' standing cured by him. He publishes a valuable work on this disease which he sends with a large bottle of his absolute cure, free to any sufferer who may send their P.O. and Express address. We advise anyone wishing a cure to address Prof. W. H. PECKE, F. D., 4 Cedar St., New York.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

LADIES Who Have Used Them Recommend as the BEST DR. KING'S Star Crown Brand PENNYROYAL PILLS. Immediate relief, no danger, no pain. Used for years by leading specialists. Hundreds of testimonials. A trial will convince you of their extraordinary virtues. In case of suppression. Send ten cents for sample and book. All druggists or by mail $1.00 box. KING MEDICINE CO., Box 1930, BOSTON, MASS.

NERVITA PILLS

Restores VITALITY, LOST VIGOR AND MANHOOD

Cures Impotency, Night Emissions and wasting diseases, all effects of self-abuse, or excess and indiscretion. **A nerve tonic and blood builder.** Brings the pink glow to pale cheeks and restores the fire of youth. By mail 50c per box, 6 boxes for $2.50; with a written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Send for circular. Address,

NERVITA MEDICAL CO.
Clinton & Jackson Sts., CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale by Ellingwood & Co., Druggists, Lowell, Mass.

Welcome Shoes

$3.00.

This is our ladies latest shoe. Made by expert workmen expressly for our store. We name this shoe Welcome Shoe. It is a welcome to the ladies feet. Made on the very latest mannish last. We guarantee this shoe to give satisfaction or your money back. Sold only by the

SUNLIGHT

Shoe Store

100 CENTRAL ST.

High Grade Repairing.

W. S. CRADY

Oil Stoves

You will need some more heat in your house next month. Why not get ready for it.

We have oil and gas stoves at a price that will please you.

OUR

Oil and Gas Stoves

Are all first class, NO SHODDY goods amongst them. The best is none too good for you, and that is just what we have.

GAYNOR & CO.

35 Prescott St.

By J. E. CONANT & CO. - - - - Auctioneers

OFFICE, LOWELL, MASS.

TOMORROW AFTERNOON.

Mortgagee's sale of the large Block, known as the St. Goddard tenement property, 76-82 West Third Street, near the junction of West Third, Cobura and Jewett Streets, or adjoining the extensive property of John H. Burke & Co.

The sale by law will take place on the premises on Friday, the 20th day of October, 1899, at three o'clock in the afternoon, regardless of the weather, attendance or price. The block contains fourteen tenements of two, three and four rooms each. Each tenement has a water closet; the tenements rent for $4.50, $5.00 and $7.00 per month; the block is splendidly situated to rent; if properly cared for and attended to, it would be one of the best paying and most satisfactory pieces of renting real estate in Lowell. The buildings are very solid and substantial but need some minor interior repairs. Much more could be said in favor of and to the advantage of this property, but to fully realize and appreciate it, you must thoroughly examine it.

The lot has a frontage of 60 feet, and an area of about 5000 square feet, is concreted about the buildings and of excellent size.

From two-thirds to three-quarters of the purchase money can remain on mortgage and the purchaser must deposit with or secure to the auctioneers from $500 to $600 as requested; as soon as the property is struck off.

LURANA A. GROVER, Mortgagee.

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor.

SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press.

$3.00 Per Year. 25c. Per Month

CIRCULATION COUNTS....

In estimating the cost of advertising, remember that circulation is what counts. When a paper with one-half or one-third the circulation of The Sun asks Sun rates for advertising space, you can readily see how cheap our rates really are.

The real cost of advertising is not the rate per inch, but the rate per inch per thousand of circulation.

The Sun not only leads all the local papers in circulation but it easily leads any two of them combined. The Sun is conceded to be

LOWELL'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER.

THE STREET RAILWAY COMBINE

The street railway continues to discommode the public by the lack of cars and a general attempt to cut down the service. The presumption is, of course, that people will wait for the cars anyhow. Well, if they do they will have shorter hours to work. Twenty-minute time prevails on most lines, while on some it exends to half-hour time. When a snowstorm comes and the cars make but half the number of trips we shall have forty-minute time. This, of course, will be good enough for Lowell. Boston has five-minute time on most of the lines and on but few does the interval between cars extend over ten minutes; that, of course, is imperative in Boston, but the syndicate which controls our street railway lines seems to think that Lowell is a jay town anyhow. The people are helpless except they obtain some change in the present laws governing public franchises. The city council has given away the franchise and it is now in the hands of a foreign corporation, which bids defiance to the city council and the people of Lowell in reducing the number of cars and the number of employes, and by abandoning some lines altogether.

WAR AS A BUSINESS.

The manner in which the 46th regiment was sent away shows that the nation has come down to the idea of war as a business. The regiment was not shipped to Boston to parade and be cheered, but forwarded to the Pacific coast by the shortest route and in the most practical fashion. These soldiers have their work before them. They are to be a part of the force sent out to establish American sovereignty in the Philippine archipelago and to accomplish this it may be necessary to slay many of the resisting natives. It is serious business in which they are to engage, and it is quite as well that they go about it without any unnecessary fuss or tumult.—Citizen.

Just so, they are professional fighters, it is their business to invade the Philippine islands and help in the work of slaying the natives until the warriors cry "enough" and submit. Then the plunder and robbery of the country will commence. Every country ever subjugated has paid dearly for its subjugation. So it will be with the Philippines.

THE ANTI-IMPERIALISTS.

That anti-imperialist conference at Chicago is one of great importance. Ex-Governor Boutwell's letter of regret at enforced absence made three important suggestions, which were as follows:

1. The president should be held responsible for the war in the Philippines and for the sacrifice of life and the expenditure of treasure incurred in its prosecution.

2. The conference in the name of the anti-imperialists of the country, should announce its purpose to oppose his re-election and its further purpose to oppose the election of members of congress who may sustain his policy.

3. The conference may declare its intention to oppose the re-election of any member of congress who may sustain an appropriation of men or money for the prosecution of the war. On these points there should be no compromise, no concessions.

These will undoubtedly be followed by the conference which is thus far independent of all political parties, but being with the democratic party on the leading issue of the day and opposed to the leading plank of the republican platform, it can be easily seen in what direction the influence of such a body will be exerted.

THE CUP RACE.

To-day, we opine, will finish the yacht race, unless the weather is unfavorable. The Shamrock has been rather unfortunate in the accident of Monday, but Sir Thomas Lipton says he has pulled out of worse holes than that. He takes his defeat very blandly and keeps his temper. Whether he wins or loses, it seems that he will carry home with him the good wishes of the American people.

THE CHELMSFORD FARMERS

That political flim flam which Messrs. Ramsay and Watson worked upon the republicans of Chelmsford is worthy the ingenuity of Bunco Reed and that reminds us that Reed did some business with Chelmsford farmers in the line of the flim-flam game. We are consequently somewhat surprised to find them victimized again, this time by the Lowell republicans of the 25th district. In playing this high handed game the Lowell delegates have shown an utter disregard of the voting strength of the Chelmsford end of the district, but the Chelmsford men took care of themselves last year and they will probably do so in 1903, when they are to be cheated out of a representative under the Ramsay flim-flam arrangement.

When the Chelmsford farmers were buncoed by Reed, they had no redress, but in the present attempt to bunco them they can strike back by electing the flim-flam nominee of the 25th district in 1903 to stay at home. These Chelmsford farmers have long memories and will undoubtedly resent this flagrant act of injustice.

Rev. Fr. Reaney, chaplain of the Olympia, in speaking of the Philippine war, seemed to approve its object and aim and to justify the war. In this we regret to say that he differs with the most fair-minded men in the country and with the majority of the Catholic clergy. There are, however, notable exceptions, such, for example, as Archbishop Ireland.

The beauties of our new charter are well illustrated in the relations existing between the commons committee and the superintendent. The committee refused to vote for more money to finish the new Rogers Park and now Supt. Whittett refuses to recognize their authority as applied to his office, as he has a right to do under the new charter.

It is gratifying to know that the strike at Stover's shoe shop was quickly settled. It is bad policy for either party to waste time while business is good on futile controversies over the question of fair treatment and fair wages for employes. It never pays to drive out skilled help.

Still the burglars are with us, although they do not seem to be making any great hauls.

BOXING GOSSIP.

Peter Maher and Kid McCoy signed articles yesterday for their coming fight. Although William A. Brady has secured the signature of McCoy to fight at the Coney Island Sporting club for its purse, it is not at all certain that he will get Maher's name to the same conditions. Maher wants to be assured that the purse will be $20,000. If these assurances are not forthcoming he may sign to fight only before the club offering the largest purse. Brady has promised that the purse will be $20,000, and is shouldering much responsibility in so doing. In fact he has gone as far as to furnish that amount of his own money. The Coney Island officials don't believe in offering so much money to McCoy and Maher, thinking the receipts of such a show would come far below that figure. Brady however, thinks differently.

Kid McCoy has signed articles for a fight with Billy Stift of Chicago, to come off in St. Louis Oct. 27. The bout is scheduled as one of twenty rounds and Tim Hurst will be referee. This fight will doubtless be a good one, for Stift is regarded as an exceptionally good man at his weight. He once knocked out McCoy, but was subsequently defeated by the Kid. In this battle Stift will endeavor to accomplish McCoy's defeat again. It is generally agreed that he will have anything but an easy task. The Kid doesn't hold anybody cheaply now, since his accidental knockout by Jack McCormick, and it is almost safe betting that he will not suffer another defeat by Stift's hands.

Billy Stift will have another important engagement to fill after his bout with McCoy. He has accepted an offer to fight Jack Root, the Chicago middleweight, to a finish at Davenport, Iowa, on Nov. 13. A big purse will be fought for. While this fight is regarded with only ordinary interest in the east, it nevertheless has attracted considerable attention in the west, especially in Chicago. There Stift and Root are looked upon as the bitterest of local rivals, and the result of their meeting will serve to satisfy the admirers of each, by whom he is regarded as the coming champion in the middle-weight class.

Joe Choynski has a fight on his hands which, while it looks easy for him, may prove just the reverse. He has been matched to fight Dick Moore in a twenty-round bout at Tim Hurst's St. Louis Athletic club Oct. 23. Moore has fought in this vicinity, but never astonished anybody by his ability. He is a clever boxer and can take a beating. He doesn't seem lucky, however. He has put up good battles only to be defeated. In Choynski he will probably meet the best man of his career, and on form cannot be expected to win. If he could not beat Johnny Gorman of New York it would be foolish to think of his whipping Choynski. Moore recently fought Jack Stelzner of St. Louis, a fifteen-round draw at the club he is to fight Choynski. His showing was a good one.

No matter whether he thinks so or not it cannot be denied that Tommy West will have the hardest kind of a time trying to beat Charley Stevenson at the Greenwood Athletic club next Saturday night. Stevenson is a big burly negro, and belongs in the heavy-weight class. He is a fairly good boxer and can strike a good blow. His recent defeat of Charley Strong of Newark, in five rounds gives one an idea that he is at least above the ordinary third-rater. West is taking a big chance, and his friends would rather not see him fight Stevenson. Both men are training hard, and their fight should be interesting.

Joe Choynski is trying to arrange a fight with "Kid" McCoy to take place at one of the big New York clubs. They recently fought a six-round draw in Chicago, and Choynski made such an improved showing that he is confident now that he can win in a long fight. He and "Australian Jimmy" Ryan will battle twenty-five rounds at catch-weights at the Broadway Athletic club on Friday night. Ryan has not been seen in New York for two years, while Choynski has not fought there since he was beaten by Peter Maher. Both men are training faithfully for the battle and will doubtless furnish a fast fight. They box at catch-weights.

Joe Young, the Buffalo light-weight, who arrived in New York lately, has been matched to meet "Spike" Sullivan in a twenty-round bout at the Greenwood Athletic club, Nov. 4. Youngs is credited with being a very clever two-handed fighter.

His coming match with "Kid" McCoy will add to the interest of Peter Maher's match with Dunkhorst, the big Syracuse fighter, which takes place on Monday night. The encounter will be a ten-round affair at the Monarch Athletic club, in Syracuse. It will be refereed by Charles White, of this city. While Dunkhorst has never shown very brilliantly in the pugilistic line, his immense size gives him a chance that all opponents fear.

The Irishman has been taking good care of himself and hopes to give a line of his form when he meets Dunkhorst. Maher's friends predict that Peter will take the money before five rounds.

GAS LIGHT COMPANY

HAS NOT BEEN SOLD OUT, AS REPORTED.

A report was extensively circulated yesterday to the effect that the Lowell Gaslight company had sold out its plant, but the officials of the company promptly denied the report.

WAS NOT A LOWELL MAN.

The body of a man found in Broad canal, Cambridge, on Sunday, and thought to be that of a Lowell man, has been identified as that of William Carr of 592 Cambridge street, Cambridge. He was a son of James Carr, and lived with his father and an invalid brother. The body was recognized by means of a photograph. The body will be disinterred.

Golf Capes are very scarce, but we have them and sell them very cheap, from $2.49 up, at Boston cloak and suit store, 228 Merrimack street.

SEN. PARSONS

Has Become an Independent Candidate

FOR THE SATE LEGISLATURE

The Democrats Will Not Oppose Him

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Oct. 18.—Senator Herbert C. Parsons of Greenfield, one of the republican members of the legislature who refused to vote for Henry Cabot Lodge for United States senator, and who was defeated in the republican convention because of this fact is going to the polls to make a contest.

This will be the first real test of the anti-imperialists in the state and the issue will be made square between the republicans who favor President McKinley's policy and those who are opposed to his conduct of the war in the Philippines.

The republicans in the district which comprises the towns of Franklin and Hampshire counties have nominated Charles W. Hazleton for Senator Parsons' place. The democrats met yesterday but made no nomination so that the fight will come between Hazelton and Parsons.

Nicholas J. Lawler, one of the leading democrats of the convention, said the reason the democrats did not nominate a candidate was that if a democrat was nominated he would be simply knocked down. There was to be an independent candidate. If no nomination was made it left the democrats free to vote as they liked.

A B. Parker, another prominent democratic leader, said: "Tariff, trusts and everything else could wait. Imperialism was the one burning question. We are waging a war of conquest. We are down deep in the mire. Commercial exploitation and land-grabbing should cease. The man in the White House is a willing tool. The danger facing the country today was more serious than that during the civil war."

Senator Parsons said to a reporter after the session of the senate last winter that he could not consistently support Senator Lodge's position on the question of imperialism.

"I did not attend the caucus because I think the republicans should have been free to act and elect a man from Massachusetts who is in accord with Massachusetts ideas on the great question of colonial policy or territorial expansion. I did not vote for him today because I did not approve of his policy and think that the interests of Massachusetts are best served by men who hold the views of Senator Hoar. Had ex-Governor Boutwell allowed me to use his name in the senate I certainly would have voted for him because I think his views are right. When he declined to be a candidate I had no other choice. Some people may criticize my position in this matter but I think I performed my duty to the best interests of the constituency that elected me."

Representative Severance, a republican from Senator Parsons' town, also refused to vote for Lodge, and there were twelve republicans absent from the caucus when he was nominated.

JOURNAL ALBUM

IS NOW ON DEWEY'S SHIP.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Oct. 19.—A newspaper history of the battle of Manila, compiled by direction of Mr. W. R. Hearst, was presented to the cruiser Olympia yesterday morning by Mr. Emory H. Talbot of this city, in behalf of the New York Journal. Captain Lamberton accepted the gift with expressions of admiration and appreciation.

The album contains pictures, maps descriptions, photographs, biographies and is, in short, a faithful record of the events which have made the Olympia forever dear to the American heart, and is by no means among the least of the many trophies of this glorious time which are in the vessel's proud possession. It was greatly admired by officers and men, and more than one inquiry was made whether it were possible to purchase duplicates for individual use.

The Olympia will probably go out of commission, and if so Capt. Lamberton will have the album deposited in the library of the navy yard, where it will remain until the ship is again in sea-going condition. Then it will be taken on board to edify and encourage the officers and men who shall in future years serve their country on her decks.

The Olympia lies only a stone's throw from the navy's other celebrated ship, the frigate Constitution, and the contrast between the old and the new was never more strikingly illustrated. Her officers and men hope for furloughs after their arduous labors—many of them have not seen home since 1895—and all are fatigued by the popular demonstrations of the last three weeks.

The crowds of sightseers have slyly taken tampions and sights from guns and in other ways made their patriotism an annoyance, and it is with a feeling of relief that Captain Lamberton and his officers see the stores going ashore and being stripped.

SWISS TREATY

UNITED STATES TO TAKE STEPS TO TERMINATE IT.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 18.—The state department has regretfully come to the conclusion that the existing treaty between the United States and Switzerland must be terminated and steps in that direction soon will be taken. The necessity for this course arises from the action of certain of the state governments in enforcing local laws which in their operation prevent Swiss insurance companies from doing business in those states.

While these laws were not aimed directly at the Swiss companies yet providing as they do for discriminatory taxes against foreign corporations they constitute a direct violation of the treaty between the United States and Switzerland whereby the United States gives to Swiss concerns the same rights to do business within the limits of the United States as are enjoyed by the United States corporations.

It is felt that it would be useless for the national government to remonstrate with the governments of the states which have thus violated the treaty so there is nothing to be done but to surrender the convention.

SORE FEET

Caused by corns, bunions, or callouses, quickly cured by using WAKEFIELD'S FIR BALSAM SALVE. Price, 25c.

Goodale's Drug Store, cor. Central and Jackson Streets

SOME MILL NEWS

The Situation of the Print Cloth Market

PRICE OF TAPESTRIES GOING UP NEXT YEAR

A German Cotton Spinners' Trust

The following is from the latest issue of Bennett's weekly:

Ten days ago the wonder was increasing that print cloths and prints should be relatively in the dumps. Other cottons had advanced heavily since the Fall River market four months ago was pegged at 2¾ cents and for some week past cotton had been on the upward jump, while an actual famine existed in the cloth market. But Fall River is a market of surprises. There is no combination among buyers and there has been only a partial agreement about sellers, but buying and selling of print cloths, was a high class sporting game between the two interests before tennis, golf and slugging gained their supremacy.

At the close of the week, probably as the result of many weeks of the subtlest kind of secret diplomatic manoeuvring a heavy print cloth deal was consummated, which swept off stocks and put the mills under contract to January. It is not known just what quantity of cloths were sold, but the most reliable estimates put the figures in the neighborhood of 2,000,000 pieces. Although prices have not at this writing been advanced in consequence of this movement, it is taken for granted, that such may be the case at any moment, thus erasing the only undefined feature of the general market and assuring, as it does, better demand and prices for prints.

A feature in this deal, noted and complained of by cloth brokers, is that the selling committe not only made the sale direct, but gave the benefit of commissions to buyers. The brokers claim that such action is a reduction of prices. It is difficult to see how this can be controverted, and it simply proves that the buyers had the best of the game in this instance at the expense of the brokers and it remains to be seen how this diplomatic concession will be met by the latter. That it will prove a boomerang in some way or other can hardly be doubted as the brokers all know the tricks and are by no means a stupid crowd.

FOREIGN SILKS.

Nevertheless, there is improvement in which fancy foreign silks participate and as a whole the movement discloses progress in the retail trade and brings the hope that demand will continue to increase. Nothing new was reported as regards the favor shown to weaves and colors on the part of consumers, taffetas continuing to lead in all reassortments as in the orders.

CARPETS.

Notwithstanding that the season is nearly over for manufacturers, carpets continue active. News from the West is that retailers have begun to cut goods freely. It is believed that the new season will bring advanced prices for tapestries, Wiltons, Brussels and Velvets. The raw material market is stiffening. Inquiry among importers of mattings and agents for domestic mills indicate considerable activity in that trade.

COTTON SPINNERS' TRUST.

A German Cotton Spinners' trust has been formed, embracing 85 per cent. of the manufactures of the Empire. The association of Cotton Yarn Spinners complain that the trust's terms are so high that the foreign spinner will be able to get German yarns 15 per cent. cheaper than they can be got by Germans.

BASE BALL.

Adrian C. Anson, for many years the manager of the Chicago baseball team, and now one of the promoters of the new league, was in Cincinnati the other day. His presence in Cincinnati, according to his own statement, had nothing to do with baseball. He was there on business pertaining to his billiard hall in Chicago, the building in which it is located being owned by Cincinnati capitalists. Anson is heart and soul with the new organization. He says the scheme is a sure go, and that the National league will have a strong rival next season.

According to Anson, it is not at all improbable that Cincinnati will have a club in the new league. This city is now being considered by the promoters of the new organization, and if enough local capital can be found to support the club there will be one there next season. It is unnecessary to say that up to date no one has been found in this neck of the woods with much of the long green who is willing to take part in the venture.

"It is being considered whether Pittsburg and Cincinnati, even with rival teams, would not prove better cities than either Detroit and Milwaukee," said Mr. Anson. "The new league holds a meeting in New York the latter part of this month, and then all these questions will be settled. It has been said that we would have some trouble securing players for the new league, but it is absurd. We will be able to get all the players we want, and more, too. I am in a position to know that two-thirds of the present Chicago team will join with us at a moment's notice, and the players of all other teams feel about the same way. They want to get away from the reserve rule and other obnoxious laws passed by the National league."

"Mike" Griffin, who for many years was considered the king of centerfielders in the National league, and who was sold to the St. Louis club by the Brooklyn club last spring, is in Brooklyn.

When the Baltimore-Brooklyn syndicate was formed Griffin who had signed a Brooklyn contract for 1899 at a large figure was sold to St. Louis. It seems that the amount of salary he was to receive was misrepresented, and Griffin refused to accept less and has been out of the game this year. It is very likely that he will enter suit at the close of the season to have his grievances against the Brooklyn club adjusted. Griffin is on the reserve list of the St. Louis club.

The great player is not there on base ball business. "I have not paid much attention to baseball this year. I signed with Brooklyn for a certain sum and when I was sold to St. Louis these figures were cut. I naturally refused to stand for the cut and went home where I have been ever since. I have taken no steps to have the matter settled as yet but I am not out of baseball. There is some good ball playing left in me. My grievances may be adjusted some day, and then I would have no hesitancy in getting into the game. I am doing very well out of baseball. I have not seen a National league game this season, but if I am here Saturday I will go out and take a look at one.

"McGraw has certainly made a wonderful record in Baltimore. He is the greatest ball player in the business, and has shown that he is a manager also."

An ugly charge has been made against Capt. Ewing, of the Cincinnati team. The accusation that he has been making disparaging remarks against the owners of the Cincinnati club come from two reliable sources, and would indicate that the "Red" leader is guilty of grossest ingratitude. To accuse President Brush of being "cheap" and desiring to get together another team that shall not cost much to run is a story that any follower of the game who knows anything of the affairs of the Cincinnati club will denounce. In the last five years the Cincinnati club has paid more money for players than any three other clubs, in the league combined.

It has been demonstrated that the worn out stars that Ewing has selected for the team in the past few years and who have been purchased at exorbitant prices, were not wisely chosen, for the reason that none of them made good. In view of this fact, Mr. Brush has decided to get together a team of young players, whose services he can command when they are at their best. His recent offer of $10,000 for McGraw, of the Baltimores, to manage his team, and the fact that he has purchased about a dozen players this fall at advanced prices, is further evidence that his sole desire is to give Cincinnati a winning team, no matter what the price. The fact that he has been negotiating for another manager may have caused Ewing to make the remarks credited to him.

ANNUAL RETURNS

OF THE LOWELL AND SUBURBAN STREET RAILWAY COMPANY.

The Lowell Suburban Street Railway Co., E. M. Tucke, president and Percy Parker, treasurer, have now filed their return with the board of assessors, under section 6, chapter 513 of the public statutes as did the L. L. & H. a few days ago.

The sworn return of the Lowell & Suburban, attested by W. A. Fisher, J. P. Straus.

Mileage reckoned as single track, 35.572.
Total length of track operated by it in public ways in the commonwealth:
Mileage reckoned as single track, 63.404.

Gross receipts for the year ending Sept. 30, 1899, $95,650.85.

It will be seen that the above receipts are nearly $100,000 less than those of the Lowell, Lawrence & Haverhill printed a few days ago in the Sun and which were $501,797.41 balance in favor of the L. L. & H., $96,146.56.

FATAL FALL

ALICE BRUNELLE FELL FROM A ROOF MONDAY AND DIED YESTERDAY.

Yesterday, Alice Brunelle, the four-year-old child that fell from the roof of Fletcher's block on Moody street, Monday afternoon, died from the injuries received. Since the accident the child has borne the terrible suffering with a remarkable fortitude. She fell five stories striking on a concrete walk. Dr. Patenaude did all in his power to save the child but the injuries were of such a nature that death was only a question of time. The little girl was the daughter of Albert and Vlatine Brunelle. They are deeply grieved over the loss of their little one and much sympathy is felt for them.

MOCK TRIAL

HELD BY THE BILLERICA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

Last night every seat in the Billerica town hall was occupied when a mock trial was conducted by Col. A. V. Newton of Worcester, under the auspices of the Billerica Historical association. Col. Newton was the lawyer for the defendant and his son, E. V. Newton was prosecuting attorney, the rest of the court, jury and witnesses being made up of residents of the town. The defendant, Frank Holden, was charged with the larceny of a Plymouth Rock rooster from the coop of Mrs. Margaret Meeker Wright and after hearing the evidence, the jury brought in a verdict of "not guilty but he must return the rooster." The trial was full of humor, and the many local hits during its progress caused no end of amusement. The officers were: Judge, Frederic A. Morey; plaintiff, Mrs. Margaret Meeker Wright; defendant, Frank Holden; clerk of court, H. D. Mallett; officer, Chas. H. Hazen; attorney for defendant, Col. A. V. Newton of Worcester; attorney for defence, E. V. Newton of Worcester; crier, H. W. Livingston; court stenographer, Victor J. Hosmer; witnesses, Herbert A. King, N. H. Hutchins, Coburn S. Smith, C. L. Beck, J. H. Robinson, T. E. Smith; jurors, Herbert Sheldon, E. Baker, Fred H. Parker, John H. Baker, John Barnes, Arthur Kimball, Joseph Holt, Fred L. Mason, Fred L. Gleason, Charles A. Gleason, A. O. Dane, John A. Richardson.

DR. CHEVALIER

SAYS HE DID NOT ATTEMPT TO COMMIT SUICIDE.

The ambulance was summoned yesterday afternoon to 503 Middlesex street to take Dr. J. E. Chevalier who came here from Providence, R. I., a few days ago, to the hospital. It was alleged that he was suffering from the effects of cocaine which he had taken.

The doctor was rooming on the third floor and when the ambulance arrived he walked down stairs and demanded what was wanted of him. When he was told that the ambulance was waiting for him, he entered without protest and went to the hospital. He was not so agreeable at the hospital, however, and when stomach pumps and emetics were spoken of, he stoutly refused to allow anything in the line of medical attendance for he said he did not need it. After a period spent in useless persuasion the hospital authorities allowed him to go his way and he returned to his room.

Dr. Chevalier said last night: "I used to live in Lowell. During my stay here I was employed as clerk in Field's drug store at Davis square. Since that time I have kept a drug store in Burlington, Vt., where I also practiced medicine. Later I gave up the store and went home to Canada. After spending some time at my home in Canada, I communicated with a friend of mine a doctor, who has a drug store in Rhode Island, and he engaged me to go to work as clerk. I worked for him two weeks and he and I could not get along very well together so I decided to leave and I came direct to Lowell, hoping I could start in business here."

Dr. Chevalier denied very positively the intention of suicide and says his father will be here today from Canada.

ANNUAL REUNION

OF THE 26TH MASSACHUSETTS REGIMENT HELD YESTERDAY.

The 26th annual re union of the 26th Massachusetts Regiment association, Veterans of the civil war, was held at South Framingham yesterday. Lowell was well represented.

The oldest member of the association is the venerable Luke Smith of Acton, son of a soldier of the American revolution. Edward F. Cushing of Somerville, who has labored hard to keep the records of the association in good condition, was but 13 years of age when he left his home in Lowell and enlisted.

Lieut. James F. Upham of Company A presided at the reunion and Sec'y Edward F. Cushing read the necrology. These deaths have been reported since the 1898 reunion: Company A, Charles F. Emerson, Lowell; D. John Floyd, Amesbury; E. Albion Lemphear, Chelmsford, Dennis Sheehan, Maynard; John S. Parker, Concord; Charles A. Brooks, South Acton; F, George Ingerson, Lowell; John Turner, Lawrence; G. Lieut. Archibald Startweather, Boston; H. Jacob Nelson, Boston; K, Lieut. John Marshall, Saco, Me. This number is larger than the average regimental mortuary record.

These officers were elected: Lieut. C. C. Messer, Company B, Boston, president; E. T. Peterson, Company C, Somerville, first vice president; Humphrey Sullivan, Company G, Charlestown, second vice president; Edwin F. Cushing, Company H, Somerville, secretary; E. D. Hall, Co. E, West Acton, treasurer.

RESIGNS PASTORATE

REV. E. R. CASWELL TO LEAVE MIDDLESEX FREE BAPTIST CHURCH.

Rev. E. R. Caswell has resigned the pastorate of the Middlesex Free Baptist church. The resignation was tendered Sunday, October 8, and it was not wholly unexpected as Mr. Caswell has declined to engage himself for any definite time. The resignation was accepted at a church meeting held last Friday night. Mr. Caswell's departure will be much regretted by the people of his church. His resignation takes effect on the last Sunday of this month. The pulpit of the Middlesex church will be supplied until a permanent pastor can be secured. Mr. Caswell goes to North Scituate, R. I., to the church of which Rev. A. E. Kenyon, now of the Chelmsford Street church was formerly pastor.

Special Announcement

BY ELLINGWOOD & CO.

You are cordially invited to attend at our store, at address given below, a demonstration of

VINOL

Beginning Next Monday for Six Consecutive Days, We Will Have a Professional Demonstrator Who Will Convince All Our People

that VINOL, is, as we say, a DELICIOUS TASTING PREPARATION, in spite of the fact that it owes its virtues as a tonic, a rebuilder, a blood purifier and a remedy for wasting diseases to the active curative principles of cod liver oil, which it contains in a highly concentrated state.

We will tell you what we know of this valuable remedy and of many people we know that have received great benefit from having taken VINOL for such troubles as IMPOVERISHED BLOOD, PALENESS, GENERAL DEBILITY, LOSS OF APPETITE and INSOMNIA, and of people who have taken it successfully as a TONIC, A CREATOR OF STRENGTH and an AID TO RECOVERY after SEVERE ILLNESS, of those who have given it successfully to GROWING CHILDREN and have used it for BRONCHIAL and PULMONARY TROUBLES. Avail yourself of this opportunity to learn about an article that has great merit.

This free demonstration, remember, begins next Monday, and continues every day next week. We want all of our friends to be sure and come and see us at that time and come early.

ELLINGWOOD & CO.,

Barristers' Hall, Merrimack, Cor. Central Streets.

MAYOR QUINCY

Wants Dewey to Run For Presidential Nomination

A WINNER ON EITHER TICKET

Manila Was Not His Only Victory

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Oct. 19.—Mayor Josiah Quincy did not commit himself unthinkingly or on the impulse of a moment of excitement to the candidacy of Admiral Dewey for president when on Saturday last he addressed the Manila hero at city hall here in presenting him with the jewelled watch which was the gift of the city.

That portion of the mayor's address which has been so much talked about, was as follows:

"You have gained the thanks of congress, official reward and promotion to the highest rank; you are now receiving and—may we not believe this is even more precious to you—the personal and spontaneous thanks of your fellow-countrymen, the indication of their sincere affection for you, the evidence of their confidence in you, of their desire to look up to you and be led by you.

"The people of America are not ungrateful; they would gladly bestow upon you any honor, even the highest in their gift."

When a reporter asked Mayor Quincy today if he would not be more explicit regarding his attitude towards Admiral Dewey and his views of the admiral's availability as a candidate for president, the mayor made this statement:

"I do not think that I need to add anything to what I said in my address to Admiral Dewey, or to attempt to explain my meaning.

"I believe that the admiral has shown himself to be a man of presidential calibre, and that the people would be glad to elect him president if given an opportunity.

"Whether the politicians of either party would permit the people to nominate him or whether he would accept a nomination are other questions.

"I am not taking it upon myself to advocate his nomination, but I thought it not improper, in a complimentary address, to express my own conviction that the people would gladly make him president if given a chance. This I thoroughly believe and that either party which nominated him would win the election.

"I believe that entirely aside from the special exploits and winning the battle of Manila, which no doubt is the chief foundation of his extraordinary popularity, Admiral Dewey has won the respect of discriminating observers, as well as of the people in general, for the strength of character, good judgment and all around ability which he has shown.

"I would never advocate any one for high office merely on the strength of the fact that he had won a battle, but Admiral Dewey is a man of extraordinary character and ability, fit to bear the largest responsibilities."

Pay your taxes now and avoid interest.

NATIONAL LOOMFIXERS

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE HELD AN IMPORTANT MEETING SUNDAY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WOONSOCKET, R. I., Oct. 19.—The executive council of the National Loomfixers' association met here Sunday. The principal topic for discussion was the question of forming districts. This matter was considered at the last convention and referred to the executive council. It was the aim to eventually have but one organization of loom fixers, and that the national one. Now the loomfixers in the various cities and towns form local associations and manage their own finances, paying a per capita to the national body and thereby creating two funds—the national and the local. The proposed formation of districts is to be a step towards doing away with the locals and in their place have the national association which shall control all the funds and keep paid men in all the cities and towns, whose duty it shall be to collect the dues, induce loomfixers to join the association, settle grievances and in all ways look after the interests of the members. When the districts are formed it is proposed to have these paid men in all of them. In some of the sections of New England the loomfixers are now formed into small unions which cannot afford to have paid men to look after their interests and the result is many injustices are practiced which cannot be stopped because none of the members of these small unions cares to risk being discharged for making a kick. If there were paid men among these loomfixers in these small places who could call on to see the mill agents it is believed many wrongs could be righted and no one would have to risk losing his job.

The committee yesterday decided to form districts in all sections of New England. One district will comprise Fall River, New Bedford, Taunton, Whittenton, Warren and Bristol.

Another will take in the towns along the Blackstone from Providence to Blackstone.

Lawrence, Lowell and the towns in that vicinity will make up another district and another will comprise the towns and cities of New Hampshire.

In each of these districts it is proposed to place one or more paid agents.

It was decided to award the contract for printing the manual of the next association to Washburn & Garland.

The next regular meeting of the committee will be held in Lowell in February.

ADDRESS TO MOTHERS

MRS. ANNIE McKAY SHERWIN OF NEW YORK SPOKE BEFORE MATERNAL ASSOCIATION.

A largely attended meeting of the Maternal Association of the First Congregational church was held yesterday afternoon at the home of Mrs. C. F. Stott, corner Pine and Wilder streets. Mrs. W. I. Kelley presided and Mrs. L. H. Hartley and Mrs. H. R. Hanson contributed vocal selections. Mrs. Annie McKay Sherwin of New York, a former resident of Lowell, gave an interesting talk on the home for homeless (colored) children in New York City. She told how it started with three children and how the work has grown. It was established 20 years ago and three hundred children are cared for annually. The children are taught in various branches of industry and in order to prevent contagion and protect the health of the children, new arrivals are quarantined for a period of two weeks before they are allowed to mingle with others. Mrs. Sherwin gave a detailed account of how the homeless children are gathered in and provided for and how they are trained in moral and spiritual ways for 12 years. Positions are obtained for them, and when they leave the institution they are well fortified to cope with the many evils which often beset young folks as they go out into the world to fight the battle of life.

At the close of the meeting light refreshments were served.

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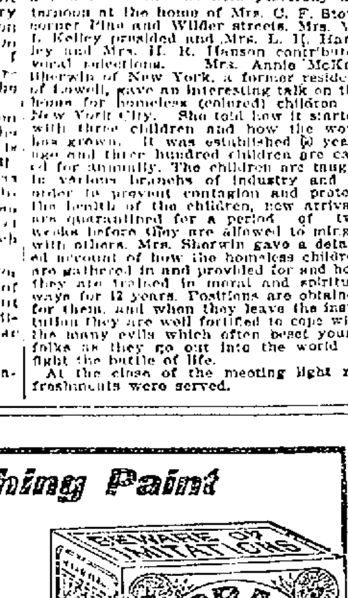

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THE SUN EXTRA!

6 O'CLOCK

BOERS VICTORIOUS

Intercepted a British Force at Ladysmith

Hard Battle Fought Yesterday—Kimberley Reported Safe by the British—Other Despatches

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LADYSMITH, Natal, Oct. 18, 8.25 p. m.—At 10 o'clock this morning the British forces came into contact with the enemy in the neighborhood of Acton Homes and Besters Station, about 16 miles west from here and the firing has continued up to the present time. Several casualties have been reported. Suports are leaving the camp and expect to fight tomorrow.

FIRING WAS VERY HEAVY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LADYSMITH, Natal Oct. 18, 5 p. m.—I have seen some members of the volunteer forces who have just come in from Besters and Acton Homes. The Boers from Van Reenan's Pass came by Blaauwbank way, their patrols firing early this morning on our scouts.

Three hundred Boers tried ineffectually to cut off small parties of our men, but the Natal boys were more wary than they and retired firing.

The enemy as usual took advantage of the hills, rocks and gullies to hide themselves, but being unable to advance, they used cannon against our riflemen, who nevertheless, maintained a stout resistance. The firing was very heavy. It is anticipated that a number of Boers were hit.

The country about Acton Homes being more open, our mounted volunteers there are falling back upon Dewdrop.

The force of Boers engaged at Acton Homes numbered about 2000. There were rather fewer at Bester's. It is reported that the enemy there is hemmed in and suffering severely.

Reports have been received here stating that the Boers will move from Helpmakaar tonight to cut the railway between Glencoe and Ladysmith, near Waschbank and also that they have threatened Colenso by means of bands sent from the Free State.

KIMBERLEY SAFE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CAPE TOWN, Oct. 19.—A dispatch from Kimberley dated Oct. 17 says:

"All is well here. Col. Hore engaged the Boers at Mafeking on Oct. 14, with great success. Mafeking was still safe on October 15th."

A special dispatch to the Cape Argus reiterates the statement that in the fighting at Mafeking, Col. Hore repulsed the Boers inflicting a loss of 300 men.

BOERS ROUTED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CAPE TOWN, Oct. 19.—The Cape Times publishes the following dispatch from Kimberley: "Reliable information from Mafeking says that an armored train while reconnoitering north of the town last Saturday engaged 500 Boers who suffered heavily. Col. Fitz Clarence's column foiled the Boers, inflicting severe loss. The British casualties were two killed and 14 wounded, two severely."

A GENERAL REVOLT.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CAPE TOWN, Oct. 18 (Delayed in transmission)—There is an incessant of applicants for active military service, the new force of 3000 mounted infantry, which the imperial government has sanctioned would be quickly raised. The premier, Mr. W. P. Schreiner, continues to issue circulars to the Dutch residents, advising them to maintain strict loyalty to the imperial government. The best authorities he now agree that the danger of a general revolt is very slight.

AN OFFICIAL NOTE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

DURBAN, Oct. 15 (Delayed in transmission).—The following official note has been issued regarding the Boer advance:

"An Orange Free State force, with a few guns, moved about 10 miles down Tintwas Pass, opening with artillery on small British cavalry patrols. The range was very distant and the shooting indifferent. The object may have been either a feint to draw our troops from the real point of attack, or a prelude to Boer concentration against Ladysmith."

COMPLAINTS AGAINST BOERS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CAPE TOWN, Oct. 19.—Complaints of Boer outrages upon the natives continue to arrive. These serve further to inflame the Basutos and Zulus. Yesterday 50 Basutos from Johannesburg arrived at Burghersdorp, Cape Colony and alleged that the Boers had robbed them wholesale.

Natal again claims a share of the attention, which, during the last few days, has been focussed upon the beleaguered garrison at Mafeking. The combined advance of the Boer forces on the positions held by the British general commanding in Natal, Sir George Stewart White, has already occasioned a sharp affair of outposts which possibly has since developed into a pitched battle.

The Boers, according to the latest information at hand do not appear to have been driven back. Perhaps, however their movements are only of a general plan, to assault Ladysmith and Glencoe from the south.

The simultaneous Boers from Acton Homes, from the west and from Rorkes drift and Helpmakaar from the east may indicate a projected attack upon the railway below Colenso.

The movement from the east also suggests an attack upon the railway at Waschbank, between Ladysmith and Glencoe.

Military experts are inclined to the opinion that the troops at Glencoe are only a small rear guard left to attract the forces under commandant general Joubert, while General White's full strength is concentrated at Ladysmith with a view of attacking the Orange Free state force while General Joubert is still forty miles away.

Stories of British successes in the Mafeking district are so persistent that in the absence of contradiction from Boer sources, they may be accepted as true in the main, although the alleged killing of 300 Boers is discredited.

General Cronje's troops are regarded as the flower of the Transvaal forces. Some decisive fighting has still to occur on the western border, and if, as was intimated in last night's dispatches, rebels are approaching from Rhodesia, it will probably not be long delayed.

Apart from their desire to gain an initial advantage by capturing Mafeking and thereby attracting the Dutch colonists, the object of the Boers in massing in Bucealand, is due, doubtless, to the fact that this splendid stock country is full of cattle and as it is only sparely settled would give the Transvaal a route by which to import arms and munitions by Walfish bay, Damaraland, on the West African coast.

A dispatch from Pretoria asserts that the Transvaal government has cabled to Mr. Benjamin Robinson, the millionaire gold mine owner and chairman of the Robinson South African banking company, who is now in London, to return to Johannesburg, on pain of the confiscation of his property. Mr. Robinson characterizes the alleged threat as ridiculous. He says he is a British subject, and that the Transvaal government has no right to demand his return and that his property has not been and cannot be confiscated.

Portugal, according to a dispatch from Berlin, has given distinct assurances of her neutrality.

A continuance of commerce with the Transvaal by way of Delegoa Bay is therefore secured.

KRUGER'S MESSAGE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, Oct. 19.—According to private information received here from Bloemfontein, Orange Free State, President Kruger telegraphed an account to President Steyn of the affair at Kraaipan, where the Boers derailed and bombarded the British armored train carrying Captain Nesbit's party Mr. Kruger said that Nesbit and seven men were seriously wounded but that no one was killed and that all the prisoners were well.

The Associated Press learns that the transports which will convey the army corps about to start for South Africa will go neither to Durban nor Cape Town which are already crowded with refugees but to Port Elizabeth, Port Alfred and East London, from which points railroads converge directly upon the Free State border where concentration will be effected somewhere in the neighborhood of Norval's Point. The advance will then begin toward Pretoria, straight through the Free State.

A FAITHFUL DOG

Frightened Away Burglars In the Highlands

The murder case seems to have been followed by a series of burglaries notwithstanding the fact that the police have had very few reported to them.

An attempt was made on the residence of J. Edward Mills on Dover street about 1.30 o'clock, Sunday morning, and were it not for a faithful dog in all probability the thieves would have successfully burglarized the house and obtained the large sum of money that was in the house at the time.

Mr. Mills was alone in the house and slept in a front room directly over the front door. A trellis runs up the side of the house to the windows of his room.

The only companion that night was a bull dog which he prizes highly and which has the freedom of the house. About 1.30 o'clock Mr. Mills was awakened by the barking of the dog in his chamber and sitting up in bed he saw the animal jumping at the bedroom window and heard the sound as of a body dropping from the trellis to the ground. Then the sound of hurrying footsteps as if two men were running away and Mr. Mills realized that the dog had frightened away two burglars.

ROBERTS ARRESTED

CHARGED WITH SECURING MONEY ON FORGED MORTGAGE

By Associated Press to The Sun.

DETROIT, Misch., Oct. 19—Arthur G. Roberts was arrested by the local police last night at the request of a private detective. Later a despatch was received from the Chief of Police of Kansas City, saying that he was wanted there on a charge of having secured, in company with two other men, $23,000 from a Kansas City commission firm by a forged mortgage. The officers say that Roberts has confessed and will return to Kansas City without extradition papers.

TAX CASES

CAPT. HILL ON THE WITNESS STAND YESTERDAY.

At the hearing of the tax cases yesterday Capt. James G. Hill, who testified Tuesday with regard to the valuations of mill property, machinery and water power, resumed the stand and gave an itemized estimate of the valuation of machinery of all kinds, on the different floors of the various mills in the Tremont & Suffolk and Lawrence sections, with the average depreciation, giving a grand total of $1,700,585.

TICKET COUNTERFEITING

WAS SUCCESSFULLY CARRIED ON AGAINST COLORADO ROAD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

DENVER, Col., Oct. 19.—The officials of the Colorado Midland railroad company have discovered a case of ticket counterfeiting which promises to prove one of country. The ticket counterfeited is the most extensive ever unearthed in this what is known as a skeleton round trip form. The ticket is so made that with the coupon attached it can be made out to any point in the country and return. The tickets found have all been to eastern points and they were so nearly perfect that not only conductors, but employes in the general office, passed them without question. The officials have no idea of the number of tickets out but believe it to be large. There is no clue to the counterfeiters.

A TRAGIC DEATH

A Woman Jumped From Ferry Boat

LEAVING A WRITTEN REQUEST

That Her Body be Turned Over to Bishop Potter

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Oct. 19.—Shortly after 12 o'clock last night, a fashionably dressed woman, described as being about of middle age, who had been riding back and fourth on the South ferry line to East Boston, and who from papers left behind in her satchell, was probably a recent guest at the hotel Touraine, and evidently a friend of Bishop Henry C. Potter of New York jumped overboard from the ferryboat Revere and sank beneath the calm waters of the harbor before assistance could reach her.

She had been noticed by the deck hands Albert Wesberg and John Sheehan, and a passenger, to keep her seat at the end of her first trip from Boston to East Boston, and when the trip back was completed, she was still on board. This performance was repeated, and at each approach to the ferry slip she would not move forward with the other passengers, but instead, would remain in the ladies' cabin.

Finally, however, when the boat after having touched at the East Boston slip, was returning to the city side, the woman was seen to leave the cabin and step out on to the rear part of the boat just under the shelter roof. So far as can be learned, she was quite alone there, and once outside, the passengers, not being aware of her mysterious action, thought nothing more about her. This is probably the time she selected for her fateful jump, for upon arrival of the ferryboat at her slip no trace of the woman could be found. The deck hands had become interested in her by this time and now becoming curious, not to say alarmed at her absence, and feeling sure that she had not left the boat by way of the landing, they instituted a careful search through the cabins.

They found a satchel containing a letter bearing the Touraine imprint and containing a note which read as follows:

"I do not wish to reveal my identity, for it would do no good and would rob me entirely of the little comfort which I may find in death. That I may sink out of sight and mind forever is my dying wish. Should I be identified after death I feel that I can confidently refer those in authority to Rt. Rev. Bishop Henry C. Potter of New York, who having known me well under better circumstances, I am sure will see to it that my body is given decent burial.

A sealed letter was addressed to Mrs. H. J. Clark of Worcester, Mass., which may lead to the identification of the body.

DEATHS.

McNULTY—Katherine McNulty, aged 22 years, died Tuesday evening, at her home, 357 Gorham street. The funeral will take place tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock from St. Peter's church.

LESLIE—Jeanette Balbara Leslie, aged 22 years, died last night at the home of her mother, 78 Varney street. Her death adds another sorrow for this much afflicted family to bear, as she is the fifth child they have lost within a few years. Besides leaving a mother, she is survived by five sisters. It was only a year ago that her father died. Funeral services will be held at her home, 78 Varney street, tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock. Friends invited.

MONGOEL—Delphine Mongoel, wife of Michael Mongoel, aged 38 years, died yesterday at the Lowell hospital.

SILK—Mary Ellen Silk, aged 17 years, daughter of Patrick and Mary Silk, died this morning at the home of her parents, Collinsville. Besides her father and mother, deceased is survived by four sisters and three brothers. Her remains will be shipped to West Newbury, Mass., Saturday.

FUNERALS.

PEEL—The funeral of John Peel took place from his late home, 46 Cross street, yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock, Rev. Mr. Binnington officiated. The bearers were George R. Lee, Richard Grady, Mr. McCann and Mr. Nugent. Interment was in the Edson cemetery, under the direction of Undertaker Molloy.

ROUSSEAU—Louisa, infant child of Joseph and Palmire Rousseau, died Tuesday at the home of her parents, 85 Suffolk street. The funeral took place yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment was in St. Joseph's cemetery, Undertaker Joseph A. Albert in charge.

CARRICK—The funeral of Mary Carrick took place yesterday morning from her late home at 453 Riverside street. Mass was celebrated in St. Michael's church at 10 o'clock, Rev. Fr. Gilday being the celebrant. The bearers were six grandsons of the deceased and were Martin and Thomas F. Grancy, T. J. Spellman, John J. Patrick F. and Thomas F. Carrick. The remains were sent to Amesbury for interment by Undertaker O'Donnell.

$50,000 STOLEN.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

VANCOUVER, B. C., Oct. 19.—An Ashcroft, B. C., report states that there was a big robbery last night at the Cariboo mine near Quesnell Forks. The big safe in the Cariboo hydraulic company's office was blown open and part of the amalgam, worth $50,000, stolen.

LEASE RATIFIED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NASHVILLE, Tenn, Oct. 19.—At a meeting of the board of directors of Nashville and Decatur railroad held here yesterday, the lease of the road for 999 years to the Louisville & Nashville was ratified.

A WILL CONTEST.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CONCORD, N. H., Oct. 19—Judge Corning of the Probate Court today appointed John M. Mitchell, Joseph H. Coit, D. D., and ex-Gov. Hiram A. Tuttle as special administrators of the estate of the late John H. Pearson. Mr. Pearson left a large sum as a trust for charitable uses in this state, and the appointment of the special administrators is the first step on the part of the heirs to contest the will.

To correct an error it should be stated that in the case of Stiles et als vs. J. D. Pattee and Josie A. Glines, (in which the verdict was for the defendants on Tuesday last,) the attorneys were W. H. Anderson for the plaintiffs, C. H. Conant for the defendants. The plaintiffs waived exceptions to certain rulings which may carry the case to the Supreme court.

A son was born yesterday to Congressman and Mrs. Knox.

SEVERAL MISHAPS

Two Men Injured and Sent to the Hospital

GEO. O'DONNELL STRICKEN ON STREET

With Shock of Paralysis Removed to Hospital

The ambulance was summoned to the Tremont and Suffolk mills this morning, where Alphonse Destrom, dyeing in the rear of 366 Moody street had been injured by a large bag of waste falling on him. The ambulance removed him to the corporation hospital, His injuries are not of a serious nature.

While at work in the Lowell Machine shop this morning Patrick Donahue got two of his fingers caught in a machine and they were badly crushed. He was taken to the corporation hospital. The injured fingers will not be amputated.

George O'Donnell, 39 years of age, was stricken with a paralytic shock yesterday afternoon at the corner of Mill and Central streets. The ambulance was summoned and the unfortunate man was removed to St. John's hospital, where it was learned that his left side was paralyzed. He was later removed to his home, 17 Mill street.

Eugene O'Neil, residing at 420 Adams street, while at work in the Tremont & Suffolk mills had his right hand caught in a napping machine early this afternoon. The ambulance was called and the injured man was removed to the Corporation hospital. The hand was badly lacerated, but amputation will not be necessary.

RESTORE CHARTER

AMERICAN FEDERATION OFFERS A PLAN OF SETTLEMENT.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19—At yesterday's session of the executive council of the American Federation of Labor the sub committee appointed to report upon the dispute between the boot and shoe workers union and the boot and shoe workers' of Brockton, Mass., submitted the report, which after considerable discussion was unanimously adopted.

It declares that the executive council of the American Federation of Labor, having been appealed to to render a decision and recommendations for the adjustment of the present controversy between the union and the workers, decides:

"That the general officers of the Boot and Shoe Workers' union rescind their action revoking the charters of the Brockton local unions upon the conditions that the local unions of the boot and shoe workers' union of Brockton call a special meeting on or before Oct. 25, at which declaration shall be made of their loyalty to the boot and shoe workers' union.

That they be required to pay dues to the general office under the provisions of the constitution of the Boot and Shoe Workers' union from the date their charters were revoked, the payment of the dues already made by them to the local unions being regarded as the 3 1-3 cents to which the local unions are entitled under the law.

"That the general officers of the Boot and Shoe Workers' union in the administration of the law allowing members at large of individual shoe workers, use it under circumstances where it is impossible to secure a sufficient number of members to legally constitute a local union. The executive council deems the suggestion of the Brockton boot and shoe workers for holding another convention at an early date inadvisable.

"In view of the vast interests involved and the good name of our cause a conference between a committee of three of the boot and shoe workers of Brockton and the general officers of the Boot and Shoe Workers' union is recommended to be held at headquarters in Boston, on October 25, for the purpose of carrying out the above decision, award and suggestions and to take such further action as may be deemed necessary and advisable to adjust all existing differences so that all may co-operate sympathetically and cordially to attain the highest degree of harmony and success.

"We recommend to the general officers of the Boot and Shoe Workers' union that some change should be made in the laws by which members are entitled to the beneficial features of the organization should not be required to pay the same dues as those who are entitled to such benefits and also the drafting of a new application blank for membership as in our opinion, parts of the phraseology of the present blank are objectionable."

J. E. REDMOND

ARRIVED IN NEW YORK THIS MORNING.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—J. E. Redmond, M. P., Parnellite leader, was a passenger on the steamer Majestic arriving here this morning from Liverpool, after spending the night in quarantine. Mr. Redmond comes here with the lord mayor of Dublin, Daniel Tallon, to secure money for the Parnell monument.

Speaking of the Boer war, Mr. Redmond said: "I am opposed to the war. England has no possible excuse for the war. The whole affair is one gigantic grab. England wants the country for its commercial advantages and for the rich mines."

Speaking of the difficulties which England faces at this time, Mr. Redmond said there was a chance that there would be a serious uprising in Cape Town.

VERBAL CHANGES

IN THE MODUS VIVENDI OF NO GREAT IMPORTANCE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, Oct. 19.—The British foreign office asserts that the verbal changes in the terms of the modus vivendi are of no practicable importance and have been readily agreed to; and that it is assumed the secretary of state for the United States, Col. Hay, and the British charge d'affairs in Washington, Mr. Tower, will sign tomorrow.

DR. WALKER DENTIST

DUBEMONT CLUE

She May be Mysterious Murder Victim

HER COMPANION IS NOW MISSING

Her Clothing at Laundry Still Unclaimed

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—A well-dressed man, who said he was Gustave Peters, 30 years old, a farmer, of 311 Elton avenue, Bronx, called at the West 37th st. station last night and told Acting Capt. Cooney that at 5.30 p. m., Oct. 6, while passing through 15th st., he saw two women come out of the premises at 151 West 15th street.

Each, he says, carried a large and apparently very heavy valise. They seemed much worried about something, he said, and frequently stopped and looked back, as if fearing they were being followed.

Peters said he didn't pay much attention to the incident at the time, but recalled it when the newspapers printed th story about the mysterious murder. He said one was an old woman and the other a young woman, and seemed to him to be mother and daughter. He has since gone down to 15th street to make sure he had the right number of the house from which the women came.

Peters clung to his story, and Capt. Cooney had it taken down in writing. Peters then signed it.

It was learned tonight that the man with the reddish moustache whom Schmittberger and Detective Sergts Price and McCafferty took to the morgue at midnight Tuesday was an employe of the Colonial hotel, 17th street, near 7th avenue. The man tried to identify the dismembered victim as Camille Dubemont. He said that in the absence of the head he could make no identification.

Capt. McClusky took a day off yesterday, but Capt. Schmittberger worked hard on the Dubemont clew. Mrs. Dubemont was said to be about 25 years old and about 5 feet, 6 inches tall. She had a remarkably fine figure and her measurements tallied somewhat with those of the victim.

Mrs. Dubemont, with a girl named Wallace, came from Boston a month ago for the Dewey celebration, and hired a furnished flat at the Locksley apartment house, 228 West 17th street. They lived there two weeks, and then went across the street to the Colonial hotel, where they remained Oct. 3 and 4.

On that day the women employed J. J. Voget, who runs an express office at 57 West street, to take two trunks to the foot of Market street. Capt. Schmittberger has learned that only the Wallace woman sailed for Portland, Me., leaving Mrs. Dubemont and one of the trunks behind. The women had a misunderstanding about money matters and were badly in need of funds all the while they were in New York. They had had their washing done at a laundry conducted by Mrs. Ella Rochelle, at 230 West 17th street.

Mrs. Dubemont's laundry was still unclaimed today, although the bill on it amounted to 52 cents, and the clothes are worth considerable more.

"For that reason," said Mr. Rochelle, to Capt. Schmittberger last night, "I believe that harm has befallen her, and she may be the woman in the morgue."

There was one thing that upset this theory. Mrs. Dubemont wore a No. 35 shirt waist, while the woman in the morgue must have worn a No. 38 shirt waist. But the buttons of the waist at the laundry had been moved farther forward so as to make it most the size of a No. 35 waist.

CARTER'S PALS

MAY ALSO BE PROSECUTED BY AUTHORITIES.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—Prosecution will be instituted against the associates of Capt. Oberlin A. Carter when the federal grand jury of the Savannah, Ga., district convenes

This grand jury will be called on the second Tuesday, which is Nov. 11.

Simultaneously then with the federal court of the district of which Savannah is a part will be session.

It is confidently expected by the department of justice that the grand jury will find indictments against a number of Capt. Carter's associates in the conspiracy to defraud the government.

These indictments will be carried immediately to the U. S. district court, and it is the purpose of the department of justice to push the prosecutions of those persons who may be indicted as expeditiously as possible. There is a firm belief that these prosecutions will land in the penitentiary more than one man of high standing.

GERMAN NOBLE

WAS ARRAIGNED IN NEW YORK COURT FOR LARCENY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—The Von Kusserows are members of an old and wealthy family in Germany a family called "noble."

Unhappily a Count Von Kusserow has lately been frequently mentioned in cablegrams which described certain scandals in the Club der Harmlosen in Berlin. Equally unfortunately a Count Von Kusserow figured in the Jefferson Market police court this week. He was in effect a prisoner although he was paroled in the custody of his counsel, J. Harry Holt. This scion of the German nobility, whose name is Ferdinand is accused by Cecil Hartley, No. 56 Spring street of stealing from him such trifles as a glass and silver flask and five gold buckles and suspender fixtures, all the aggregate value of $97.

Count Ferdinand Von Kusserow has recently been conected with the Alabama Vineyard company, 11 Broadway, which was formed to develop certain tracts of land in Alabama. Cecil Hartley in his complaint alleges that the count got the flask and buckles from him in order to bolster with them the finances of a stock company in which he was the promoter and that the same day Von Kusserow pawned the rich trifles.

A warrant for the German noble's arrest was issued a week ago, but Detective Sergeant Doran could not find the count who, however, went to the police court with his counsel and surrendered himself yesterday. Mr. Hartley was not present. Magistrate Zeller issued a subpoena for Mr. Hartley and adjourned the strange case until today.

REIF WON.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, Oct. 19.—J. Reif won the autumn handicap on Fergus Belle 100 to 30, in a field of six horses at Sandown today. Sloan rode Dunlop but was unplaced.

JURY COULD NOT AGREE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 19.—The jury in the Ingham and Newitt trial announced this morning that they were unable to agree. Judge McPherson sent them back, refusing to discharge them.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius Desmond of Stackpole street yesterday. This is the eighth child in the family, and "Con" is accordingly happy.

DR. DONEHUE DENTIST

SHORT COURTSHIP

Richmond Merchant Marries New York Girl

HE GAVE A GREAT BACHELLOR DINNER

When He Obtained Mamma's Consent

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—One of the shortest courtships on record was terminated on Sunday evening when Rabbi Newmark of Temple Israel joined in wedlock Leroy Mitteldorfer and Miss Kattee Virginia Solomonsky.

Mr. Mitteldorfer is a wealthy merchant of Richmond, Vt. Miss Solomonsky is a handsome young woman in society in that city. They knew each other there but Mitteldorfer had never declared his intentions. Miss Solomonsky came to visit her uncle, Dr. F. L. Ausbacher of One Hundred and Twenty-second street and Madison avenue, about three weeks ago. Miss Solomonsky had a fine time. Her admirers were legion, and news of her social conquests reached Richmond.

Mitteldorfer heard all about it and made up his mind that no New Yorker should capture her hand. He packed his grip and took a train for the north. He called on Miss Solomonsky and found her surrounded by admirers. That was too much for Mitteldorfer. He thought it all over Friday night and Saturday morning at a very early hour the young merchant rang the doorbell of the Ausbacher residence. The doctor thought it must be a hurry call from a patient and rushed to the door. "What is the matter?" he asked with astonishment as he saw his guest of the night before.

"Heart trouble," replied the excited and nervous Mitteldorfer. Dr. Ausbacher quickly led him into the consulting room.

"It's this way," stammered the supposed patient. "I love your niece. I want to marry her and I want an answer at once. I can't stand this suspense any longer."

"Hadn't you better wait until my niece gets up and then ask her?" retorted the doctor. The ardent wooer admitted that he had better wait a little while. Soon Miss Solomonsky came down, radiant in a morning gown, Mitteldorfer laid the case before her,

"O, I guess you'll have to telegraph to mamma," hummed the blushing young woman, paraphrasing a popular song. Miss Solomonsky was still humming the song while Mitteldorfer was speeding to the nearest telegraph office. He broke a dozen pencil points in writing this simple little message:

Mrs. Emil Solomonsky, Richmond, Va.:

I have the honor to ask for the hand of your daughter Kattee in marriage. Rush answer paid.

LEROY MITTELDORFER.

It seemed like years but it was only a few hours before the answer was flashed back from mamma. It was brief, but it was "Yes."

Mitteldorfer was delirious with joy, Miss Solomonsky accepted her mother's decision. That evening Mitteldorfer gave a great bachelor dinner at the Hotel Manhattan and the next night the wedding was celebrated at Dr. Ausbacher's house. Mr. and Mrs. Mitteldorfer left at once for Richmond.

A PROCLAMATION.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, Oct. 19.—Advices from Cape Town dated yesterday say that the governor of the colony, Sir Alfred Milner has issued a proclamation prohibiting the importation of all dangerous explosives.

EMPEROR WAS PRESENT.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CHARLEBOURG, Prussia, Oct. 19.—At the celebration of the centenary of the Technical High school today here, Emperor William and the Empress with five of their sons were present. Emperor William in the course of an address pointed out the connection between high schools and universities and dwelt upon the great progress of technical science.

"GLORIA"

IS NOT A MEDICINE.

GLORIA is sold only from the bottle with GLORIA on the label. GLORIA is better and costs the dealer more than other drinks, making it tempting to sell imitations.

Our verse maker trying to get the taste of imitation out of his mouth, says:

I fear you ancient hypocrite,
I fear your skinny hand
Will pour an imitation out
And cheat me if you can.

Look out for imitation.

S. Bartlett, Agt., 160 Middlesex St.

H-O-P-S viz H-O-P-S

Just received, 1,700 pounds of fresh, kiln-dried loose hops.

Good for Hop Beer.
Good for Hop Bread.
Good for Hop Pillows.
Good for Home Brewing

These hops are strictly first class high-grade goods, raised and cured this year, on specially prepared ground, for home use, by an expert hop grower. Place your order at once, as the amount is limited.

STILES & CO.,

Charles and Central Sts., Lowell.

The Latest and Best Sewing Machine is the

"SINGER"

Oak, Maple and Mahogany Wood Work. Sixteen Millions of these Machines have been sold.

Needles and Parts for all kinds of Machines.

Old Machines taken in exchange.

The Singer M'f'g. Co., 65 Middlesex Street.

DAILY BARGAINS.

$100

UPRIGHT PIANO.

Seven and one-third octaves. Used but little. Condition fine.

GEORGE A. GARDNER

10 PRESCOTT STREET.

ANOTHER CUP

TO BE OFFERED COLUMBIA AND SHAMROCK.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—The Evening World makes the following announcement today:

For the purpose of demonstrating still further the qualities of the Shamrock in a stronger wind than the Irish challenger has yet had, the Evening World and the Daily Mail of London have agreed to offer a cup to be sailed for by Shamrock and Columbia in an extra race on such day as Mr. C. Oliver Iselin, the managing owner of Columbia, and Sir Thomas Lipton, owner of Shamrock, shall agree.

The Evening World and the London Mail suggest to Messrs. Iselin and Lipton that a further test be made, and that it shall include a change of crews, so that we shall settle the question whether the men who sail Columbia are superior in seamanship to the men who sail Shamrock. This test can only be shown by permitting Columbia's crew to sail Shamrock, and Shamrock's crew to sail Columbia.

If Messrs. Iselin and Lipton should not deem this even, the Evening World and London Mail will offer another cup to be sailed for by the two yachts with their own crews over any course agreed upon.

LAWRENCE POLICE COURT.

John J. Jennings of Lowell, whose case was continued from Tuesday to give the police a chance to investigate his past record, will go back to the state farm to complete a sentence he was serving when released some time ago on probation. Peter Hanpinson was assessed $5 for drunkenness.

Other drunks were Daniel O'Connor and Lizzie Reagan of Lowell.

TRANSPORT SEDGEWICK.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—The U. S. transport Sedgewick, which left Havana October 15, arrived at quarantine today with 60 cabin passengers and 25 discharged soldiers and civilians.

WM. APPLETON DEAD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—William H. Appleton, of the publishing house of D. Appleton & Co., died today at 4.30 a. m. at his home in Riverdale, New York, aged 85 years.

TAXES

Collector's Notice.

The assessors have committed to the Collector of Taxes the

TAX LIST OF 1899.

With instructions to collect in the manner prescribed by the Statutes of the Commonwealth and by the Ordinances of the City of Lowell, the sums assessed by them to the persons named therein, and he is now ready to receive payment of said Taxes at his office in City Hall.

When a Poll Tax only is assessed, the Tax is due, and if not paid forthwith, the collector will proceed to collect the Tax as directed by the General Statutes.

WARRANTS will be promptly issued for the collection of Poll Taxes.

SUMMONS, bearing costs, will be issued against delinquent Poll and Personal Tax Payers on or about November 1st.

INTEREST at the rate of seven per cent per annum will be charged upon all Taxes which remain unpaid October 20, 1899, until the same shall be paid; and such interest shall be added to, and considered a part of said Taxes. Poll Taxes are assessed upon every male inhabitant above the age of 20 years. On undivided real estate each heir is liable for the whole tax. An error in the name of the person taxed does not defeat the collection of the Tax. Each partner is liable for the whole Tax assessed under the partnership name.

If any ratable inhabitant, by removing his residence since the first day of May or from any cause should not receive his tax bill, he must consider the tax demanded by this notice and a new bill will be made out on application at the office of the City Treasurer and Collector of Taxes if a Tax has been assessed.

All who preserve their Tax Bills and bring them when they come to pay, will save the time of making a new bill and facilitate the business of the office.

THE RATE OF TAXATION FOR 1899 IS $19.60 ON $1000.

OFFICE HOURS—From 9 o'clock a. m. to 4 p. m. For the convenience of the Tax-paying public the office of the Collector will be open in the evening as follows: Mondays, Tuesdays, Fridays and Saturdays, from Oct. 9 to Oct. 14, inclusive, from 7 to 9 o'clock p. m. Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, from Oct. 16 to 20, inclusive, from 7 to 9 o'clock p. m.

Look for your Tax Bill at your place of residence, May 1st, 1899 and bring it with you.

CHARLES F. COBURN,

City Treasurer and Collector of Taxes for the City of Lowell.

When it comes to making overcoats we are right in it with the best of them for style and quality and as for price here is where we distance all our competitors. Our rent is low and we have a practical knowledge of our business. These are the plain facts of our being able to undersell our neighbors.

Call at A. M. BERTRAND,

The Fashionable Tailor,

24 MIDDLE STREET.

PETER H. SAVAGE

Undertaker and Funeral Director

169 WORTHEN STREET.

Telephone connection 468-4. Calls night or day promptly attended to. Carriages furnished for weddings and christenings.

3 WINNERS.

Misses' Lace Spring Heel Calf Shoes $1.00.

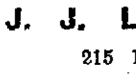
Little Gents' Crack Proof Lace Wedge Heel $1.00.

Youths' 3 Sole Lace Shoes $1.

The above are dressy and serviceable. Try a pair.

J. J. LONERGAN,

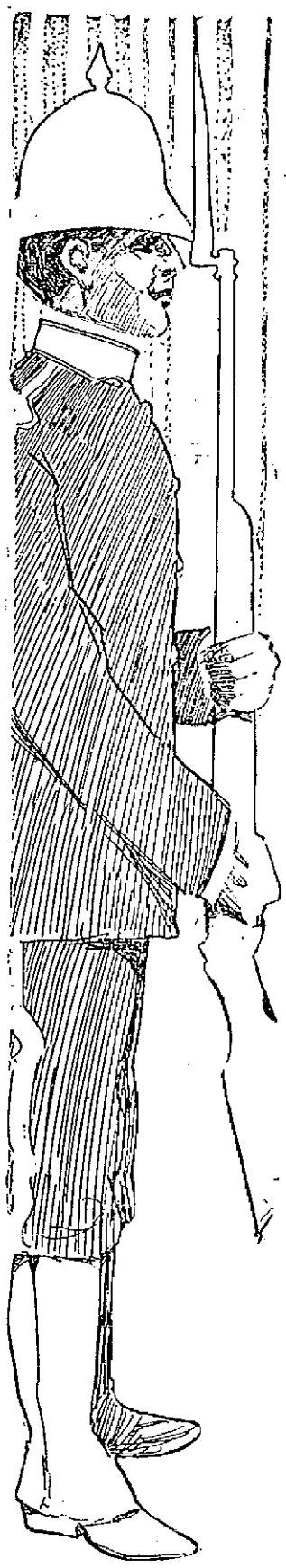
215 DUTTON ST.

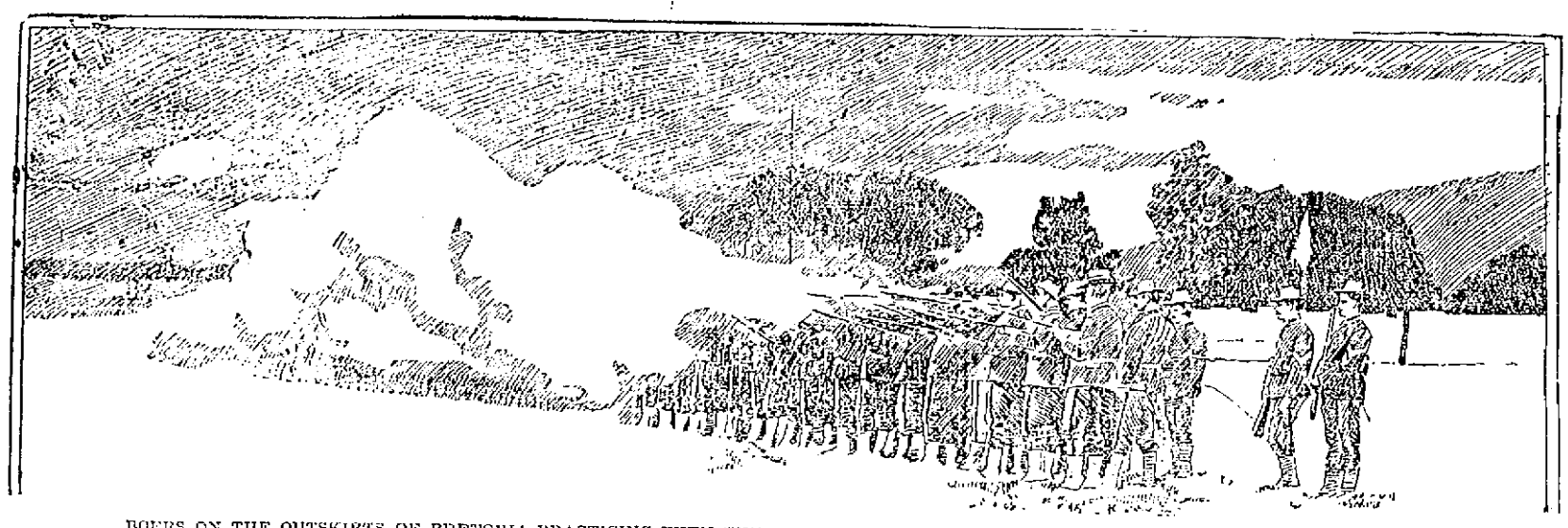


Artificial Teeth, the very best that can be made, $8.00, upper or lower. You make no mistake if you go to

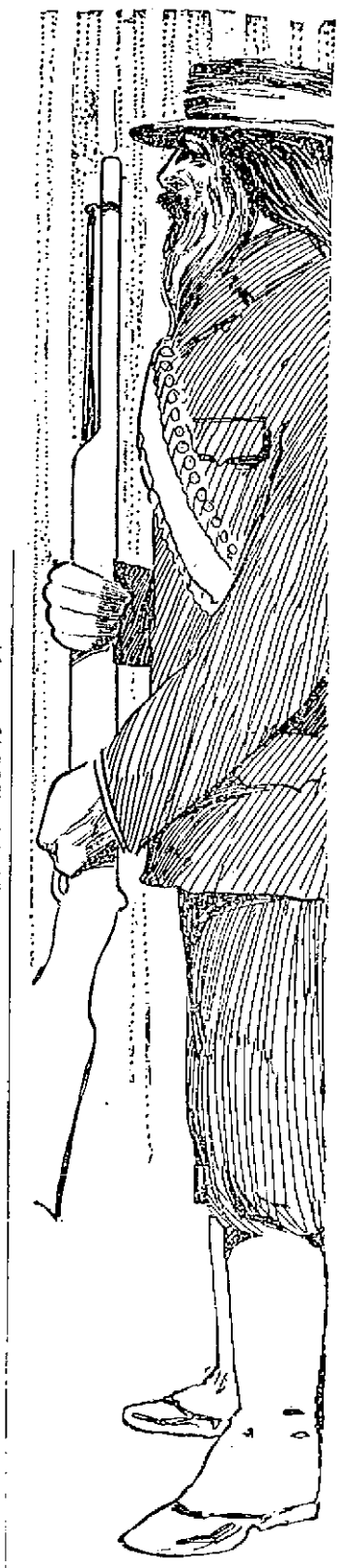
DR. SIMMONS, Dentist,

215 Central street. Mention this ad. and you get a discount.





BOERS ON THE OUTSKIRTS OF PRETORIA PRACTICING WITH THEIR NEW RAPID FIRE GUNS AND MAKING READY FOR THE BRITISH.



IN .·. THE .·. TRANSVAAL .·. WITH .·. BOER .·. AND .·. UITLANDER.

The two Sides of the Great South African Question and the Troubles Which the End of the Century Must Settle Before British and Dutch can Live at Peace With Each Other in the Same Country.

The situation in South Africa, involving the English and the South African Republic, is the result of a quarrel of long standing.

In order to get a fair understanding of the situation it is necessary to know the history of the Boers. As is well known, they were originally Hollanders, who emigrated to South Africa in the middle of the seventh century. They settled in what is now Cape Colony.

The original Dutch settlers had little trouble with the negroes. When the Cape Colony went over to the English in 1806 it did not grow much. From the moment the English Government took possession of the South African colony there was a quarrel between it and the old settlers, many of whom were hanged and shot.

Finding it impossible to agree with the English Government, the larger part of the Dutch colonists left their homes, their lately cultivated farms, the dear graves of their fathers and mothers and moved further north, where the Englishman had not yet set his foot. Hardly had the colonists left their homes and cultivated enough land to feed themselves and their children when the Englishman came. He looked about and said: "This is a good country, indeed." Thereupon they cut branches from a high tree, tied upon the Boers the English collar and declared that the farmers should pay taxes, partly in money, partly in cattle, wine and other products.

The old Boers came together again. "It seems that we are again under the English collar," they said. "It seems that there is plenty of land to the North. Let us seek it."

But others held back and the Boers underwent several years of suffering before their condition became so unbearable they again left everything behind them and sought new homes where they could be free. They found a fair land and settled upon it, far away from the English. They fought with the wild beasts. They were so poor they wore no more clothing than did the natives, and their children went naked. But they were happy and at peace.

Again the English descended upon them, and finding it a good country, made a new boundary line to include it. It was the same story over again. The Boers felt that they were persecuted and there was constant quarreling. Again it was decided to journey onward. It was decided that this time they would make such a track over the high mountains that the English could never follow them, and indeed they never did. But they reached them for all that.

The Boers journeyed for four years, spent in fighting, climbing and terrible suffering, coming at last upon the fairest land in South Africa, its paradise, what is now called Natal. But not one in ten of those who started ever reached Natal. For a long time the pilgrims lived in peace and comfort. They felt secure because they were sure no Englishmen would follow them over the mountains.

But Natal had a seaport, and one day a small schooner arrived. The captain soon found out about the beauty and richness of the new country. The English Government heard about it, and soon two men-of-war arrived at Port Natal.

A HARD STRUGGLE.

The Boers fought hard to keep their old enemy outside, but they had neither sufficient arms nor men. Yet they made a gallant struggle before they surrendered. For a long time the Boers remained in Natal under English rule. They endured the suffering because they thought they had reached the end of Africa and there was no other place where they could go.

But as before their situation became intolerable, and they determined to move again. A few of the bravest and strongest were selected to explore for other lands. After eight months a few returned and told of a land far away where there was plenty of grass for cattle and plenty of game. The greater number of the Boers elected to remain in Natal because the suffering of the last trek was fresh in their minds, but others resolved to make a journey again.

The country to which they settled was not half as good as the one they left behind. But they were frugal, hard-working and prospered. Their numbers increased so rapidly, and much land being needed for the cattle, some of them passed beyond the Vaal River, whence comes the name Transvaal, and established the South African Republic. They lived in the greatest harmony with their brethren in the Orange Free State. Sometimes one President ruled over both. They were happy and at peace. They believed that at last they had reached a land where the English could not follow.

Then came the discovery of gold, and with that their peace and happiness departed. The news quickly reached England, and people from all the world, but principally Scotch and English, rushed in by thousands. They asked the Government to set off claims and give permission to dig for gold. They mined the gold by tons and became millionaires and then returned to England to spend it.

"How much happier and more peaceful we would have been if they had never found any gold in this country!" said Oom Paul once. "The Lord has blessed us, multiplied us, given us peace and plenty. Since we found gold all this is changed. Many of us forget the dear old Bible, the daily religious service in the homes, and go hunting for gold. Tell me, what do the English do with all the gold? Do they build houses with it?"

Under the terms of the treaty of 1881 the suzerainty of Great Britain in the Transvaal was considerably restricted, and instead of a Resident at Pretoria, the British Government was to be represented by a diplomatic agent.

The treaty of peace signed in 1881 between Great Britain and the Transvaal, following the war caused by the annexation of the latter by the former, provided that self-government should be restored to the Transvaal so far as internal affairs were concerned, and the control and management of external affairs being reserved to Great Britain as suzerain.

This treaty also provided for the appointment of a British Resident at Pretoria. The repudiation by the Boers of the treaty of 1881 would give them control of their foreign affairs.

The side held by the Uitlanders or Uitlanders. They are English subjects, who hold that the marvelous growth of that city and of the district around it has aroused a dual antagonism. One is the antagonism of the Boers, the ruling class, against the progress and against the foreigners who are thus transforming the country. The other is the antagonism of the new settlers against the ignorant and obstinate oligarchy that would keep the country in semi-barbarism. There is in this latter no question of race, or of form of government, or of national proprietorship. The settlers have nothing against the Boers. They do not want to overthrow the Republic. They have no desire to reannex it to the British Empire. They simply want such just and reasonable treatment as will permit them to live in peace and prosperity, and will assure to them the protection and benefits of the government they are taxed to support. As most of these settlers are English, they naturally look to Great Britain for sympathy and moral support, which, of course, they are sure to get. Indeed, many Englishmen, such as the leading spirits of the British South Africa Company, will be inclined to give them much more and to intervene forcibly in their behalf.

It must be borne in mind that without British protection there would probably have been no such thing to-day as the South African Republic. Under Boer management the affairs of that country went steadily from bad to worse, until twenty-five years ago, its government was bankrupt and on the verge of dissolution. It was perfectly evident that without some foreign aid it would go to ruin altogether and relapse into barbarism. The progressive element of the people therefore asked the British Government to take it under its protection. To this appeal Great Britain, of course, promptly responded.

But a majority of the Boers were from the first opposed to the British occupation. So after two or three years of British rule they rebelled. They objected to being taxed for the support of their own government and the improvement and welfare of their own country.

There was a short war, very badly managed on the part of the British, which amounted, in fact, to a mere series of massacres, and then Mr. Gladstone decided to let the Boers have their own way. He allowed them to secede from the British Empire and to set up their own independent government, merely reserving for Great Britain a sort of suzerainty over the foreign affairs of the Republic. Since then the Boers have shown on every possible occasion the utmost conceivable hatred of the British. At the same time realizing that without foreign enterprise and foreign property-owners to tax they would soon get into as bad a plight as ever, they opened their country to settlement and invited the world to come in and occupy the land.

This invitation was promptly accepted by men of every nation. Many Americans went thither, and French and Germans. Naturally, however, on account of the close proximity of the British colonies at the Cape the great majority of the immigrants were English and Scotch. The climate of the Transvaal was known to be pleasant and salubrious and the soil rich in minerals.

There was, therefore, soon a steady procession of mining prospectors pouring in. Englishmen with English money and English enterprise swarmed into the country by thousands. They dug mines and built mills. Cities sprang up in the wilderness as if by magic. Markets were created and supplied. The Boers, who had been living a wretched hand-to-mouth existence, found themselves able to sell their cattle and crops, and their land also at fabulous prices.

In the mean time these "Uitlanders," while they are making the prosperity of the country, are compelled to remain aliens and to have no share in the government they are taxed to support or in the laws to which they are subject. They now form the great majority of the population. They pay nine-tenths of the taxes. It is their enterprise and capital that have developed the enormous mineral wealth of the country and made the name of South Africa synonymous with almost inestimable riches.

Yet they have to look on helplessly while the revenue they provide is divided up among the improvident Boers. They have no vote. They live practically under martial law. They have no police protection. No schools are provided for their children. The President of the Republic, indeed, habitually speaks of them as "his white Kaffirs," and has even addressed an audience of intelligent and honorable Englishmen as "rogues, thieves, liars and murderers." More than that, the settlers are not even allowed to hold meetings to discuss their grievances or to provide for mutual aid.

As to the franchise, it may truly be said that the settlers have no vote and are to have none for many years to come. Originally five years' residence was required to qualify a foreigner to be a voter, then the time was raised to ten years, and then to fifteen. It was again raised to twenty years, and even the children who are born to settlers while living in the Transvaal were declared to be aliens and excluded from the rights of citizenship. The penalty for any settler attempting to take part in an election is a heavy fine and a long term of imprisonment. The result of this system is that in Johannesburg, the largest and most important city in the country, while there is a population of 60,000, four-fifths of which is English or American, there are only 300 voters, and these are nearly all of the lowest class Boers, who have come into the town to work as common laborers. The city has only one representative in the Legislature, and is in all respects treated as though it were merely a settlement of 300 Boers. Its great population and enormous wealth are utterly ignored, excepting by the assessor and tax collector. The city is not even allowed to have a municipal government. Dutch is the only official language, and all citizens who have any business with government officers are compelled to use it. Even the names of the streets are put up at the street corners in Dutch, and yet there are not a thousand persons, all told, among the whole 60,000 to whom Dutch was the native tongue.

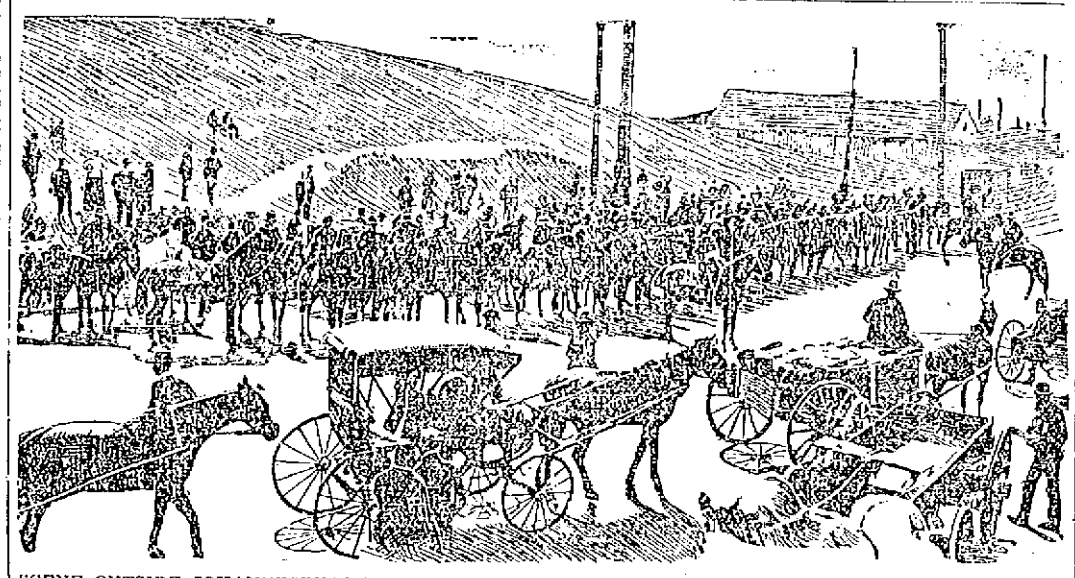
POOR POLICY.

Considering the enormous extension of the mining industry in the Transvaal and its incalculable profits to the Republic, one would certainly suppose the Government would treat it with some consideration. It furnishes nine-tenths of the public revenue, and whereas before the gold mines were opened the Government was practically bankrupt and local currency was almost worthless, the treasury now has a surplus of more than $5,000,000 a year.

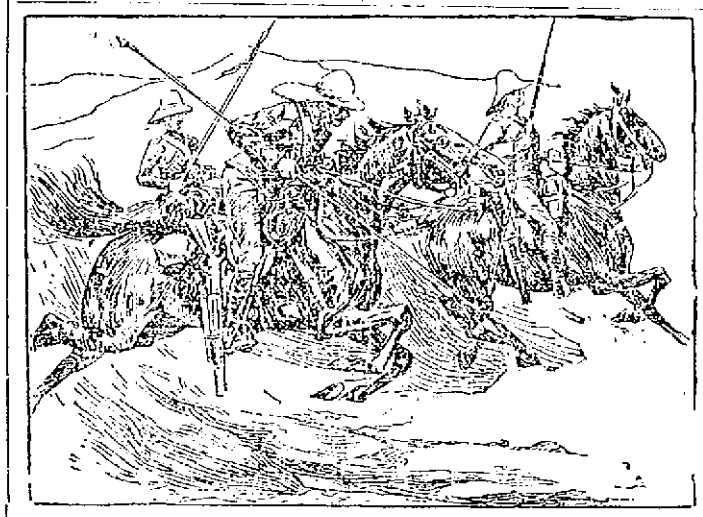
Another great grievance is found in the Department of Education. Here, too, the settlers have had to take matters into their own hands, and to provide out of their own pockets for schools for their children, in addition to the heavy school tax which they already pay to the Boer Government. There are in the Rand district at least 10,000 English-speaking children, for whose tuition through any but a Dutch medium no provision is made by the Government. Dutch is the only recognized medium of education, and in the public schools English is not taught, or, if taught at all, only to a slight extent, as a foreign language. The English population some time ago proposed to establish English schools at private expense. This was denounced by the Government as little less than open rebellion, and it was actually proposed to suppress such schools by force.

As can be readily seen, these conditions have led to rebellion.

The present trouble is by far the most serious the Transvaal has ever had, and it would not be surprising if she retreated in good shape before it is too late, led by the discretion of her fine old diplomat of a President.



SCENE OUTSIDE JOHANNESBURG WHERE TROOPS ARE GATHERED AND SUPPLIES ARE BEING CONCENTRATED TO BE FORWARDED TO THE BOER OUTPOSTS IN THE HILLS.



BOER HORSEMEN GALLOPING OVER THE MOUNTAINS WHICH LIE BACK OF PRETORIA.

JAMESON'S RIDE

BY THE

POET LAUREATE.

After Captain Jameson Made his Famous Raid Upon the Transvaal Alfred Austin Immortalized it in the Following Lines.

I.

"'Wrong! Is it wrong? Well, may he:
But I'm going, boys, all the same.
Do they think me a Burgher's baby,
To be scared by a scolding name?
They may argue, and prate, and order;
Go, tell them to save their breath:
Then, over the Transvaal border,
And gallop for life or death!

II.

"'Let lawyers and statesmen addle
Their pates over points of law;
If sound be our sword, and saddle,
And gun-gear, who cares one straw?
When men of our own blood pray us
To ride to their kinsfolk's aid,
Not Heaven itself shall stay us
From the rescue they call a raid.

III.

"'There are girls in the gold-reef city.
There are mothers and children, too!
And they cry, "Hurry up! for pity!"
So what can a brave man do?
If even we win they will blame us;
If we fail, they will howl and hiss.
But there's many a man lives famous
For daring a wrong like this!'

IV.

"So we forded and galloped forward
As hard as our beasts could pelt,
First eastward, then trending nor'ward,
Just over the rolling veldt;
Till we came on the Burghers lying
In a hollow with hills behind,
And their bullets came hissing, flying,
Like hail on an Arctic wind!

V.

"Right sweet is the marksman's rattle,
And sweeter the cannon's roar,
But 'tis bitterly bad to battle,
Beleaguered, and one to four.
I can tell you, it wasn't a trifle
To swarm over Krugersdorp glen,
As they piled us with round and rifle,
And ploughed us, again—and again.

VI.

"Then we made for the gold-reef city,
Retreating, but not in rout.
They had called to us 'Quick! for pity!'
And they said, 'They will sally out.
They will hear us and come. Who doubts it?'
But how if they don't, what then?
Well, worry no more about it,
But fight to the death, like men.'

VII.

"Not a soul had supped or slumbered
Since the Borderland stream was cleft;
But we fought, ever more outnumbered,
'Till we had not a cartridge left.
We're not very soft or tender,
Or given to weep for woe,
But it breaks one to have to render
One's sword to the strongest foe.

VIII.

"I suppose we were wrong, were madmen,
Still I think at the Judgment Day,
When God sifts the good from the bad men,
There'll be something more to say.
We were wrong, but we aren't half sorry,
And, as one of the baffled band,
I would rather have had that foray
Than the crushings of all the Rand."

ALFRED AUSTIN.

Swipford Old Manor, Jan. 9.

PROFESSOR-:-SCHURMANN-:-ON-:-ARBITRATION-:-FOR-:-ALL-:-NATIONS.

He Advises the United States to Substitute Arbitration for War Until it Sees how it Will Work.

"A practical politician," is what Macaulay once called Lord Disraeli.

The same definition might be applied to Jacob Gould Schurmann, the President of Cornell University, who occasionally lays down the scepter of scholarly power, the ruler; and closing the text book, goes upon a tour for the government, or accepts a political mission which plunges him for a time into the vortex of worldly troubles and turns him, for the time being, from the book worm into the man of affairs of the world.

Few persons there be thus two-sided, and evenly balanced upon either side. Yet such is Schurmann.

An Englishman by birth, first seeing the light in Prince Edward Island, forty-five years ago, and educated in Acadia, Nova Scotia, and then in Canada, young Schurmann mastered when a boy the secrets of English government as taught to the sons of England. When he went abroad he was placed in the University of London, and after matriculating there he went to Paris, there to study industriously for several terms; after which he took a course at the University of Edinburgh.

"I like Schurmann," once said a member of the diplomatic corps, "because he knows so much about every country."

And there is no reason why he should not be well informed, for the Schurmanns were so fond of education and the advantage which it gives a man over his fellows that they sent their son to Heidelberg to complete his studies in philosophy, begun in England; and finally to Italy for a special course.

BEGINNING WORK.

When he returned to America, at about the age of twenty-five, he spoke French, German and Italian fluently, and was equipped to take a collegiate position, which he immediately did, accepting the chair of English Literature and Political Economy in Acadia, Nova Scotia.

Mr. Schurmann's career in the United States began by his marriage to Miss Munro, daughter of the publisher, a woman of great wealth and beauty and of a culture equal, in a feminine way, to his. Mrs. Schurmann's sterling qualities were such as to afford great assistance to her husband morally and financially, and, with so able a stepping stone, he rose like a meteor.

At the age of thirty-eight he was the youngest college President in the United States. As the head of Cornell he found himself in a position to exercise all the great fund of knowledge he had acquired, and also to continue his studies, for he is a doctor of philosophy who, like the late Dr. McCosh of Princeton, will study to the end of his days.

Mr. Schurmann's special bent of late years has been to pursue the political and economic career of nations. He has become an expert upon the governments of the world, and is well informed upon every governmental scheme that exists.

An acquaintance with President McKinley, begun long ago, ripened into intimacy, and for the past two years Schurmann has been frequently consulted by the President upon topics of national justice.

Therefore, when the Filipino question arose, and the President found it necessary to send a commission to the Islands to determine the best form of government, he selected Mr. Schurmann as the Chairman and leader. The result of this Commission is now generally known, and the trouble between Mr. Schurmann and General Otis has become historic.

Something About the Great Man who is at Once the Counselor of Admiral Dewey and President McKinley.

SCHURMANN ON ARBITRATION.

To substitute the judicial determination of international disputes for the arbitrament of the sword is to give reason and conscience authority over brute force, thus constituting a new and a blessed epoch in the history of mankind.

This is an end for which the Government and people of the United States have always striven. It is our noblest contribution to international law. Both our moral sentiments and our material interests demand the ratification of the pending treaty. Great Britain being a European and Asiatic power, must maintain a great army and navy. We need neither.

Arbitration is the soul of our foreign policy; it can only be a single element in Great Britain's. We have forced the principle of arbitration on Lord Salisbury's government. The present treaty is the result of a direct invitation conveyed by Congress in a joint resolution.

If it fails the policy of Great Britain will resume its natural channels, but the animating spring of our relations with foreign powers will be dried up. For us to reject our own yearned-for progeny is monstrous and criminal.

It is said the treaty is not perfect. No human instrument is perfect. But this one is the result of long and careful elaboration by an able, patriotic and peerless American, who would be the last man to sacrifice any American interest. It represents such perfection as is attainable. Accordingly it has been strongly commended to Congress both by former President Cleveland and President McKinley. And the heart and judgment of the American people endorse this action of their Chief Magistrates.

But suppose it is not quite perfect. It is only an experiment for five years. We may then abrogate it or modify it in the light of experience. The cause is surely worth a trial so short and safe.

For the sake of peace on earth and good will to men, in the name of religion and humanity, on behalf of civilization and public policy of the United States, I respectfully petition the Senate to ratify the treaty.

J. G. SCHURMANN,
President of Cornell University.

PRESIDENT SCHURMANN OF CORNELL, THE MAN WHO WOULD SUBSTITUTE ARBITRATION FOR WAR WHENEVER POSSIBLE.

SOCIAL PARTIES

Many Entertainments in Various Churches

FINE CONCERT AT FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH

Harvest Supper at the Hillside Church

Last evening the First Baptist church choir, under the direction of Mr. J. Avison Baker and Mrs. W. H. Pepin, gave a concert in the vestry of the church for the benefit of Mrs. Pepin's table at the coming fair. Admission to the concert was free, but a silver collection was taken, amounting to $36.60. The program was a pleasing one comprising the following selections in the first part:

"Lullaby from Erminie" by the full chorus, ladies' quartet and Mrs. Pepin as soloist; solo, "Because" Mr. Oscar N. Walsh; song "Village Minstrels" Mr. Walsh with "Ko-zoo" chorus; quartette, "Profundo Basso" Mrs. Pepin, Miss Reid, Mr. Walsh and Mr. Reid; bass solo, "Asleep in the Deep," Mr. Francis Burtwell.

The second part of the program was a series of little gems, being the Cradle Songs of nations, sung in costume by the following singers: Arabian, Miss Lena V. Reid; American, Miss Ruby Horne; German, Miss Ethel Hongaboom; Russian, Miss Henderson; Italian, Miss Ethel Walsh; Scotch, Mrs. W. H. Pepin; Spanish Miss Vina Rawlinson; English, Miss Eva Smith; Japanese, Mrs. F. A. Bowen; North German, Miss Sylvia Simonds; American, Mrs. Walter Adams.

The entertainment closed with "Columbia" sung by Mr. Warren L. Reid, and the audience by invitation of Mr. Baker, gave three cheers for the red, white and blue.

BOW AND APRON PARTY.

An enjoyable bow and apron party was held in the vestry of the Central Congregational church, Chelmsford, last night. The party was under the auspices of the Ladies' Benevolent society. Each lady on entering purchased an apron which she wore during the evening and which her partner designated by a bow of the same color, as her apron, had to hem the edge. Mr. Wm. Mitchell took the first prize, Mr. Herbert Byfield second and Lawrence Marshall the booby.

There were vocal and instrumental selections throughout the evening by local and Lowell talent. Ices and cake were served during the evening.

SUPPER, SALE AND SONG.

The Ladies Aid society of the Middlesex Free Baptist church held a sale last evening which will be continued tonight for the benefit of the church. Supper was served at 6 o'clock under the direction of Mr. John Kelly and the sale was a continuous performance, carried on at several tables managed as follows:

Linen table, Mrs. Bruce and Miss Jennie Russell; domestic and fancy table, Mrs. Fernald and Mrs. Kelley; apron table, Mrs. Bowers and Mrs. Smith; mystery table, Misses Emmie Van Tassel and Jessie Bowers; flower table, Mrs. Lane and Miss Ruth Russell; pound table, Mrs. Moffatt and Mrs. Dow; candy table, Miss Goucher; pop-corn table, Miss Alice Kelley.

An entertainment under the direction of Miss Alice Kelley, was given with the following program: Piano duet, Inez Turnbull and Percy Hands; solo, Miss Jessie Richardson; reading by Miss Isabella Thraves; song, Miss Lancey; piano solo, Frank Fields; reading, Miss Kittie Quinn; piano solo, Miss Bertha Hunton; duet, Misses Susie and Jessie Richardson; piano solo, Miss Inez Turnbull; reading Miss Alice Kelley; piano solo, Percy Hands; graphophone selection, Charlie Copps.

This evening there will be an entire change of program and the entertainment will be managed by Miss Jennie Russell.

AT HILLSIDE CHURCH.

A harvest supper and entertainment was held at the Hillside Congregational church in Dracut last evening. The affair was managed by the Ladies' Aid society, and proved a complete success. The walls of the vestry were prettily decorated with clusters of autumn leaves and fruits. At the rear of the platform was an arch with the inscription "Harvest" in gilt letters surrounded by autumn foliage with its varied tints and the fruits and vegetables of the fields making a very appropriate decoration.

The entertainment consisted of a family album, a series of animated portraits presented by Aunt Jerusha. In the centre of the stage was a representation of an album whose pages when opened displayed the faces of various members of the church who were Aunt Jerusha's relatives and friends. Miss Annie Tyrrell was Aunt Jerusha and Mrs. Charles Brown and Mr. Robert Thompson were callers who were entertained with descriptions of the portraits. The remarks made of the likenesses were very funny and kept the audience in good humor. The costumes were of the poke-bonnet era of architecture and although more peculiar than beautiful, added in the effectiveness of the presentation. The participants were as follows:

Grandmother, Miss Katie Collier; mother, Mrs. A. E. Humphries; father, Chas. Hodge; Sam Dow, Alex. Slafter; Aunt Paulina, Miss Stella Hurst; Uncle John, Wallace Tucker; My John, Elmer Coburn, Darkey Joe, Martin Tucker; Our Grandchild, Leonard Tucker; Little Annie Hattie Welch; My Namesake, Myrtle Lee; My Sallie, Lizzie Ryder; My Jane, Amelia Zipper; the Twins, Vera Richardson and Luella Humphries; Uncle Jake, C. E. Brown; John Dill, Roy Humphries; granddaughter, Mrs. Robert Thompson; Parson Briggs, G. J. Sanborn; Peggy Lee, Grace Garland; Nellie Gray, Aggie Dean; bride and bridegroom, Chester Coburn and Annie Shaw; my schoolmaster, Charles Tucker; Mary Jane, Irene Averly; John's cousin's wife, Nellie Waugh; Timothy Flint, Walter Garland; Mary Ann, Lavinia Smith; Deacon Brown, F. W. Sanborn; his wife, Mary Smith, Baby Ned, Louis Eckland.

The committee in charge of the entertainment were: Mrs. J. P. Richardson and G. J. Sanborn. Musical selections were rendered during the evening by Mrs. Richardson's pupils. Supper was served, the tables being in charge of Mrs. John Smith, Mrs. Chas. Brown and Mrs. Hodge. Mrs. A. E. Humphries was chairman of the general committee which made the affair the success it was.

A BOX PARTY.

The Christian Endeavor society of the Dracut Centre church held a box party last evening in the church vestry. A good attendance was present and much enjoyment resulted. A social time was enjoyed in the early evening, games and music helping to while away the time. Piano solos were rendered by Misses Edith Kelley and Julia Fox. Refreshments were served under the direction of Mrs. Alberta Smithson and Mrs. Bernice Parker.

The boxes were auctioned off by Arthur W. Colburn after which the contents of the boxes were discussed with mutual pleasure to all. The affair was in charge of Miss Bertha Maynard.

SABREY CLUB MET.

The Sabrey club of the Eliot church Sunday school had an important meeting last evening at the home of E. Dudley Chase on Lincoln street. The club discussed the question of having an entertainment later on for the benefit of Whitman college. After the meeting an entertainment was held. Piano solos were given by Mr. Jonas Chalmers and feats of legerdemain by different members of the party. Refreshments were served.

The Easy Food
Easy to Buy,
Easy to Cook,
Easy to Eat,
Easy to Digest
Quaker Oats
At all grocers
in 2-lb. pkgs. only

"SOUP MAKES THE SOLDIER."

The great Emperor understood that primarily the soldier is a stomach. Primarily every man is a stomach. The whole body and brain are dependent for health and life upon the orderliness and completeness of the processes which go on in the stomach and allied organs of digestion and nutrition.

People who have been treated for disease of head, heart, lungs, liver, nerves or blood have often been treated in vain, until they began the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. When this medicine had healed the stomach and cleansed the blood, the other diseases disappeared.

"Six years ago last August I was attacked with malarial fever," writes Mr. Daniel A. Carter, of Yost, Rowan Co., N. C. "My spleen became enlarged, and I was in bed off and on for four years. I went to the doctors and some of them said I had dyspepsia, others said I had liver trouble. The last doctor I had called it chronic liver and stomach disease. So I paid out money and nothing did me any good. Two years ago I commenced taking Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and used ten bottles, and now I can do as big a day's work as any man."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are a boon to bilious people. They cure.

AMERICAN WOOLEN CO.

WILL ERECT MILLS AT CONCORD JUNCTION.

William M. Wood, treasurer of the American Woolen Co., has purchased 50 acres of land at Concord Junction, and will soon begin the erection of mills for what will probably be the largest woolen goods manufacturing plant in the country. One of the mills will be 500 feet long.

A large wool storehouse will be built this fall, with a capacity for holding 25,000,000 pounds of wool, and a shoddy plant capable of making all the shoddy required by the company. Other buildings will follow later on.

Mr. Wood says:

"It is the intention of the management of the woolen combination to put themselves in an unassailable position, so far as regards the manufacturing of woolen goods, and the buildings contemplated at Concord Junction are to secure to the company all possible economies that come from concentration of machinery on an enlarged production at the lowest possible cost. There have been large orders placed for machinery of the very latest and up-to-date pattern.

The selection of Concord Junction was due to its central location as a shipping point to all the mills of the combination and for its convenience in receiving wools from the west."

SILVER WEDDING

CELEBRATED LAST EVENING BY MR. AND MRS. LORANGER.

Mr. and Mrs. Z. Loranger celebrated their silver wedding last evening at their home, 12 Grand street, with the assistance of many friends.

A generous purse of money was presented from a group of friends, the address being neatly made by their little daughter, Mlle. Evon Loranger. A touching address was read by their son, Louis. Mr. Charles Daoust addressed the happy couple on behalf of the friends present in a very appropriate manner.

The Rossini choir sang very finely in the early part of the evening, and later Mrs. John B. Hall and daughters, Julia and Gracinte, played duets and trios on the piano; Mr. Fred Rocheville sang and gave violin solos; Arthur Weilbrenner and R. Daoust sang solos, and little Miss Bella Lavigne, 8 years of age, sang admirably and was her own accompanist in a very capable manner. Among those present were Emile Birm, Dr. Gagnon, Charles Arthur Weilbrenner, George W. Poore, E. R. Gosselin, J. A. Legault, T. Malo, Mons. Carriere, Dragon, Parthenais, Marchand and many others. The happy couple received a large number of beautiful presents.

Refreshments were served during the evening.

ANNUAL REUNION

OF FORMER PUPILS OF THE NOTRE DAME ACADEMY.

A reunion of former pupils was held yesterday afternoon at Notre Dame academy. Among those in attendance were many from out of town. The Notre Dame reading circle, under whose direction the affair was prepared, presented the following programme: Address, Miss Thomasita Smaller; vocal solo, Salve Regina, Miss Regina Guilmette, Boston; reading, Mrs. Maurice O'Mahoney, Lawrence; vocal solo, Mrs. John W. McEvoy; piano solo, Miss McSweeney, Boston; benediction; vocal solo, O. Salutaris; vocal selection, Tantum Ergo, chorus. Miss Theresa Corbett was accompanist.

SYRIANS WERE FINED.

The five Syrians who created a disturbance in Lawrence Monday in attempting to prevent a Syrian woman coming to Lowell with her cousins were fined $5 at the session of the Lawrence police court Tuesday.

KNOWN IN LOWELL

Allen C. Fisk Stricken in Alaska

TAKEN TO SEATTLE BY MINERS

He Was Stricken With Paralysis

The following article from the Post-Intelligencer of Seattle, Washington, tells of the sad condition of a man well known in Lowell:

"There is now little doubt that the old man stricken with paralysis which has deprived him of speech and who arrived from Alaska a month ago, as told in the Post-Intelligencer at the time, is Allan C. Fisk of Cambridge, Mass.

The story of the poor unfortunate has been read both in Alaska and in Massachusetts. James F. Gray, who arrived from Alaska yesterday, brought with him some papers found in Fisk's bunk in the Dawson hospital. They show that he was a member in July, 1893, of Sahanto lodge, No. 93, A. O. U. W., of Leominster, Mass. Having lost his certificate, he made application that a new one be issued to him. The form was addressed to him at Skaguay, but was returned to the lodge uncalled for. The secretary then returned the papers to his wife, Nellie A. Fisk at Leominster, who in turn forwarded them to Alaska to her husband's proper address. In the note attached Mrs. Fisk explains that she has received no letters from her husband as yet but hopes that he will do well.

Mr. Gray also brings with him a Knights of Pythias pin which with the papers was left behind when Fisk was carried away. This information was yesterday conveyed to Isaac Korn, secretary of the local Knights of Pythias, lodge, who ever since Fisk's arrival has interested himself in the case. Mr. Korn yesterday received a letter from Columbia lodge, K. of P., of Leominster in which the secretary states that he has learned of a man, whom he thinks is Fisk, being here in a helpless condition. He states that Allen C. Fisk is the man's name and that he was once a member of Columbia lodge, but was transferred to Samuel H. Hines lodge at Lowell. The letter also states that he is a Workman in good standing in Leominster and asks that everything that can be done for his comfort be furnished without delay. Mr. Fisk, it is also learned, has a son living at Brighton, Mass.

His case is a sad one. All day long he sits in his chair unable to speak or move but from the contour of his face it is evident that he is brooding over his condition and thinking of those far away, who now, since his memory has been prompted, he remembers well.

He is aware that all that can is being done for him and seems to realize that there is nothing to do but wait.

When asked if he wants to go home his face seems to lighten up as if some happy thought has been recalled. His condition is in no wise improved and probably never will be unless an operation is performed removing a blood clot from the region of the speech center of the brain. This operation will either result in the restoration of his powers or in death.

CHECKER CLUB

WILL BEGIN ITS THURSDAY EVENING ENTERTAINMENTS TONIGHT.

The Lowell Chess and Checker club will begin its Thursday evening entertainments for the public this evening at the quarters in Barristers hall, corner of Central and Merrimack streets. George W. Dearborn, the well-known master of the game, will give an exhibition of simultaneous play against all who desire to test their skill with him. This exhibition is intended for those who are not members of the club and it is hoped that the good players of the city will avail themselves of the opportunity to play against one of the finest players in the country.

To make it interesting, the club will give a copy of Lees' Guide to any who win from Mr. Dearborn, while those who draw, will also receive a suitable reward. The games will begin at 3 o'clock and the public is cordially invited.

LAST NIGHT'S ALARM.

The alarm from box 52 at 11.15 o'clock last night was for a sputtering flame caused by the rubbing of an electric wire against a tree on Moody street.

consumption reaps his richest harvest where diseases of the throat and lungs are neglected.

HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR

If you have ever tried Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar you know what a safeguard it is against throat and lung troubles. Sold by druggists.

Piko's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

For Women.

Dr Tolman's Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women; have never had a single failure; longest cases relieved in 2 to 5 days without fail; no other remedy will do this; no pain, no danger, no interference with work; by mail or at office $2. Write for further particulars. All letters truthfully answered. Dr. E. M. TOLMAN CO., 170 Tremont St., Boston.

Beecham's pills for constipation 10¢ and 25¢. Get the book at your druggist's and go by it.

Annual sales more than 1,000,000 boxes.

Wholesale and Retail Confectioner

Tons of Pure, Fresh and Bright Candies at very Low Prices.

No. 218 Merrimack Street.

IVORINE
A Cake of Fine Toilet Soap in Every Package.

A. G. POLLARD & CO.

MERRIMACK, PALMER AND MIDDLE STREETS.

A FINE LOT OF

Remnants

—OF—

Cloaking

JUST RECEIVED.

About 600 yards of all wool Remnants, 54 inches wide, in the heavy winter weights of Coverts, basket mixtures of grey and browns, latest styles and worth $1.50 per yard on the piece. Lengths suitable for Jackets, Coats and heavy Storm Skirts so popular just now. Price only

79c PER YARD.

We also have a good lot of all wool Cassimeres, same purpose, at 69c. per yard.

BASEMENT.

A. G. Pollard & Co.

CREDIT TO ALL

Without Precedent

Traditional storekeeping has followed into retirement many another idea that the world has outgrown.

No merchant owns his trade. No sensible person will in these days buy goods of anybody merely upon sentiment or past experience. The demand is that the merchant shall be up-to-date at every point. Keen public sense comprehends the best and rewards it. We are up-to-date in prices, qualities and terms.

Ladies' Jackets, Capes, Skirts and Waists; Ladies' Trimmed Hats and Furs; Misses' and Children's Reefers; Men's and Boys' Suits and Overcoats.

New goods are coming every day. It is a peerless collection. We will be gleased to have you choose of it and have it charged. A little each week will pay your bill.

Caesar Misch
ODD - FELLOWS - BLOCK
78 MIDDLESEX ST., LOWELL.

A. STRAUSS, Manager.

STRONG AGAIN!

WHEN IN DOUBT, TRY Sex-ine Pills

They have stood the test of years and have cured thousands of cases of Nervous Diseases, such as Debility, Dizziness, Sleeplessness and Varicocele, Atrophy, &c. They clear the brain, strengthen the circulation, make digestion perfect, and impart a healthy vigor to the whole being. All drains and losses are checked *permanently*. Unless patients are properly cured, their condition often worries them into Insanity, Consumption or Death. Mailed sealed. Price $1 per box; 6 boxes, with iron-clad legal guarantee to cure or refund the money, $5.00. Send for free book. Address, REAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.

Sold at Goodale's Drug Store, the best and cheapest place in Lowell for drugs and medicines, 217 CENTRAL STREET.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Ten lb. I. P. A. N. S. for five cents at druggists. One gives relief.

WAGONS—I will sell a high grade Democrat, Concord, top buggy and square wagon, less than cost, also new and second-hand wagons and carriages very low. Libby, 62 Robbins street.

FOR SALE—In Belvidere, cottage house, small barn and large lot of land; this is a bargain. Price $850. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—On the Boulevard and Varnum avenue, some of the best building lots in Lowell for a home. Very low and on easy terms. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—At a low price, cottage house with large lot of land near Salem street. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central st.

FOR SALE—On Moody street, one of the best boarding and lodging houses in Lowell. Lots of boarders and a good place to make money. Price very low. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—On line of cars, small farm of 10 acres of good land with lots of fruit, fair house and barn. Price only $800. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—On Bridge street, good house of 10 rooms, good sized lot of land. Price only $3000. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DRESSMAKING—Cloaks and Suits made and repaired. Ready made skirts for sale. Mrs. Addie Boucher, 34 Gorham street.

MICHAEL GROSSE, the Original and Celebrated Whistler will furnish music with the finest Hurdy-Gurdy in the country. The best of dancing music that can be had and the latest music plays for dances, parties, balls, etc. at reasonable rates. Michael Grosse, 15 Tyler street, Lowell.

LEONA—Celebrated card reader and palmist, has returned, can be consulted on love, marriage and business at 7 Merrimack street, room 5.

MADAM VONNIE the celebrated palmist and life reader reveals past, present and future. Call and be convinced. 58 Elliot street. Ladies, 15c; gentlemen, $1.00. Office hours from 2 p. m. until 9 p. m.

MRS LAUGHLIN, late of New York, the wonderful seer, born with a double veil, can be consulted on all affairs of life, at 112 Merrimack street, for a short time only. Hours 10 to 10. Sittings, 50c. Card reading, 25c. Sittings by mail, $1.00.

DR. J. H. Breton of 161 Grand street has removed to 12 Jackson street.

HIGH Cash and highest prices for second-hand furniture at 451 Merrimack street. Tel. 676-1.

WATER CLOSETS and bath tubs from $5 up. All first class plumbing at lowest prices. J. H. Leary, 458 Market street.

MONEY LOANED TO SALARIED PEOPLE AND RETAIL MERCHANTS, upon their own names, without security, easy payments. TOLMAN, room 66, Associate Building.

WE WILL EITHER buy or store second hand furniture at No. 50 Charles street. When we buy we pay the highest price and make a specialty of antique pieces. Will be on premises every day from 2 to 6 p. m. E. O'Heir, attorney.

RUBBER STAMPS — At wholesale prices. 1 inch one line stamps 10; 1½ inch 15c; 35c ink pads 25c; 25c ink pads 15c; 50c linen markers 25c. business stamps 15c. per line. J. M. Fellows, 163 Merrimack street.

A WONDERFUL WOMAN.

Madam Oler, the clairvoyant, the queen of life readers, the most marvelous of all marvels, nothing like it ever witnessed before. Madam Oler is not to be thought of in connection with that class who use a real or nominal power of clairvoyants as a means of misleading or deceiving the public.

No matter what troubles you may have with yourself or others, come and she will guide you, she will advise you with a certainty by a higher than human power.

Honest, fearless and capable, she is the foremost medium of the day.

Her readings are most wonderful and of the highest order. The troubled and unfortunate should seek her counsel. Thousands long separated have been reunited by her efforts. Call and be convinced of her superior power. Advice on business, love and marriage, law suits, divorces, death. Uniting the separated, restoring lost love. Not one failure. I am at the Bon Marche, Room 41. Take the Elevator. From 9 to 9, Sundays, 2 till 9.

$1.00 reading this week, 50c.

THE LOWELL Gas Light Company

Office, 22 Shattuck St., Cor. Middle.

SEWALL G. MACK, President; JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; E. E. RAYMOND, Clerk.

DIRECTORS—Sewall G. Mack, Levi Spragua, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Cummock, George S. Motley, Edward M. Tucke, Edward N. Burke.

Price of Gas with the discount off for prompt payment, is

$1.00 ONE THOUSAND FEET.

First class Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year, piping included. Coke broken, screened and delivered at $1.60 per chaldron, $2.25 per half chaldron, cash. No charge made for the use of meters. No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar. Orders when left at office promptly attended to.

Peter J. Brady, Grocer.

NEW STORE:
Cor. Gorham and South Highland Streets.

Choice Teas, Coffees, and Spices;

Try our New Brands of Flour, the Best in the City, "The King Arthur," "Crown of Gold," and Banquet."

Decorative China

NEW LOT. NEW DESIGNS.

Medallia Perle	55c
Medallia Elite	85c
Teapot Marquis	98c
Sugar Marquis	69c
Cream Marquis	45c
Salad	$1.50
Goblet Harvard	$1.50
Cordial Madeira	14c
Rose Jar	40c
Coffee Pot Perle	$1.20
Loving Cup	$1.38
Loving Cup	69c

C. B. COBURN & CO.

63 Market St.

WANTED.

WANTED—Good carriage wood worker. Apply at B. A. Stanley's, Charles st.

WANTED—House Girls at the Employment office, 564 Gorham street.

$10 A DAY CAN BE MADE CLIPPING Horses with our New Bicycle Clipper Attachment. Fits any bicycle: Price $6.75. Anyone can clip with it. Send for catalogue. It will pay young men to investigate this. Chicago Flexible Shaft Co., 165 Huron Street, Chicago or 97 Chambers street, New York.

WANTED—Woman with dependent family wishes position of trust, would take charge of store and have use of a few unfurnished rooms connected with same in part payment. Experienced nurse or housekeeper. Good references. Apply at 18 Walnut street.

WANTED—A Good Wife—A gentleman with four children, ages 8, 10, 12 and 15, wishes to correspond with a good and respectable lady of about 35 or 40 years of age, has a good home in town and a farm in the country. Please write and send photo of self and state your circumstances. Address to Box 117, Copemish, Michigan.

WOMEN Weavers wanted at once on satinet; either families or single women. Steady work. Good pay. Inexperienced families will be taken in and learned or families who have worked in cotton mills. Address H. M. Co., Box 568, Worcester, Mass.

WANTED—Experienced house girl. Must be capable and neat. No other need apply. Call at Sun office.

WANTED—Stone Masons and derrick men at once. Apply 84 Middlesex street, room 1, this afternoon or evening, W. H. Ward.

WANTED—Thomas Done, 158 Merrimack street, opposite Hon Marche, wants reliable domestic help, all nationalities, white or colored.

WHEN you want a nice silk hat and nice fit, come to De Lorme, 281 Middlesex street.

WANTED—Salesman drumming lithographers, printers, etc., can add line whereon N. Y. man earns $1500 yearly. Free outfit. P. O. 1871, New York.

WANTED— Old and young men to bring their old hats to Dulorme, the hatter, the only hater in town where they make hats to order. 261 Middlesex street.

CALL AT GONZALES, the Cutler, 128 Gorham street, if you want a first-class razor or strop. He has the new Xavier razor which excels all others. Razors concaved and honed.

LADIES—Chichester English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best, safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c in stamps for particulars. "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

TO LET.

TENEMENT—Of five rooms, 48 Fremont street. Rent $7. Call 53 Central street, room 7.

TO LET—Tenement of 6 rooms at 103 Powell street, near Shaw's Hosiery. Inquire at 105 Powell street.

TO LET—A pleasant room where the sun shines in all day, suitable for an invalid lady. Furnace heat, bath, hot and cold water, corner of Tolman avenue and Mammoth road. Rent reasonable. The lady of the house is a trained nurse.

TO LET—Some first-class tenements in all parts of the city. Apply to A. G. Beharrell, Room 8, Hon Marche Block.

TO LET—A convenient 4-room tenement. Inquire at 79 Chestnut street.

JOHN W. McEVOY, 137 Central St.
Opposite American House.
COUNSELLOR—AT—LAW.

LOTHROP & CUNNINGHAM,
182 Merrimack street,
PHOTOGRAPHERS

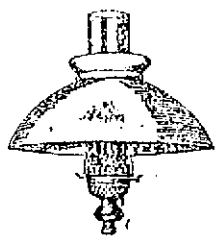
W. A. LEW, 49 John St.
CLOTHING CLEANED, DYED AND PRESSED

J. M. KINGSBURY, No. 373 Bridge St.
MEATS AND PROVISIONS

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A gold watch with monogram L. S. Saturday afternoon between Merrimack and Central street. Finder return to 7 Clark street and receive reward.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, PHILADA., PA.
Sold by all Local Druggists.
Sold by Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., Boston, Mass.
General Agents.



INCANDESCENT GAS LAMPS and MANTLES,

BURNERS, SHADES, CHIMNEYS AND GLASSWARE.

Wholesale and Retail.

BARTLETT & DOW

216 Central Street.

Our Pocketbook Dept

A very large line of Books just received. It will pay you to step in. You're sure to get just the kind wanted.

J. D. Grant
The Reliable Jeweller,
No. 64 Merrimack Street.

This is the Season for Ball Parties and Weddings

And of course it is quite necessary to have a supply of sweet bread for these occasion, and Peter Watson's, the king baker of the city, is the place to get your Bakery Supplies. There is none better in the city than you can get at

PETER WATSON'S Home Made Bakeries.
52 to 60 Charles St.,
46 Lawrence St.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE SUN ON SALE IN BOSTON.

The five o'clock edition of The Sun is on sale at the news stand in the Union Station, Boston.

V. A. MARET.

Merchant-Tailor, Dyeing, Cleaning, Repairing, Pressing, etc. Goods called for and returned. 49 Cheever street, Lowell.

YOUR SUGAR BILL

Will be much less if you trade with us. 19 lbs. best granulated for $1.00. Delivered free to our tea and coffee customers. Dickson Bros., 68 Merrimack street.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS AND DRAFTS.

Steamship tickets to and from Boston, New York, Queenstown, Liverpool and all parts of the world sold on the Cunard Dominion, White Star, American Anchor, Allan, French and German lines. Drafts issued for $1 and upwards on Ireland, England and all parts of Europe. English sovereigns bought and sold at Murphy's steamship agency, 15 Appleton street.

LOCAL NEWS.

Try Horne's Coal.

BURN WILSON'S COAL.

Hot advertising—Stanley's coal.

Have you had Pelham cigars?

Dress Suit cases at Devine's, 88 Mer'k.

Coat Maker Wanted, 49 Cheever St. Telephone 523-8.

Elegant rubber tired hacks at O'Donnell's. Telephone, 394-4.

Just received 200 Golf Capes at Boston suit and cloak store, 228 Merrimack street.

W. E. Livingston receives shipments almost daily of the best grades of freshly mined coal. Place your orders with him today for the coming winter.

City treasurer's office will be open for receipt of taxes on the evenings of Monday, Tuesday, Friday and Saturday, Oct. 9, 10, 13 and 14, and on evenings of Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday Thursday and Friday, Oct. 16 to 20, inclusive from 7 to 9.

CONDUCTOR MURPHY IMPROVING.

Conductor Jacob Murphy is resting more comfortable at his home in Billerica. He expressed his thanks for the flowers, letters and many other expressions of esteem he has received from his friends. A consultation of doctors was recently held on his case and measures were taken which will probably bring relief.

TO RAILWAY OFFICIALS.

North Chelmsford, Oct. 19, 1899.

Editor of Sun:

I would like to ask the officials of the Lowell and Suburban Street Railway Co., through your columns, why there is not a car leaving North Chelmsford between 5.55 a. m. and 6.37 a. m.

Passengers who desire to reach Merrimack square at 7 o'clock must take the 5.55 and arrive in Lowell 5.26.

ENQUIRER.

STAKEHOLDER SKIPPED

LOWELL MAN TRIED TO SAVE HIS BETTERS.

The Lowell sports who went to New York Monday feeling so sure that Geo. Gardiner would defeat Jimmy Handler that they wagered $25 on him, not only lost their money, but one of the Lowell men who was stakeholder tried to prevent those who wagered on Handler from getting the money they fairly won.

When the stakeholder saw Tom O'Rourke acknowledge defeat for Gardiner he ran from the club house with the Handler betters in pursuit. They caught the stakeholder after quite a chase and they were tussling for the money when the police arrived on the scene.

An effort was made to have the stakeholder committed on the charge of robbery, but he was charged with assault and battery. The money was placed in the hands of the police and the stakeholder was bailed to appear in court Tuesday, which he failed to do. The police are still holding the bets and will let the court decide who is entitled to the money.

SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL

The meeting of Lady Franklin Council, No. 17, D. of L., was largely attended last evening. After the business meeting a cobweb party was held, it being given by Mrs. Brett. The prizes were awarded to Mrs. Currier, first prize; Mrs. Schofield, second prize; Mrs. Buchanan, third prize; Mrs. Sawyer, fourth prize; Mrs. Stiles, fifth prize; Mrs. Adams, sixth prize.

Routine business only was transacted at the regular meeting of Mechanics Lodge, I. O. O. F.

Three candidates were initiated at the regular meeting of Court City of Lowell, F. of A., last night. Arrangements were completed for the smoke talk to be held at their next meeting.

At the regular meeting of Post 120, G. A. R., last evening, one candidate was initiated. Reports were also read by many members on the Dewey celebration at Boston last week, and this was the only post in the city to turn out a good delegation.

The degree staff of Lowell Commandery, Knights of Malta, has accepted an invitation to visit Lawrence and confer the Malta degree upon several candidates for Bethlehem Commandery of that city. No date has been set for the visitation, but it will probably take place in the near future. The local staff is one of the finest in the staff and the invitation is a just tribute to their impressive floor work. Quite a contingent from the local commandery will accompany the staff.

The members of Chevalier Lodge, K. of P., were entertained in a royal manner last evening by ex-Alderman Geo. C. Evans, at his home on Thirteenth street. Refreshments were served and a general good reclable time was the order of the evening.

At the business meeting of the lodge prior to the visit to Brother Evans, the rank of esquire was conferred upon three candidates by the staff of S. H. Hines Lodge. The grand chancellor suite and the deputy will be present at the next meeting, Nov. 1st, at which time the rank of knight will be worked upon the three candidates.

RECEIVED FRIENDS.

In their new home, 51 Eighteenth street, Dr. and Mrs. J. D. Donohue gave their first at home last evening. There was a large number of friends and relatives present to congratulate the happy pair, Dr. and Mrs. Donohue have just returned from a wedding tour in the South, and the warm welcome which they received was ample evidence of the esteem in which they are held by a wide circle of friends. The reception lasted from 8 till 11 o'clock. The young couple were assisted in receiving by Miss Margaret McCluskey and Miss Mary Whelley. The D. L. Page company catered.

There was a pleasant informal gathering of the members of the Kirk Street church last evening at the new home of Rev. Mr. Bartlett on Gibson street. The event was of an informal character and a large number called during the evening.

Interest on taxes will begin after Friday, Oct. 20.

Dr. Coburn DENTIST 31 MERK ST.

E. J. McNALLY, MANAGER OF PALMER FOOTBALL TEAM.

FOOT BALL DOINGS

Champion Palmers' Record of Last Year

IS LIKELY TO BE SURPASSED

By the Champions This Season

In the champion Palmer eleven, Lowell has one of the strongest football aggregations in the state. The champions are easily the best team Lowell has ever produced.

While the Palmers as a team have been in existence only three years, yet during that short period of time they have made an enviable record. They were hardly heard of the first season they played but last year they went through the entire season without sustaining a single defeat, yet they met and defeated all the strong local teams, including the champion Glenmakes. The Glenmakes were defeated twice by the Palmers. By these victories the Palmers became the champions of the city.

Thus far this season the champions have played two games. In the first one they had as their opponents the crack Riverside eleven of Lawrence. The game was played at the down river city and the Palmers had little difficulty winning, the final score standing 12 to 0 in their favor. The victory is significant, when it is considered that it was the Lawrence eleven's first defeat in three years. But in the Palmers, they met more than their match.

The second game was played last Saturday at Fitchburg against the strong Y. M. C. I. team of that city. While either eleven failed to score, yet the local champions outplayed their opponents and had they been given any kind of a fair deal by the referee, a victory would have come to them easily.

Even with the roast they received at the hands of the referee, the local boys prevented their Fitchburg opponents scoring.

If these two games are to be taken as criterions, the champions this year are playing even faster than ever, and bid fair to surpass their remarkable record of last season. It is their intention to play all teams desiring games with them and many out-of-town teams will be brought here for games with the champions.

Edward J. McNally is the mage of the hustling young manager of the Palmers. He is a hustler in every sense of the word and is well qualified for the position he fills. He also plays on the team quite frequently and is a good one, too. He managed the eleven last season and deserves no small share of the credit for the team's fine showing.

"Pete" Reagan is captain of the eleven. He is the crack young basket ball player, who is considered one of the finest in the state. There are few people in Lowell who have not heard of "Pete" Reagan. "Pete" seems to be a natural athlete and he can play football as good as he can basket ball. For the Palmers he plays quarter back, at which position he is classed as one of the best in the state.

One of the best players with the champions is Taylor, who only joined the eleven this season. He plays right tackle and is simply a crackerjack. Taylor has not been in Lowell long and is considered the finest all-round football player ever seen in this city. He is a strong addition to the team.

The half backs are Mike Qualey and Dan Murphy, both of whom are excellent players and fill their positions very satisfactorily.

The full back is little Tommy Qualey, the well known baseball player. At full back, Qualey's superior cannot be found in this vicinity. He is an excellent punter and a fine goal kicker.

"Punk" Ryan and Jimmy Harrington are the ends. Ryan played with the team last season, but Harrington joined the aggregation this season. Last year he played half back on the Almont team and is a very clever player. He strengthens the champions considerably and can give satisfaction in almost any position he is played.

The tackles are Taylor and "Bill" Kelleher. Kelleher is the well known basket ball player. He is an equally fine football player and at tackle can't be beat.

The guards are Donnelly and Jerry Reagan. They are both strong players and make good guards.

Cochran is the centre and a better man in the position cannot be found in Lowell.

All things considered there is no reason apparent why the record of the Palmers this season should not be even better than last year's, inasmuch as the team has been considerably strengthened and the boys are playing better than ever.

MATRIMONIAL.

Mr. Charles Dearborn Paige, president of the common council, and local freight agent for the Boston and Maine railroad, and Miss Lillian Gray Stewart, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Stewart of 45 Thirteenth street, were united in matrimony last night at 6.30 o'clock at the First Universalist church, the pastor, Rev. O. E. Fisher, performing the matrimonial ceremony, the revised Episcopal form of ceremony being used.

The maid of honor was Miss Adelaide Hardy of Newark, N. J., cousin of the bride. There were four bridesmaids, Miss Gertrude G. Knowlton of Hudson, Mass.; Mis Annie Smart of Andover, cousin of the bride; Miss Ellen E. Bean and Miss Agnes Bailey of Lowell. Mr. Myron L. Paige, brother of the groom was best man.

The bride looked charming in a costume of white duchess satin with lace trimming and carried lilies of the valley. The maid of honor and the bridesmaids wore mousseline de soie and carried yellow chrysanthemums.

The ushers at the house and at the church were: Mr. George A. Stewart, Mr. William J. Freeman, Mr. Fred W. Coburn and Mr. Marion S. Clark.

The bridal party entered the church to the inspiring strains of Lohengrin played by George F. Hamer, organist of the Unitarian church and proceeded up the left aisle, the bride leaning on the arm of her father, and joined the groom who was in waiting at the altar. The bridal party left the church by way of the middle aisle amid showers of congratulations and the sweet strains of Mendelssohns wedding march.

The decorations in the church were decidedly pretty. The pulpit was bountifully banked with palms, chrysanthemums and various other plants and the seats were festooned with white ribbons and the favorite yellow chrysanthemums.

The groom's favor to the ushers were gold cuff buttons with their monograms inscribed. The bride's favor to her maid of honor and bridesmaids were brooches set in pearls and diamonds.

Immediately following the ceremony a reception was tendered the friends and relatives of the contracting parties at the home of the bride's parents. The wedding supper was served by the D. L. Page company.

Mr. and Mrs. Paige were the recipients of a most generous number of wedding gifts, rich and practical. Mr. Paige was remembered by the members of the city council, who sent a beautiful Haviland china tea set; also by the clerks in the freight office.

Among the many out-of-town guests present were: Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Smart, Mr. and Mrs. George A. Stewart and Mrs. Charlotte Barnett of Andover; Mrs. Keith of Bridgewater; Mrs. John Keith, Mrs. Thurlow, Miss Thurlow and Mr. Leon Thurlow of Boston and Miss Sallie Davis of Asheton, N. C.

Mr. and Mrs. Paige left Lowell on a late train for an extended wedding tour, destination unknown.

CHASE—HURD.

Mr. David Chase, city auditor, and Miss Rosina R. Hurd, were united in marriage yesterday afternoon at the residence of Rev. C. E. Fisher, pastor of the Universalist church. It was a quiet affair. Mr. and Mrs. Chase will reside on Fourth street.

PERRY—BLANCHARD.

Edward E. Perry, clerk for F. D. Munn & Co., wholesale grocers, was married at Methuen last night to Miss Lillian M. Blanchard, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Blanchard of that place. A number of the Lowell friends of the groom were present and the couple received hearty congratulations.

O'BRIEN—MULDOON.

Mr. Edward H. O'Brien and Miss Della E. Muldoon, oldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Muldoon were married at 6 o'clock last evening at the Sacred Heart church. The ceremony was solemnized by Rev. Fr. Reynolds, O. M. I. The bridesmaid was Miss Margaret A. Muldoon, sister of the bride. The bride was attired in violet colored silk and carried bride's roses. The bridesmaid wore a costume of white Swiss and carried Jack roses. The best man was Mr. George LeClaire. Immediately following the ceremony a reception was held at the home of the bride's parents, 427 Lincoln street. At the reception were friends and relatives of the contracting parties including people from Boston, New York, Salem, Worcester, Concord and Washington. The happy young couple were the recipients of many elegant and costly wedding gifts. Mr. and Mrs. O'Brien left Lowell on a late train bound for Montreal and other Canadian cities where their honeymoon will be spent. They will be at home to their friends at 6 Carter street after Nov. 15.

L. L. & H. RAILROAD

Wants to Lease the Lowell & Suburban

A meeting of the directors of the Lowell & Suburban railroad will be held a week from Thursday, to take action upon the proposition of the Lowell, Lawrence & Haverhill railroad to lease the plant, stock, franchise, etc, of the Lowell & Suburban road.

LOWELL HIGH VS. NASHUA HIGH.

The Lowell high school team will play its second game of the season at the fair grounds Friday afternoon, and will have for their opponents the Nashua high team. The game promises to be a good one. If the local boys win the game they will be tied for first honors with the Manchesters, and when they meet the latter team they hope to defeat them.

MUSIC HALL.

"An American Girl" is booked for the last three nights of the week and Saturday matinee at Music hall. At the present time a play founded on the character of the bright, vivacious American girl, is particularly apropos, and a natural and realistic stage production must perform appeal to all followers of contemporaneous history. A. Q. Scammon, an experienced and energetic purveyor of theatrical amusements, realizing the possibilities of the subject, interviewed several American dramatists, and the result, judging from advanced copies of extended criticism, is certainly flattering to his managerial foresight. He states that production has received his personal supervision, every detail being attended to with most scrupulous fidelity. A strong cast will be seen, headed by George F. Hall, virile and versatile, the successful exponent of legitimate comedy, and for the past three years the popular star of Hoyt's "Bunch of Keys."

A CARD.

Miss Sarah Brock, the well-known saleslady who for the past nine years has been with the New York Suit and Cloak store, has been engaged to take charge of the mirror room of the Boston Cloak and Suit store, where she will be pleased to see all her friends and customers, at 228 Merrimack street.

PRINT CLOTH.

The print cloth market continues strong. The demand is greater than the mills care to meet at the prices named. Orders are in in plenty, but the quotation must be lifted before these are accepted. As an instance of the rise in odd goods it need but be stated that the scale of 38½ inch 64 squares at 4¼ cents was 18-16 cents better than the price at which the goods sold at in August.

AN IMPOSTER

WHO REPRESENTS HIMSELF AS GOV. AMES' SON IN FITCHBURG.

The following dispatch from Fitchburg under date of Oct. 18 has been received:

"A young man claiming to be a son of Maj-Gen. Ames, U. S. A. (retired) is trying to enlist sympathy for the Boers among the Irish people here and offers $100 bounty and good wages, equipments and other prospective rewards."

Gen. Ames in speaking of the dispatch states that he is undoubtedly the Maj-Gen. Ames referred to but states that the man in Fitchburg is an imposter so far as he is concerned.

Gen. Ames has two sons, Lieut. Col. Butler Ames who is in Lowell and Adelbert, aged 19 years, who is pursuing his studies at Harvard.

BOWLING NEWS

The Wamesits and Wannalancits were the contestants at the Wamesit bowling alleys last night. Both showed low scores, but the game was an interesting one with the former having the better of it in the first two strings. In the final string the visitors weakened but they were too much in the hole to lose. The Wamesits have three points placed to their credit by the victory. Summary:

WAMESITS.

Adams	130	134	120—384	1	13	7
McCormick	137	154	191—482	9	10	5
Dearth	152	191	164—517	9	15	3
Merrill	156	143	171—470	8	10	6
Gregory	157	170	157—504	6	17	3
Totals	731	823	801—2357	33	65	25

WANNALANCITS.

Barton	178	156	97—431	4	10	11
Kittredge	146	172	163—481	4	13	3
Mansur	124	166	135—425	6	11	10
Fowler	165	129	170—464	6	15	3
Murphy	144	120	128—412	7	8	9
Totals	757	743	693—2193	27	62	36

SYNOPSIS OF SANITARY BULLETIN FOR LOWELL FOR SEPT. 1899.

Deaths during the month of September, 1899		143
Population, estimated at		85,611
Rate per 1000 inhabitants		18.92
Males		67
Females		76
Comparative mortality and death rate for September	1899	1898
Deaths	143	169
Population estimated at	85,611	87,000
Death rate per 1000	18.92	23.33
Per cent. in five years	57	57
Per cent. in zymotic class	31	20
Per cent. in zymotic class, including tubercular disease	45	33
Contagious disease reported:		
Diphtheria	6	5
Croup	1	1
Scarlet fever	7	23
Measles	5	0
Typhoid fever	6	20

Col. Frederick T. Walsh of this city was one of the ushers at the Sprague-Shaw wedding at Providence Tuesday evening.

Miss Bessie Smith of Middlesex village has returned from an extended visit in Detroit, Mich.

Mr. Delafayette Robinson, the new assistant postmaster at Manchester began his labors Monday.

PETE REAGAN, CAPTAIN OF PALMER FOOTBALL TEAM

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS

The most valuable medicine for all Stomach Ills is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. It has hundreds of dangerous imitators. Be sure you get the genuine if you want to get rid of dyspepsia or any stomach ill.

HEATED POLITICS

Rep. Cluer's Lame Explanation Won't Do

GEORGE POORE MAKES A DISCOVERY

The Hood School Re-enters Politics

WITH ED. LACHANCE FOR COUNCILMAN

Other Newsy Notes of the Politicians

Rep. A. H. Cluer of ward six has seen the handwriting on the wall even as his irate party saw his on the Sherman nomination papers and the doom of Cluer in the 26th district is as certain as that of his confrere, Dick Dobbins.

"A republican who would sign nomination papers after the caucuses had decided upon the choice of the party ought to be kicked out of the party," was the unmistakable manner in which no less a personage than George H. Marston stigmatized such action at the Lincoln club rally, a few evenings ago. If a common republican deserves such a fate, what must be in store for the republican candidate for the legislature who would commit such an disloyal act.

Rep. Cluer in the morning papers yesterday vainly attempted to absolve himself by stating that he didn't know the nature of the petition when he signed it and that he afterward erased his name from it. But it would appear that his explanation injures him further rather than helping his case for a man who will place his signature to a petition without learning its nature is liable to vote on important measures in the legislature without ascertaining their import, and as a result vote wrongly. Cluer's explanations have come too late to square him for his action and he is doomed with Dobbins.

Nothing could be more touching than the consideration displayed by Butler Ames for his constituents at the 27th district convention a few days ago when he offered to grant any "little favors" that they might ask later on, explaining what "little favors" might be, by assuring them that he would be pleased to furnish them with state house pamphlets and reports. The gallant soldier-yachtsman doesn't understand his constituents if he takes them for a collection of "Rubes" who will be satisfied with papers that any one might apply for and get.

Messrs. Sparks and Riordan in the 27th district will surprise their republican friends this fall. Both are above criticism and have a united party behind them while the republicans of that district are badly split.

Col. Jim Bennett is coming down town more of late and his promising young employe, Mr. Timmins is around among the boys. The colonel is feeling well, he says, and has had his ear to the ground without getting it frostbitten. He isn't saying much except perhaps, "How's Putnam?" which means that the colonel has something up his sleeve. His sleeve is a wide one by the way and can accommodate something big.

It is safe to predict that ex-Representative James P. Ramsay has severed himself completely and for all time from the good graces of the republicans of Chelmsford, Tyngsboro and Dunstable by his second successful attempt to deny them their just representation. What affects one town affects all three and who makes an enemy of one in politics has all three against him. The statement that because the town of Chelmsford had a democratic representative his term should be considered one of the three, apportioned to Chelmsford by the republicans is too ridiculous a claim to be taken in by even the most moss-backed woodsman that even bought a gold brick, not to speak of an intelligent and up-to-date delegation of suburban republicans and if Representative Quigley's chances for re-election were never before strong, they are today, too strong to be overcome by any work that the city republicans can put in against him. The towns hold the balance of power in that district and while the republicans of the city wards rob them they will throw that balance on the democratic side, the only proper thing for them to do.

Rep. Frank P. Bennett of Saugus made another visit to Lowell yesterday and met many leading republicans some of whom assured him that they would assist him in his contest for the speakership of the house. Mr. Bennett came here during the Middlesex fair and made friends. He is set upon the speakership, even as Bill Hayes was, although he will be given a chance to be defeated, which was not even accorded to Bill.

The bitter fight of certain republicans against Mr. Sherman who is running on nomination papers will only serve to gain votes for him. Meanwhile Lieut. Gardner W. Pearson, the democratic candidate is canvassing the district with assurances of good support. The democratic party is united for him, all reports to the contrary notwithstanding which is more than Mr. Hanson's friends can say for the republican party.

Mr. Editor: Kindly allow me space in your valuable paper to mention the candidacy of Mr. John J. Roarke for the common council in ward four. Mr. Roarke is a man of experience having served two years and is a good democrat. He is the right man for the position. Respectfully,

WARD FOUR.

Michael Riley is a candidate for the common council in ward two. He tried it once before and made an excellent showing and his friends are confident that this time he will be successful.

It looked like old times to see the hustlers at the sessions of registration yesterday afternoon and evening. Quite a gain was made but the rush came too late to make up for the apathy of the early days.

There is much comment upon the absence of W. H. I. Hayes from the 25th district convention the other day for it was thought that the defeated candidate would graciously submit to the will of the majority and nominate his successful opponent even as James P. Ramsay nominated Charles H. Hanson. As a matter of fact, the Hayes people did not give up their fight when the result of the caucus was made known but went along hustling in the hope of stirring up a row in the convention which would result in the overthrow of McKinley. The move was not successful and McKinley was nominated. Had the convention dropped McKinley after he had fairly won the nomination, McKinley would have run on nomination papers, there would have been the hottest kind of fighting and Mr. Hayes would have been wiped off the political map. An attempt to overthrow the caucus candidate may seem like a "pipe dream" but it was a fact, nevertheless. The man who tries to turn a trick like that in writing is almost as big a "broiled live" as the candidate who signs somebody's nomination papers.

At last after an absence from the political arena of nearly a year, the Hood school of politics from way up there in ward eight is knocking at the gate with a star scholar by the hand seeking admission to the thick of the turmoil within the arena. The star scholar is our genial friend, Ed. Lachance, a gentleman and a scholar in politics and out. Did the Hood school award blue ribbons to its scholars as the county fairs do to the Hood jerseys, Ed. would have his manly breast covered with the emblems of merit. For a year Ed and the rest of the school even to Win. Sturtevant have remained absolutely quiet and have watched their ward's three representatives in the council, Mitten, Bean and Lyman, talk but say nothing and act but do nothing, while the base of the graft has gradually slid away from ward eight. Their patience has at last given out and they present for councilman next year, able and eloquent Ed. Lachance, whom they predict will be a nominee. The other candidates and their friends will make a prominent kick against Ed's candidacy but both parties seem to want him and if his own cuts him, dem's will supply the deficiency and it looks as if Edward would land in spite of—well, in spite of all opposition.

Herbert E. Fletcher of Westford was nominated for representative by the republicans of the 23d district on Tuesday.

Owing to a sad affliction, Candidate Fred H. Rourke of the 25th representative district has been unable to conduct a personal canvass, but his friends are hustling for him and hope to land the able ex-councilman in the legislature despite the republican opposition.

At length the acute, penetrating mind of George W. Poore, Esq., has discovered the real reason for Mr. Pearson's candidacy for senator. According to George, Mr. Pearson has a deep laid plan to rob the American workingmen by gaining control of the Massachusetts senate and then removing the duty upon Porto Rican cigars. Perhaps George is not aware that the congress of the United States and not the Massachusetts senate is the body which makes and nominates tariffs. I wonder if Butler Ames, who is equally interested in the cigar business is a party to Mr. Pearson's nefarious plot.

I Combed Out Large Handfuls

"Two years ago my hair began falling out. I could get a large handful every time I combed it. I purchased a bottle of Dr. Ayer's Hair Vigor and after a few applications my hair stopped coming out. My hair is now in the best possible condition." — Miss Minnie Hoover, Paris, Ill., July 13, 1899.

Makes Hair Grow

Perhaps your mother had thin hair, but that is no reason why you must go through life with half-starved hair. If you want long, thick hair, feed it. Feed it with Ayer's Hair Vigor, the only genuine hair food you can buy.

Your hair will grow thick and long, and will be soft and glossy.

Ayer's Hair Vigor always restores color to gray hair; it keeps the scalp clean and healthy, and stops falling of the hair.

$1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

Write the Doctor

If you do not obtain all the results you desire from the use of the Vigor, write the Doctor about it. Address, Dr. J. C. Ayer, Lowell, Mass.

STYLE IN MILLINERY

Style in millinery is worth something. "Style" in Millinery selling is worth nothing. You have something to show for the one and nothing to show for the other. You can buy just as stylish Millinery in some stores as you can in ours. But you pay more for it elsewhere. You are paying for stylish selling, big rents and expensive and unnecessary store appointments. We sell stylish Millinery, but we don't sell in any unnecessary "style."

FOR INSTANCE—The Golf Hat is done, we shall close out what we have for 49c.

THE NEW, short back sailor is the thing just now, trimmed with a large bow of Taffeta Silk or Ribbon. A leader for only $1.79.

GULL BREASTS is what you need for that large turban you must have if you want to be in it. We have them with and without the head. Priced at $1.42 and $1.69.

Large assortment of birds and large fancy feather and fur effects just received, and priced from $1.49 up to $3.00. See them in our window, get our prices and compare them with others.

TRIMMED HATS—Of course you know we are headquarters for them, have (600) six hundred to select from priced from $2.49 up to as high as you care to go.

HEAD & SHAW, "THE MILLINERS."

169 and 175 Merrimack St.

The Central Street Store, Centrally Located,

Offers This Week

Handsome Plaids, New Black Dress Goods, New Shades in Satin, Prunella Cloth, Poplins, Serges, Cheviots, Imperial Twill Homespuns, Camel Hair, Coverts, etc.

Your careful inspection of our very large stock of both Black and Colors in Dress Goods is earnestly solicited.

We are without question giving our customers the very best value in Black Storm Serge at 69c a yard, and Black Cheviot at 50c a yard, ever offered in Lowell.

Black Camel Hair is the coming thing for Suits or Separate Skirts. Its a little rough, very glossy handsome Black and our price is only $1.13 a yard. Boston houses get $1.50 for same goods.

If you would see our Black Storm Serge, (English goods) 54 inch wide, which we are selling at 98c a yard, you would be satisfied to buy without spending time to look elsewhere.

We've got the best line of Plaids in Lowell, (so say the ladies) the prices range from 25c to $1.50 per yard; and our line of Plaids at 49c contains the choicest styles in town. Come and see.

Our reputation of having the best line of Black Crepons, the handsomest designs and dainty patterns still holds good. Would like to show you some of the choice bargains at $1.25, $1.50, $1.75 a yard; worth 25c a yard more.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

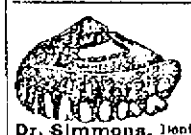
Notwithstanding the warm and rather unfavorable weather, our Basement is doing its share of business, and a little more in Blankets and Comfortables. There is good reason for it too. Prices when they are all right always draw the people.

Come to the Popular Low Price Bargain Giving House.

Cook, Taylor & Co.

CENTRAL STREET STORE.

"I had a running itching sore on my leg. Suffered tortures. Doan's Ointment took away the burning and the itching instantly and very quickly effected a permanent cure." C. W. Lenhart, Bowling Green, O.



This is a good time to attend to your TEETH. If you lose a tooth filled or a new set of teeth, go to the Lowell Dental Rooms. You can avoid wearing a plate if you go to Dr. Simmons, Dentist, 219 Central street. The best teeth $8.00. Teeth reset on new base $5.00.